"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; Saturday, fair, colder by night; moderate southwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,651. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1920. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

WITNESS TESTIFIES TWO ASSEMBLYMEN UPHELD RED RULE

Lawyer Says Solomon Declared Himself Bolshevist—Claessens Lauded Red Flag.

ALGERNON LEE EXAMINED

Counsel Concedes Socialists Accepted Manifesto Advocating Hampering War Measures.

MARTIN DENIES DISSENSION

No Revolt Against Speaker Expected Before Decision Has Been Reached by the Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Testimony repeating disloyal utterances by August Claessens of New York and Chas. Solomon of Kings, two of the five suspended Socialist Assemblymen, was given today at the hearing before the Assembly Judiciary Committee. This and the entering on the record of the anti-war manifesto adopted by the Socialist National Convention at Chicago in April, 1917, when this country entered the war, were the outstanding features of the day's evidence.

In view of reports that a revolt is brewing against Speaker Sweet of the Assembly and of rumors of dissension among the Republican members of the Assembly as well as the members of the Judiciary Committee, Chairman Martin announced that at least the report as to the Judiciary Committee was without foundation in fact.

"The Chair desires to announce," said Mr. Martin at the close of the morning session, "and I think I can do that safely, as far as the committee is concerned, that when there is dissension in the committee that the committee deems it proper to publish we will publish it or notify the press. Up to the present time we have seen no sort of dissension worthy of any person becoming excited about."

Frank Wasserman, a New York lawyer, with an office at 5 Beekman Street and living at 665 Howard Avenue, Brooklyn, furnished the testimony against Assemblymen Claessens and Solomon. Examined by Martin Conboy, ex-director of the draft in New York City and the latest addition to the retinue of lawyers representing the Judiciary Committee, Mr. Wasserman swore that Claessens had pronounced the United States Constitution "a mere scrap of paper." On cross-examination he attributed to Claessens the statement that "he had no use for the flag at all and wanted the Red flag put in its place."

Assemblyman Solomon, according to Wasserman, had told him last September or October that he (Solomon) was a Bolshevist, believed in the Bolshevist method of government, and had so stated on the floor of the Assembly. Solomon had said further, according to the witness, that "the revolution was under way; that it would come much sooner than the witness expected it.

On cross-examination by Seymour Stedman of counsel for the Socialists, Mr. Wasserman said he had been a candidate for Congress from his district. When asked if he sought Socialist indorsement for his candidacy, he admitted that he had asked every Socialist he knew to vote for him. Claessens and Solomon both denied that they had made the utterances attributed to them by Mr. Wasserman.

The anti-war manifesto, adopted and promulgated by the Socialist Party when this country was on the brink of war, embodied pledges to oppose all legislation, including appropriations for war purposes, to resist conscription, military, and industrial, and support mass action, against war measures. Counsel for the Socialists conceded for the record that a majority of the "locals" throughout the country, including the organizations with which the Socialist Assemblymen are affiliated, had voted to ratify it when submitted on a referendum.

Reports which were responsible in part for the statement made by Chairman Martin and which have credited Lieut. Col. Roosevelt with preparing with the support of Majority Leader Simon T. Adler, to lead a revolt against Speaker Sweet, are not taken seriously here.

Like many other Assemblymen of both parties, Colonel Roosevelt is not satisfied that the evidence produced so far is sufficient to justify the expulsion of the five Socialists, but his friends declare that he is willing to wait until all the evidence is in before doing anything as drastic as he has been credited with contemplating. Colonel Roosevelt's failure to meet the report with any positive statement of affirmation or denial is looked on here as indicative of a desire on his part not to foreclose his freedom of action in the future.

Algernon Lee a Witness.

At the morning session several long documents were placed in evidence by the committee's lawyers, including the Socialist Congressional campaign book of 1914, a speech made by Eugene V. Debs on March 12, following his conviction for violation of the espionage law and circulated by the Socialist Party of Greater New York, the Decrees and constitution of Soviet Russia and the anti-war manifesto of the Socialist Party, adopted on April 7, 1917.

Mr. Stanchfield and Mr. Sutherland read several long excerpts from these documents. Chairman Martin instructed

Continued on Page Three.

"ADAM AND EVA." Biggest Comedy Hit in New York. Longacre Theatre.—Advt.

ST. HORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 71 Broadway.—Advt.

Says New York Should Pay for Crimes of Sinn Feiners

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A Londonderry dispatch to The Morning Post says:

"In the Donegal County Court today a Sergeant of Police was awarded £1,200 and a District Inspector and two Constables £100 apiece. They had been shot and wounded by Sinn Feiners.

"Replying to a remark that New York might as well be asked to pay the compensation as the Island of Arran, Judge Cooke said that New York had started the whole thing and should pay. Two million pounds had been collected there and they should pay compensation damages out of it and not the Irish people."

INFLUENZA CASES SHOW DROP OF 883

Decrease Due to the Mails—Rise Expected Today, Says Copeland.

RUSH SCHOOL FOR NURSES

Transit Crowds Less Dense—City Has Vacant Hospital Beds—Many Spitters Fined.

The number of influenza cases reported yesterday was 883 less than on Wednesday. This decrease was more apparent than real, Health Commissioner Copeland thought, crediting it to irregularities in the mail service bringing reports and not to any loosing of the epidemic's grip on the city. There were 4,706 new cases of influenza, against 5,589 on Wednesday. While the number of deaths was slightly larger than on Wednesday it was still far below the same relative day in the epidemic of 1918.

"There is no especial significance in today's report. It just happens to be the way the mail comes in," said Dr. Copeland. "I expect a large number of cases to be reported tomorrow. I am frequently asked when the peak of the epidemic will be reached. It has not been reached yet and, in my opinion, it will be some days before it is reached.

"The situation demands that every citizen do his duty. There must be no attempt to evade personal responsibility regarding the things which will protect health and save the public from danger. I am sure I can give no better advice at this time than to emphasize again that influenza is a hand-conveyed disease, and cleanliness and care should be the watchword.

"All physicians whom I have consulted agree that the disease is milder than in 1918, and all advise those who are attacked by influenza to go to bed when the symptoms first appear. The man who stays up and tries to fight off the attack is the worst sufferer."

New cases of influenza and pneumonia and deaths from both causes reported in the five boroughs yesterday are given below:

Borough.	CASES. Inf.	Pneu.	DEATHS. Inf.	Pneu.
Manhattan	2,192	322	42	74
Bronx	648	49	11	18
Brooklyn	1,427	221	37	30
Queens	279	40	7	10
Richmond	150	18	3	4
Total	4,706	649	100	136
Total Wednesday	5,589	686	67	118
Total Oct. 10, 1918	3,077	303	157	185
Total to date	24,460	5,190	426	1,553

Dr. Copeland met the heads of the borough offices of his department yesterday to learn whether measures for the control of the epidemic were uniform and how needs were being satisfied. They also talked over hospital accommodations and reserve facilities. Dr. Copeland had received a complaint that the department hospitals in Brooklyn were not able to take care of influenza patients, but Dr. H. T. Peck, in charge in Brooklyn, told the Commissioner there were abundant beds for all cases.

"In Manhattan," said Dr. Copeland, "there are 2,272 beds vacant outside of Bellevue, and Bellevue has never refused a patient. Besides there are 600 beds in Willard Parker Hospital and 400 in the Municipal Lodging House.

"Inspectors noting the effect of the change in working hours report a material lessening of congestion. The rush crowds have been extended over at least two additional hours, in the opinion of William S. Menden, General Manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company."

Reports to the Public Service Commission show 2,402 employes of the Interborough, B. R. T., New York Railways and the Third Avenue Railroad sick, approximately 10 per cent. of the total.

"While the epidemic has seized many men in the Fire Department it has not interfered materially with the service," said Dr. Joseph E. Smith, chief medical officer of the department. "Only 183 uniformed men are incapacitated, although 240 cases have been reported to date. Two firemen have died of pneumonia following influenza."

The Police Department has 443 men off duty with influenza, bronchitis, and pneumonia, according to Dr. Patrick J. Murray, Chief Surgeon.

Discussing the scarcity of nurses which is still acute, Dr. Copeland said reports had reached him of attempted extortion. Investigation showed, he said, that in one case a man had charged $35 for a day and a night. "If any nurse attempts a 'hold-up' the Health Department should be notified at once," Dr. Copeland said. "We fear," he continued, "that so much has been said about $6 a day for nurses that poor families have feared to ask nursing care. I have

Continued on Page Three.

FALL MALL Rounds—twenty in soft foil package, at the better-class shops.—Advt.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT water. Quick relief.—Advt.

PARIS HEARS ALLIES WILL RECOGNIZE THE SOVIET RULE

Lloyd George, It Is Said, May Propose Step at the Next Premiers' Meeting.

REPORT ITALY WILL AGREE

Millerand Also Said to be Disposed to Acquiesce and Let Britain Take Blame.

PRESS IS CHANGING TONE

Theory Is Advanced That Soviets Are Perhaps Not as Bad as They Used to Be.

BY EDWIN L. JAMES

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Allies are gradually approaching recognition of the Soviet Government of Russia, according to opinion not very openly expressed in most diplomatic circles in Paris.

Despite the apparent stability of the official and semi-official statements against the Bolsheviki, there seems to be developing under the surface a weakening of the drastic stand against the Soviets.

Although the allied diplomats and allied peoples may detest principles for which the Soviets stand, and abhor their methods, the outstanding fact remains that Soviets control most of Russia and no one seems able to oust them from control.

Add to that fact the world-wide yearning for peace among the nations and one has premises which point to diplomatic dealings with the Government of Lenin and Trotsky.

After so many months of programs towards Soviets it may seem strange that our actual proposal of peace may be made soon. The indications point to that outcome as most likely.

A diplomat of one of the allied nations said today that at the next conference of Premiers to be held in London, Mr. Lloyd George would propose a new step which would bring the Allies nearer to recognition of the Soviets. Italy would support this move, he said, and despite the uproar in France against Soviets there was good reason to suppose that Millerand would not openly fight such project if it came from Lloyd George, who would be blamed for any unfortunate results that might follow.

Events of the last year have shown that sometimes diplomacy subjects principles to policy, and it may be that the big question will be, what sort of a bargain can be made with the Soviets in return for peace? England fears Bolshevism in its progress through the Caucasus and England fears Bolshevism in India. England and France dread the threatened Bolshevist drive on Poland.

Polish armies hold enormous Russian territory outside the borders of Poland. If the Poles went back on their home line, would the Bolsheviki withhold their attack? If the Allies made peace, would Lenin and Trotsky let Turkey and India alone?

These are questions that suggest themselves. In that connection one may notice the widespread Soviet propaganda that Lenin no longer plans a world revolution.

It is thought by many that the allied plan for resumption of trading with Russia was a cloak for something else.

It is asked whether the allied Premiers could have not known that the Soviets really controlled the Russian co-operatives and that Lenin could in turn control allied trading with the Russian co-operatives.

Pertinax in the Echo de Paris today calls for light on the negotiations between O'Grady, for the British Government, and the Soviet delegates. He says France is ready to listen to reason and swallow some of her hatred of the Bolsheviki if it will be for the common good, but he seriously objects to any more dark secret arrangements. If the Allies really intend to trade with Russia they might as well make peace with the Soviets, he declares.

He says that the present policy of the Allies denotes surrender in order to get peace, but he urges them to make sure that they get peace. In other words, if they make a bargain with the Soviets, make a good bargain.

It is significant that in the last ten days there has been much publicity given to the theory that the Soviets are not as bad as they used to be. The other day the conservative Figaro carried a leading article calling for more light on what the Soviets were really like now. All the Paris press today gives much attention to a suggestion made just before adjournment of the International Labor Bureau yesterday by Sokal, the delegate of the Polish Government:

"We want peace, real peace, definite peace, with Russia as with all other nations. Our governments will do well to adopt this conclusion quickly."

Considerable prominence is given to dispatches from America saying that THE NEW YORK TIMES is calling for a definite Russian policy on the part of Washington. That is just what France wants. No less than the United States does France dislike the Soviets and what they stand for, but she is ready to consider any measures the Premiers

Continued on Page Two.

"APHRODITE." Biggest Sensation in New York. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 50c to $2. Century Theatre. Evenings, 8:15 Sharp.—Advt.

Reds Plan Invasion of India in Spring, French Cabinet Warned of It by Agents

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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PARIS, Jan. 29.—The French Foreign Office has received from its agents in India a report saying that the Bolsheviki are making extensive preparations for an uprising in India against the British.

From this report and other sources it appears that under the direction of a man named Voznerensky, "Commissaire of Oriental Affairs," there has been established at Moscow a commission, composed of Russians and Hindus, among whom are certain advocates of Indian independence who during the war were active at Berlin. This commission aims to be the nucleus of a future Soviet Government of India.

An important Bolshevist meeting was held recently at Samara, where a resolution was voted asking the Moscow Government to start in March an offensive of the Red armies in India "for the liberation of oppressed millions." It is said that Voznerensky replied that such an offensive was embraced in the military plans of Trotsky.

It is also reported that a Young Turk delegation has arrived at Moscow and has been received by the Soviet Government.

These reports relating to troubles in India "became known" today, following the publication last night in the Temps of an article under the heading, "A Campaign of False News." This article said:

"A correspondent of The Times of London at Cairo, in a telegram dated Jan. 22, declares that the situation in Syria is serious, both from a political and economic point of view. All troops available at Beirout and Liban had been sent against counter-revolutionists in the district of Merj-Ayoun. A conflict had started between the French and the authorities of Libyan, including the Libyan clergy, who complained of interference of French officials in local affairs. Propaganda had been started for the exclusion of Beirout from the Libyan zone. Beirout would form a district having political independence."

The Temps adds this note:

"We are authorized to make most formal denial of all the pessimistic news contained in this mendacious dispatch. The military incidents to which allusion is made are only attacks on caravans of no importance. As for the relations between the French and Libyan authorities, and notably with the Libyan clergy, they are excellent from every point of view.

"We are astonished to see pursued at Cairo such a campaign of false news manifestly intended to discredit France in Syria and which is so much in contrast with the discretion observed by the French press with regard to recent events in Egypt."

HYLAN TO SUMMON J. P. MORGAN FIRM

John D. Rockefeller Also May Be Called as Witness in Transit Inquiry.

I.R.T. DIVIDENDS UNDER FIRE

If 7 Per Cent. from 1904, Surplus Now Would Be $48,872,070, Loudoun Says.

Members of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., which financed a large part of the Interborough Rapid Transit's operations, are to be examined by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment in the present transit inquiry, Mayor Hylan announced yesterday. There is a probability that John D. Rockefeller will also be invited to give testimony, he indicated. The Mayor said that inasmuch as the officials of the Interborough did not seem to know anything about the affairs of their company it became necessary to interrogate the financiers.

"The date of their appearance has not yet been decided, but we will certainly have them here," he said. "I have already instructed Corporation Counsel Burr to prepare invitations, and if these are not complied with subpoenas will be issued."

District Attorney Swann announced late yesterday afternoon that he had issued subpoenas, returnable today, for three former and two present officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. He did not disclose the reason for his actions. Those summoned are David W. Ross, former Vice President; Frank J. Delaney, ex-chief clerk of the purchasing department; Manfred Fuhrer, former assistant to Mr. Ross; R. R. McDonald, Superintendent of Economy, and W. G. Strait, who occupies the same sort of position.

Those who attended Wednesday's session of the Board of Estimate's traction hearing recalled that Mayor Hylan asked Edward F. J. Gaynor, one of the witnesses, why Ross had left the company and who Fuhrer was. The Mayor gave not inkling why he had asked the questions.

The Mayor at yesterday's session paved the way for what is believed to be an effort on his part to extend the inquiry into a further investigation of the charges he made before the Extraordinary Grand Jury that there was collusion between the I. R. T. and its employes in the strike last Summer. During the interrogation of Edward F. J. Gaynor, auditor of the railroad, the Mayor asked him if he knew a man of the name of Connolly.

"I suppose you mean Patrick J. Connolly, President of the Interborough Brotherhood," the witness replied.

"That's the man. When did he last work for your company?"

"I could not answer that question without consulting the records."

"Well, does he do any active work for the railroad at present?" the Mayor continued.

"I assume he does, but I am not conversant with his duties."

"Do you know that Connolly called the Interborough strike last Summer over the Interborough telephones?"

"I have heard that statement made, but I don't know whether it is true or not," was the witness's rejoinder.

Records on Strike Demanded.

The Mayor directed Mr. Gaynor to produce the records of the company to show whether or not the men who went out on strike last year had been paid by the company during the time that they were away. The Mayor's question came up during the examination of the Interborough Rapid Transit auditor in reference to an item of $2,024,900, which was charged as extraordinary expenses resulting from the strike of 1916. The witness explained that this sum had been spent in providing accommodations and meals for its own men and special employes during the trouble.

"These special employes were strike-breakers, weren't they;" asked Corporation Counsel Burr.

Gaynor would not admit this, but ex-

Continued on Page Four.

New Edition, Marburg's League of Nations: Vol. II. Its Principles Examined. Macmillan. 75c.—Advt.

MORGAN'S NEPHEW REPORTED MARRIED

Laurens M. Hamilton, 19 Years Old, Said to Have Chosen a Bride of 30.

RELATIVES REFUSE TO TALK

Marriage Supposed to Have Taken Place in New Hampshire, Bridegroom Being a Minor.

Society was interested yesterday in a published report of a wedding in which the principals were said to be Laurens M. Hamilton, 19 years old, grandson of the late J. P. Morgan and great-great-grandson of Alexander Hamilton, and Mrs. Gregory Warren, reported to be in the early thirties.

Mr. Hamilton was registered at the Hotel Somerset in Boston last night, but no corroboration of a report that his bride was with him could be obtained there.

Friends of young Hamilton, when they heard yesterday of the romance, were quite sure that the couple had selected New Hampshire because it is a State in which the marriage of a minor is sanctioned. They thought that Hamilton, or perhaps Mrs. Warren, or both, feared that his parents, unwilling because of his youth, would insist upon annulment proceedings in another State.

Mr. and Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton of 32 East Thirty-sixth Street, parents of the young man, declined absolutely to discuss the report of their son's marriage. A close relative of the young man, however, said last night that he knew that Hamilton and Mrs. Warren had been married "somewhere in New Hampshire" a few days ago.

He added that he did not know where the ceremony had been performed or by whom, and he was equally in the dark as to the identity of the bride beyond knowing her name. Inquiries in various quarters regarding Mrs. Warren were fruitless—every one, in fact, who had head the buzz of gossip which followed quickly in the trail of the first news of the match was asking similar questions.

No one professed even to know where Hamilton met his bride. She is known to have spent a week at the Hotel Ritz-Carlton. She left there on Jan. 26—last Monday—and the marriage is presumed to have taken place some time since that date. Inquiry at the hotel elicited little information beyond the statements that Mrs. Warren, known there both as Mrs. Gregory Warren and as Mrs. Gertrude Warren—one name presumably being that of her former husband and the other her own—was a handsome, fashionably gowned woman, little past thirty, who lived at the hotel in some luxury, and who attracted no particular attention while she was there.

A relative of the bridegroom said he understood that Mrs. Warren had come from Louisville, Ky., but beyond that hint of her origin, he, too, was ignorant about her. Hamilton served as a Lieutenant in the war, but was discharged following the armistice. Mrs. Warren was said to have been an active war worker during the engagement of this country in the world conflict, and it was rumored that the couple had met either at a training camp on this side or somewhere in France in the course of their separate services. It was said last night that Mrs. Warren had traveled much both here and abroad.

Mr. Hamilton is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton of 32 East Thirty-sixth Street, who have a country place, Table Rock, at Sterlington, N. Y. His mother was Miss Juliet P. Morgan, daughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

On the paternal side, he is a great-great-grandson of Alexander Hamilton. His sister, Miss Helen Morgan Hamilton, married Arthur Woods while Mr. Woods was Police Commissioner of New York, their marriage taking place at Sterlington. His brother, Pierpont Morgan Hamilton, on Sept. 11 last, married Miss Marie Louise Blair, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair of this city and Blairsden, Peapack, N. J. This brother was attached to the air forces during the war.

MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL, Century Grove, Nightly, at 11:30.—Advt.

U. S. STEEL GRANTS 10 PER CENT. RISE IN LABORERS' PAY

Chairman Gary Announces $24,000,000 Increase, from $4.62 to $5.08 for 10 Hours.

OR 5% ON COMMON STOCK

"Other Rates Will Be Equitably Adjusted," According to Company's Statement.

PAYROLL NOW $475,000,000

In Nine Advances Since 1915 Wages of Common Workers Mounted 144 Per Cent.

The United States Steel Corporation yesterday announced an increase of 10 per cent. in the wages of day laborers, effective Feb. 1, from $4.62 for a ten-hour day, including two hours overtime, to $5.08. It is estimated that the number of common laborers is about 170,000 of the total of 260,000. On this basis the increase would expand the payroll of the corporation by some $24,000,000 per year, which is the equivalent of nearly 5 per cent. on the common stock. With the present increase included, the annual payroll will be brought up to more than $475,000,000.

Elbert H. Gary, Chairman, in a statement announcing the rise said:

"The wage rates of day labor at the manufacturing plants of the Steel Corporation have been increased about 10 per cent., to become effective Feb. 1. Other rates will be equitably adjusted."

The reference to other rates led to the presumption yesterday that an increase commensurate with that granted to common labor was to be made to the other employes of the corporation. In this case the increase in the annual payroll, it is estimated, would be in the neighborhood of $40,000,000, or about 8 per cent. on the common stock capitalization. In 1919 the corporation earned only slightly in excess of 10 per cent. on the junior shares, the preliminary figures being determined from the four quarterly statements.

The increase announced now is the ninth that the corporation has made since 1915. Three times in 1916 there were increases of 10 per cent. and two rises of a like amount were made in 1917. There were three advances in 1918, the first an increase of 15 per cent. and the last two about 10 per cent. With the exception of one increase, all have applied to the entire force of employes. The exception was an increase granted to laborers alone. Since 1918 the increase of pay for unskilled workers has amounted to 144 per cent. over the $2 wage prevailing at the end of 1915.

In his testimony before the Senate committee investigating the steel strike on Oct. 1 last, Judge Gary, in response to a question by Senator Jones concerning why the corporation made 10 per cent. increases in wages, replied:

"Because under the circumstances we think it is about fair. You remember, Senator, during the war prices were very materially increased, although it is fair to say that we stood for the lower prices in our considerations generally, and I think the War Industries Board will tell you that; but they were increased and the profits were largely increased. Then it seemed to me and others that it was only fair to give our employes what we deemed a corresponding benefit from that, and as our profits increased we would arbitrarily increase the wage rates. I have forgotten how many times we increased them during the war, but repeatedly, voluntarily—arbitrarily, but arbitrarily in favor of the workmen, intending to be fair and reasonable and to treat the subject on the basis of merit. The largest percentages of increases have been made to those receiving the lowest wages."

It has usually been the custom for the independent steel manufacturers to follow the lead of the Steel Corporation in increasing wages. Such advances, if made, would probably represent an amount equal to that which would have been gained by the successful termination of the steel strike by the workers.

It was asserted in steel circles yesterday that a 10 per cent. advance in prices had been scheduled for Feb. 1. It was not made clear whether this would apply to the Steel Corporation. The independents have been advancing prices for some time and another 10 per cent. rise would bring prices above the level that prevailed at the outset of last year. Certain of the independents, such as Bethlehem Steel, are now quoting prices $4 a ton in advance of the so-called Industrial Board figures, which were established last March, but repudiated by the Government. The Steel Corporation has adhered strictly to the Industrial Board level. Some of the smaller independents, who complain that their costs are higher than those of the big companies, have advanced prices as much as $7 a ton. It is known that no additional contracts are being taken by concerns using steel until there has been a determination of the entire price schedule.

An officer of the United States Steel Corporation said last night that while a flat increase of 10 per cent. was granted to day labor and an equitable adjustment of other rates was promised by Judge Gary, the wage increase of both skilled and unskilled labor would be "practically the same."

It is not the present intention of the Steel Corporation to raise the price of steel, said this officer, but he wished to make it clear that circumstances in the future, with no bearing on the wage rise, might make it necessary. To increase steel prices with wages, he admitted, would only tend to create a new cycle of rising costs and wages.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick Relief.—Advt.

Poincare to Head Celebration of League of Nations Start

PARIS, Jan. 29.—President Poincaré will preside at a solemn ceremony to be held at the Sorbonne tomorrow to celebrate the establishment of the League of Nations. Teachers throughout the country will read to their classes the declarations made at the Sorbonne.

BRITISH AROUSED BY MONEY'S FALL

Bankers Expected to Urge International Conference on Exchange.

TOTAL BREAKDOWN FEARED

Our Position Defended Against Charges of 'Colossal Profiteering' on World's Needs.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 30.—Leading bankers who are to discuss with the Chancellor of the Exchequer next week on the grave situation of Anglo-American exchange will undoubtedly press on the Government the importance of calling immediately an international conference of financiers and are likely to lay stress upon the necessity of each nation reducing its expenditures or raising its taxes so as to balance its budget.

In this connection it is felt here that Representative Mondell's reflections in the House of Representatives on England's expenditure on the air force were unfortunate. He left out of account entirely the circumstances in which they were incurred and very large reductions contemplated in the immediate future. It is true the Air Force bill for the current financial year, which ends in March, amounted to about £66,000,000, but this was swollen by the expenses of demobilisation and by the necessity of continuing to lay out money on war contracts which could not be terminated at a moment's notice. The expenditure for the next financial year, beginning in April is estimated at £15,000,000 to £16,000,000, and the air force has been cut down to dimensions which many hold are scarcely sufficient to meet the minimum military necessities and to carry on the essential research work.

The army likewise is being subjected to drastic reductions subject only to England's treaty obligations on the Continent and in the East and the need of maintaining adequate garrisons in India and Egypt. While the anxiety of the Government to save money on the navy is proved by sale of a considerable number of battleships and the scrapping of these consorts of the Hood, which was even under construction at the time of the armistice, that battle cruiser herself was completed only because the work on her was so far advanced that it would have been uneconomical to discontinue it.

The chief obstacle which the British Government is finding today to curtailing its armament is the extraordinary difficulty in estimating demands upon it. When the armistice was signed it was hoped that long before this peace would have been concluded by all belligerents and the League of Nations would have been in full working order. But the Senate's refusal to assent to the treaty and doubt as to the part the United States will ultimately play in the League have resulted in a state of chaos that makes it impossible for England to risk depriving herself of the arms necessary for tasks that may be thrust upon her.

With France she has to bear almost the entire brunt of restoring Europe to order, and many authorities here have complained that she has already gone too far in reducing her forces.

In financial matters also it is felt that the international position of England must be remembered in any estimate of her situation. She owes on the one hand to the United States Government $4,277,000,000, and to United States bankers another $946,352,000. But she has sent to her allies and dominions £1,961,000,000, a sum about the equivalent to the $9,647,416,000 which the United States Government lent to the Allies, including England.

The tremendous financial demands made on Britain by her allies were undoubtedly one of her chief difficulties during the war, and it is known that when America became a belligerent and granted to the Entente the privilege of borrowing on the same terms as her own Government the British Cabinet would have been glad if this generosity had been extended so as to relieve her of some of the common financial burden which she had already assumed. However, this found no favor in the eyes of Washington and the British Treasury is not seeking now to get out of the bargain.

It has already met as they matured $604,631,000 of commitments it had made in America during the war, and it has denied emphatically a desire to borrow further from the Government.

With regard to the exchange problem, however, there is a feeling here that it should not be overlooked that in this, too, England has to bear the brunt of the European situation. F. C. Goodenough, Chairman of Barclay's Bank, one of the most important of London's financial institutions, said yesterday at the annual meeting:

"It is well, however, to remember that because of the large foreign purchases of dollars made in this market the present exchange level reflects not only our trade indebtedness but also

Continued on Page Two.

DELPARK SOFT COLLARS Worn by well-dressed men.—Advt.

TREASURY OPPOSES MORE LOANS TO AID EUROPE, SAYS GLASS

Tells Chamber of Commerce Government Does Not Favor International Conference.

WOULD FIX REPARATION

Asserts Germany Could Then Issue Bonds Which Would Give Value to Allies' Claims.

ASSAILS FISCAL POLICIES

House Committee to Report a Bill to Send Food to Poland, Austria, and Armenia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Declaring that the United States Government cannot, even if it were so disposed, "assume the burdens of all the earth," and that it cannot undertake to finance the requirements of Europe because it cannot shape the fiscal policies of the Governments of Europe, Carter Glass, the retiring Secretary of the Treasury, made public tonight a letter he has written to Homer L. Ferguson, President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, setting forth the attitude of the Treasury to extending further Government aid to Europe.

Secretary Glass informed Mr. Ferguson that the Treasury is opposed to granting further governmental aid beyond that outlined in his annual report and in his recent communication to the House Ways and Means Committee with respect to the extension of interest on the allied government obligations held by the Government of the United States and to the supplying of relief to certain portions of Europe.

Text of Secretary Glass's Letter.

Secretary Glass's letter to Mr. Ferguson follows:

"January 28, 1920.

"Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of the letter of Jan. 22, 1920, signed by yourself and Messrs. A. C. Bedford, John H. Fahey and Harry A. Wheeler, to whom, as a committee designated by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, was referred a communication transmitting a memorandum signed by forty-four prominent American citizens addressed to the United States Government Reparations Commission and the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, recommending that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States Government Reparations Commerce and finance to meet with those of other countries for the purpose of examining the situation as set out in the communication and recommending such action as may be advisable.

"In compliance with your request for an expression of opinion from the Treasury in respect to the observations and recommendations contained in the memorandum, I may first state that the views and policy of the Treasury in respect to the international financial situation are set forth in the enclosed extracts from my annual report (page 12 to 14, inclusive).

"With much that is contained in the memorial the Treasury is in hearty accord. Concerning the need of increased production and decreased consumption, the need of balancing governmental budgets and taking effective measures to deflate currency and credit, concerning the need of prompt and proper determinations by the Reparations Commission, which will make possible the resumption of industrial life in Germany and the restoration of trade with Germany there can be no doubt.

"The people of the United States are being called upon, by taxes and otherwise, not only to meet the Government's expenditures, but to reduce the war debt. So far as the countries of Europe are concerned, the adoption of similar policies is a matter for the governments of those countries and for the Reparations Commission.

Advanced $4,236,584,688 Since Armistice.

"In an effort to alleviate the situation the United States Government has done all that was considered advisable and practicable. Since the armistice we have extended to foreign governments the following financial assistance:

Direct advances	$2,880,901,179.95
Funds made available to those Governments through the purchase of their currency to cover our expenditures in Europe	780,481,508.76
Army and other governmental supplies sold on credit (approximately)	035,000,000.00
Relief (approximately)	100,000,000.00
Unpaid accrued interests up to Jan. 1, 1920, on allied government obligations	324,211,922.00
Total	$4,236,584,688.41

"The Treasury is opposed to further governmental aid beyond that outlined in my annual report and in my recent communication to the Ways and Means Committee of Congress, with respect to the extension of interest of the allied government obligations held by the Government of the United States and to the supplying of relief to certain portions of Europe.

"The Governments of the world must now get out of banking and trade. Loans of Government to Government not only involve additional taxes or borrowings by the lending Government, with the inflation attendant thereon, but also a continuance by the borrowing Government of control over private activities, which only postpones sound solutions of the problems.

"The Treasury is opposed to governmental control over foreign trade and finance and even more opposed to private control. It is convinced that the credits required for the economi

toration and revival of trade must be supplied through private channels; that as a necessary contribution to that end the Governments of the world must assist in the restoration of confidence, stability, and freedom of commerce by the adoption of sound fiscal policies, and that the Reparations Commission must adopt promptly a just and constructive policy.

Differences in Memorials.

"The memorial which was simultaneously circulated in Europe differs in its scope and character from the one presented in the United States. The European memorial contains some passages omitted in the American memorial, which apparently advocate further governmental financial assistance and also request the respective Governments to designate representatives to attend the proposed conference, which would give it an official character.

"The Treasury has not looked with favor upon certain features of the memorial, nor upon the proposed conference, being apprehensive lest the memorial and such a conference should serve to cause confusion and revive hopes (which, I am certain, are doomed to disappointment) that the American people, through their Government, will be called upon to assume the burden of Europe by United States Government loans. Such matters as the suggestion of further governmental loans by the United States, the cancellation of some or all of the obligations of European governments held by the United States Government (as contemplated by a passage contained in the European memorial, but omitted from the American memorial), and the deferring of obligations of foreign Governments held by the United States to liens created in favor of loans hereafter made for reconstruction purposes are clearly not appropriate for consideration in such a conference as is contemplated by the memorial.

"The existing worldwide inflation of currency, credit and prices is a consequence of the fact that for a period of four or five years the peoples of this earth have been consuming and destroying more than they have produced and saved, and against the wealth so destroyed the warring nations have been issuing currency and evidence of indebtedness. The consequence of the world's greatest war is profound and inescapable. It has affected all the nations of the civilized world, those who participated actively in the war and those who did not. The inflation exists in the neutral countries of Europe and in the Orient. It exists where there was no war debt, where the war debt was badly handled, and to some degree where the war debt was well handled.

Solution Is Necessarily Slow.

"The problems to the cure of which the distinguished gentlemen are directing their attention have been the subject in one form or another of daily study of the Treasury Department since the outbreak of the war and especially since the signing of the armistice. These problems have at all times been complex and difficult, and simple solutions have never been possible because they involve some factors which are not susceptible of solution by any comprehensive plan. The process of healing the wounds inflicted by the war must necessarily be slow and painful, involving as it does not only physical restoration of industry and agriculture, but as well the restoration to habits of industry of masses of men accustomed by the war to unsettlement. We must necessarily, and to a great extent, depend upon and encourage the independent activity and resourcefulness of each person affected to repair his own fortunes, with the assistance of his business connections in other countries, and also upon each individual to return to a normal life of industry and economy.

"From the moment of the cessation of hostilities the Treasury of the United States has pursued a policy of looking toward the restoration as promptly as possible of normal conditions, the removal of governmental control and interference and the restoration of individual initiative and free competition in business. It has insisted upon strict economy in governmental expenditure and upon the maintenance of taxes at a level which, with the salvage of war materials and supplies, &c., will insure the prompt retirement of the resulting debt of the United States and the establishment of a fund adequate for the retirement of the funded debt in the course of a generation. The Treasury long since, with the co-operation of the Federal Reserve Board, removed the embargo on the export of gold, thus enabling American citizens, and, indeed, the nations of the world, to the extent that they find credit here, to finance purchases throughout the world in cash.

Different Policy in Europe.

"Rightly or wrongly, a different policy has been pursued in Europe. European Governments have maintained, since the cessation of hostilities, embargoes upon the export of gold. The rectification of the exchanges now adverse to Europe lies primarily in the hands of European Governments. The normal method of meeting an adverse international balance is to ship gold. The refusal to ship gold prevents the rectification of an adverse exchange. The need of gold embargoes lies in the expanded currency and credit structure of Europe. Relief would be found in disarmament, resumption of industrial life and activity, the imposition of adequate taxes and the issue of adequate domestic loans.

"The American people should not, in my opinion, be called upon to finance, and would not, in my opinion, respond to a demand that they finance the requirements of Europe in so far as they result from the failure to take these necessary steps for the rehabilitation of credit.

"Such things as international bond issues, international guarantees, and international measures for the stabilization of exchange are utterly impracticable so long as there exist inequalities of taxation and domestic financial policies in the various countries involved; and when these inequalities no longer exist such devices will be unnecessary.

"It is unthinkable that the people of a country which has been called upon to submit to so drastic a program of taxation as that adopted by the United States, which called for financing from current taxes a full one-third of the war expenditures, including loans to the Allies, should undertake to remedy the inequalities of exchange resulting from a less drastic policy of domestic taxation adopted by the other Governments of the world. The remedy for the situation is to be found not in the manufacture of bank credit in the United States for the movement of exports, a process which has already proceeded too far, but in the movement of goods, of investment securities, and in default of goods or securities then of gold, into this country from Europe; and in order that such securities may be absorbed by investors our people must consume less and save.

Cannot Assume Earth's Burdens.

"The United States could not, if it would, assume the burdens of all the earth. It cannot undertake to finance the requirements of Europe, because it cannot shape the fiscal policies of the Governments of Europe. The Government of the United States cannot tax the American people to meet the deficiencies arising from the failure of the Governments of Europe to balance their budgets, nor can the Government of the United States tax the American people to subsidize the business of our exporters. It cannot do so by direct measures of taxation, nor can it look with composure upon the manufacture of bank credit to finance our exports when the requirements of Europe are for working capital rather than for bank credits.

"Lamentable as would be the effects upon our industrial life and upon Europe itself of the continued maintenance of an exchange barrier against the importation into Europe of commodities from the United States, this country cannot continue to extend credits on a sufficient scale to cover our present swollen trade balance against Europe, while paying cash (gold and silver) to the countries of Central and South America and the Far East, with which it has an adverse balance on its own and international account.

"The consequence of the maintenance by Europe of this barrier will be to force the United States to do business with those countries with which it is able to do business on a cash basis. The only other policy which the United States could adopt would be the policy of re-establishing embargoes on gold and silver and of inflating its own currency to the same extent that the currencies of Europe are inflated with a view to lowering its exchange to a parity with theirs. This would involve taxing the whole people for the benefit of our exporters and the benefit of Europe and submitting to have imposed on the United States domestic financial policies adopted by Europe but quite contrary to those heretofore adopted by the United States. It would mean a world-wide inflation, the abandonment of the gold standard and, ultimately, chaos.

Urges Need for Production.

"If the peoples and Governments of Europe live within their incomes, increase their production as much as possible and limit their imports to actual necessities, foreign credits to cover adverse balances would most probably be supplied by private investors and the demand to resort to such impracticable methods as government loans and bank credits would cease.

"There is no more logical or practical step towards solving their own reconstruction problems than for the Allies to give value to their indemnity claims against Germany by reducing those claims to a determinate amount which Germany may be reasonably expected to pay, and then for Germany to issue obligations for such amount and be set free to work it out. This would increase Germany's capacity to pay, restore confidence and improve the trade and commerce of the world. The maintenance of claims which cannot be paid causes apprehension and serves no useful purpose.

"Private investors can only make loans to the extent of their savings in excess of domestic capital requirements, and then will only make them to the extent that they have confidence in the securities or obligations offered. The adoption of the measures indicated should add to the confidence of the private investor.

"If the Chamber of Commerce of the United States considers it advisable and desirable to designate representatives to attend an unofficial conference, the Treasury does not desire to offer any objection, provided the scope and character and limitations of such a conference as well as the impossibility of United States Government action are clearly understood.

"Cordially yours,

"CARTER GLASS."

Landlord Steals Lease.

Leopold Geiberg, a landlord, of 124 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn, was convicted yesterday of stealing a lease he had given to a tenant, so that he might further increase the rent. Mrs. Sarah Sviraky of the same address, the complainant, testified that on Oct. 6 she signed a new lease by which her rent was raised from $37.50 to $45 a month; that Geiberg stole it and brought her a new one calling for $48.

OPPOSITION RISES TO TREATY DEBATE

Senators of Both Parties Shun Renewal of Fight on the Floor.

POLITICAL EFFECT FEARED

Hitchcock to Demand Recall Only as a Last Resort—Parley Again Postponed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator Hitchcock's announcement that he intends to move to take up the Peace Treaty in the open Senate if, as is expected, the bi-partisan compromise discussions end in failure, brought to the surface so much opposition that Mr. Hitchcock today modified his position. He said that he regarded the appeal to the Senate as a last resort, not to be sought until all hope had failed of other modes of agreement.

At the same time Senator Underwood announced that he would hold in reserve his resolution for an official conciliation committee, and would offer it only when all other hopes had disappeared.

These two announcements encouraged the Democratic members of the bi-partisan committee, who said that they now had warrant for doing their utmost to keep the meetings in Senator Lodge's office going. The meeting scheduled for today was not held. Illness in Senator Lenroot's family made it impossible for him to attend and caused the postponement. Senator Lodge announced that a session would be held tomorrow.

The opposition to bringing the treaty once more into the open Senate is based, fundamentally, Senators said, upon political considerations. The first objection is that it means stopping the Senate's legislative machinery at a time when all possible speed consistent with safety is demanded if the essentials of a big legislative program are to be taken care of in time to permit a recess next June for the National Conventions of the two parties. These essentials include fourteen appropriation bills, which, in addition to being needed to keep the Government departments running, are held to be politically indispensable, as the Republicans are counting to make by slashing these measures to it to make by slashing these measures to help them in the national campaign.

Democrats See Political Danger.

The Democrats are reluctant to clog the legislative wheels by calling up the treaty, because that would also interfere with their campaign plans. One of the chief "talking points" of Democratic orators is to be the charge of inefficiency and do-nothingness by the Republican Congress. If the Democrats call out the treaty and the legislative program is held up, they will give the Republicans, it is argued, an answer to the charge of legislative inefficiency.

There is another political objection to the plan announced by Senator Hitchcock. It is that certain record votes might be forced upon Senators which would prove embarrassing, particularly to those who are seeking re-election.

In explaining this Senators said that, of course, they wanted to be "right" on the final vote on the treaty, but they did not relish having to go on record just now on certain points when that record might be used to their disadvantage in a campaign. There are many ways in which this might come about, they said, and, while they agreed that some day they must vote on reservations, they desired to have that come about in a different manner.

They much prefer, for instance, to let some unofficial committee work out a program for them, and then subscribe to the whole thing, without being annoyed by answering to their names on specific questions involved in such a program.

Fear Irreconcilables' Tactics.

Still another objection advanced is that bringing the treaty in before sixty-four Senators have agreed to a set of reservations would give the irreconcilables in both parties an opportunity to take advantage of the disorganization of the treaty's friends and revive in the country the opposition to certain provisions which was stirred up in the first treaty debate.

Replying to these and other objections, the supporters of the plan for discussion in the open Senate said today that if those opposing this idea would present any evidence indicating that a compromise could be worked out in some other way, there would be no move to revive the Senate debate. Efforts so far have not produced any evidence that this is possible, these Senators said. They believe that only when the Senate resolves itself into a Committee of the Whole on compromise will any compromise be obtained.

Florida Republicans Back Lodge.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 29.—The Florida Republican Central Committee, in session at Palatka, today indorsed the leadership of Senator Lodge in the treaty fight and nominated Judge John D. Chaney of Orlando for the Senate seat now held by Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, Democrat, whose term expires in March, 1921. George E. Gay of Palatka was nominated for Governor. An uninstructed delegation to the Chicago convention was elected.

CALLS BRYAN UNDERTAKER.

Governor Edwards Denies That He Wishes to Disturb Party Harmony.

Governor Edward I. Edwards, of New Jersey, in answering William J. Bryan's plea for harmony in the Democratic Party, declared last night that he wanted to be the Angel Gabriel of the party to save it from "Bryan, the undertaker."

"Bryan, on the defensive, says that all he wants is harmony," said Governor Edwards. "This is a strange statement to come from a man who two weeks ago tried to induce the Democratic Senators to abandon the Democratic President and leader of the party. If Bryan has suffered in the past from inharmony, the party has suffered from harmony with Bryan.

"The harmony Bryan wants is the harmony of death. If he has his way the Democratic convention at San Francisco will be the morgue, from which will be picked the corpse to appear at a November national funeral. What I wish is to disturb no harmony but an intelligent grappling with the situation so that we will have clearly defined the issue of liberty against sectarianism. I would sooner be the Angel Gabriel to call the party to life than the smug undertaker to preside at its funeral, the latter role one which Mr. Bryan seems steering for, although, perhaps, unconsciously."

McADOO LAUGHS AT BOOM.

Ex-Secretary Shakes His Head when Asked if His "Hat Is in the Ring."

William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, was the principal speaker at the meeting of the Osceola Democratic Club, 1,036 Park Avenue, last evening, and was hailed as "our next President" by Deputy Police Commissioner Frederick Wallis, who preceded him, drawing from the large audience shouts of approval. Mr. McAdoo, however, stated at the close of the meeting that "we mustn't take them seriously. They're all friends of mine, and they want to show me that I'm a friend of theirs." When asked if his "hat was in the ring" for the Presidential nomination, he smiled broadly and shook his head. State Senator Julius C. Miller and Judge Joseph F. Mulqueen spoke.

The larger part of Mr. McAdoo's address was devoted to the history of Governmental control of the railroads, which he declared to be much better than under private ownership. He also dwelt briefly upon the "inertia" of the present Republican Congress.

"Notwithstanding the remarkable victory which I think our army and navy achieved," he said, "Congress even wants to investigate those two branches of the Government to find out why they weren't better. We have won the war and licked the enemy; I think that it is now time for us to rest up. Congress is just wasting good money trying to 'get something' on the Administration. Why can't they tackle live problems?"

Speaking of the ousting of the Socialist Assemblymen, Mr. McAdoo said that he would never subscribe to any movement that would prevent the freedom of speech or press. "If you can kick a party out of the Assembly at Albany just because it is a minority you won't have a government. Nobody will overthrow a government if you let him talk."

Blasco Ibanez Ill.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 29.—Blasco Ibanez, the author, was reported today to be ill at his rooms here with a condition bordering on pneumonia. Ibanez was indisposed last week, but recovered sufficiently to appear last night at a meeting in his honor, where he spoke at some length. His physician believed that this exertion caused today's illness.

ADRIATIC PARLEY MAY BE RESUMED

Paris Believes Jugoslavs' Plea in Reply to Ultimatum Will Be Heeded.

THEY COUNT ON WILSON

Rejected Allied Demand Only After Ascertaining That His Attitude Was Unchanged.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—It seems assured that the Jugoslavs will succeed in their effort to reopen the Adriatic negotiations. Although Jugoslavia stands today, strictly speaking, with nothing between her and the enforcement of the treaty of London since she has not accepted the compromise settlement as demanded by France and England, yet it appears very unlikely that the Allies will fail to try once more to reach a diplomatic settlement.

Of course, there are those in Paris who say that there now remains nothing in the situation but the application of the London treaty, which presents Italy with some 600,000 Slavs and their places of abode, and, while Jugoslav intransigeance has irritated a good many diplomats, yet the real differences between what the Jugoslavs contend for and what the allied plan provides seem so picayune that there is aroused the suspicion that somehow or other it is diplomatic prestige rather than national territory which is at stake.

There appears some justification for the allegation of the French press that the Jugoslavs are trying to play the United States off against the rest of the Allies. President Wilson was somewhat responsible for the birth of this new and hopeful nation, and his theories at the Peace Conference have always formed the basis of their peace policy. They know perfectly well, observers here say, that America would never approve the application of the compact of London, and that the Allies could enforce it only with the greatest difficulty. Wherefore they exhibit little fear in daring not to comply with the ultimatum from Clemenceau and Lloyd George.

Tonight's papers announce that the Premier of Italy is coming back to Paris, and it is believed he will be here when the Committee of Ambassadors meets on Monday. Until then the matter appears to be in statu quo.

M. Briand's newspaper, Eclair, says today that the Allies should not parley longer with the Jugoslavs, but go ahead and enforce the London treaty, and that Belgrade will have no one but itself to blame for what happens. The Temps, however, takes a more reasonable view.

"There is only one thing for us to do," it says, "and that is to regard calmly what are the best interests of Italy, of Jugoslavia, and of the other nations. It is to the interest of Italy that the Adriatic problem should be settled quickly in order that Nitti's Government may have its hands free to deal with interior problems. It is to the interest of Italy that we do not apply the Treaty of London, which would do a double wrong, creating a permanent cause for war and not satisfying claims on which Italy most sets her heart.

"What are, on the other hand, the interests of the Jugoslavs? As with Italy, it is to their interest that the problem of the Adriatic be settled quickly. Also it is not to the interest of the Jugoslavs to apply the Treaty of London. Also if it is legitimate that Fiume be annexed to Italy, it is also legitimate that the northeast corner of Istria be annexed to Jugoslavia. This is in accord with the principle of nationalities.

"What is the general interest of Europe? It is that the Italians and Jugoslavs be brought together by an amicable agreement that they should work together to prevent Germany's expansion. What is the interest of all the Allies? It is that the Adriatic problem be solved by persuasion and not by force."

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The text of the Jugoslav reply to the allied ultimatum on the Adriatic question, made public today, shows, as was stated yesterday, that it amounted to a refusal to accept the compromise offered by the Italians, but that in courteous terms it asked permission to lay before the powers some suggestions for alterations which it considers necessary to secure stability in the region surrounding the Adriatic.

"As regards the proposal itself," says one paragraph of the note, "the Royal Government is obliged to observe that it cannot accept it in its entirety, and the Government counts on the spirit of justice and equity of the powers party to the communication of Jan. 20 to permit it to submit to them modifications imposed by the necessity of assuring peace in the Adriatic."

"As regards the essence of these propositions," the note says, "the Royal Government begs to remark that they are not entirely in agreement either with the principles proclaimed by the Peace Conference of the free determination and independence of peoples, nor with the wishes of the population concerned nor with the geographical and economic conditions evolved.

"It is more than a year since the questions have been placed before the opinion of the interested countries, and the royal Government is extremely desirous of solving in the most friendly spirit the actual existing difficulties, and it has proposed to submit the solution either to arbitration or a plebiscite. It is still ready to adopt one or the other of these propositions.

"The reply begins with the statement that "the Government of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes considers the communication of Jan. 20 as a friendly proposition, and not as an injunction."

"It is," it adds, "in fact, the first time since the commencement of the Peace Conference that it has received an official proposition either from the Supreme Council or any power represented on it. It would therefore be incomprehensible that the Royal Government should be placed abruptly in the position of having to reply within a few days to a series of propositions involving the destinies of its people and the peace of Europe.

"The Royal Government considers itself justified in asking from the allied and associated powers the time indispensably necessary for the examination, with all the necessary attention, of propositions as important as these now submitted to it for the first time and to propose such modifications as the general interests and preoccupation of the establishment and the maintenance of friendly relations with its neighbor States may suggest."

At one stage the note says it is not understood how a treaty "concluded between third persons without its (the Jugoslav Government's) co-operation, containing clauses which had never been communicated to it, could be applied to it in default of an immediate categorical acceptance of these propositions."

"The Royal Government," continues the note, "equally is obliged to point out that the proposals of Jan. 20 offer no guarantee of the evacuation of territories which will come under its sovereignty, nor for the evacuation of the town of Fiume and Zara, erected into independent States. Moreover, recent events, one of only yesterday's date, have proved that the commanders of the regular and irregular troops occupying the territories in question are decided to pay no attention to orders which are or which may be given them by the Government to whom they belong.

"The Royal Government, which, during the whole of the World War has observed constant fidelity to its allies, has hesitated before no sacrifice for the success of the common cause, and has given proofs since the cessation of hostilities of the greatest possible spirit of moderation, even in the most delicate circumstances, and remains disposed to regulate the difficulties under discussion in the same spirit of friendship and conciliation."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Dr. Slavko Y. Grouitch, the Jugoslav Minister to the United States, visited the State Department to inquire whether there had been any change in the attitude of the United States Government in regard to the Adriatic settlement before his Government replied to the Anglo-French ultimatum, it was learned today. Mr. Grouitch was answered in the negative. It was also learned authoritatively today that President Wilson has not changed his ideas on that subject.

These facts are interpreted as lending color to intimations from European sources that, indirectly, the American Government has been preventing an agreement being reached on the Adriatic question by Belgrade Government being encouraged by this moral support to resist the decision of Great Britain and France, which had already been accepted by Italy.

It is not expected here that the rejection by the Belgrade Government of the terms of the ultimatum will result immediately in the execution of the latter. Jugoslavia, it is believed, will have another chance before the powers speak the final word. It is thought the British and French Governments will inform Belgrade of the unsatisfactory character of its reply, and insist upon a categorical yes or no, as was demanded in the ultimatum.

FRANCE ROUSED BY KOLCHAK'S CASE

Premier Demands Gen. Janin's Reasons for Giving the Admiral Up to Foes.

JANIN CHALLENGED TO DUEL

Semenoff's Officers Vow to Kill Him —Czechs Refused to Hand Kolchak Over to Japanese.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Premier Millerand telegraphed today to General Janin of the French Army, who commands the Czech troops in Siberia, demanding an explanation of the surrender of Admiral Kolchak to the Siberian revolutionists and ordering him to take steps to secure the liberation of the Russian anti-Soviet leader.

This morning's London newspapers published a report that Kolchak had been handed over to the revolutionists by General Janin.

This afternoon the French Foreign Office received a report from General Janin himself, saying that the Czech troops had surrendered Kolchak. General Janin did not explain what role he played as commander of the Czech troops. M. Millerand seeks to find out.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Admiral Kolchak's surrender to Siberian revolutionists was authorized by General Janin of the French army, who was placed in command of all allied troops west of Irkutsk on Jan. 19 by Kolchak's order, says a Harbin dispatch to The Daily Mail.

A profound sensation was caused throughout the Far East by the report that Kolchak had given up, says the message, which was filed at Harbin on Monday, and one Russian General has challenged General Janin to a duel, while officers under the command of General Semenoff have formed a league the slogan of which is "Have Janin's blood."

General Janin's explanation is awaited, but it is known that Czech reports on the situation at Irkutsk, which have been telegraphed to General Janin at Verkhnie-Udinsk, induced him to consent to Kolchak's surrender. The Czechs claim the choice lay between surrendering one man and a conflict in which they were likely to be completely annihilated.

Japanese representatives asked the Czechs to hand Kolchak over to the Japanese, but this request was refused. Later the revolutionists rejected a similar demand and said he would not be turned over until he had been tried before a court-martial.

All railroad and telegraph communication between Verkhnie-Udinsk and Vladivostok has been suspended, the dispatch says.

FIRMS REPUDIATE MARTENS.

Deny They Sought to Do Business with Soviet Russia.

Several of the 400 New York firms which, according to the Soviet "envoy," Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, in his testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, are anxious to trade with Soviet Russia, denied yesterday that there was any truth in Martens's assertion. Most of the officials were opposed to the idea of trade with Russia until diplomatic relations with the United States were established.

The Western Electric Company, which was on Martens's list, stated through its general manager that a telegram was received from A. A. Heller, Martens's so-called "commercial aide," last Spring, in which the opportunities of trade with Russia were laid before the company. Its attention was said to the telegram, the manager said, and no dealings with the Soviet headquarters here have ever been begun."

Mr. Eimer of the chemical firm of Eimer & Amend said his company had also received a communication from Heller on the same subject, and that the firm had in reply refused to consider selling to Russian merchants except on the basis of a cash payment before export. Furthermore, he said, no shipments of goods would be made in any case without the sanction of the United States Government.

Officials of the American Tobacco Company, the Mellinkrodt Chemical Company and the United States Forwarding Company, an exporting concern, all of whom were included in Martens's testimony, each branded his statement as unauthorized and incorrect.

It was the general opinion among merchants and exporters that the Soviet representatives in New York had obtained as many names as possible in their search for future customers in Russian trade, and that these individuals had not hesitated in many cases to misrepresent the attitude of American firms, in order to strengthen their own case, making it appear that shippers and manufacturers here were desirous of trading with the Soviet Government in Russia.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 29.—The Fisk Rubber Company, through its export manager, J. B. Maus, today denied the statement of Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, who, testifying yesterday before a Congressional committee, named that company as one of many desirous of entering into trade relations with the Soviet Government. "We do not even know Mr. Martens; we have made no commitment and have entered into no negotiations with the Soviet Government," said Mr. Maus.

8 AMERICAN OFFICERS REPORTED CAPTURED

Two British Officers Also Believed to Have Fallen Into Hands of Reds.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 30.—Eight American and two British officers are believed to have fallen into the hands of the Bolsheviki, according to The Daily Mail's correspondent at Harbin, whose statement does not give details and is not precise. It apparently indicates that the capture of the officers occurred to the west of Irkutsk, but no date is given.

The dispatch to The Daily Mail, dated Saturday, represents that 15,000 Czechs are spread over 400 miles along the railroad west of Irkutsk. They still hold £20,000,000 of the Kolchak Government's gold, which the Bolsheviki have sworn never to let pass east of Lake Baikal.

The dispatch adds that General Semenoff's force has been reduced by desertion to about 2,000, that the fact of Admiral Kolchak's collapse may be taken as a fact and that virtually the whole of the population of Siberia is ready to accept Bolshevism.

HEARS ALLIES WILL RECOGNIZE SOVIET

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

may fix upon. She is getting tired of uncertainty.

Treaty ratification or no ratification, the Allies are anxious to fix on a Russian policy to which America will agree. That is well shown by an official statement issued in London yesterday pointing out that Washington had not yet expressed an opinion on the proposal to resume commercial relations with the Russians.

The indications are, therefore, that the Allies are drifting rapidly toward recognition of the Soviet Government, whatever form that recognition may take. True it is that the Russian problem has been the source of many diplomatic surprises, and may be the source of some more. But the present path of the Allies leads unquestionably to recognition of the existing Government of Russia.

BRITISH AROUSED BY MONEY'S FALL

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

indirectly a part of the indebtedness of other European countries to America. Dollar exchange is really 'New York-Europe,' and not 'New York-London' exchange."

Mr. Goodenough had no panacea to recommend. He discouraged temporary expedients except in so far as they might help to tide over the inconvenient period of time, and preached nothing less sensational than economy and increased production. In this he was in line with the most reliable comment here, which sees no hope in the outlook but reduction of imports and hard work.

Reginald McKenna, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, made his first annual report today as Chairman of the London City and Midland Bank, in which post he succeeded the late Sir Edward Holden McKenna, saw no early prospect of return to pre-war prices and pre-war currency and bank deposits.

Increased production will bring down prices to a certain extent, he said, but the purchasing power of the world measured in money cannot be materially diminished. Deflation is bound to be slow. Any attempt, indeed, to bring it about rapidly would cause widespread ruin among manufacturers and traders.

Ministers in Session.

An important gathering of Ministers, forming the Finance Committee, was held last night following closely upon a meeting of the full cabinet. It is understood that the chief business of the conference was a consideration of the position of foreign exchange.

"While the recent fluctation in the value of sterling is regarded as calling for vigilant action," says The Daily Chronicle, "the anxiety of the Treasury is centred not so much upon the depreciation of exchange in New York as its appreciation in Paris. The increasingly unfavorable position of the franc is causing embarrassment to our ally, which is reacting upon us in other ways and there is reason to think that in considering the remedies for securing stability to the pound sterling, the Government will find it advisable to help to restore the value of the franc at the same time.

"There is a shrewd suspicion in commercial quarters that the downward movement of sterling and the franc is a temporary depression, brought about largely by operations of foreign brokers in the money market and not so much by actual trade conditions. What supports this theory is the fact that the trade outlook at this moment is particularly good—a circumstance that is officially vouched for at the Board of Trade."

The press understands that the Chancellor of the Exchequer has agreed to meet the organizers of the recent memorial which urged the need for an international conference to discuss the financial chaos of Europe. The present view of the Treasury, says The Express, is that the only way to overcome the difficulty is by increased production and reduced expenditure all around, and that any artificial control would have only a temporary effect and lull the people into a false sense of ease and security.

Press Views of the Outlook.

The Daily Chronicle's financial editor, writing on the same subject, says:

"There is no disguising the fact that the disorganization of exchange is causing the gravest concern in international financial circles. Every day the situation grows more serious. What the City people most fear is the total breakdown of exchange which would have the effect of bringing international trade to a standstill.

"From the point of view of this country, the depreciation of the pound sterling in American currency is naturally of the most serious moment. This depreciation is more pronounced than it otherwise would be because we have to finance not only our own purchases of raw materials and food from the United States, but also to a large extent those of our European allies and to some extent those of Germany. It is urged in some quarters that the position will right itself gradually as the countries whose currencies are depreciated get to work and produce exportable commodities sufficient to pay for their large imports. The difficulty, however, is that with exchange too heavily against them the raw materials necessary to increase production are costing these countries such ruinous sums."

The Daily Express, under the heading of "America's Financial Hostility," continues to express the views that the chaotic state of the world's finances is due to what it describes as "America's colossal profiteering."

The Morning Post's financial editor combats these views. He declares the situation will not be improved by charging America with profiteering. "In the first place," he says, "it does not seem to be understood that because we lose about 4s 6d in every pound remitted to the United States America is not necessarily the gainer to that extent.

"If the contract has been made in dollars she neither gains nor loses by the inconvenience to which the Britisher is subjected and equally at the moment when Europe may be clamoring for the solution of the exchange problem by further huge credits by America, it has to be remembered that that country which is new to the work of foreign loans has already granted huge sums on which the interest is at present funded. Moreover, as America looks across the Atlantic and views the disorganized conditions of currency and the rather feeble attempts on the part of the peoples of some of the countries to redeem the situation through greater labor and industry, she may be excused for some perplexity as to the course to take.

"The fact of the matter is that, as serious as may be this fall in sterling and in currencies of all the belligerent countries in Europe, it is doubtful whether without it the attention of the various communities would even now be aroused to the sense of the necessity for economy in expenditure and for increased production."

Stanley Machin, Chairman of the London Chamber of Commerce, explained yesterday what he thought an international conference could effect. He said:

"The position can only be put right, of course, by the increase of exports. But we cannot wait until that comes about. America ought to accept long term Government securities as negotiable documents to give time for exchange to become normal. There is no panic in the city. This country is perfectly sound financially, whatever propagandists in the United States may suggest, but America ought to help the Governments which are worse off than we are."

WANTS LOAN FOR GERMANY.

Frankfort Paper Says We Must Be Convinced of the Necessity.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The Frankfort Handelsblatt publishes an article urging that it is essential for America to grant Germany credits and that Germany must succeed in convincing Americans that a loan is necessary in the interests of American business.

The paper proposes that America settle the question of German property in America directly with Germany or withhold liquidation in order to enable America to employ German security as collateral for a loan to Germany, thereby freeing money for the purchase of American raw materials and foodstuffs.

The Handelsblatt asserts that if Germany does not receive such foodstuffs and raw materials she must fail. She cannot remain the journeyman or slave of France or the world.

The National Zeitung makes public the declaration of a person "standing near to Erzberger" regarding the recent drop in German exchange. He says that foreign bills of exchange, the status of which is critical, German demands for foreign securities and the acquisition by Germans of property abroad by exporting goods, have made the situation worse. Means must be sought to make this property useful to the German commonwealth, and the Finance Minister is credited with the intention of reviving the law against the exportation of foreign bills of exchange.

A permanent exchange committee will confer on this matter shortly. The decline in English and French money, though not as great as that of Germany, convinces the Finance Minister that the question is international. He hopes that the representatives of the various Governments will heed the call for an exchange conference which emanated recently from Germany.

Rumors that the nation is bankrupt are unjustified, says the statement. Many authorities take the standpoint that the giving of interest is an absolute necessity, as savings banks and insurance concerns, created for the weal of the German people, have invested their money largely in loans. The subject of the payment of interest has been thoroughly examined by the Finance Ministry.

FALL OF FRANC CAUSES DEPRESSION IN FRANCE

Exchange Rate Is at the Lowest Point in the History of the Country.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Never in the history of France, even after the Franco-Prussian War and in the days of the Commune, has the franc reached such a low mark of depreciation. Dollars were quoted today at 13.40S and the pound sterling at 47.20S. Financial and commercial circles are greatly depressed over the situation.

"We are sliding down the scale on which the German mark and the Austrian crown occupy the lowest degrees, the Russian ruble being reckoned as zero," says the Echo de Paris.

Sterling exchange has advanced four francs and dollars nearly two francs since Saturday. The fall of the franc coincides with the publication of figures showing the foreign trade of France for the first eleven months of 1919. In this period imports were valued at 25,336,978,000 francs, while exports aggregated 6,223,448,000. Thus the commercial balance showed a deficit of over 19,000,000,000, and for the complete year the deficit will exceed 20,000,000,000.

Several reasons are given by experts for the small figures shown in the export column. They say goods exported by France come, for the most part, under the heading of luxuries, such as motor cars, fancy metal work and silks, which at the present time do not find such a ready market as the necessities of life. It is pointed out that as soon as iron and potash from Alsace-Lorraine can be exported French exchange is bound to rise, especially if the iron can be sent out of the country in the manufactured form. Harnessing the water power of the Rhone River is also expected to reduce coal importations by 20,000,000 tons annually.

One of the employers' delegates at the sessions of the International Labor Organization told the Associated Press today that strict enforcement of the eight-hour day had decreased the production of French goods available for export and that industry was still virtually at a standstill in the devastated districts of Northern France.

ADRIATIC PARLEY MAY BE RESUMED

Paris Believes Jugoslavs' Plea in Reply to Ultimatum Will Be Heeded.

THEY COUNT ON WILSON

Rejected Allied Demand Only After Ascertaining That His Attitude Was Unchanged.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—It seems assured that the Jugoslavs will succeed in their effort to reopen the Adriatic negotiations. Although Jugoslavia stands today, strictly speaking, with nothing between her and the enforcement of the treaty of London since she has not accepted the compromise settlement as demanded by France and England, yet it appears very unlikely that the Allies will fail to try once more to reach a diplomatic settlement.

Of course, there are those in Paris who say that there now remains nothing in the situation but the application of the London treaty, which presents Italy with some 600,000 Slavs and their places of abode, and, while Jugoslav intransigeance has irritated a good many diplomats, yet the real differences between what the Jugoslavs contend for and what the allied plan provides seem so picayune that there is aroused the suspicion that somehow or other it is diplomatic prestige rather than national territory which is at stake.

There appears some justification for the allegation of the French press that the Jugoslavs are trying to play the United States off against the rest of the Allies. President Wilson was somewhat responsible for the birth of this new and hopeful nation, and his theories at the Peace Conference have always formed the basis of their peace policy. They know perfectly well, observers here say, that America would never approve the application of the compact of London, and that the Allies could enforce it only with the greatest difficulty. Wherefore they exhibit little fear in daring not to comply with the ultimatum from Clemenceau and Lloyd George.

Tonight's papers announce that the Premier of Italy is coming back to Paris, and it is believed he will be here when the Committee of Ambassadors meets on Monday. Until then the matter appears to be in statu quo.

M. Briand's newspaper, Eclair, says today that the Allies should not parley longer with the Jugoslavs, but go ahead and enforce the London treaty, and that Belgrade will have no one but itself to blame for what happens. The Temps, however, takes a more reasonable view.

"There is only one thing for us to do," it says, "and that is to regard calmly what are the best interests of Italy, of Jugoslavia, and of the other nations. It is to the interest of Italy that the Adriatic problem should be settled quickly in order that Nitti's Government may have its hands free to deal with interior problems. It is to the interest of Italy that we do not apply the Treaty of London, which would do a double wrong, creating a permanent cause for war and not satisfying claims on which Italy most sets her heart.

"What are, on the other hand, the interests of the Jugoslavs? As with Italy, it is to their interest that the problem of the Adriatic be settled quickly. Also it is not to the interest of the Jugoslavs to apply the Treaty of London. Also if it is legitimate that Fiume be annexed to Italy, it is also legitimate that the northeast corner of Istria be annexed to Jugoslavia. This is in accord with the principle of nationalities.

"What is the general interest of Europe? It is that the Italians and Jugoslavs be brought together by an amicable agreement that they should work together to prevent Germany's expansion. What is the interest of all the Allies? It is that the Adriatic problem be solved by persuasion and not by force."

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The text of the Jugoslav reply to the allied ultimatum on the Adriatic question, made public today, shows, as was stated yesterday, that it amounted to a refusal to accept the compromise offered by the Italians, but that in courteous terms it asked permission to lay before the powers some suggestions for alterations which it considers necessary to secure stability in the region surrounding the Adriatic.

"As regards the proposal itself," says one paragraph of the note, "the Royal Government is obliged to observe that it cannot accept it in its entirety, and the Government counts on the spirit of justice and equity of the powers party to the communication of Jan. 20 to permit it to submit to them modifications imposed by the necessity of assuring peace in the Adriatic."

"As regards the essence of these propositions," the note says, "the Royal Government begs to remark that they are not entirely in agreement either with the principles proclaimed by the Peace Conference of the free determination and independence of peoples, nor with the wishes of the population concerned nor with the geographical and economic conditions evolved.

"It is more than a year since the questions have been placed before the opinion of the interested countries, and the royal Government is extremely desirous of solving in the most friendly spirit the actual existing difficulties, and it has proposed to submit the solution either to arbitration or a plebiscite. It is still ready to adopt one or the other of these prop

RULES FOR LIQUOR USE IN EPIDEMIC

Physicians Having Permits May Prescribe a Pint a Person Each Ten Days.

LICENSES FOR DRUGGISTS

Commissioner Roper Warns That Profiteering in Sales Will Be Punished.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Conditions under which Government regulations will permit the procurement of intoxicating liquors for medicinal purposes, and a warning that profiteering complaints would be investigated, were announced today by the Bureau of Internal Revenue in an official statement. Both the physician who prescribes and the pharmacist who sells liquor for medicinal purposes must have a permit. Application for these permits should be made to the Federal Prohibition Director. It states where Prohibition Directors have not been appointed, application should be made to the Collector of Internal Revenue.

Blank forms (No. 1403) for prescribing liquor are being printed and distributed among Federal Prohibition Directors, Assistant Directors and Collectors of Internal Revenue. Where such blanks are not yet available, physicians holding permits may issue prescriptions on blanks regularly used by them.

Following is the bureau's statement:

"Any physician duly licensed to practice medicine and actively engaged in the practice of such profession may obtain a permit to prescribe intoxicating liquor and may then issue prescriptions for distilled spirits, wine or certain alcoholic medicinal preparations for medicinal purposes for persons upon whom he is in attendance in cases where he believes that the use of liquor as a medicine is necessary. In no case may spiritous liquor be prescribed for one or more physicians in excess of one pint for the same person within any period of ten days.

No Specific Limit on Wines.

"No specific limitation is placed upon the quantity of wines which may be prescribed for medicinal purposes. The regulations merely require that no prescription be issued for a greater quantity than is necessary for use as a medicine. Physicians who do not hold permits to prescribe intoxicating liquor are under no circumstances permitted to issue prescriptions.

"All prescriptions for intoxicating liquor are required to be written on prescription blanks prescribed by the regulations (form 1403¾), and to be provided by the bureau, except that in emergency cases physicians may use their regular prescription blanks, provided the same contain the date of issue, amount prescribed, to whom issued, and directions for use stating the amount and frequency of dose. Pending an adequate supply of the official blanks being printed and distributed to directors and acting directors, physicians holding permits have been authorized to issue prescriptions on blanks regularly used by them.

"Prescriptions for intoxicating liquor may be filled only by registered pharmacists who hold permits authorizing them to do so, or who are employed by retail druggists holding such permits. Pharmacists and druggists holding such permits will procure their supplies of intoxicating liquor from manufacturers or other persons holding permits authorizing them to sell liquor.

"Persons to whom prescriptions for intoxicating liquor are issued by physicians may procure the liquor prescribed through pharmacists or druggists holding permits without obtaining a permit.

"Physicians may also obtain permits entitling them to procure not more than six quarts of distilled spirits, wines, or certain alcoholic preparations during any calendar year for administration to their patients in emergency cases where delay in procuring liquor on a prescription through a pharmacist might have serious consequence to the patient."

Provide for Hospital Use.

Provision is also made in the regulations for issuing permits to hospitals and sanatoriums to enable them to procure intoxicating liquor to be administered for medicinal purposes to patients at such institutions and also for issuing permits to manufacturing, industrial, and other establishments maintaining first aid stations, authorizing them to procure such liquor for administration to their employes for medicinal purposes in emergency cases.

"All applications for permits above referred to should be made on form 1404 in triplicate and forwarded to the local Collector of Internal Revenue.

"Section 27 of the National Prohibition act provides that any intoxicating liquor seized under Section 25 or Section 26 thereof, and subject to be destroyed, may upon application of the United States Attorney, be ordered by the court to be delivered to any person holding a permit to purchase liquor. All liquor seized under such sections of law may be diverted through regular channels for medicinal purposes and under the procedure above described.

"Any intoxicating liquor seized under Federal law prior to Oct. 28, 1919, if not claimed within sixty days from such date, may likewise upon order of the court be delivered to any person holding a permit to purchase and be diverted to medicinal or other non-beverage purposes.

"Complaints of exorbitant charges for liquor for medicinal purposes which place dispensers thereof in the class of profiteers will be investigated."

EPIDEMIC DELAYS FREIGHTS.

Hines Reports Serious Interference in Railroad Traffic.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 29.—Influenza is becoming so widespread in large sections of the country, especially between Chicago and New York, that it is interfering seriously with railroad freight traffic, according to Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, who was here today to address the annual banquet of the Transportation Club.

"Coupled with bad weather conditions," said Mr. Hines, "the influenza epidemic has dealt a serious blow to railroad operation. Not only are scores of railroad men down with the disease, but many more are forced to stay away from their duties because of the death or serious illness of members of their families.

"Reports received by me yesterday, however, are that both weather conditions and troubles due to illness are growing better."

INFLUENZA RAGES ON LINER.

Sixty Cases Develop on Kaiserin Auguste Victoria's Trip to England.

PLYMOUTH, England, Jan. 29.—Influenza raged on board the Cunard Line steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria during her passage here from New York, whence she sailed on Jan. 17.

The steamer arrived here today twenty-four hours late because of encountering a hurricane. There were sixty cases of influenza among the passengers and crew, three of the patients developing pneumonia, from which one, a third-class passenger, died last evening.

It was declared on the steamer that the absence of stimulants on the ship, which was sailing "dry," had hampered the surgeons in fighting the prevalent diseases. A supply of spirits and medical stores was taken on board here before the steamer proceeded for Cherbourg and Liverpool.

Kansans Indorse Governor Allen.

Members of the Kansas Society, at their fifteenth annual meeting and dinner last night at the Hotel McAlpin, indorsed the nomination of Henry A. L. Allen, Governor of Kansas, for President on the Republican ticket. The dinner last night was held on the anniversary of the admission of Kansas to the Union.

AGAIN EXTEND WAR RISK PERIOD

New Ruling Allows Reinstatement of Policies Up to July 1.

WILL AID THOUSANDS

Insurance Made Payable to Almost Every Degree of Kin—Two Premiums Required.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Under a new and liberal ruling issued by R. G. Cholmeley-Jones, Director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, war risk term insurance, regardless of how long it may have been lapsed or canceled, or how long the former service man may have been discharged, may be reinstated any time before July 1, 1920.

The only conditions are:

1. Two monthly premiums on the amount of insurance to be reinstated must accompany the application.

2. The applicant must be in as good health as at the date of discharge or at the expiration of the grace period, whichever is the later date, and so state in the application.

The new ruling is the most important liberalization of war risk insurance since the passage of the Sweet bill, and is designed for the special benefit of service men who failed to reinstate their insurance prior to the new law and who have been discharged more than eighteen months.

Men who have been discharged less than eighteen months may still reinstate their lapsed term insurance at any time within eighteen months following the month of discharge by complying with the same conditions.

In announcing the new ruling Director Cholmeley-Jones stated that war-risk term insurance may now be made payable to any of the following new and enlarged group of beneficiaries:

Parent, grandparent, step-parent, wife (or husband) child, step-child, adopted child, grandchild, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, brother through adoption, sister through adoption, step-brother, step-sister, parent through adoption, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, persons who have stood in the relation of a parent to the insured for a period of one year or more prior to his enlistment or induction, or the child or children of such persons; parent, grandparent, step-parent, or parent through adoption of the insured's wife or husband.

War risk term insurance may be converted into United States Government insurance now or at any time within five years after the end of the war.

Converted insurance may now be paid in a lump sum at death, if such method of payment is designated by the insured.

BESIEGE IRISH POLICE.

Ardmore Barracks Are Reported Attacked for Two Hours.

YOUGHAL, County Cork, Ireland, Jan. 29.—The police barracks at Ardmore, County Waterford, six miles east of here, were attacked for two hours early this morning.

One person was injured.

About sixty men carried out the assault on the barracks, which was attacked on three sides. Fusiliades were fired into the windows and doors, but the assaulting party was unable to overcome the resistance of the Sergeant and seven Constables, who replied to the fire from windows protected by sandbags. The raiders eventually retired, having achieved nothing but a little material damage.

CARSON TO CONSULT ULSTER

Says Introduction of New Bill Will Cause Grave Situation.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Sir Edward Carson has written the Ulster Unionist Council that when the new Irish Home Rule bill is presented Ulster will be confronted with the most difficult and critical situation that has yet arisen, and that it will be fraught with the gravest consequences.

Sir Edward says that as soon as the bill is published he will go to Ulster to confer with all classes on what is best to do, "having regard for the pride we feel in doing the best for the United Kingdom and the Empire."

Fire Reported in Wrong Loft.

In the fire record sent out from Police Headquarters on Monday a fire was recorded on the premises of Levinson & Shapiro, 568 Broadway. This was erroneous. The fire was in another loft in the same building.

DR. GRANT'S VESTRY TO CONSULT BISHOP

Committee of Three Named for a Conference on the Forum at Church of the Ascension.

MEETING HELD IN SECRET

Head of Episcopal Church Council Criticises Anti-Deportation Resolutions Adopted by Churchmen.

The Vestrymen of the Church of the Ascension met in the study of Dr. Percy Stickney Grant yesterday afternoon to consider Bishop Burch's recent letter to Dr. Grant, especially with relation to the use of the church for forum gatherings. After the meeting, which lasted more than two hours, George Gordon Battle, the Junior Warden, gave out the following statement:

"The Vestry met Dr. Grant this afternoon, and it was decided to appoint a committee consisting of James W. Cunningham, Harold Content and myself to meet and confer with Bishop Burch, and report to a meeting of the Vestry at 11 o'clock next Saturday morning."

Neither Mr. Battle nor any other member of the vestry would tell what Dr. Grant's attitude toward the Bishop was or what the visiting committee had been charged to say to the head of the diocese. It was learned that no vote was taken by the vestry on the direct question of holding forum meetings in the church proper, and that the only formal action agreed upon was the appointment of the committee of three to call upon the Bishop.

Of the three men on the committee Mr. Content is a warm friend of Dr. Grant and Mr. Cunningham is known to be a supporter of the rector in his maintenance of the forum in the church. Mr. Battle has so far refused to reveal his attitude.

Bishop Burch was interviewed at the Waldorf last evening, where he was attending a dinner given for Bishop Thomas F. Gailor. He refused to comment upon the action taken at yesterday's vestry meeting. Nor would he talk about the protest against deportations made by five bishops and sixteen other churchmen, as published yesterday.

After the dinner Bishop Gailor, who is President of the Council of the Episcopal Church in America, criticised the anti-deportation resolutions, saying:

"What the Government of the United States and the Legislature of the State of New York thinks fit to do, it is for the people of the country alone to pass upon. I do not venture to say that I know enough about social and political conditions to criticise the Government of the United States."

The churchmen's resolution was also disapproved by the Rev. Malcolm J. MacLeod, minister of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, in a letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES written yesterday.

"The signers of this petition," writes Dr. MacLeod, "no doubt represent a section of the Church, but I doubt very much if it is a large section. There are many other clergymen who would very decidedly refuse to sign it. Some of us cannot help feeling that for quite a number of radicals deportation is entirely too good. If deported at all, it might better be to some desert island. When churches open their doors to these fellows, it's time for the other side to protest. The Church must cleanse herself of this poison."

FAMINE THREATENS NEWFOUNDLANDERS

With the Railway Icebound, Inhabitants in Southwest Are Short of Provisions.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 29.—Inhabitants of Southwestern Newfoundland are threatened with starvation on account of the terrible Winter conditions along the route of the Reid Newfoundland Railway, according to Captain Pettipas and Captain Shaw, two weather-beaten mariners who reached their homes here today. Their schooners, the Itasca and the Cecil L. Beck, were frozen in at North Bay, Newfoundland, and in order to reach Port-aux-Basques to get a steamer for Sydney, Nova Scotia, they were obliged to travel 174 miles of the icebound railway by foot and sled. Both men bore marks of their battle with the elements.

Towns and villages between North Bay and Port-aux-Basques are running out of provisions, they said, and there is an extreme shortage of flour. Possibility of having the supply replenished was removed, they declared, because the railway is completely blocked with ice and snow, and it will be many weeks before traffic can be resumed. They described conditions as "appalling."

"I don't know what is to become of the people," said Captain Pettipas.

REPORT MRS. LEEDS WEDS PRINCE SUNDAY

Widow of Tinplate Manufacturer to be Bride of King Constantine's Brother, Paris Hears.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Mrs. William B. Leeds, widow of the tinplate manufacturer, will be married by civil ceremony to Prince Christopher, younger brother of former King Constantine of Greece, at Geneva on Saturday, according to the Paris edition of The New York Herald. The religious ceremony will take place at Vevey on Sunday.

King Constantine, it is said, will not go to the wedding, but will send a representative. Former Crown Prince George of Greece, however, will be present, the dispatch says.

The marriage of Mrs. W. B. Leeds to Prince Christopher of Greece was reported in February, 1918, but the report was later proved erroneous. Mrs. Leeds is a daughter of the late William C. Stuart of Cleveland, Ohio. Prince Christopher was born July 29, 1888.

BOARD TO HELP RUN PLANT.

National Cash Register Company Announces its Scheme.

DAYTON, Jan. 27.—John H. Patterson, President of the National Cash Register Company, will announce tomorrow that an advisory board of twenty-five employes, exclusive of persons holding executive positions, will be created at once, to have a part in determining the policies and management of the concern.

The new board, to be elected by employes Tuesday, will be composed of twenty-two men and three women.

$10,000,000 ASKED BY SMITH FOR ROADS

Governor Says Appropriated Balances of Bond Issue Are Now Obligated.

REQUEST TO LEGISLATURE

Urgent, Says the Governor, If Construction Is to Go On in 1920.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Prompt release of the unappropriated balance of $10,000,000 of the second $50,000,000 bond issue for construction of highways in the State was recommended to the Legislature today by Governor Smith. "This is urgent," read a message from the Governor, "as practically all appropriated balances of this bond issue are now obligated and the additional funds are necessary in order to continue construction during 1920."

Governor Smith again declared that he favored the continuation of highway construction until a connected and completed system has been obtained throughout the State. He recommended that the law be amended so that after the exhaustion of the present bond moneys the construction of highways be paid for from the current revenues of the State.

The Governor also urged that the Legislature meet by appropriation the allotment made to the State by the Federal Government and which must be met on or before June 20 next, and that the law be amended so that counties shall share in the cost of maintenance and also in the cost of the construction of Federal aid highways.

In support of the "pay as you go" plan for the future construction and improvement of highways in the State the Governor said:

"I believe that it is bad business policy to construct from bond money improvements that are not substantially permanent; that the life of any such improvement should at least equal the life of the bonds. The experience of this State shows that this has not been the case in the construction of highways.

"It has been demonstrated that the average life of the pavements of the roads heretofore constructed is less than ten years. The average cost of highway pavements is approximately 70 per cent. of the entire cost of the improved road.

"I do not believe that it is economically sound, nor is it fair, to burden coming generations with the expense of an improvement from which they have derived no benefit."

C. T. BRAINARD WANTS WRIT.

President of Harper's Asks for Certificate of Reasonable Doubt.

An application was made yesterday in behalf of Clinton T. Brainard, Secretary of the Extraordinary Grand Jury and President of Harper & Bros., who was convicted in Special Sessions because of the publication by his corporation of an alleged objectionable book, before Supreme Court Justice Platzek for a certificate of reasonable doubt. The plea was opposed by the District Attorney on the ground that such application could not be heard until after sentence had been pronounced, the purpose being to get an order under which the defendant might be admitted to bail pending the appeal. Sentence in Mr. Brainard's case is to be pronounced today.

Former Justice Francis M. Scott, counsel for Mr. Brainard, said he had no objection to adjourning the plea until today, after Special Sessions had acted, but said he wanted the interests of his client protected in order that Mr. Brainard might not be locked up for any period of time between the imposition of sentence and the argument on the writ. Judge Scott said that the agencies behind the prosecution of Mr. Brainard were anxious that he should spend some time behind the bars in order to humiliate him.

Justice Platzek decided to hear argument today, immediately after Mr. Brainard has been sentenced.

AGREE ON PRINCIPLES OF NEW ARMY BILL

Members of House Committee Settle Points Outside of Universal Service.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Agreement was reached today by the House Military Committee on practically all principles of army reorganization, except that dealing with universal military training. Numerous details, however, remained to be worked out.

Provision was made for an army air service, despite the movement for a unified Government air control under a separate department, whose head would have the status of a Cabinet officer. Provision also was made for maintenance of the Chemical Warfare Service as a separate corps for experimental purposes, and for the Construction and Transportation Corps, but these will be a part of the Quartermaster Department. It was decided not to have a separate chaplain corps, but to increase their number so as to provide one chaplain for each 1,200 enlisted men.

Another decision of the committee was to leave the details of army organization to the discretion of the War Department.

COMES OUT FOR LOWDEN.

Representative from Iowa Favors Governor's Candidacy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Representative Burton E. Sweet of Iowa announced today his support of Governor Lowden for the Republican Presidential nomination. Mr. Sweet represents the Congressional district in which Mr. Lowden spent his boyhood. In a statement, he said:

"I am for Governor Frank O. Lowden for President. He is pre-eminently a man of the people and fitted by nature, experience and education for the position.

"He was reared on a farm in Iowa during pioneer days. He understands the ordinary man and is in close touch with his desires, hopes and interests.

"No other man, mentioned for the Presidency in either party, can compare with him in this respect. No one thus far mentioned for the Presidency has so practical a knowledge of men, business and governmental affairs."

POULET BACK IN FRANCE.

Aviator Who Tried Flight to Australia Believed to Need Funds.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Lieutenant Etienne Poulet, the French aviator who started some time ago in an attempt to fly from France to Australia, accompanied by his mechanician, Benoist, arrived at Marseilles yesterday on board the steamer Gloucestershire, according to a dispatch from Marseilles to La Presse. The newspaper says that the aviators did their utmost to keep their identity secret.

Poulet had remained at Rangoon for more than a month owing to his machine having completely worn out during the flight from Paris to that place. Another plane was shipped to Rangoon last week.

The opinion is expressed in aerial circles in Paris that Poulet and Benoist made the secret trip to France to raise additional funds, which probably were badly needed inasmuch as they were undertaking the flight on their own finances. The expectation is that they will return to Rangoon and resume the flight.

Episcopal Synod Deprecates Ousting

Resolutions deprecating the unseating of the Socialist Assemblymen by the New York State Legislature were adopted yesterday at the closing session of the Synod of the Episcopal Church of the Province of New York and New Jersey at Trinity Episcopal Church, Newark. Bishop Charles H. Brent of Western New York and Bishop Coadjutor Wilson R. Stearley, of the Newark Diocese, voted for the resolution. The vote in the House of Deputies was thirteen for and seven against. Bishop Edwin S. Lines of the Newark Diocese was re-elected President for the seventh time.

INFLUENZA CASES SHOW DROP OF 883

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

asked the clergy to let the health office know of any illness that comes to their attention. Where the family is unable to pay the department does so."

The department had calls for 125 nurses yesterday and could supply only 80. Fifty-eight nurses applied yesterday, 14 of them graduate nurses. Dr. Copeland asks nurses not to write, but to come to the department at once so as to be put to work without delay.

"The greatest need this year is nurses," said Dr. Copeland. "To have within ten days a reserve of especially prepared women, it is our purpose to establish at the Department of Health an intensive course of training, in charge of Miss Louisa M. Webster, who had charge of the War Service Training School for Women in 1918. The course is to begin on Monday next and applicants may register between 3 and 5 P. M from Monday to Friday at the Health Department.

"The first class will be ready for work in a week, although some with previous experience may complete the course earlier. Assignments will be made at $4 a day, to be paid by the Department of Health."

The New York Telephone Company appealed to the public yesterday to restrict use of the telephone to necessary calls during the epidemic. More than 2,000 operators are absent from the central offices, which force was already short 1,000 workers, and 300,000 calls daily have been added to the traffic.

Notice signed by Dr. Copeland was sent yesterday to every restaurant, delicatessen store, bakery and other places in the city where food is handled, urging that all utensils, glasses, dishes, spoons, knives and forks be sterilized after each use; that premises where food is handled be conducted in a cleanly manner and that no dry sweeping be permitted; that employes who have colds or who sneeze and cough be sent home; that employes frequently wash their hands.

The public was also advised not to patronize any food establishment where any violation of the order exists.

The Health Department's campaign brought twenty men into the Tombs Court yesterday charged with spitting in the subways. Fifteen were arrested at the Canal Street station and five in the Chambers Street station of the B. R. T. Each was fined $1. Magistrate Dale in the Fifth Avenue Court, Brooklyn, fined five men $1 each for spitting in the Thirty-sixth Street station of the Fourth Avenue subway. Magistrate Folwell in the Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn, fined two offenders $5 each instead of the customary $1.

P. A. Baker, Superintendent at Ellis Island, said last night that influenza had become epidemic among immigrants and detained aliens and also among the office force. Three deaths have occurred among the detained aliens and several among immigrants, but the disease is fairly well under the control of the medical authorities of the island, Mr. Baker said.

Jersey City hospitals report lack of whisky for influenza cases. St. Francis Hospital authorities told Mayor Frank Hague that they had no whisky and that drug stores were charging $4 a pint. The city hospital also reported its stock low. Mayor Hague has asked Internal Revenue Collector Duffy for a supply of whisky from the Government.

For the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday 143 new cases of influenza were reported in Jersey City. Since the epidemic began there have been only five deaths.

PLAN TO GET MORE NURSES.

Woman's Muncipal League Approves Training School Project.

The Woman's Municipal League announced yesterday that it had approved the plan of Charities Commissioner Bird S. Coler to establish training schools for "sickroom attendants," a message designed to relieve the shortage of trained nurses. The need for attendants was emphasized in the recent report of Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin, Chairman of the Health Section of the New York State Reconstruction Commission.

"The plan, which has the indorsement of Dr. Adrian V. A. Lambert, Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Dr. Dever S. Byard, Dr. Ira S. Wile and Dr. George O'Hanlon," the league's statement says, "gives a training course of nine months, after a post-graduate course of three months. During all this time expenses are paid, uniforms are furnished, and students receive $35 a month. The only educational requirement is ability to read and write well enough to keep simple bedside records. Women of any age above 18 may enter these schools for trained attendants, a fact which opens up a field for middle-aged women and widows who find themselves suddenly deprived of means of support."

The women's organization directed inquiries to Mrs. Richard B. Aldcroft, Woman's Municipal League, 12 East Forty-sixth Street, or to Miss Collmore, Central Neurological Hospital, Blackwell's Island.

LUSK COMMITTEE SPENT $80,000

Albany Bank Lent $50,000 on Responsibility of State Controller.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Activities of the Joint Legislative Committee, which for the last eight months has been investigating sedition in the State, have cost $80,000 to date, it was learned tonight.

The committee, it was said, had not only spent the original $30,000 appropriated by the Legislature but also has received $50,000 in items of $10,000 from a fund advanced by State Comptroller Travis as a loan from an Albany bank on his personal responsibility.

CRITICISES BAR COMMITTEE.

John Brooks Leavitt Accuses It of Violating Professional Ethics.

In a letter to the Special Committee of the Bar Association of the City of New York, which presented to the Assembly a memorial holding the suspension of the five Socialist Assemblymen unwarranted, John Brooks Leavitt takes issue with their position.

"The real issue in this inquiry by the Assembly," says the letter, "is one of fact, to wit; whether these five Socialists have made themselves, directly or indirectly, parties to any conspiracy, plan, project or party, call it by what name you will, for changing our Constitution by violence. If they have, you must agree with me and all right minded men that they are not fit to sit in a body which makes our laws under that Constitution. You must also agree with me that the question whether, pending that inquiry, they could rightly be debarred from their seats is a question of procedure which has nothing to do with the inquiry itself. Further, you must agree with me that were it the fact that their oath of office should be taken before the Assembly itself, as in our National Congress, then the precedents in the latter body could be cited in favor of debarring an elected candidate from his seat pending an inquiry as to whether he is fit to sit there.

"Not abashed by the deserved rebuff which you received you now take an appeal to the public under the guise of a memorial to the Assembly, in which you endeavor to sidetrack the inquiry on a point of procedure. It is the fact that lawyers of high standing, of commanding influence, should make such an appeal to the public upon a mere question of procedure and criticise a judicial tribunal while a cause is sub judice that filled me with amazement at first. In a practice of some fifty years I never have heard of lawyers, pending the trial of an issue of fact, publicly criticising the court. It is a tradition of our profession to wait till the court makes its decision before opening our mouths in criticism. I venture to prophecy that ere long you will wish that you had respected that tradition."

TESTIFIES SOCIALISTS UPHELD RED RULE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the stenographers to place the entire documents in the record and not to indicate where certain portions had been read. Mr. Stanchfield laid special emphasis on chapters from the campaign book urging Socialists to teach their principles among the young and quoted from the Debs speech vitriolic extracts denouncing the war and capitalism. As showing that the Socialist Party agreed with Debs's sentiments the lawyer read an introduction to the address lauding him.

When Mr. Stanchfield read extracts from the Russian Soviet constitution and decrees, members of the committee interrupted to ask about the basis of representation in the All-Russian Congress.

"The question is," said Chairman Martin, "are you trying to force that government on us? If the majority of the people vote that government, have I got to live under it?"

"I hope so," replied Mr. Stedman.

Ex-Alderman Algernon Lee of New York City was then sworn. He testified that he had been for the last ten years Educational Director of the Rand School and that the American Socialist Society operated the school. The committee's attorneys read from a school bulletin to show that it was an auxiliary to the Socialist Party to give the general public facilities for the study of socialism.

August Claessens, one of the five suspended Assemblymen, was an instructor in the school, Mr. Lee testified, presiding over courses in public speaking and the fundamentals of socialism, and Charles Solomon, another, was sent out by the school in 1919 as a lecturer.

Mr. Sutherland placed in evidence the record of the conviction of the American Socialist Society for a violation of the espionage law. It was objected to on the ground that the case is pending on appeal before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, but Chairman Martin admitted it.

A report of the Committee on War and Militarism of the St. Louis convention in 1917 was introduced. It contained this pledge:

Socialists Opposed War.

"The Socialist Party of the United States in the present grave crisis solemnly reaffirms its allegiance to the principle of internationalism and working class solidarity the world over and proclaims its unalterable opposition to the war just declared by the Government of the United States."

"The Socialist Party in the United States is unalterably opposed to the system of exploitation and class rule, which is upheld by military power and sham national patriotism. We therefore call upon the workers of all countries to refuse support to their Government in their war. The only struggle which would justify the workers in taking up arms is the great struggle of the working class of the world to free itself from economic exploitation and political oppression, and we particularly warn the workers against the snare and delusion of so-called defensive warfare. As against the false doctrine of national patriotism, we uphold the ideal of international working class solidarity."

The fact that this Government remained out of the war and that strict neutrality was enjoined upon the people by the Government after Belgium had been invaded was cited as evidence that the dictates of humanity, the fate of small nations and democratic institutions were matters of indifference to it. The war, the platform said, was instigated "by the predatory capitalists in the United States, who boast of the enormous profits of $7,000,000,000 from the manufacture and sale of munitions of war and war supplies, and from the exportation of American foodstuffs and other necessaries," and could not be justified "even on the plea that it is a war in defense of American rights and American honor," with the word honor within quotation marks.

It ended by pledging the party to "unyielding opposition to all legislation for military and industrial conscription, continuous efforts for the repeal of such laws and the support of all mass movements in opposition to conscription."

Socialists Opposed Sabotage.

"Were you present in the convention of your party in March or April, 1917, when a resolution was adopted striking out of the constitution of the Socialist Party a plank or clause prohibiting the practice of sabotage?" Mr. Sutherland asked.

"I was there when we struck out a clause which had reference to sabotage; I do not think prohibiting the practice of sabotage accurately describes its contents."

Mr. Stedman broke in to explain that it had been eliminated because sabotage was a dead issue.

"The Socialist platform of that year which still remains in force was read into the record by Mr. Sutherland, who followed this by introducing a Socialist official declaration of the party's relation to labor organizations. This urged both economic and political action on the part of workers to attain their ends.

"Do you recall from memory whether any of the men whose right to sit in the Assembly is contested were delegates to and in attendance upon the convention in April, 1917," Mr. Sutherland asked Mr. Lee.

"I do not remember that any of them were," was the reply.

Mr. Lee testified that to the best of his knowledge Assemblymen August Claessens, Louis Waldman, Charles Solomon and Samuel Orr were delegates in the so-called emergency convention, held last September, at which the Socialist Party, after declaring its "solidarity with Soviet Russia," split into the Communist and Communist Labor parties.

Mr. Lee was next asked if the decrees and constitution of Soviet Russia was circulated through the Rand book store. He said it undoubtedly was. He also identified "The Soviets at Work" and two letters from Lenin to American workingmen as publications kept on sale there.

Assemblyman Rowe of Erie, of the committee, asked if the resolutions adopted at the 1917 national convention were submitted to local organizations throughout the country for ratification.

Mr. Lee said they were. "My memory is that they were approved in many cases," he added.

"Did these approvals extend to the districts represented by the five Assemblymen and the organizations of which they were members?" asked Mr. Rowe.

"I cannot positively say as to that," was the reply.

Mr. Stedman conceded for the record that the anti-war manifesto had been adopted, and later said he thought every one of the organizations of which the five Assemblymen were members had voted for the manifesto.

Mr. Sutherland asked if the manifesto declaring "solidarity with and adherence to" Soviet Russia's workers and program adopted by the National Convention last September had been ratified. Mr. Lee said he understood the vote had not been completed and could not tell how the New York City organizations had voted on it.

Mr. Stedman asked the witness if he recalled a discussion in the New York local on the question of publishing the Lenin letter to American workers.

"I remember one such discussion," was the reply. "I was present as a delegate, so was Assemblyman Waldman. A motion was made to publish the letter in pamphlet form. My recollection is that I voted against it. Waldman did."

Mr. Stedman was permitted to read for the record from the Socialist Congress Campaign Book for 1914 a declaration setting forth the party's opposition to sabotage which had been "repudiated in convention, by referendum vote, and by vote of National Committee."

Explains Rand School Teachings.

Resuming the cross-examination of Mr. Lee, Mr. Stedman brought out that the Soviet Constitution had been published in The Nation and The Survey, two weeklies, not controlled by the Socialist Party. The witness said he had been a member of the Socialist Party since its foundation and had attended the national conventions in 1904, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1917 and 1919, usually serving on the Committee on Resolutions and Platform.

"Do you know of any resolution, manifesto, or platform declaring for the overthrow of the Government by physical force?" asked Mr. Stedman.

Mr. Sutherland objected, but was overruled by Chairman Martin.

"I do not know of any," said the witness.

He described the courses at the Rand School, the plan of instruction and the teaching personnel, which included university professors who were anti-socialist. The school deliberately refrained from giving dogmatic instruction in the tenets of socialism.

"Our teaching," he said, "is intended to present the Socialist position, the facts concerned with socialism, to encourage our students to view all sides of the question; to give the opportunity through reading and through lectures, &c., to gain that varied knowledge of historical, economic, political, and sociological subjects which will enable them to judge of public questions, such as the Socialist Party concerns itself with. Now, I may say those of us who are Socialists, as the directors of the school, have that confidence in our Socialist position that we believe it will be strengthened by the presentation of the other side; that the people will be better Socialists if they understand, if they are not taught dogmatically, but are trained to understand and judge independently for themselves."

"Notwithstanding what you say, the United States said you were teaching sedition there and you were convicted by the jury of the court, weren't you?" asked Assemblyman Cuvillier, a member of the committee.

"The American Socialist Society was convicted; there was a verdict of guilty," said the witness.

The conviction, it was explained, was for circulating a pamphlet by Professor Scott Nearing under the title "The Menace of Militarism." The case is now on appeal. Professor Nearing was acquitted for writing it. The witness said that the Rand School was circulating pro-war and anti-Socialist publications, as well as anti-war and pro-Socialist books.

Charles W. Haggison, clerk of the United States District Court for Northern New York, produced papers relating to the case of the United States against Charles W. Steen, Frank L. Preston and William Hotze, who were convicted under the Espionage act for circulating literature advocating amnesty for political prisoners, and which literature, Mr. Stanchfield said, had been forwarded for circulation by Socialist National Headquarters in Chicago.

Mr. Stedman objected, but Chairman Martin overruled him, saying:

"You haven't any jury here. They may be important in some ways. They do not show anything conecting up these gentlemen, that I see."

Wasserman was next witness. He testified that in February, 1917, he debated in public with Mr. Claessens the topic, "Socialism Versus Capitalism."

"I raised the question," said the witness, "of how the Socialist Party proposed to take possession of the tools and sources of production and also raised the Constitutional limitations as to taking possession. When I raised the question of the Constitution he (Claessens) said the Constitution was a mere scrap of paper and that the people, when they got control under Socialist government, would take things by force."

He then repeated in detail a conversation had with Assemblyman Solomon, with whom he had been very friendly for several years, in the street one night last September or October.

"We got into a discussion, as usual," said the witness, "and I said to him, 'Well, are you a Bolshevist?' He said, 'Yes, I have so stated in the Assembly Chamber.' I said, 'Do you believe in all that Bolshevism stands for?' He said, 'I certainly do.' I said, 'Do you believe in the methods adopted by the Bolshevists in enforcing their rule of government in Russia?' He said, 'I do.'

"I said, 'Do you believe those methods are in keeping with democratic ideals and democratic principles?' He said, 'I do.' I said to him, 'Did you state that in the Assembly?' He said, 'I did.' I said, 'If I had been there I would have moved your expulsion immediately.'

"I said, 'Do you think that the Bolshevist ideas are adaptable to American institutions?' He said, 'Bolshevism is under way. The revolution is under way.' That it would come much sooner than I had expected it. I said I did not believe in that kind of doctrine, and we got into a discussion about the Sunday school classes that the Socialists were conducting in Brownsville, the district Mr. Solomon comes from.

"I said, 'Do you think it is proper for the Socialist Party to carry on Sunday schools to teach young children who have not yet matured—teach them the spirit of hatred, the spirit of irreligion and of revolution?' He said, 'We are teaching the children history from the Socialist standpoint. History as it is taught in the public schools and other instruction given there is all in the capitalist standpoint; we want our children to know it from the Socialist standpoint so that they may be ready for the revolution.' I said that my impression was that the result of such teaching on young children was to make criminals of them; that they were not capable of grasping the great and deep economic questions in a sensible way, and it was folly to do so.

"The talk grew out of a discussion of revolution. He justified revolution on the ground of the revolution of 1776. He said revolution was justified in 1776 and was justified now. I said it was, of course, quite different at that time."

On cross-examination, Mr. Wasserman was asked many questions regarding socialism and works he had read on the subject, but did not betray any profound knowledge of it.

The hearing will continue today.

Flurry Over "Press Agent."

There was a flurry at the hearing today when Assemblyman Bloch, Democrat, a member of the committee, reported to Chairman Martin that he understood counsel for the committee had engaged a press agent to "flood the State with misleading information regarding the evidence."

Chairman Martin replied that the committee had taken no step to obtain the services of a publicity agent. Mr. Bloch's statement was prompted by the arrival at the Capitol of Alexander Otis, a New York Lawyer, who has at times done publicity work for William Barnes and for the Republican State Committee. Mr. Otis admitted that he was sending out reports of the testimony to a number of up-State papers, but said he had been engaged for this work by a committee which is being formed in New York City and soon will be announced.

MAY AFFECT FALL ELECTION.

Republican Leaders See Danger in Suspension of Socialists.

Local Republican leaders admitted last night that the situation in the party this Fall because of the action of the Assembly in suspending the five Socialist members might become so serious as to jeopardize the chances of Republican success at the polls.

George Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, who has been in Albany for several days trying to smooth out the troubles in the party organization, returned yesterday, and said regarding the suspension of the Socialists:

"The matter is not a political question. The purpose is high. The methods came from the leaders of both parties. The public, both Republicans and Democrats, is waiting for the completion of the case. The Assembly can be counted on to do no one an injustice."

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We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only

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is the only kind of luggage the up-to-date man ever carries. In these days of crowded, uncomfortable trains and hurried, unexpected business trips light luggage is an absolute necessity. And durability, trimness of line and quality of leather must not be sacrificed in attaining light weight.

Our Showing

of appropriate and desirable week-end bags is complete and satisfying, and affords an ample selection to the most particular shopper.

Over-Night Bags For the Fair Sex

from time immemorial have been subjected to the most unkind stuffing. And the poor, unfortunate bags have rebelled by tiring out their owners long before their destination was reached. But ours, fitted to the highest degree with comfort-affording accessories, cut on generous, roomy patterns, made of strong yet finely grained leathers, are, with all their pretentious appointments and advantages, light in weight.

Women's Fitted Suit Cases

Fashioned of black long grain cowhide, fitted with two solid brass side lever locks, lined with blue silk moire with shirred pockets at sides. Ten fittings of white celluloid including among them every little yet important article that a woman needs to make even a short trip comfortable. 22 inches long, $49.48, including tax.

Week-End Bags

for women, in smooth brown cowhide or black long grain. Lined in various colors with silk moire, two shirred pockets inside. Fitted with solid brass locks and slides. 16 inches, $15.74

Collapsible Kit Bags

made of hand boarded cowhide, double handles, solid brass locks and catches. Lined with a heavy durable fabric, with one full long pocket on side and two side pockets. 22 inches long, $44.25, including tax.

Inspired by English Patterns

are those Oxford cowhide bags, sewn-in English frames and reinforced at the corners. In brown cordovan color only, with two handles and brass slide catches and lock. The lining is strong, well wearing and printed in an English design. 18 inches long, $29.95, including tax.

Made Over a 3 Ply Veneer Box

these week-end cases of smooth brown or black long grain cowhide can't be beat for lightness and ample capacity. Two solid brass locks. Lined in various colors of silk moire, with side and end pockets. 24 inches long, $34.25, including tax.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St. Rear.

SAYS HE CAN 'FAKE' LODGE AND HYSLOP

"Ghost Breaker" Rinn Asserts Scientists Are Fooled by "Mere Child's Play."

PROPOSED TESTS RIDICULED

"Public Has No Sense," Comments Dr. Hyslop, Advising Mediums Be "Let Alone."

Joseph C. Rinn, the "ghost breaker," whose offer to forfeit $5,000 if Sir Oliver Lodge, Dr. James H. Hyslop or anybody else can produce a medium who cannot be exposed as a fraud, said yesterday he had anticipated the scoffing with which his proposal had been received by Sir Oliver and Dr. Hyslop.

"They take refuge in excuses that won't stand examination for a minute," he said. "I would make conditions which would be the easiest in the world if the mediums were not fakes. I want to take five blindfolded strangers before the 'strongest' medium living, and if she, or he, can produce a single bit of information about them with the earmarks of coming from the other world they will get the $5,000. I understand the Society for Psychical Research is seeking a million dollar endowment. If they will accept my offer and prove their case publicly they will be able to get a billion. All that I am looking for is a chance to prove to the world that these men are absolutely without ability to pass on the tricks of these swindling mediums. I can fake these men, just as the mediums do, in abnormal psychology and the dual personality business. I can prove they are being fooled with mere child's play and getting the public to share with them in the deception."

Calls Proposed Tests Ridiculous.

Dr. James H. Hyslop, Secretary of the Society for Physical Research, refused yesterday to discuss Mr. Rinn and his series of challenges. Mr. Rinn, who is the head of a wholesale produce business, is also one of the most expert amateur conjurers. Dr. Hyslop said the subject of spirit messages was entirely one of abnormal psychology and that conjurers knew no more of this subject "than street gamins." The tests proposed were ridiculous, he said, because mediums sometimes fall under the best of conditions and were almost sure to fail when they were excited and nervous by reason of appearing before the public. He said there was no simple fashion in which proof of supernatural communication could be produced, under scientific conditions, to establish fact of intercourse between the other world and this one. In his own case, Dr. Hyslop said, it had required twenty years of study and a mass of cumulative evidence to convince him.

Regarding the proposal that $5,000 should be forfeited if any medium could bring the spirit of the late Dr. Richard Hodgson to tell the contents of a letter which Dr. Hodgson had written seven hours before he died, Dr. Hyslop said that the idea was preposterous, for two reasons.

Verbatim Messages Rare.

The first was that no living man could remember for any length of time what he had written in a letter, and that no better memory could be expected in a spirit. The second was that mediums are seldom capable of reproducing any message verbatim. The medium, he said, receives words, pictures or intimations from a ghost, which the medium must render in his own language.

The spirit of his own father, through Mrs. Smead, a well-known medium, had given a password in another language, Dr. Hyslop said, which was to indicate to the living man in future communications that his father's spirit was talking. He said that, although he had never divulged the foreign phrase so used, it had been repeated several times by different mediums. One of these, he said, was the wife of an orthodox clergyman, while most of the others were private persons who had never commercialized their psychic powers.

Proof of communication from the other world, Dr. Hyslop asserted, could be established in only one way, by the multitude of proofs of personal identity. He said the general public was entirely incapable of forming conclusions of any value on the subject. He added:

"The public has no sense. I advise them to let mediums alone and simply help the scientific men to study them."

REED WANTS 'PORK BARREL.'

Senator Assails House for Economies in River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Denunciation of the House for cutting down the River and Harbor Appropriation bill marked the beginning of the Senate committee hearings today on the "pork barrel" measure. Describing the bill as a product of "peanut politics, gotten out so some of our friends on the other side can go to the country saying, 'see how much we saved,'" Senator Reed, Democrat, Missouri, warned that the Senate would have to adopt closure to pass the measure.

"The bill results from cheap politics over in the House of Representatives," said the Senator. "We ought to raise a bond issue of a billion dollars for internal improvements. We do the country a thousand dollars' worth of damage for every dollar we save by cuts of this kind."

Senator Reed cited increases in wealth due to Western reclamation projects built out of Government funds. Chairman Jones pointed out that money so spent was returned to the Government.

The committee decided to call in engineers and go over the bill, item by item, with expert advice.

PLAN LIVING COST SURVEY.

Government Will Gather Prices of Necessaries and Amusements.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—An extensive survey of living costs in the principal cities of the country will be started next week by the Department of Labor. Dr. Charles E. Baldwin, chief clerk of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, said today that experts would make a comprehensive study of the retail prices of necessary commodities, including clothing, shoes, furniture and other household articles.

Theatre charges and other amusement prices also will be tabulated. The work is to be completed within a month to six weeks.

A Handsome Fur Collar Overcoat, $65.

Nutria fur, and the coats are in various models and colors, $65, $75, $82.

Here you will find good woolens in the suits—we select worsted cloth, the toughest and strongest made, to put our good tailoring in. Worsted suits, $47.50, $50. Ready-made. G. N. Vincent, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

HYLAN TO SUMMON J. P. MORGAN FIRM

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

plained that the special men had been furnished by Berghoff & Waddell, who made a business of furnishing men to operate a property during an emergency. Questioned by F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, Gaynor admitted that some of the outsiders brought in had operated the cars, but maintained that they had the necessary qualifications.

"Did you employ any of these concerns to furnish men in last Summer's strike?" Mayor Hylan asked.

"Not that I am aware."

Might Have Had Surplus.

An important development from the point of view of those opposed to fare increases was the testimony given by Wood D. Loudoun, Deputy Commissioner of Accounts, who made an examination of the railroad's accounts for the city. Loudoun declared that if the corporation had limited its dividends to 7 per cent. between 1904 and last year it would now have an available surplus in the treasury amounting to $48,872,070.65. He substantiated the testimony of previous witnesses that in some years the dividends were as high as 20 per cent. In computing this, Commissioner Loudoun said he included a surplus of $547,322.14 which was in the treasury at the end of 1903.

Commissioner Loudoun took up the financial affairs of the Manhattan Railway Company and showed that the Rockefeller Foundation owned 10,000 shares, the Rockefeller Institute, 6,356, the General Education Board, 20,278, and the University of Chicago, 5,400 shares. Among the other large shareholders of the company were the Bessemer Investment Company, 6,600 shares; the Equitable Life Assurance Society, 3,900 shares; the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, 2,150 shares; the Mercantile Trust Company, 2,000 shares, and the Continental Insurance Company.

LaGuardia Seeks Facts.

President LaGuardia wanted to know who voted the stock held in the various educational and research institutions. The witness replied he did not have that information.

Loudoun said that the Manhattan Railway Company, which is linked with the financial affairs of the Interborough because of a 999-year lease of its lines, which the latter corporation owns, had produced a continuous profit from 1914 to 1917. Commencing with 1918 there was a deficit in the Manhattan amounting to $771,710.75, and last year $4,102,711.40.

"What were the profits from the subway during the same year?" asked the Mayor.

"$292,371.68."

"And that was used to pay the deficiency of the Elevated?"

"Yes."

Commissioner Loudoun testified that when the Interborough leased the Manhattan, the capital stock, which had been $48,000,000 in 1901, was increased to $80,000,000, and the terms of the lease provided that the I. R. T. should pay 6 per cent. on the capital stock, with an increase of 1 per cent. should eventualities necessitate.

Cost $7,000,000 to Float Bonds.

Edward F. J. Gaynor was recalled and questioned on the various issues of bonds and notes and the expenses incurred in floating the securities. He said that the $25,000,000 three-year convertible notes sold to J. P. Morgan & Co. in 1908 incurred an expense of $1,265,000. The expense of floating $107,970,000 refunding mortgage gold bonds, which also went to the Morgan firm, was more than $7,000,000. He recited the details of similar transactions and the expenses resulting.

The Corporation Counsel next took up a report made by Mr. Gaynor in 1917 to interest investors in the Interborough.

"In this very attractive production you laid great stress upon the fact that the five-cent fare could not be changed when it was fixed," Mr. Burr said. "Was it based on data supplied to you?"

"To a considerable extent," Gaynor replied.

"To refresh your recollection I will call your particular attention to what was said as to the essential features of the partnership between the city and the company," Mr. Burr continued. "First, the Interborough ceases to be merely a private organization; the city insists upon the right to safeguard its own investment by a system of inspection and supervision, and, in return, definitely protects the Interborough from the uncertainties of regulation which usually must be found by quasi-public corporations; the company is entitled to the maintenance of the existing rate of fare. In other words, you wished the investor to understand that the company and the city having agreed to a five-cent rate of fare, nobody else could change it?"

"That was emphatically true of that date, and in my judgment would be true today if it had not been for the war," Mr. Gaynor answered.

Some I. R. T. Investment Losses.

Mr. Burr gained an admission from the witness that securities of the Interborough aggregating $80,000,000 have been invested outside the subway. Some of these investments, Gaynor admitted, were not earning returns. He also admitted that the sum of $11,006,465.86, representing the excess cost of the Brooklyn extension of the subway, was carried as an asset.

The Mayor interrogated the witness for nearly an hour on the exchanges of securities and the dividends paid on the lines affiliated with the Interborough. As finally brought out by President LaGuardia, the Mayor wanted to know if, when a company was owned outright by its stockholders and had no debts, whether its profits would not first go to pay interest on the bonds and, if there was a profit above that, then to the stockholders as dividends. The witness said it would.

The hearing yesterday was marked by the good feeling between the Mayor and the railroad attorneys which was not apparent the day before. Just as an adjournment was taken until next Tuesday morning, the Mayor told James L. Quackenbush, general counsel to the Interborough, that he and his colleagues were beginning to like him.

WHY ROSS RESIGNED.

Differed with President Hedley on Purchasing Methods.

It was learned from official sources yesterday that Vice President David W. V. Ross of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company resigned because he was dissatisfied with the views of President Frank Hedley concerning the amount of time which the latter thought should be devoted to the work of the company's purchasing department, which was under Mr. Ross's control. There was no other reason, it was positively stated, and regret was expressed that conditions made it necessary for Mr. Ross to separate himself from the company which he had been connected with for about twelve years.

Mr. Ross had been associated with the late Theodore P. Shonts when the latter first began his railroad career, and later they worked together on the Panama Canal. When Mr. Shonts became President of the Interborough company he invited Mr. Ross to join him, and the two men, it is said, were always in accord.

Any attempt on the part of the Board of Estimate or its counsel to create an impression that the resignation of Mr. Ross was due to any other reason than the one stated, it was said, was unfair both to Mr. Ross and to the officials of the company.

FOUND MRS. SPANG VAIN IN HER OLD AGE

Wondered How 'the Boys' Would Like Her in a New Bonnet, Physician Testifies.

TOLD OF MEETING 'OLD BEAU'

Was Suspicious of Lawyers and Felt Too Poor to Live at the Waldorf.

Dr. Luther B. MacKenzie of 68 West Fifty-fifth Street, who attended Mrs. Rosa E. Spang at the Waldorf-Astoria after the death of her husband and before the return from war duties of Dr. James F. Nagle, was the chief witness yesterday for the daughter, Mrs. Mabel Crome Ancker, in her contest for the $2,000,000 estate of Mrs. Spang. The witness said that Mrs. Spang was senile and irrational but admitted on cross-examination by Henry W. Taft that hardening of the arteries and other ailments with which Mrs. Spang was afflicted were not uncommon among persons of her age and led to similar mental condition.

Dr. MacKenzie testified under examination by former Senator Edgar T. Brackett that Mrs. Spang told him before the death of her husband, who left her more than $1,000,000, that she felt she was going to inherit money and asked his advice. She expressed doubt about lawyers, he said, and he told her that her case presented no complications so far as he as a physician could see, and suggested that any honest attorney would do. Dr. MacKenzie said that Mrs. Spang told him that State Senator Charles C. Lockwood, her husband's attorney, was "trying to get her money," and that he had her sign some kind of a paper, but she didn't know what it was. She also complained that she couldn't afford to live at the Waldorf and asked him to find her a cheaper place.

Dr. MacKenzie said that Mrs. Spang led him to her husband's sick room, and moving her fingers before her sightless husband's eyes, she asked him if he "thought her husband was really blind." After her husband died Mrs. Spang was suspicious of every one, the witness said, because she thought all were after her money. Her estimates of her friends shifted, the person having the highest rating in her esteem one day standing lowest the next, the witness said.

The testimony showed that in her youth Mrs. Spang was noted for the beauty of her face and figure, and in reply to questions by counsel Dr. MacKenzie said she asked him if he didn't think she had a "wonderful figure," and that when she was trying on a new bonnet after her husband's death she posed before the mirror and said: "How do you think the boys will like me in this?" She also told the physician that she had met "an old beau" in the Waldorf who had become attentive to her again, and was sending her flowers.

"She also told me she didn't intend to leave her money to her friends to fight about," said the witness. "Her attitude toward her husband after his death was usually serio comic."

The case will continue today.

L. W. Hill to Drop Great Northern Reins.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 29.—Louis W. Hill, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Great Northern Railroad, and son of the late James J. Hill, announced this afternoon that he will retire from active management of the road soon after it is restored to private ownership. Mr. Hill stated that Ralph Budd would direct the management.

SCHOOL SONG ANGERS REDS.

Protest to Principal Against "Treat 'Em Rough" Ballad.

Because he permitted the students of Bryant High School, Long Island City, to sing a song aimed against the red flag and the radical, Dr. Peter E. Demarest, Principal, yesterday received a number of anonymous protests from red sympathizers. The song, written by Goeffrey O'Hara, who served in the war, is in part as follows:

Don't you think some people in our land have talked enough?
Don't you think the time has come to call their little bluff?
Ask them what's the matter, make them can the chatter,
Then proceed to make the party rough;
Tell them they're a menace to the land,
Tell them in a way they'll understand.

(Chorus.)

Get up and get out,
If you have any doubt
About this U. S. A.
If you don't like it here,
Why the ocean is clear;
There's a boat sailing home every day.
There is only one flag,
Not a dirty, red rag.

Mr. Demarest said he would ignore the unsigned protests. He said he had called the attention of the students to the protests, and that they had applauded his decision to continue the ballad.

JAMAICA MAY SEIZE LIQUOR.

Considers State Control Because of Tourist Rush.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 29.—The Government is considering a proposal to put the liquor traffic under State control.

There are numerous American tourists in the island now, the rush being said to be due partly to the enforcement of prohibition in the United States.

Ecker son Co., Jersey City, N. J. L. S. Beardsley, Architect.

"Turner for Concrete"

The average of all the buildings Turner has built is a five story structure, costing about $150,000.

We like to build this size building.

TURNER Construction Co.

FOR SALE.

Owner going abroad will sell Crane-Simplex Touring Car, late 1917. Car in perfect condition. Demonstration on reasonable offer. Communicate Private Garage, 29 East 40th Street. Telephone Murray Hill 7176.

WONDERLAND ALICE

Remember how wicked she considered the walrus and the carpenter who tempted fat, young oysters out for a walk and then ate every one?

Ah, well! the walrus and the carpenter were evidently epicures and couldn't resist the feast at hand.

In that respect they were not unlike the patrons at CHILDS who similarly tempt 10,000,000 fat, young oysters a year and then eat every one.

Rich, creamy oyster stew, or golden brown fried oysters.

Childs

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating. No payment accepted unless successful.

Frederic H. Whitley, Inc. Improvement Contractors 97 Pulton St., Brooklyn

Sale

At Saks To-day

Men's Silk Shirts

Discontinued patterns of our

$10.50 and $12.50 Selections

At $7.95

¶ Shirts of the most durable silks woven — Japanese Broadcloths, Empire Silk, White Crepe and Tub Silks, in a variety of most uncommon patterns. They previously sold from $10.50 to $12.50—*and were worth it!*

Men's Fine Silk Cravats

Reduced to $1.35

Formerly $2.00 and $2.50. Fine imported and domestic silk cravats in a host of striped, spot and figured designs.

Broadway Saks & Company At 34th St.

STORE HOURS: 9.30 A. M. to 6.00 P. M.

Macy's Macy's

For You, This

Great Clearaway of Men's and Young Men's

Winter Suits and Overcoats

offers special savings in prices that have been lowered from the lowest-in-the-city.

Replenished stocks insure a good selection.

(The clothing in this sale is taken from our regular stock and not purchased especially for this event.)

Suits or Overcoats *that were much higher*	NOW $29.50	Suits or Overcoats *that were much higher*	NOW $34.50
Suits or Overcoats *that were much higher*	NOW $41.50	Suits or Overcoats *that were much higher*	NOW $49.50

Other Winter overcoats that were priced up to $119.00 proportionately reduced

The collection includes Burberrys, London Made Overcoats—also Worumbo, Kersey, Montagnac and Melton.

Fur-lined overcoats	Youths' Suits
were $154.00 to $469.00	Reduced to $18.75
Now $124.00 to $389.00	Sizes 16 to 20. Fancy mixed cassimere, of good durable quality. Priced regularly up to $24.75.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co Inc.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Store Hours 9:30 to 6:00

Macy's Macy's

Our Present Emergency

How YOU Can Help the Sick in Our City

We have been serving the city for more than 25 years. Last year over 150 of our Visiting Nurses, working from the 13 centers listed below, covered the boroughs of Manhattan, Richmond and Bronx, and during this year 35,433 patients were cared for. 273,768 calls were made.

Just now, in this critical period, the increased staff of 205 Nurses are making hundreds of calls to stricken families every day. If we are to provide for them, if the nurses are to do capacity work, MORE MONEY IS NEEDED AND AT ONCE.

We make an appeal to every public spirited man, woman and child in the city. Remember, the Nurse serves the community's health, yours and your family's, when she gives her tender ministrations to her patients.

Make Your Contributions Payable to

HENRY STREET SETTLEMENT

For Visiting Nurse Service,

265 Henry St., New York.

NURSING CENTERS

MAIN OFFICE
HENRY STREET SETTLEMENT
265 Henry Street

Greenwich & Richmond
27 Barrow Street
CHELSEA
441 West 24th Street
MORNINGSIDE
1234 Amsterdam Ave.
HAMILTON
79 Market Street
STUYVESANT
436 East 17th Street
76TH STREET
232 East 76th Street

UNION
237 East 104th Street
HARLEM
311 East 116th Street
KINGSBRIDGE
5622 Broadway
BRONX NORTH
965 East Tremont Ave.
BRONX SOUTH
3819 Third Avenue
STATEN ISLAND
Staten Islander Bldg.

CUT ALONG THIS LINE AND MAIL NOW

Date.....1920.

Henry Street Settlement
For Visiting Nurse Service,
265 Henry St., New York.

Enclosed is $..... my emergency contribution to help support the Visiting Nurses in the field.

Name .....

Address .....

AWAIT PERMISSION TO RESCUE AIRMEN

Mexico City Fails to Reply to Request to Allow Relief Squadron to Cross.

MEN ARE NOT PRISONERS

Report Good Treatment at the Hands of the Carranza Military Authorities.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Jan. 29.—Several aviators of the Eighth Aero Squadron at McAllen, Texas, tonight were awaiting permission from the Mexican Government to cross the international boundary and carry oil and gasoline to Lieutenants E. F. Davis and G. D. Grimes, who made a forced landing thirty miles below the Zapata County, Texas, border yesterday. Major Torres, acting commander of Mexican troops in the Matamoros district, telegraphed the Mexican War Department today recommending such permission be granted. So far as known here no reply had been received early tonight.

Grimes and Davis still are at Guerrero, a Mexican village 140 miles west of Matamoros, according to latest advices at Fort Brown. It was said the two fliers probably would remain there until they were able to bring out their machine, the landing of which was forced by exhaustion of the supply of gasoline after the aviators had become lost in a fog yesterday. They are not prisoners, except in a technical sense, it was said at Fort Brown, and are being shown every courtesy by Mexican officials.

The "rescue" squadron planned to proceed to Guerrero late today, but failure of Major Torres to receive a response from Mexico City to his recommendation delayed the program. It was hoped the flight might be made early tomorrow.

OIL PERMITS TAKEN OUT.

First Issued to American Company —Denial of Japanese Concessions.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 29.—Two permits to drill wells in Chinampa County, State of Vera Cruz, were granted to the Union Oil Company, an American corporation, by the Petroleum Bureau of the Department of Industry, Commerce and Labor yesterday. These were the first provisional permits to be issued under the recent decree of President Carranza. They will remain in effect until the Mexican Congress enacts petroleum legislation at the session beginning Sept. 1 next.

Reports that Japanese interests were securing large grants of petroleum lands on the Pacific Coast of Mexico were denied yesterday by Plutarco Elias Calles, former Governor of the State of Sonora and at present Secretary of Industry, Commerce and Labor. Señor Calles declared that not a single Japanese had made application to his department for petroleum concessions, but added that if such a request should be received it would receive the same treatment as that accorded applications from other foreigners.

There is no Bolshevism in Sonora, the Secretary asserted. Labor in that State, he said, was well organized, and had been aided by the Government, which had passed labor laws and secured improved working conditions and higher wages. Strikes had not occurred in the recent past in Sonora, he said. Reports that he was anti-American were denied by Señor Calles.

GEN. ALVARADO RELEASED.

Why He Was Arrested by Carranza Authorities Not Yet Revealed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—General Salvador Alvarado has been set at liberty, but the cause of his arrest has not been explained, according to advices from Mexico City today. He was formerly one of President Carranza's firmest supporters, and as Military Governor of Yucatan maintained order with an iron hand, although it was alleged that his methods nearly destroyed the Association of Henequin Producers.

General Alvarado was apprehended at Rincon Antonio as he was about to cross into Chiapas on his way to Yucatan, and it was reported at the time in Mexico City that he was charged with rebellion against the Government.

Mexicans residing in Washington advance the theory that Alvarado was arrested as a warning to General Obregon, whose candidacy for the Presidency is being opposed by President Carranza and the Government.

General Elejo Gonzales, Military Governor of Chiapas and the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, has telegraphed the Government that he is leaving for Mexico City with details of the arrest of General Alvarado.

BLAMES "LACK OF POLICY."

Ex-Consul General in Mexico Discusses Fletcher's Resignation.

George Agnew Chamberlain, former Consul General in Mexico City and associated there with Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher, said yesterday that he thought "the lack of any definite policy" toward Mexico was the reason behind the Ambassador's recent resignation.

Mr. Chamberlain said that he knew from his two years' association with Mr. Fletcher, extending from May, 1917, to August, 1919, that what Mr. Fletcher, as Ambassador to Mexico, was compelled to say when he appeared last July before the Rules Committee of the House of Representatives in Washington did not agree with what he had reported to the State Department concerning conditions in Mexico.

"Mr. Fletcher served the Government in various positions, from the bottom to the top of the diplomatic ladder," said the ex-Consul General. "Political influences never were brought to bear to disturb him in his career, and his record at the State Department, I speak advisedly, has no superior. Yet, after a two years' struggle in Mexico, he drops out of the service, and nobody is informed, why. I believe the people should be told the whole truth of this matter.

"Peace is still remote, and will be until the United States adopts and enforces a definite policy with regard to Mexico. I know Mr. Fletcher told the Government this and pleaded vainly for some clearly defined policy. I say this, for I was intimately associated with him during the two years we were in the great war. Unless he could force those people down there to enter into negotiations he would fail as an Ambassador. Well, he did everything he could, and then saw nothing but failure at the end. I am convinced this is back of his quitting his job."

Mr. Fletcher was in New York on Wednesday and spent most of the day with Mr. Chamberlain. He left in the afternoon for his home in Pennsylvania.

MAY NOT DEPORT MEXICANS.

Literate War Laborers Are Permitted to Remain at Present.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Instructions sent to the Immigration Inspectors on the Mexican border today direct that steps toward repatriation of Mexican laborers "imported under special war-time exceptions" be deferred for the present where they are "literates and otherwise admissible." Employers, however, are not released from responsibility "assumed in their agreement."

Illiterates brought over for war-industry purposes cannot be permitted to remain permanently, the Immigration Bureau ruled, but others, on payment of head tax, will be permitted to stay pending additional instructions.

ASK $32,000,000 OF MEXICO.

Damage Claims Filed Cover Ten Years of Revolution.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 29.—Claims for $32,189,716.83, Mexican standard, representing damages alleged to have been suffered during the Mexican revolution of the last decade, have been filed with the Mexican Indemnity Commission, according to a report recently rendered by the Chairman of the committee, General Esteban B. Calderon.

The report was rendered to the Secretariat of the Treasury and Public Credit, and is quoted in Excelsior of Mexico City.

PRISON SENTENCE FOR NEW.

Minimum of Ten Years for Slayer of Miss Freda Lesser.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 29.—The appeal for a new trial by Harry S. New, convicted here of murder in the second degree for shooting Miss Freda Lesser, was denied today.

He was immediately sentenced to serve not less than ten years, with a maximum of life imprisonment at San Quentin Prison.

PERU TO APPEAL TO LEAGUE.

Dispute with Chile Over Territory May Be First Case Considered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Western Hemisphere will probably furnish the first case to come before the Council of the League of Nations. Advices were received here today that the National Assembly of Peru had adopted a resolution providing for the submission to the League Council the claim of Peru to the Provinces of Tacna and Arica, which have been held by Chile for more than twenty years as the result of the war with Peru.

By the terms of the Peace Treaty between the two countries a plebiscite was to be held within ten years after Chilean occupation of the provinces to determine whether they should remain Chilean or revert to Peru. This plebiscite has never been held and the Peruvians now are represented as determined to bring their claim before the only tribunal which has yet been created competent to deal with such a grave question of conflicting national claims.

Bolivia also is a claimant to Tacna, which she claims to be inhabited principally by Bolivians, and to afford the only seaport open to her, while both Chile and Peru have other Pacific ports.

DINNER TO BISHOP GAILOR.

Several Church Dignitaries Speak at Welcome at Waldorf.

The Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, D. D., Presiding Bishop of the Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Bishop of Tennessee and Chancellor of the University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn., was the guest of honor at a reception and dinner given at the Waldorf-Astoria last night by the Sewanee Alumni of New York and the Church Club of New York. The event was arranged as a welcome to Bishop Gailor to his new home in New York.

The event was attended by 700 men and women, including several Bishops of the Episcopal Church. Speakers included Dr. William T. Manning, who presided; Dr. Charles Sumner Burch, Bishop of the Diocese of New York, who welcomed Bishop Gailor; Stephen Baker, Vice President of the Church Club of New York; Frank L. Polk, Assistant Secretary of State, and Archdeacon Hudson Stuck of the Yukon.

ACCUSED IN JEWEL ROBBERY

Electrician Extradited Following $10,000 Theft in Belmont.

Edward Rice, an electrician, was extradited from Philadelphia by the New York police yesterday to answer to a charge of receiving stolen goods. They had hunted him since the night of Dec. 27, when Mrs. G. H. Morgan's apartment in the Hotel Belmont was robbed of jewels worth $10,000 and Dr. Arthur Stein lost valuable surgical instruments from his office at 48 East Seventy-fourth Street.

A few hours after those robberies detectives raided an apartment at 13 Bayard Street and recovered, they said, most of both persons' property. The occupant of the apartment had fled. Acting upon information they received the detectives went after Rice.

Saks

Store Hours: 9:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

ANY fine custom tailor will take your measurements for an overcoat today and will have it ready for you in time for the opening of the base ball season.

Saks-tailored Overcoats are ready for immediate wear

Custom quality thru-in and thru-out

Saks & Company

BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

To Begin at Saks This Morning

A SALE of Men's Beacon Blanket Robes

At a very low price

$10.50

THESE robes cannot be secured in the market today to sell for anything like $10.50. They are quite scarce *even at increased prices!*

Made of heavy, first quality full Beacon Blankets, with border, in scroll, striped, floral, check and Navajo Indian designs.

Each robe finished with silk corded edges and mercerized girdle.

Saks & Company

BROADWAY at 34th ST.

FIFTH FLOOR

The Sale of China & Table Crystal ends this Saturday

WITH Saturday, Ovington's yearly sale of china and table-crystal closes. Discounts of 20% on china (dinner sets excluded) and of 10% to 40% on table crystal are offered —but not after Saturday.

But you still have the opportunity, if you come before Saturday closing, of getting china and table crystal for the whole year round at January sale prices.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.

G. SCHIRMER'S

3 East 43rd St. (Adj. Fifth Ave.)

On Sale To-morrow

Dardanella

PRICE 85c

Also the Entire List of

New February Victor Records

All Styles of VICTROLAS in Stock

VICTROLA DEPARTMENT (Entire Second Floor)

STORE OPENS 8 A.M. TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 8100

New Store Hours: 9:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

LAST TWO DAYS OF THE SALE

Some 800 Men's Suits and Overcoats

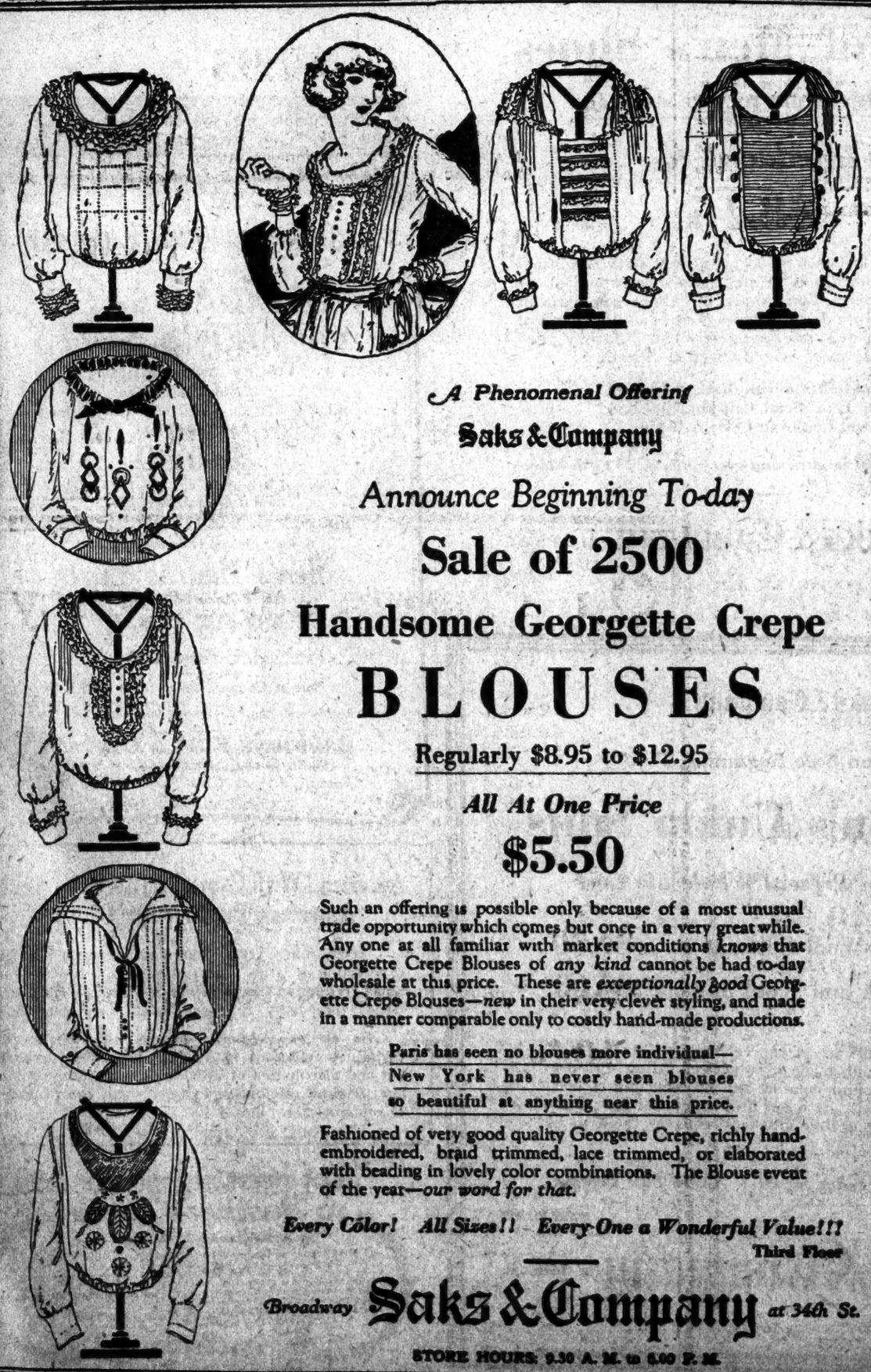
Nationally Advertised Brands

SUITS Single and double breasted models, as well as in the much demanded conservative model; plain blue, brown, oxford gray, striped and checked effects that are out of the ordinary, and many fancy patterns. All sizes from 34 to 46; regulars and stouts. $49.50

OVERCOATS Every last one of them an up-to-the-minute model, you may be sure, in a range of fabrics such as you would pick if you were the picker; double breasted overcoats, Chesterfields, short ulsters; browns, grays, greens and fancy patterns. Sizes 34 to 44. $36.50

OVERCOATS And if they made better overcoats than these you may be sure Gimbels would have them. Full or one-quarter, satin lined; smart single breasted models, double breasted and two-button styles, as well as big, all enveloping ulsters, stacking up finely, in competition for favor, with the belted-all-around town ulsters. 33 to 44. $52.50

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor



A Phenomenal Offering

Saks & Company

Announce Beginning To-day

Sale of 2500

Handsome Georgette Crepe

BLOUSES

Regularly $8.95 to $12.95

All At One Price

$5.50

Such an offering is possible only because of a most unusual trade opportunity which comes but once in a very great while. Any one at all familiar with market conditions *knows* that Georgette Crepe Blouses of *any kind* cannot be had to-day wholesale at this price. These are *exceptionally good* Georgette Crepe Blouses—*new* in their very clever styling, and made in a manner comparable only to costly hand-made productions.

Paris has seen no blouses more individual—
New York has never seen blouses
so beautiful at anything near this price.

Fashioned of very good quality Georgette Crepe, richly hand-embroidered, braid trimmed, lace trimmed, or elaborated with beading in lovely color combinations. The Blouse event of the year—*our word for that.*

Every Color! All Sizes!! Every One a Wonderful Value!!!

Third Floor

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

STORE HOURS: 9.30 A. M. to 5.00 P. M.

W. A. Laboratories, Inc., Brooklyn.
Benjamin Driesler, Architect.

This client said "I'll pay a bonus for every day you save on this building."

We got the bonus, but we paid more than the bonus in overtime work.

The main point is: the owner got his building a month ahead of time.

We got what we wanted too—another satisfied client.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE

Development

WE boast no patron of whom whim or caprice or dissatisfaction cannot deprive us overnight. Yet therein is little reason for worry. Both our modes and service are planned to minimize dissatisfaction.

SAVE 30% ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

COMPARE THESE PRICES

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10 to 50	.35	.25
60	.40	.30
100	.85	.60

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15
200	2.20	1.54

300 to 1,000 WATTS AT 30% SAVING
Electrical Supplies at similar savings.
All Lamps Brand New and Guaranteed.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th). Bryant 6873

PUTS 'DRY' GUARD ABOARD WHISKY SHIP

Prohibition Agent Stations Extra Men on Yarmouth, with $4,600,000 Liquor Cargo.

ORDERED FROM WASHINGTON

More Kitchen Stills Seized by Federal Authorities — Only One Found in Operation.

With no explanation other than that he was acting under instructions from Washington, James S. Shevlin, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent, yesterday morning placed day and night guards on board the steamer Yarmouth of the Black Star Line, which is lying in the upper bay, near the Statue of Liberty, with a cargo of whisky valued at $4,800,000. These men will supplement the guard maintained by the Customs authorities since the vessel, which cleared for Havana on Jan. 17, put back into port in tow of a revenue cutter after being damaged at sea.

A suspicion that some of the whisky has been taken from the steamer since she returned to New York is believed to be the reason for increasing the guard. Mr. Shevlin said that the agents of this department would remain aboard the vessel until word had been received from Washington that their presence there was no longer required.

The Yarmouth had reached a point opposite Cape May when a wireless call for help was sent out, stating that she was sinking. Since returning to port in tow of the revenue cutter the vessel has been undergoing repairs. Customs authorities and an agent of Mr. Shevlin have been on the vessel since.

Collector of the Port Newton could not be reached last night, but Deputy Collector Stewart said that the vessel while in this port had been placed in charge of Mr. Shevlin, acting under instructions from Washington.

The Black Line is operated by and is said to be owned by negroes of this city. The Yarmouth has on board 40,000 cases of whisky, valued at $120 a case.

More Small Stills Seized.

Federal prohibition agents attached to Mr. Shevlin's office continued their activities yesterday. They seized several small stills during the day, one in operation, and also made two arrests for alleged sales in saloons.

J. Baptiste of 447 East Eighty-seventh Street, who is said to have had one of the small one-gallon kitchen stills, filled with mash, cooking on a gas stove at noon yesterday when Agent John F. Monahan entered the flat, was arrested and the still seized. The still, with the mash in it, was taken to Mr. Shevlin's office.

Baptiste was questioned at the office of the United States Attorney by H. D. Hildeberger, Special Assistant United States Attorney, after which he was allowed to go for the time being. He told Mr. Hildeberger that he was distilling a beverage which is in great favor, but is not intoxicating, as a person could drink twenty-five big glasses of it without getting drunk. Baptiste said he gave it to his children. Mr. Hildeberger gave instructions to have the mash analyzed to ascertain how much of a "kick" was to be expected from it.

Agents Robert E. Connelly and William D. Allen took to Mr. Shevlin's office yesterday two of the one-gallon stills which they found in a private home on Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn. The stills had not been used and apparently had not been taken from the parcel post packages in which they were received from Binghamton, N. Y., the day before.

Has Names of Purchasers.

Mr. Shevlin said he had the names and addresses of 1,000 purchasers of these kitchen stills and that his men expected to bring in all of them, except those that are surrendered voluntarily. He admitted that none had been brought in by the owners yesterday in response to his invitation.

A one-gallon still was found in a private home on Lexington Avenue by Agents Michael Welch and J. Donnelly, while Agent William J. McQuire seized one at Mariners Harbor, S. I. Neither had been used and both were taken to Mr. Shevlin's office.

Charged with violating the prohibition law in that they sold a glass of wine to Agents E. S. Langley and Edward Dermody, Frank Les, bartender for John Meurer, at 200 Seventh Avenue, was arrested yesterday afternoon. The agents also seized six bottles of wine. Les was arraigned before United States Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock and held in $500 bail. Meurer, the proprietor, who was not in the saloon at the time the bartender was arrested, was ordered to appear before Commissioner Hitchcock.

The conference, which was to have been held yesterday between the Federal and city authorities relative to the enforcement of the prohibition law, was postponed until Monday afternoon.

Anthony Mongelluzzo, owner of a saloon at 50 Myrtle Avenue, Flushing, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having sold a glass of wine to two detectives of Inspector Ryan's staff. United States Commissioner McCabe held him in $1,000 bail for examination on Feb. 11.

George Boylinski and Frank Swiatkoski, saloon-keepers of South Amboy, N. J., were arrested on complaint of Joseph E. Cavanaugh, United States Customs Officer, who alleged that he found two bottles of whisky on the counter of each saloon. An additional charge of interfering with a Customs officer in the performance of his duties was made against Boylinski, as it was charged that he threw the two bottles of whisky on the floor and broke them. The men were held in $1,000 bail each by United States Commissioner Delaney. Boylinski for the Grand Jury, and Swiatkoski for a hearing on Monday.

Blinded Man Causes Arrest.

William Rosch, a saloon keeper at 145 Mulberry Street, Newark, was arrested last night by Police Lieutenant Frank E. Bree on a charge of violating the prohibition laws. William Smith of 15 Cottage Street, the bartender, was held as a material witness. The arrest of Rosch was brought about through the illness of Russell Galbraith, 22 years old, of South Orange, who is blind from drinking wood alcohol. Galbraith said he had several drinks in Rosch's saloon last Saturday.

It developed from his statement that Joseph Keenan, 24 years old, of 23 Valley Street, South Orange, who died on Tuesday from what physicians at the Orange Memorial Hospital said was pneumonia, was one of four who were drinking with Galbraith in the Rosch saloon. All were made ill, but three have recovered. Keenan was to have been buried today, but in view of the report that wood alcohol may have contributed to his death, the funeral was ordered postponed until an autopsy can be performed today.

State Excise Commissioner Herbert S. Sisson, through Deputy Excise Commissioner John T. McNeill for New York County, yesterday issued a statement that holders of liquor tax certificates are required to file reports on whether they have sold liquor since July 1, last, even though they have ceased to traffic in liquors.

WANTS DEFINITION OF "INTOXICATING LIQUOR"

Resolution Calls for Committee of Three Senators and Five Assemblymen to Decide.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Determination by a legislative committee of what constitutes "intoxicating liquor" is proposed in a resolution introduced in the Senate today by Minority Leader James J. Walker. The resolution, which was referred to the Finance Committee, calls for the appointment of three Senators and five Assemblymen to investigate and determine what percentage of alcohol renders a beverage intoxicating.

"Some people say 4 per cent.," said Senator Walker, "other says 8, and some say 12. The Federal statute says one-half of 1 per cent. Now what is it? I believe the State, which has concurrent power with the National Government in forcing constitutional prohibition, ought to determine this question for itself."

M. Henry Walters, majority leader, in asking reference to the Finance Committee on account of a request for an appropriation of $10,000, said a decision that is expected from the United States Supreme Court might solve the problem.

Senator Walker indicated that the proposed committee would not use itself for experimental purposes but be guided by the views of scientists.

WINE FOR FOREIGN SAILORS.

Treasury Decision Permits the Usual Ration at Meals in Our Ports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Assistant Secretary Jouett Shouse, of the Treasury Department, today signed a Treasury decision which will permit the daily distribution to the crews of foreign vessels while in the ports of the United States of the usual quantity of liquors allowed them with their meals.

"This decision is being issued," Mr. Shouse explained, "to modify the Treasury decision of Dec. 11, 1919, which made the sealing of liquors on ships in our ports applicable both to American and foreign vessels. International comity requires that every courtesy be extended to foreign vessels while anchored in our waters. American vessels are still subject to the requirement that all liquors on board to keep under seal during the stay of the vessels in port.

"The decision of Dec. 11, 1919, was based on an opinion of the Solicitor of the Treasury. The requestion was made the subject of protests from several foreign Governments, and for that reason the question was placed before the Attorney General for review and final decision. The present regulation is based upon an opinion received from him."

FAVORS A "DRY" BRITAIN.

Would Save Enough to Pay American Debt, Says Lord Leverhulme.

PLYMOUTH, Jan. 29.—Lord Leverhulme, the British manufacturer, who arrived here today on the steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria after a visit of two months in the United States, declared himself in favor of the adoption of prohibition in Great Britain, through which, he said, enough could be saved to pay Britain's indebtedness to America within five years.

Lord Leverhulme said he had been impressed by the welcome extended to the Prince of Wales in the United States. He asserted the Prince was Great Britain's greatest asset in the maintenance of friendly relations with the United States.

Pa says I holler less for candy when I have my fill of

POST TOASTIES
—Bobby
Superior corn flakes
rich in natural sweetness.

CONFESS TO THEFTS OF LIBERTY MOTORS

Army Captain and Two Civilians Plead Guilty at Bridgeport.

SOLD SIX WORTH $15,000

Military Agents Obtain Evidence After Questioning the Suspects Three Days.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 29.—Captain Harry S. Hegy of Bridgeport, Conn., and two civilians, Charles A. Wirth of Bridgeport and Daniel D. Gardner of Detroit, Mich., were arrested today on a charge of conspiring to defraud the United States Government by having misappropriated Liberty engines at the locomobile plant in Bridgeport and having sold them for their own profit.

The men appeared before United States Commissioner F. J. Corbett, pleaded guilty and each was held in $5,000 bail for the February term of the United States Court. Hegy and Wirth were confident of furnishing bail, but Gardner said that as he had no friends hereabouts he would telegraph his wife at Detroit for assistance. The men will be in custody of United States Marshal Palmer until night.

The case was presented to United States District Attorney Smith as soon as he was sworn into office on Monday. Military intelligence agents presented the evidence. Gardner had been persuaded to come here from Detroit. The three men were questioned for three days.

During the war and afterward Hegy was a Captain of ordnance. Wirth, a civilian in Government employ, was chief inspector of ordnance at the Locomobile plant, and Gardner an assistant inspector of ordnance.

It is alleged that the men conspired to obtain half a dozen Liberty motors which were not charged to any officer's account. The scheme started in July, and in August the motors had been disposed of. The engines were valued at about $15,000 for the six.

PROHIBITION CLOSES DAIRY.

No Mash Feed from Breweries for Cows, so Factory Will Start.

One of the unusual effects of prohibition was revealed last evening at a meeting of the Newtown Local Board in Queens, which was held at Borough President Connolly's office in Long Island City. A representative of the Bayview Dairy Farms, Inc., appeared before the board and asked that action be taken to remove building restrictions so that factories could be erected in the Jamaica section. The representative explained that his company formerly kept a large number of cows on their property located in this district to supply milk for the dairy.

With the coming of prohibition and the closing of the breweries, it was not possible any longer to get mash feed for the cows, and so it was necessary to dispense with them. This put the company out of business, and it was now planned to turn the buildings used for stables and dairy purposes into a factory. The permission asked by the company was granted.

At Saks To-day

A Most Remarkable

Sale of Men's Shoes

all taken from regular stock and

Reduced to

$8.45

¶ If New York men were as conversant with conditions in the shoe industry as we are, these shoes would all be gone in an hour. You cannot buy them *wholesale* at this price—and we don't believe there is any liklihood of a repetition of this sale being possible. *Satisfy your requirements at once!* Good selection of leathers.

Patent Coltskin with Black or Colored Tops; Gun Metal Calfskin, Vici Kid, and Cordovan Color Calfskin

All sizes, but not in each and every model. Fifth Floor

Broadway **Saks & Company** *At 34th St.*

STORE HOURS: 9.30 A. M. to 6.00 P. M.

Saks & Company

Will Place on Sale Beginning To-day

1200 Men's Union Suits

At Less Than Present Wholesale Cost

900 Ribbed, ¾-Wool Suits, at . . . **$4.50**

300 Ribbed Silk and Wool Suits, at **$5.65**

¶ These fine Union Suits are of the celebrated "Stuttgarter" (made in America) brand, made over perfect fitting measurements, assuring maximum comfort and no bunching of material at the hips or waist. It is our firm belief that New York men will wait a very long time for such values as these to be duplicated.

Regular, Extra and Stout Sizes! Every Suit Perfect!

MAIN FLOOR

Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th St.*

STORE HOURS: 9.30 A. M. to 6.00 P. M.

SHALL not *all* Jews take pride in meeting the present emergency of their Federation in this year of the 48-cent dollar?

One million seven hundred thousand *NEW* dollars will do it.

Safeguard Federation

The Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies of New York must raise $1,700,000 additional to meet the high cost of living. The 91 great Jewish institutions in Federation care for the sick, aged, destitute, orphaned, blind and handicapped Jews of New York.

Send checks to "Federation", 114 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The Fifth Avenue Shop
349 Fifth Avenue
OPPOSITE WALDORF
at 34th Street

Announcing

The Introductory Display of

MILLINERY

for Early Spring

with an initial sale of Advanced Styles of Smart Hats in the new materials and combinations at

15.00 to 25.00

consisting of

HATS for all occasions—Street, Reception Theatre, Motoring, Sports and Traveling.

BROWNING KING & COMPANY
Announce a

SPECIAL SALE OF MEN'S SUITS

To-day and Saturday
of This Week Only
All Our $50.00, $55.00 and $60.00 Suits
Are Reduced to

$40.00

Several Hundred Suits, Our Own Make and from Regular Stock

ALSO
A Very Special Offering of 2,400

Men's Madras Shirts

Our Regular $3.00 Stock

$2.05 Each
or 3 for $6.00

Sale at Cooper Square Store ONLY

In compliance with the request of the Board of Health, our store will temporarily open at 9:30 A. M. and close at 6 P. M.

BROWNING KING & COMPANY
16-26 Cooper Square—at 5th Street
Fourth Avenue Cars Stop at the Door

American With Capital and Ability Seeks American Product for Europe

After twenty years' experience merchandising and in direction of large organization, the advertiser intends to take up his residence in France. He understands thoroughly European markets and conditions.

He desires to devote himself and considerable capital, if necessary, to the introduction and upbuilding and distribution of an American-made product or line. Highest references. Principals only are requested to communicate. Box Z 407 Times Annex.

"Accounting as an Aid to Business Profits"
by Wm. B. Bauer, C.P.A., M.A.I. and A.

WHERE does your business stand at the end of each day—or month—or year? Do you know exactly? Quite necessary in these times of rapidly fluctuating costs and uncertain labor conditions. Think of the added advantage to you of having a practical working manual like "Accounting as an Aid to Business Profits." Shows just what your daily sales are, your expenses, your approximate profits. Covers accounting from A to Z. Easy to understand. Interesting. 12 inserts; 104 forms; 328 pages.

At all leading booksellers $5 the copy

Shaw Standard Business Books

GOMPERS ATTACKS FORCED ARBITRATION

Declares Against Tentative Plan of President Wilson's Second Industrial Conference.

INSISTS ON RIGHT TO STRIKE

Tells National Civic Federation That Labor Will Resist Compulsory System to Bitter End.

Samuel Gompers declared positively yesterday against the tentative plan for industrial peace promulgated by President Wilson's second Industrial Conference, now in session at Washington. At the same time he voiced a vigorous defense of strikes as constructive factors in civilization.

Speaking at the annual meeting of the National Civic Federation in the Hotel Astor, the President of the American Federation of Labor not only explained why he thought the conference plan for a regional system of arbitration, with a sort of "court of appeals" at Washington, would not work, but he came out flatly against any form of compulsory arbitration, insisting that any plan of the sort was in violation of the principles of American liberty and declaring repeatedly that labor would resist it to the bitter end.

He disclosed for the first time that in "testifying" before an executive session of the Congress last Tuesday he voiced the objections which he expressed yesterday.

"I call your attention to the fact that the strikes of the working people of the United States are their protests against wrong and injustice," Mr. Gompers said. "Much as we endeavor and succeed in avoiding many strikes, they are the highest and most civilized form of protest against wrong and injustice. Look at any country on the face of the globe that you will, and you will find that the country in which there are fewer strikes, or no strikes at all—you will find in that country the lowest standard of life as compared with any other people of any other country. You will find that industrial dependence, servility and docility exist in the countries where there are no strikes.

"In those countries you will find less civilization than in any of the countries in which strikes occur. If the absence of strikes meant industrial and commercial prosperity, if the absence of strikes meant an independence of a country, its progress, its wealth, then China ought to stand at the head of civilization."

Referring to our sacrifices in the war with Germany, Mr. Gompers said no one deplored them, because their object was worth the cost.

"What applies to that political world contest," he went on, "is involved in the principle of the orderly natural and national development and aspiration of the cause of labor. Our movement is not destructive. There is not anything we would undertake to destroy that would be worth the maintaining and which could even remotely result to the advantage of the people of our country. Our movement is constructive, not revolutionary. Any attempt, particularly by legalistic methods and appliances, with governmental authority and power in any form, interjected in the industrial conflict will not only fail to be available, but it will be the provocative cause for many of the disputes which otherwise would be avoided.

Representation in Conference.

"This leads me to the suggestion that I should make some reference to the recommendations tentatively submitted to the Republic by the President's Second Industrial Conference. Before I do I feel constrained to mention briefly something of the First Presidential Industrial Conference, of which I was a member, representing labor. The group representing the public had upon it more and larger employers of labor than the group representing the employers, so that as a matter of fact it was unrepresentative of the public. The group representing the employers was made up largely of lawyers for the corporations. The only group that really represented the people, whom they were supposed to represent, were those who represented labor. If in our time, 1920, a group of employers, or a group representing employers, could not yield to the principle of the right of the workers to organize for the purpose of collective bargaining, by representatives of their own choosing, after meeting for two weeks, when this question was thrashed out, what was the use of setting further with a group of people who would not consent to agree to that mild and requisite declaration?

"The President in his wisdom has appointed another body of men to consider the same subject which he referred to the first conference. I have no desire to criticise the President's action. On the contrary, my admiration for him and the generous patriotic service which he has rendered to the country and to the world, his great altruism, his genuine spirit of helpfulness, would forbid it. But in the seventeen names of men constituting this group there are three members of the Cabinet, or former members of the Cabinet, and not one man who could speak in the name of, and as a representative of, labor. And yet I feel persuaded that these gentlemen are endeavoring to do the best they know how in order to find some solution of this great subject of industrial unrest for the establishment of better relations between workers and employers.

"I had the honor of appearing before that commission a few days ago, that is on Jan. 27, and put in the whole day and discussed the proposals of the commission in detail. Theirs is an attempt to accomplish the result of industrial disputes by political machinery, with a national board of adjustment, three of whom are to be appointed, without designating by whom, three of them are to be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce and three by the Secretary of Labor.

"The political pendulum swings at different angles at different times. Supposing the political complexion shall change, and with that political complexion of a new Administration shall come the spirit so manifest among large numbers of people who desire to repress and suppress labor, and labor's normal activities. Can we imagine what kind of National Board of Adjustment would be appointed?

"There is to be constituted, as proposed, twelve regional boards, and if there be a failure to adjust the dispute in any region, then there is the right of appeal to the National Board of Adjustment. Is it difficult to understand that if one side to a controversy shall feel they have either a poor case, or that the board may be inclined to make an award against them, they will prevent a decisive vote or award, so that the case may be referred upon their right to the National Board of Adjustment in the hope that the National Board may take a more favorable view of their contention? So the National Board would without question be overwhelmed with appeals, as well as with cases over which they would have original jurisdiction. The machinery is based upon partisan or bipartisan character, with the exception that there shall not be more than a majority of one of a political party constituting the board. Surely the party in power would not give the majority of any of those boards except to their own political partisan adherents. And as changes would be made in the politics of the administration, all these boards from the National down to the regionals, would be changed from a political partisan standpoint.

"The awards that are made under such conditions, whether they be Democratic or Republican—will these awards, or the withholding of awards, or the generosity or the unkindness or the unfairness of an award, have no tinge of political partisanship or the possibility of political advantage?

"There is a fancy provision that not the Chairman but the arbitrators or the regional boards of adjustment, outside of the Chairmen, shall be drawn from a panel of names submitted by the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Labor. The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Labor, sympathetic toward the cause, might suggest names for the panel of men sympathetically inclined toward labor. If there be that swing of the pendulum to which I have referred, and an administration be brought into power whose sympathies are lacking and whose perceptions are dulled, or whose position is that of opposition to the hopes and aspirations and activities of labor, you can imagine what that panel might mean. But in any event, I would just as leave submit the cause for a better life for the workers to the toss of a penny as to submit it to a panel of jurors haphazardly drawn.

"During the hearing before the commission, we called attention to the fact several times and emphasized it, that every provision and every proposal might be accepted and encouraged and helped in its exemplification and administration if the compulsory terms were withdrawn from it and the penal clauses by direction or indirection were eliminated. Labor asks nothing for itself that it will not accord to every other citizen. It asks as it will give its support to every group or to any individual man or woman who aims to help in the solution of a given problem or the prevention or readjustment of any dispute. But it protests and will continue to protest against any feature such as is contained in the Cummins bill to return the railroads, or Congressman Esch's provision to accomplish the same result. It will oppose to the very last the legislation which is attempted in our time to curb the rights and the freedom of the people of the United States.

"We are perfectly satisfied to have this national conference of the President's carry on their work and promulgate proposals, but they must be voluntary, growing out of the earnest and honest purpose of both sides, consciousness of responsibility resting upon both.

Shea Opposes Cummins Bill.

Timothy Shea, Acting President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, spoke along similar lines against compulsory arbitration in general and the Cummins Railroad bill in particular, saying:

"The executives of the railway labor organizations have become convinced—and their conclusions are based upon actual evidence—that this legislation is the outcome of a conspiracy to reduce wages below their present inadequate levels. The large financial interests who are in the background evidently originated this legislation under the guise of protecting the public against railway strikes. They have reasoned that if governmental control of the transportation industry ceases after March 1 of this year they will reduce the wages of railway workers, and if strikes result they will break them by fining and imprisoning the strikers. It is needless to say that not only as railway workers but as citizens in a self-governing Republic we shall resist this conspiracy to the uttermost."

Ralph M. Easley, Chairman of the Executive Council of the Federation, was another who attacked the conference plan, suggesting a scheme for industrial peace without any compulsory features and aided by an organization of men experienced in conciliation.

At the morning session Allen Walker of the Guaranty Trust Company discussed increased production through vocational training and other methods.

Alton B. Parker, who presided at the sessions, criticised the recent plea b Bishop Brent and other clergymen to stop deportation without judicial trial and "other abuses" they felt had grown up in connection with the treatment of radicals. He said:—

"Of course we understand what they mean. This is a protest to the people of the United States against our sending back to Russia the Reds. When they say 'without judicial trial' it is not altogether true, for the 3,000 that are about to be sent had on their persons the card of the Reds which showed their membership in the organization. Do these kindly-minded clergymen wish us to present the spectacle of attempting to try here and there more than 3,000 men for the purpose finally of introducing the Red card which shows that they belong to this criminally organized Government in Russia?

"But to criticise it at all is a suggestion that somehow or other we are obliged to stand still and permit the scum of the earth to come here with a view of finally seizing our Government. Why, that is not the law of nations and never was. We have treaties now with two countries—with one country and an understanding with another—by which most of its citizens are prevented from coming here. We have a right to close our doors at any time and, my friends, isn't it time to close our doors against those whose purpose in coming we well understand?"

The meeting will conclude with two sessions today.

TELLS WHAT WOMEN CAN DO.

Solution of School Problem in Their Power, Says Miss Wetmore.

Miss Maude Wetmore presided yesterday at a session of the women's section of the National Civic Federation held in the Hotel Astor concurrently with the afternoon session of the annual meeting of the organization. In her annual report she dwelt upon the latent force of women, brought out by the war, and said with regard to the education of the rising generation:

"If some of the war enthusiasm can be rekindled and women made to understand and see and then in mass demand for their children what the Government, in honor bound, is obligated to give them, there would be no difficulty in solving the school problem. The coming generation would be finer and women, consequently, finer citizens. The old American spirit would again prevail. Upright, clean and true, it would stand for our traditions and our ideals."

Miss Fannie W. Dunn of Teachers College, said there are 65,000 schools in this country in which the instruction given is below the proper standard. She said that 35,000 schools, on the other hand, are closed tight. In five of the Southern States one-half of the schools are either closed or supplying inadequate instruction. Three-fifths of the schools in the rural districts are not sufficiently lighted, she said.

There is twice as much illiteracy in the country as exists in the cities, declared Miss Dunn, and of the native born white people there are six times as many illiterates in the country districts as in the city environs. The children in the cities have 100 per cent. more chances of finishing a high school course than their country cousins and for finishing an elementary course the chances in favor of the city child are 300 per cent. greater.

During the last year, Miss Dunn said, 149,000 teachers had resigned and all told there were approximately 600,000 teachers throughout the United States.

POET DROPS TOKIO FLIGHT.

D'Annunzio Announces Inability to Follow Long Talked-Of Plan.

ROME, Jan. 29.—Gabriele d'Annunzio has sent a dispatch from Fiume saying that he will be unable to participate in the proposed flight from Rome to Tokio.

He will be represented by Captain Martinetti, who will arrive in Rome from Fiume shortly and who will command a squadron of five planes.

Quebec Assembly to Debate Suffrage

QUEBEC, Jan. 29.—"Votes for Women" will be debated for the first time in the history of the Quebec Legislature within the next few days. J. S. A. Ashley, Assembly member from Lachine, has just presented a motion that "in the opinion of this House, the time has come to study the desirability of giving women the suffrage."

MANY REDS MAY BE FREED.

New Rules Make It Hard to Prove Prisoners Are Aliens.

Fear that some of the extremists held for deportation must be released because it will be impossible to prove they are aliens was expressed at Ellis Island yesterday as the result of recent modifications of immigration regulations by the Department of Labor. By refusing to tell where he was born a man arrested on a deportation warrant may be enabled to stay in the country, it is stated, as proof of the nativity of an alien in such a proceeding usually comes from himself and is difficult to obtain otherwise.

Under the modified regulations aliens arrested must be advised immediately that they have the privilege of counsel. The practice of years at Ellis Island had been not to notify an alien of such a right until the inspector conducting his case was satisfied that the Government's interests had been protected. If the alien wanted counsel a date was set for another hearing which counsel was permitted to attend. It is expected the modified regulations will enable a lawyer to advise a client not to answer any questions at all before immigration inspectors have an opportunity to examine the alien.

Of more than five hundred men and women sent to Ellis Island as the result of recent raids on Communists, eight have been freed because there was no proof that they were Communists, 225, most of whom refused to answer questions of inspectors, have been released on bail, and 305 are left at the island. In addition about sixty who have been ordered deported are on the island, their cases not having been completed when the Buford sailed. These include forty-three from Detroit. Twenty Reds are in the hospital, mostly with colds, according to officials.

German Envoy Presents Credentials.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Dr. Wilhelm Mayer, the new German Charge d'Affaires, presented his credentials to Premier Millerand this evening. Dr. Mayer, who arrived in Paris last Saturday, will leave for Berlin this evening for a few days' stay to settle up his personal affairs. Dr. Mayer presented his credentials to M. Millerand in accordance with the diplomatic custom for Charges d'Affaires to make themselves officially known to the Premier, and not to the President of the Republic, as is the case with Ministers and Ambassadors.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

The Bush Terminal Company operates fifty-seven 5-ton Walkers. Including idle time, each averaged 290.5 perfect working days out of 302. Ninety-six per cent. efficiency is average with Walkers.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

NO TWO WAYS ABOUT THAT!

It may be that, owing to our commanding purchasing position in the building world, we can save you some money on the contemplated cost.

Certainly, we can save you from losing any.

"Put it up to us to put it up!"

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
PARIS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST
NEW YORK
SPRING MILLINERY
DESIGNED
IN OUR OWN WORK ROOMS
ALSO AN
EXTENSIVE COLLECTION
OF
FRENCH HATS
AND ADAPTATIONS

No Connection With Any Other Establishment in the World

WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET — WORTH — BETWEEN BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE

Women's and Misses' Winter Coats and Suits At Radical Reductions

All Colors and Sizes, in All Materials and at Each Price

WITH Winter still holding sway, the snug coat, in warm materials and effects, strives successfully with snow and chilly blasts in models of Silvertone and Velour de Laine, their cozy comfort and delightful grace impressed upon the wearer by smart collars of fur or self materials.

Reduced to

30.00

PROBABLY never before in the history of the mode have garments been fashioned so thoroughly in harmony with the spirit of the season, as shown in the Winter coats of luxurious Evora, Velour de Laine and Silvertip Bolivia, with their wondrous collars of Squirrel, Taupe Nutria and Raccoon.

Reduced to

75.00

NOTHING enables a woman to voice that air of distinction more than a fur-trimmed coat, especially if it be elaborately fashioned of Vellouise, Evora, Velour de Laine, Silvertip Bolivia, Bokhara or Frost Glo with collars and cuffs of Beaver, Squirrel, Taupe Nutria or Australian Opossum.

Reduced to

150.00

Fur-Trimmed Suits

BESIDES imparting a sense of delicious warmth, fur is marvelously effective as a trimming, as emphasized in the mid-season suits of Duvet de Laine, Yalama and Duvet Superior, enhanced by smart collars of Jap Mink and Taupe Nutria. In all sizes for women and misses.

A Number of Models Reduced to

60.00

TO achieve the very extreme of elegance and at the same time reflect the Winter spirit, is the aim of these graceful Tailleurs of Yalama, Velour de Laine and Tinseltone, with elaborations of Ringtail, Squirrel and Taupe Nutria. In all sizes for women and misses.

A Number of Models Reduced to

75.00

New Springtime Frocks For Women and Misses A Collection Rich In Variety

The Values Are Most Extraordinary

RUFFLES and pleats contend for favor in the early Spring frocks of Taffeta Silk while in the exquisite gowns of Georgette beading is the dominant theme; embroidery is preferred in the models of Tricotine and drapery in those of Satin that feature new skirt effects.

Very Specially Priced

30.00

FROCKS of dainty Georgette characterized by the lavish use of brilliant beading, beautifully embroidered and beaded dresses of Tricotine and unique frocks of Taffeta Silk in the quaintest of ruffles and loveliest of draperies, disclose some of the more interesting features of the Spring style.

Very Specially Priced

50.00

THE Spring mode advocates Crepe Meteor, Georgette and Satin for the newest of frocks that attain added charm by the use of Shell, Iridescent, Crystal and Sphinx beading, handsome silk girdles in contrasting colors and lace collars in designs of rarest grace.

Very Specially Priced

75.00

A FAVORITE fabric for the elaborate Spring frocks is Crepe Georgette, inexpressibly feminine in its sheer and dainty textile beauty, with rich gold thread embroidery, brilliant beadwork, the new pleated skirt and other effective touches expressing distinction.

Very Specially Priced

125.00

New Spring Suits

ANTICIPATING the tailored vogue in models of versatility and revealing new and individual types are these smart Spring suits, expressed in short Eton or Bolero Jackets, and longer coats in straightline effects, belted or beltless and including embroidered, two and three-piece costume suits of exceptional beauty, jaunty sports suits and smart mannish tailor-mades.

Homespun	Tricotine	Tweeds
Poiret Twill	Velour Checks	Serge
Gabardine	Silvertone	Coverts

Very Specially Priced

45.00 to 195.00

$54,435 PAID FOR 88 DE LAMAR PICTURES

Vibert's "The Incoming Tide" Fetches Highest Price, $3,800, at Sale at The Plaza.

A MORAN BRINGS $3,700

De Madrazo's Work, 'Sortie du Bal,' Which Brought $16,050 In Stewart Sale, Sold for $2,000.

Pictures collected by the late Captain J. R. De Lamar were sold under the auspices of the American Art Association at the Hotel Plaza last evening, eighty-eight numbers, including one group of fourteen pictures, going for $54,435. The highest price of the evening, $3,800, was paid for a Vibert, "The Incoming Tide," a beach scene showing a Cardinal in his robes of red, with the same brilliant Vibert color in the beach chair caught by the inflowing waters. This went to P. W. Rouss, and a second Vibert, "Departure of His Eminence," a young Cardinal on horseback leaving a palace where he has been entertained, bestowing his blessing, went to Parke, agent, for $2,700.

"A Dream of the Orient," a delicate, Turneresque Thomas Moran, brought the second highest price of the evening, going to Captain McMillin for $3,700.

Some of the pictures had lost value with years, and what was said to be the greatest work of Raimondo de Madrazo, "Sortie du Bal," which sold in the W. H. Stewart sale for $16,500, went last night to John Bossert for $2,000.

The last number of the evening, "The Nations Represented in Music," consisted of fourteen small oval paintings in delicate gold frames, each with a female figure representing a nation with a musical instrument. They were in delicate colors, with blue sky and white clouds for the background, painted by Will H. Low for W. T. Evans's music room, and bringing at his sale $4,000. They went last night to R. C. & N. M.

The Pictures and Prices.

The following are the pictures bringing $200 and over:

5—Cardinal Richelieu's Fete-day—Jakob Leisten; H. D. G. Rohlfs	$200
11—La Vannaise—Aime Perret; Holland Galleries	240
12—Chess—Francois Brunery; H. H. Parker, agent	400
13—Femme Blonde—Henri Rondel; W. Butler	325
14—Sheep and Landscape—Verboeckhoven; Holland Galleries	560
16—Gathering the Harvest—Ferdinand Jean Monchablon; H. D. G. Rohlfs	370
17—Love's Missile — Alma-Tadema; Parke, agent	3,100
18—Monarch of the Forest—Rosa Bonheur; P. W. Rouss	1,525
19—At Spring Day—Emile van Marcke; Berner, agent	400
20—La Visite a l'Artist—Cesare Detti; H. H. Parke, agent	250
21—Recreation in Camp—Paul L. M. Grolleron; G. La Branch	325
22—Les Halles—Jean Beraud; Holland Galleries	400
23—The Cavalier—Ferdinand Roybet; Parke, agent	875
24—Musical Cardinals—Francois Brunery; Parke, agents	675
25—Cardinals Feasting: A Toast to the Chef—Francois Brunery; T. Russell	725
26—On the Road to Barbizon—Leon Richet; O. Bernet, agent	250
27—Cattle at the River—James M. Hart; Mrs. G. Parker	325
28—Summer Landscape—Robert Ward Van Boskerck; Henry Schulthels	$425
29—The Ladies Have Their Jest—Joseph Frederic Charles Soulacroix; Dr. O'Bary	320
30—La Mort de Candaule—Gerome; Ruddrt, agent	1,000
31—The Water Carrier—Daniel Ridgway Knight; Parke, agent	1,500
32—The Letter—Raimundo de Madrazo; M. Rionda	540
33—The Incoming Tide—Jehan Georges Vibert; P. W. Rouss	3,800
34—Roman Interior With Figures—P. Vander Ouderaa; Holland Galleries	260
35—Italian Girl Resting—Leon B. Perrault; L. Gwsley	300
37—The Danseuse Orientale—Leon Francois Comerre; Holland Galleries	300
38—Tigers Drinking: "The King of the Desert."—Jean Leon Gerome; Holland Galleries	1,175
39—The Three Brothers—Henri Laissement; Howard Young	475
40—Temptation of St. Anthony—Alexandre Louis Leloir; W. C. Thompson	575
41—"His Highness"—Carl Kahler; W. C. Thompson	250
46—The Artist's Studio at Melbourne—Carl Kahler; R. Hyman	200
47—Venice—Felix Ziem; Holland Galleries	1,225
48—The Gleaners (Pastel)—Jules Breton; Howard Young	2,250
49—Moorish Sheik and Escort—Adolf Schreyer; H. Fairchild	2,500
50—A Dream of the Orient—Thomas Moran; Captain McMillin	3,700
51—The Casino at Monte Carlo—Jean Beraud; Holland Galleries	525
60—Portrait of a Lady—Thomas Gainsborough, R. A. (attributed to); Mrs. Abbott	250
63—Portrait of the Comtesse D'Estrades—Antoine Vestier (attributed to); J. Ferguson	320
64—Portrait of La Comtesse de Farsbere—Jean Marc Nattier; O. Belsheim	1,350
66—Portrait of the Duchesse de Noailles —Hyacinthe Rigaud; O. Belsheim	275
69—Portrait of a Lady—Charles Joseph Natoire; William Taylor	390
70—The Piazza, Venice—F. Del Campo; Holland Galleries	600
71—A Victim of Coquetry — Eugen von Blaas; Rudert, agent	725
72—Chant d'Amour—E. Giachi; H. O. Fairchild	225
75—Sortie du Bal—Raimundo de Madrazo; John Bossert	2,000
74—Legend of St. George and the Dragon: Episode IV.: The Princess Led to the Dragon—Sir Edward Burne-Jones; Robert H. McCormick	1,000
76—A Bavarian Holiday—Ludwig Knaus; Henry Schulthels	2,500
78—Departure of His Eminence—Jehan Georges Vibert; Parke, agent	2,700
77—L'Amour—William Adolphe Bouguereau; H. O. Fairchild	1,875
78—The Embankment—Etienne Prosper Berne-Bellecour; H. D. & G. Rohlfs	700
82—Field of Heather—William Didier-Pouget; H. A. Prosser	250
83—State Procession of Shah Jehan—Edwin Lord Weeks; H. D. G. Rohlfs	975
85—Portrait of Louis XV. in State Robes—Carle Van Loo; H. D. G. Rohlfs	475
86—Portrait of a Lady—Thomas Gainsborough (attributed to)—O. Belsheim	280
88—The Nations Represented in Music —Will H. Low; R. C. & N. M. Vose	575

Two interesting pictures of the sale were Alma Tadema's "Love's Missile," which went to Parke, agent, for $3,100, and a Burne-Jones, a work of that artist seldom appearing in sales. This one, "The Legend of St. George and the Dragon: Episode IV: The Princess Led to the Dragon," went to Robert H. McCormick for $1,000.

REDS ASKED TO RELEASE RED CROSS PRISONERS

Captive Americans Not Believed to be in Danger, Vladivostok Advices Say.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Request for the release of the four American Red Cross workers recently captured by the Bolsheviki in Siberia already has been forwarded to the Russian Soviet authorities through the Czechs, Red Cross headquarters was informed today by representatives in Vladivostok in a cablegram, which also stated that the prisoners were not believed to be in any danger.

Names of the Red Cross men mentioned in the cablegram as prisoners were: Dr. W. H. Ford of Kingston, Okla., (probably); Dr. J. N. Mehill of Jaroso, Col.; Otto W. Lowe of New York and Edward E. Charette of Stockton, Cal.

The cable advices from Vladivostok explained that the expression of optimism concerning the safety of the Red Cross personnel was founded on reports from the newly-conquered parts of Siberia, indicating that the Bolsheviki were pursuing a liberal policy toward prisoners.

DR. BREWSTER ALSO SIGNER.

Connecticut Episcopal Bishop Joined in Deportation Protest.

HARTFORD, Jan. 29.—The Right Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Connecticut, stated today that he had joined with other churchmen in signing a protest against deportation of foreigners without full trial. The Bishop said:

"I was glad to sign the statement. I am not sure that some of these men have been deported without trial, but it has been asserted that such is the case, and I am afraid that it has happened. I want to be sure that each man, before being deported, has had entire justice."

Plans North Russian Reforms.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—A despatch from Archangel says that M. Zuroff, who has succeeded Nicholas Tchaikovsky as head of the Provisional North Russian Government, expresses the view that the time has arrived for the establishment of a new government based upon an elected body which is representative of the people and strong enough to carry out the financial and industrial reconstruction of the country.

WOMAN CONVICTS ROBBER BY HIS VOICE

Mrs. Francis I. Walton, Blindfolded, Picks Out Guilty Man Out of Seven Suspects.

TOUCH TEST ALSO SUCCEEDS

Three Men Who Gagged and Robbed Her In Basement Get Long Prison Terms.

The identification of one of three robbers by Mrs. Francis I. Walton, a wealthy widow of 25 East Eleventh Street, who, seated behind a screen and blindfolded in the Homicide Bureau at Police Headquarters, had by her sense of hearing picked out one of the suspects from a line of men whose voices she had heard, brought about the conviction of all the men and the sentence of two to long terms yesterday by Judge Wadhams in General Sessions.

Owen Loop, a negro, 24 years old, was sentenced to fifteen years, and Harry Burnfield, 21, to five to ten years. Nells Tilliquist of 415 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, the third of the robbers, and the subject of Mrs. Walton's remarkable identification, had pleaded guilty and had given evidence against his companions. Judge Rosalsky sent him to Sing Sing Prison a week ago for ten years.

Mrs. Walton is the mother of Captain Archibald Walton of the Regular Army. Her home is opposite that of District Attorney Swann at 22 East Eleventh Street. For some months Mrs. Walton and a maid were the only occupants of her home. Last Fall she hired a negro to attend the furnace and other work. He was Loop, who represented himself as "Thomas Smith." On Sept. 29 Loop asked Mrs. Walton to follow him to the basement on pretense of inspecting a defective faucet.

Two men emerged from a dark corner and seized the woman. They bound and gagged her and carried her to the cellar, while Loop returned to see that the maid did not interfere. One of the trio, now known to have been Tilliquist, remained to guard Mrs. Walton. He spoke to her and touched her face while readjusting the gag, but she could not see his face plainly. The third robber went through the rooms and took jewelry and cash amounting to $647.

Some time after the assailants had fled the maid released her mistress. Captain Arthur Carey of the Homicide Bureau took charge of the case because he thought he recognized one of the robbers from a meager description Mrs. Walton gave of one of them. Then she picked out Loop's photograph from the Rogues Gallery. Carey and Detective Kirk finally arrested the three men and several other suspects. Mrs. Walton knew Loop, but when it came to identifying the others she faltered.

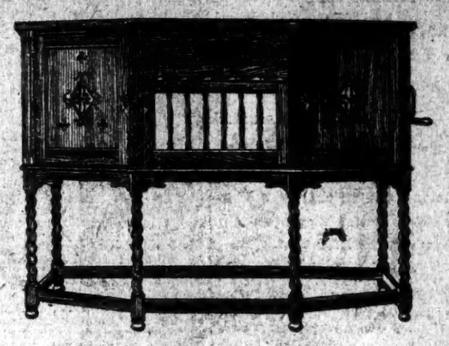
"Let me hear the voice of the man who guarded me in the cellar, and I'll know you've got the right one," she suggested. Burnfield and Tilliquist were placed in a line of men and all talked. As each spoke the Captain announced him by number. Mrs. Walton, seated behind a screen, where she could see none of the men, listened silently until she heard the seventh man speak. Then she said: "That's the man—the seventh one." He was Tilliquist.

But Mrs. Walton was determined that the identification should be complete and absolutely convincing. She told Carey that the dim light of the cellar prevented her from seeing the face of her guard clearly, but she said she remembered the touch of his hands, as well as his voice.

"Blindfold me, Captain, and when he touches my face I'll know him." For this test Tilliquist was placed at a different place in the line, so that Mrs. Walton could not determine by counting, as in the former test. When Tilliquist placed his fingers to her face she promptly identified him. He then admitted his part in the attack and robbery. When Loop's furnished room uptown was searched a valuable painting, from which the artist's name had been removed, was found. The police believe it was stolen. They have not found its owner.

In A.D. 1826
NINETY FOUR *Years AGO*

¶ Fifth Avenue and 39th Street gave little promise in 1826, of its future eminence. *Croton Cottage*, near 39th Street and Fifth Avenue looked quiet enough in those days.



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THE "EARS" OF A NEWSPAPER

For many years it has been customary to identify the "Edition" of afternoon newspapers by means of a name or symbol within a small box—or "Ear"—at the top right-hand corner of the front page.

These names usually have no relation to the actual time of press start—a "Late Evening Edition" may be printed before noon.

With a view to clarifying the various Editions of the *Evening Post* the following explanation is given to our readers:

Beginning January 26th the following "Ears" will Identify our Publication—both by name and actual time of starting press on each of the five editions.

The First Edition, with press start of 11:30 A. M.—reaching stands from 11:35 to 12:30, according to distance from our building—will carry following "Ear":

Afternoon Edition
Presses Start 11:30 A. M.
Entered at N. Y. Post Office as 2d-class matter.

Second Edition, carrying 1:30 market prices, with press start of 2 P. M.—reaching stands from 2:05 to 2:45 P. M.—will be designated as

Home Edition
1:30 P. M. Stock Prices
Presses Start 2:00 P. M.
Entered at N. Y. Post Office as 2d-class matter.

Third Edition, with press start of 3:20 P. M.—and carrying closing market prices—will reach stands from 3:25 to 4 P. M., and will carry "Ear" as follows:

Wall St. Edition
Closing Market Prices
Presses Start 3:20 P. M.
Entered at N. Y. Post Office as 2d-class matter.

Fourth Edition, with press start of 3:45 P. M., carrying complete market reports, including "Bid and Asked," will be the earliest record of that nature on the street, reaching stands from 3:50 to 4:20. This will be known as

Night Edition
Complete Market Prices
Presses Start 3:45 P. M.
Entered at N. Y. Post Office as 2d-class matter.

Fifth, and last, Edition, with press start of 4:30 P. M., will carry latest news of the day and all other features complete. This will be identified by the following "Ear" and will reach stands from 4:35 on:

Final Edition
★ ★ ★ ★ ★
Entered at N. Y. Post Office as 2d-class matter.

Our previous early morning edition has been discontinued.

The Evening Post

THIS GREATEST OF ALL ANNUAL BRILL SALES

Offers untold opportunities for highly profitable buying, for it places at your disposal practically unlimited choice of America's finest ready-to-wear clothing at distinctly liberal reductions from this past season's prices, at a time when there is every reason to believe that clothing prices will be fully 30% higher next Winter; or at least, enough reason to justify us in offering to buy back next season, AT PURCHASE PRICE, any suit or overcoat bought in this sale, IF PRICES DO NOT GO UP.

Included is the entire stock of the seven Stores.

Kuppenheimer and Brill Overcoats, Ulsters and Suits

$75, $80, $85 and $90 Overcoats and Suits, at..... $67.50

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$95, $100, $115, $125 and $135 Overcoats and Suits on Sale at 49th and 42d Street Stores Only, at $87.50

$30.00, $32.50, $35.00 and $40.00 Suits at all stores except 49th and 42d Streets, at $23.50

Several hundred new Kuppenheimer Ulsters, have just been received and included in the sale instead of being held out and sold at regular prices or packed away for next season and sold at an advance.

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS

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Do not wait for some one near you to be stricken with the dreaded malady.

Take the offensive against the powerful germs of influenza. Practice thorough and frequent disinfection. That's an effective way to fight the present enemy that attacks invisibly.

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Disease germs cannot live with Lysol Disinfectant—it kills all germ life at the moment of application.

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In the home: Have a solution of Lysol Disinfectant sprinkled regularly in sinks, drains, toilets, garbage cans.

Insist on Lysol Disinfectant being used in all scrubbing water.

A 50c bottle makes five gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes two gallons.

Remember, there is but one genuine Lysol Disinfectant—made, bottled, signed, and sealed by Lehn & Fink, Inc.

Lysol Toilet Soap *25c a Cake*
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to protect the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream *in Tubes*
Contains the necessary proportion of the antiseptic ingredients of Lysol Disinfectant to kill germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound) and, to guard the tiny cuts from infection, and give an antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

Lehn & Fink New York

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Amsterdam Ave. 133, Amsterdam Garage. 1361, Breens Garage.
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Avenue B. 300, Good Garage.
Avenue D. 89, Avenue D Garage.
Bailey Ave. 3129, J. Whalen's Garage. 3131, Whelan's Garage.
Bainbridge Ave. 3619, Bahrenberg's Gas and Service Station.
Barretto St. & Whitlock Ave. Barretto Garage.
Barrow St. 130, Barrow Street Commercial Garage.
Belmont Ave. 1827, Lion Garage, Inc.
Bergen Ave. 607, Bronx Co. Auto Co.
Bronx Ave. 1433, Ferraca Garage.
Boston Road. 1015, The Speier Gar., Inc. 1262, Rosenblatt Garage & Taxi Co., Inc. 1362, Jefferson Place Garage. 4058, J. Schunke. 4061, Adolph Feilhaven.
Broadway. 1910, Michael T. Watts. 2322, B'way Garage, Inc. 2461, Kenbee Sales Company. 2906, Cimotti Garage Company. 3240, Kratz Gas Station. 3261, Claremont Garage. 3442, Greater New York Garage. 4360, The Arthur Garage, Inc. 4565, Lange's Auto Supplies. 4820, Inwood Gasoline Service Station. 5016, Brickner's Auto Sup. Co., Inc. and 195th St., Star Rubber Co.
Broadway and 54th St. Reo Motor Car Co.
Broadway and 65th St. Lincoln Sq. Gar.
Broadway and 69th St. Edw. Morris.
Broadway and 70th St. Winton Company.
Broadway and 72d St. Bellevue Garage.
Broadway and 135th St. 135th Gar. Corp.
Broadway & 218th St. S. Buffo's Gas Sta.
Brook Ave. 212, Belmah Garage. 1094, Wm. & Thos. Witters Garage.
Brown Place. 144, Dieterich-Edwards Co.
Cannon, Lewis & Delancey Sts., Cannon and Lewis St. Garage.
Castle Hill Ave. 1166, Estling's Garage, B. Catherine St. 28, Catherine St. Garage.
Cherry St. 224, Sternaker Garage.
Chrystie St. 47-53 Metropolitan News Co.
Convent Ave. 42, Brunswick Garage.
Courtlandt Ave. 151st and 152nd Sts., Melrose Station Garage.
Crotona Ave. 1967, Crotona Garage.
Daly Ave. 2070, Individual Garage, Inc.
Delancey St. 173, I. Sevin.
Division St. 135, Louis Goldberg.
Downing St. 46, Downing Garage Co.
Dyckman St. 3, Inwood Garage. And B'way, McFarlins Gas Station.
E. 2d St. 79, Agens Garage.
E. 4th St. 31-35, Crest Garage, Inc.
E. 6th St. 511, Revere Garage.
E. 9th St. Cor. Lewis St., 7th St. Garage.
E. 11th St. 410, 9th St. Garage.
E. 9th St. 216, New Royal Garage. 224, 9th St. Garage. 306, F. Collins.
E. 10th St. 462, Renea Garage.
E. 11th St. 732, Dry Dock Garage. 716, Minute Garage.
E. 12th St. 19, Cleric and Bambi.
E. 13th St. 503, 3rd Garage Co.
E. 16th St. 148, Fred Dohrmann.
E. 19th St. 507, Good Service Garage.
E. 20th St. 230, Ford Service Co.
E. 21st St. 223, New Home Garage. 516, Stuyvesant Garage.
E. 24th St. 160, Heremele Bros, 206, Polmer Garage.
E. 26th St. 219, East 26th St. Garage.
E. 31st St. 139, Blue Sprocket Garage. 411, Express Garage.
E. 37th St. 233, 37th St. Garage, McCook & Co.
E. 38th St. 318, East 38th St. Garage.
E. 40th St. 27, Murrey Hill Garage. 32, McDermott Garage.
E. 41st St. Commonwealth Garage. 137, 41st St. Garage, Inc. 144, Republic Garage.
E. 43d St. 231, East 43d St. Garage.
E. 44th St. 223-231, Commodore-Biltmore Co., Inc.
E. 47th St. Biltmore Gar., Inc., 205 to 213, 222-24, 47th St. Garage.
E. 54th St. 218, Mercedes Garage. 416, Knickerbocker Garage.
E. 55th St. 418, C. W. Cavanagh.
E. 58th St. 215, Adams Garage Co.
E. 57th St. 156, 57th St. Garage, John J. O'Hara.
E. 58th St. 15, Willett & Co.
E. 59th St. 416, Olsen's Garage, C. A. Olsen.
E. 62d St. 418, Central Garage.
E. 63d St. And Second Ave. Meadow Brook Garage. And 2d Ave., Motor Inn Garage. 112, State Garage.
E. 64th St. 157, Graymoor Garage Corp. and 2nd Ave., Terrace Garage.
E. 65th St. 224, Halcyon Garage, Inc. 242, Tuxedo Park Garage. 246, Rhinelander. 435, Delaware Garage.
E. 66th St. 118, 66th St. Garage.
E. 67th St. 221-235, Berwick Gar. Co., Inc. 225, S. Blum.
E. 70th St. 134, Cor. 3d Ave., Pinehurst Garage.
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E. 73d St. 153, Brooks Garage.
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E. 76th St. 51, Elysee Garage. 422, Lind & Co., Gus.
E. 77th St. 154, Ardsley Garage.
E. 79th St. 406, Seventy-ninth St. Garage.
E. 80th St. 529, Manhattan Vehicle Co.
E. 81st St. 269, Avon Garage.
E. 84th St. 115, Belmont Garage. 157, Graymoor Garage Corp. 167, Onyx Garage.
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E. 105th St. Cor. 5th Ave., Michael T. Watts. 156, 105th St. Garage.
E. 108th St. 55, Lyons' Garage, M. 402, 109th St. Garage.
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E. 120th St. 154, Strathmann Auto Co. 166-172, Aranel Garage, Inc.
E. 121st St. 327, E. 121st St. Garage.
E. 122d St. 418, Volunteer Garage.
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E. 125th St. 277, Phoenix Garage. 217, Taub's 125th St. Garage.
E. 127th St. 207, Chodack Garage.
E. 130th St. 73-75, Caswell Motor Co.
E. 133d St. 447, Byrnes Garage. 489, Bronx Motors & Mach. Co.
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E. 137th St. 253, 137th St. Garage Corp.
E. 144th St. 265, Triangle Garage.
E. 145th St. Willis Ave., & 145th St., Willis Ave. Service Station.
E. 149th St. 517, Gordon's Garage.
E. 149th St. 435, 149th St. Garage. 442, American Auto Repair Co.
E. 149th St. 437, Hub Gasoline Station. and Jackson Ave., Tratta's Gas Station.
E. 151st St. 245, Columbia Garage.
E. 152d St. Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
E. 158th St. 770, Trio Garage.
E. 162d St. 490, Roberts Garage.
E. 172nd St. 586, Supreme Garage.
E. 173rd St. 456, Santi's Garage.
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E. 176th St. 412, Hewson's Garage. 941, Correll Garage.
E. 177th St. 2231, L. & R. O. Pratt.
E. 200th St. Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
E. 215th St. Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
Eastchester Road. And Boston Road, Jos. McCrain.
East. Blvd. & Pelham Pkwy. Frank Gent.
East Tremont Ave. 1876, Midway Garage, Inc. 3022, Higgin's Gas Station. 2645, Bentley's Garage.
Eleventh Ave. 440, New York Herald Gar.
Fifth Ave. Circle Gasoline Sta. at 110 St.
First Ave. 1103, Flynn Garage. 1292, Janovic, Emil. 1534, First Ave., Auto Garage, Inc.
Fordham Road. 885, Chas. L. Moore Sales and Service Station. 630, Rialto Garage.
Forest Ave. 1033 Keller's Garage. 478 Forest Ave. Garage.
Freeman St. 1030, Freeman St. Garage.
Front St. 363-365, Reardon Garage.
Gerard Ave. Reo Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 150th St.
Goerck St. 71, Eastern Garage.
Grand Ave. & E. Fordham Rd. Grand Ave. Garage.
Grand Concourse. 1542, Blue Ribbon Gar. 2110, Bergen Garage. 2458, Grand Concourse Garage. Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Stat., Wm. Cor. 187th St., Grand Boulevard Garage. Gasoline & Oil Supply Co., Grand Concourse, cor. Echo Pl.
Grant Ave. 1622d St., Grant Ave. Garage.
Greenwich Ave. 74-6, Greenwich Av. Gar. 12th St., Jackson Sq. Garage.
Hall's Pl. 4 Hall's Pl. Garage.
Hamilton Pl. 17, Kesbec, Sales Co.
Harlem River & 133d St. I. J. Sobel.
Hudson St. 651 Sullivan & Dempsey.
Irving Pl. 59, Gramercy Park Garage.
Jackson Ave. 500, Shafron's Garage. and 149th St., Tratta's Gas Station.
Jane St. 89-93 Flynn's Jane St. Garage.
Jerome Ave. 1934, Jerome Ave. Garage. Cor 167th St. Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
125th St., Stones Garage.
Jumel Pl. 33, Burke's Garage.
La Fontaine Ave. 2062, La Fontaine Ave. Garage.
Lafayette St. 14, Ruggier Service Station.
Lenox Ave. 2163, Michael T. Watts.
202, L. Klingman.
Lewis St. 60, Lewis St. Garage.
Lincoln Ave. & 136th St. Wilton Garage.
Longwood Ave. 1146, Longwood Garage.
Mangin St. 64, Heipenhauser Bros. 72, Heipenhauser Bros.
Metropolitan Ave. 251, Metropolitan Gar.
Monroe St. 153, Division Garage & Storage Co.
Morris Ave. 1006, H. J. Baltzer. 256, Owners' Service Station.
Morris Park Ave. Cor. Mulliner Av., Morris Park Garage.
Mott Ave. And 153d St., Longview Gar. and 156th St., Walsh's Service Station. 461, Dolphin Auto Wrecking Co.
Old Broadway and 130th St. Manhattanville Daylight Garage.
Oliver St. 64, Down-Town Garage.
122d St. & East River. Paladono Motor Trucking Co.
Park Ave. 481, Sanford Auto Company. 583 W. J. Foster & Co. 1691, Gus Rotheiz. 4342, Palace Garage. 4485, Liberty Garage. 4506, Aetna Garage Co., Inc. 1122d St., Raymond Schwartz. 152d St., Park Ave. Garage. near 170th St., Park Ave. Garage.
Pearl St. 256, Samuel Hirsch.
Pelham Pkwy & Wimbdg Rd. Morris Park Gasoline Station.
Pleasant Ave. & 123d St. Pleasant Ave. Garage.
Plimpton Ave. Cor. 172d St., Conway's Garage.
Prospect Ave. 946, Paramount Garage Co., Inc. 1423, Day & Night Garage. 2103, Tiffany Garage.
River Ave. 158, River Ave. Garage.
Riverside Drive. 510, Fairview Garage.
Saint George Crescent. Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
St. Nicholas Ave. 231, Hurlberg Garage. 235, Eureka Automobile Station. 641, College Garage. 647, St. Nicholas Garage. 1-06, Dorama Garage.
South St. 2104-2111, East River Garage. 384, A. & T. Garage.
Southern Boulevard. 1133 Peerless Boulevard Garage. 820, Union Service Station, R. Olmstead. 833, Allen Garage. 1161, Aaron Garage. 1775, Auto Economy Accessories Co. 1982, Southern Boulevard Auto Co. 2073, Boulevard Auto Company. 2377, Parkview Garage.
Stanton St. 210, L. Nelberg.
Third Ave. Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works. 1754, Bronx Auto Taxi Service Co. 4189, Bronx Borough Garage. 4472, Third Ave. Garage.
Thompson St. 242, Greenwich Village Gar.
Tiebout Ave. 2244, Overlook Garage.
Tompkins St. 42, Heipenhauser Bros.
Tremont Ave. 907, West Farms Garage.
Trinity Ave. 317 Trinity Garage.
233d St. & Carpenter Av. Victory Gas Sta.
Union Ave. 1044, Model Garage.
University Ave. 2614, Kingsbridge Garage. University Ave. Garage, University Ave. and 174th St. and McCombs Rd., W. H. Stuebinger.
Vestry St. 66, Miller's Auto Express Co.
Washington Ave. 962, Yockel Bros. Corp. 1060, Washington Garage Corp. 1204, Bronx Superior Garage.
Washington Sq. South. 75, Washington Square Garage.
Washington St. 861, Washington Street Garage.
Water St. 409-413, East River Garage. 662, Cirkers, Sol.
Watts St. 155, Casino Garage.
Webster Ave. 1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage. 1515, Kaylem Garage. 2228, Grant Garage. 2669, Tyrell & Co., Inc., Geo. H. 3134, Stanley Garage. 3426, Webster Ave. Garage. 2225, Grant Garage. and 193th St., Bronx Park Garage. and 201st St., Retz-Hertler Gar., Inc.
W. Broadway. 356, W. Broadway Gar.
W. Find Ave. 70, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. 87, Service Motor Truck Co.
W. Farms Rd. & 177th St. Junction Garage, J.
W. 10th St. 235, Village Garage.
W. 15th St. 439, Fifteth St. Garage.
W. 18th St. 167, Chelsea Garage. 150, Reliable Garage & Repair Co. 515, Moranis Commercial Garage.
W. 19th St. 423, Rich., Fitzpatrick.
W. 20th St. 148, S. & T. Garage, Inc. 520, Twentieth St. Garage, Inc.
W. 21st St. 511-519, Merchants Garage.
W. 24th St. 159, H. C. & L. Piercy Const. Company.
540, W. 24th St. Commercial Garage.
W. 27th St. 246, Develoy, J.
W. 30th St. 146, Penn. Terminal Garage. 108, Service Garage.
W. 31st St. 140, Empire Garage. 154, Penn Garage.
W. 33d St. 259, Kesbec Sales Co.
W. 37th St. 127, 39th St. Garage. 512, Peter White Garage.
W. 40th St. 252, International Garage. 229, Times Square Garage, K. & B. Co. 537, Dougherty Garage.
W. 41st St. 220, Hudson Garage. 550, Dougherty Garage. 236, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
W. 42d St. 348, 42 St. Garage. 526, Prime Garage Co., Inc. 621, Bradley Auto Packard Renting Co.
W. 44th St. 307, Astor Garage.
W. 45th St. 406, Interbore News.
W. 47th St. 457, L. & R. Garage. 604, Anchor Trucking Co.
W. 48th St. 215, Forty-eighth St. Garage.
W. 49th St. 132-134, Carlsend Garage. 147, Forty-ninth Street Garage. 125, Bowman Auto Company. 201, Equitable Auto Company. 227, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
W. 50th St. 102, Circle Garage. 216, Mason Bros., Inc. 235, People's Garage. 348, Clark & McKenna.
W. 51st St. 131, Parkers Garage.
W. 52d St. 112, Joselyn Garage. 112, Cunliffe, H. 115-117, O'Toole Motor Renting Co. 554, McNulty Bros. 626, Buick Motor Co. T. A. Cowan.
W. 53d St. 512, 53d St. Garage.
W. 54th St. 114, Proud, Taylor Elec. Co. The Cervan Garage. 141, Avidau Garage. 165, S. S. Garage, Inc. 247, Auto Clinic of America. 221, Union Garage. 426, Klines Garage.
W. 55th St. 159, Asyo Garage. 411, Peerless Rental Service. 417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y. 419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
W. 56th St. 107, Park Garage. 114, Great Northern Garage. 125, Lotos Garage. 223, Gem Garage Company, Inc. 152, Newport Trans. Co., M. Buckley. 155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish. 160, Day and Night Garage. 259, Willet & Co., Inc. Cor. 4th Ave. Columbus Circle Gas. & Oil Co.
W. 57th St. 515, Clinton Garage. 605, Herrmann Motor Company. 631, White Company. 642, Van Cortlandt Vehicle Co. 57th and 12th Ave. W. I. B. Motor Truck Co.
W. 60th St. 30, Hoehkiss Machine Co. 25, Locomobile Co., of America.
W. 62d St. S. Detroit Cadillac Motor Co.
W. 64th St. 203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly. 208, Colonial Garage. Cor. West End Ave. International Motor Company. 302, Acme Garage.
W. 65th St. 34, Kesbec Sales Co. 214, Hudson River Garage. 218, Marie-Antoinette. 306, New York Auto Garage.
W. 66th St. 142, Joseph A. Ryan. 130, Modern Garage Co. 241, Ray Meade Garage. 252, Economical Garage. 302, Hirst Albert, Inc.
W. 69th St. 244, S. & B. Garage. 251-255, Pyramid Garage. 263, Continental Garage.
W. 70th St. 320, W. B. Thom. 326, Garrity Garage. 338, Mead Ray Co., Inc. 332, Bendjach Garage.
W. 75th St. 207, 75th St. Garage.
W. 80th St. 250, Belvedere Garage.
W. 83d St. 147, Cedarhurst Garage. 150, Bretton Hall Garage.
W. 87th St. 211, Up-to-date Garage. 267, Astor Garage.
W. 89th St. 133, Bailey Garage Corp. 157, Monterey Garage. 167, L. & K. Garage. 171, Champion Garage.
W. 90th St. 2, B. & H. Garage.
W. 93d St. 55, Turin Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
W. 95th St. 209, 95th St. Garage. 215, Royal Garage.
W. 96th St. 215, Thedford's Garage.
W. 100th St. 9-11, Century Garage. 145, Eureka Garage Corp.
W. 102d St. 204, Miller's Garage, J.
W. 105th St. 112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
W. 107th St. 103, Royal Gar., Branch B.
W. 108th St. 165, Club Garage. 234, Manchester Garage Co.
W. 109th St. 254, Bona Vista Garage Co.
W. 110th St. 145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc. and 8th Ave., Park Gasoline Station.
W. 118th St. 45, Alhambra Garage Co.
W. 120th St. 207, Pieper Garage.
W. 126th St. 404, Stollak Garage.
W. 127th St. 552, Olympic Garage. 158, Kardos Garage.
W. 129th St. 303, The Olican.
W. 130th St. 474, Brunswick Garage.
W. 131st St. 573-77, Liberty Garage. 609, Anamak Garage.
W. 132d St. 165, Kingwood Garage.
W. 133d St. Cor. St. Nicholas Ave., Daly Bros.
W. 133d St. 520, 135th St Garage Corp.
W. 140th St. 26, 140th St. Garage.
W. 141st St. 43, 141st St. Garage. 307, Walsh & Krantz.
W. 144th St. 22, W. 144th St. Gar., Inc. 30, Dolphin Garage. 44, C. & F. Garage. 66, C. & F. Garage.
W. 148th St. 238, O. K. Garage, Inc.
W. 150th St. 457, Convent Garage. and 7th Ave., Single Garage Service Co.
W. 153d St. 461, May Garage.
W. 161st St. 612, The Ansonia Garage. 619, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
W. 163d St. 528-540, Jumel Garage.
W. 167th St. 461, 167th St. Garage.
W. 168th St. 554, Washington Hgts. Gar.
W. 170th St. Cor. B'way, Kesbec Sales Co., No. 3. Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Gar.
W. 174th St. 558, Reliable 174th St. Gar.
W. 181st, Bronx. 14, Mount Hope Serv. Station. 512, J. B. Beaver & Son.
W. 209th St. 442, Boyd's Inwood Garage.
S. E. Cor. 233rd St. And Carpenter Ave., Interborough Gas Station.
White Plains Ave. 2445, G. W. Benjamin. 3858, Ruff & Bird Garage.
White Plains Rd. 2221, Gasoline Stations, Inc.
Williamsbridge Rd. 1432, Thompson's Garage, J.
Willis Ave. (near Pelham Parkway), R. Manson & Son.

Brooklyn

Alabama Ave. 84, Alabama Garage.
Albany Ave. Albany Garage.
Arlington Ave. Dresden St., Norwood Garage.
Ashland Pl. 126, Ashland Gas Station.
Atlantic Ave. 359, W. S. Bridjette. 430, Moll's Garage. 649, N. Flalow. 967, Blue Ribbon Garage. 976, Diuguid Bros. 1208, Wolfmann Garage. 1348, Mohawk Garage. 1452, Merit Garage. 1480, Schmidt's Garage. 1592, Hallock Garage. 2446-2542, S. Bishon & Sons. 2782, C. J. Williams. 2814, Van Sicien Garage. 3018, I. J. Pfeuffer. and Linwood St., K. Vensell. and Warwick St., Warwick Auto Supply Co.
Avenue Q. 1607, Irving Garage.
Avenue M. And Ocean Ave., Barnes & Oran.
Barretto St. & Whitlock Ave. Barretto Garage.
Bay Ridge Ave. 246, Mittnight Bros. 467, Edwin Garage.
Bay 17th St. And Cropsey Ave., Levy Bros.
Bay Parkway. 56, Hotchkiss Garage.
Bedford Ave. 308, Lowenstein Garage. 629, Bedford Ave. Auto Taxi Co. 754, Kraemer's Garage. 829, Husid Garage. 867, Bedford Auto Garage. 1149, O. Schwartz. 1365, I. C. Kirkham. 1505, Chevrolet Motor Co. 1545, Slocum Motor Service, Inc. 2006, Parkside Gasoline Station. 2023, Powell Garage. 2276, Ralph Tuthill. 2890, Sam Shaywitz. and Nostrand Ave., Bedford Ave. Garage. and Wallabout St., H. Aronowowitz.
Bergen St. 824, Service Garage. 900, Opperman & Daniel. 1561, Bergen Garage. 2130, Feldman Garage.
Berry & Na. 1st Sts. Berry St. Gar., Inc.
Berry St. 106, Northside Liberty Gar. and So. 2nd St., Berry Ford Service. and So. 4th St., K. & C. Garages.
Boerum Pl. 27, Boerum Pl. Garage.
Bristol St. 65-67, Misjkoff & Sons.
Broadway. 158, Economy Garage. and Penn St., Broadway Penn. Garage.
Bushwick Ave. And Jefferson St., Debach Garage. 263, Alvin Garage. and Myrtle Ave., Richman's Gasoline Station.
Butler St. 388, O'Connell, McLoughlin Trucking Co.
Carroll St. 119, Star Garage. 123, Central Garage. 129, Royal Garage.
Calyer St. & Clifford Pl. Anderson Garage. 119, Star Garage.
Central Ave. 346, Central Garage. 169, Model Garage.
Chauncey St. 769, Chauncey Garage.
Church Ave. 37, Church Ave. Garage. 1616, Premier Garage. 1534, Maple Court Garage. 2283, Church Auto Service.
Clarendon Rd. 2179, Dorchester Garage.
Clark St. 53, St. George Garage.
Clarkson Ave. 313, Bell Bros.
Classon Ave. 819, Parkway Auto Repairs.
Clermont Ave. 452, Clermont Ave. Gar.
Clifton Place. 118, Olsen Garage. 197, Auto Life Extension Co.
Clinton St. 361, Abbott Garage.
Clymer St. 35, Williamsburg Garage.
College Pl. 12, Little Garage. 22, Serve U Garage.
Concord St. 46, Brooklyn Garage.
Coney Island Ave. 453, Prospect Park, South Garage. Cor. Foster Ave., H. G. Relston. 1261, Oakcrest. and Ave. J., Economy Oil & Gas Co. 1734, Cortelyou Garage.
Cooper St. 218, Cooper Garage. 225, S. D. Work, Jr. 1714, Cypress Garage & Repair Co.
Cooks Lane & Railroad Ave. West End Garage.
Cook St. 77-81, U. S. Garage & Auto Renting Co. 131, Hyman's Garage. 165, Cook Garage.
Cornelia St. 2319, Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp.
Court St. 764, Ira S. Bushey.
Cranberry St. 28, Pioneer Garage.
Crescent St. 33, Adelphi Garage. Foot of, C. J. Wellman.
Cropsey Ave. 1907, Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co. 1709, E. Redfern. 1978, L. Epstein.
De Kalb Ave. 786, Buckingham Garage. 417, Peper Bros. 794, De Kalb Garage. 815, Zwerlin's Garage. near Bushwick Ave., Bennett Garage.
Dean St. 1023, Robert Thetford.
Decatur St. 1084, Decatur Garage. 2323, Decatur Myrtle Garage.
Dobbins St. Ormond Garage, W. L. Russel, Prop.
Douglas St. 321, Buick Motor Car Co.
Duffield St. 60, Extension Garage. 160, Duffield Garage.
Eastern Parkway. 1760, I. Goodman. 1660, Benj. Robbins. 1876, Intern'l Parkway Taxi Co. Cor. Sterling Pl., The Silverman Gar. Underhill Ave., Damon Jones. and Howard Ave., L. Servin. and Bergen St., Eastern Parkway Garage.
E. New York Ave. 1730, E. E. Stewart. And Christopher St., R. C. R Garage.
E. 29th St. 253, Clarendon Garage.
E. 92d St. And Flatlands Ave., Canarsie, Fred A. Fleming.
Eckford St. 75, Eckford Garage.
Emerson Pl. 266, Victory Garage. 254, Willoughby Taxi Co.
Euclid Ave. 257, Euclid Garage.
Evergreen Ave. 509, Red Seal Garage.
Evergreen & Grove Sts. Linden-Grove Garage.
18th Ave. 4406, Kenmore Garage. 6505, Mapleton Garage.
60th St. United Auto Serv. & Vulc. Co. 5226, Van Pelt Manor Garage.
14th St. 448, Thomas Pitbladdo.
18th St. 127, 18th St. Garage.
20th St. 103-105, Victory Garage.
29th St. 167, Twenty-ninth St. Garage.
33rd St. 139, Terminal Garage.
37th St. 848, Bush Terminal Garage.
48th St. 1279, Reznisnky, I.
47th St. 264, Filbert Garage.
48th St. 213-227, Standard Garage.
49th St. 251, Forward Auto Garage.
51st St. 135, D. H. Smith.
52d St. 847, W. R. Bock.
1041, Ida Alvin
54th St. 314, Sunset Garage.
268, Fairdeal Truckings & Garage Corp.
Kent Av. 369, Bay Ridge Garage.
North St. 1139, Blythebourne Garage.
3rd St. And 4th Ave., 62d St. Garage.
Flatbush Ave. Cor. Plaza St., Bklyn Riding and Driving Club. 4116, Monroe Segal. 1749, A. C. Winfield. and Stephen's Court, H. F. Stephen's. and Kings Highway, Wm. Fletcher.
Flatbush Ave. Extension. 50, Supreme Gas Station. 259, Supreme Gas Station. 324, J. Rarbash. 237, J. Medwedesko. 241, Supreme Gas Station. and Fulton St., Geo. A. Seedman.
Flushing Ave. 176, Market Garage. and Knickerbocker Aves., Flushing Av. Garage. and Marcy Aves., Sunrise Garage. and Tompkins Ave., Kreiger's Garage.
Forest Ave. 47, Forest Ave. Garage. 67, Plaza Bros.
Ft. Hamilton Ave. 6250, P. A. Hill. 8485, Margaret Garage. 6529, Eagle Garage.
Foster Ave. 902, Liptrott & Allen. 3011, Midway Gasoline Station.
3d Ave. 171, L. & G. Corp. 7813, Moran-Greenberg Corp.
Fourth Ave. 240, G. Ferrigno. 496, Dr. J. F. Gillespie. 681, Ernest T. Bossow. 683, Salvatore Lombardi. 937, L. W. Meyer. 1002, Krieger & Gussman. 3002, J. J. McGarry. 5103, C. B. Templeman. and Douglas St., Tony Zappa. and Douglas St., Supreme Gas Station. 5201, Rainbow Garage.
14th Ave., Cor. 39th St., 14th Ave. Gar. 6614, Trocchia Garage.
15th Ave. 7515, S. & S. Auto Accessory Co.
44th St. 1342, W. End Gar. & Auto Co.
Franklin Ave. 170, Franklin Garage. and De Kalb Aves., Day & Night Gar.
Front St. 59, Schiller's Garage. 106, Frank Danato.
Fulton St. 73, Geo. Pool & Son. Opp. Lewis Ave., Fulton Park Garage. and York Sts., Peronti Auto Trucking Co. and Sackman Sts., W. G. & R. Garage.
650, Fulton Futnain Garage.
Gates Ave. 614, Kaufman's Garage. 629, Gates Ave. Garage. 661, Horn's Garage.
Gerry St. 73, Gerry Garage.
Glenmore Ave. 815, B. Yunger.
Greene Ave. 1006, Royal Garage and Machine Co.
Green Lane. 42, De Vita's Garage.
Halsey St. 684, Halsey Garage Co., Inc.
Hamilton Ave. 128, Frank Sessa. 240, Erie Garage. 461, Mahoney Garage. 495, McKay Bros.
Hancock St. 484, Pupki Auto Co. and Cypress St., Hancock Auto Corp. 581, Preyce Garage. 940, Broadway-Hancock Garage. 1719, Evergreen Garage.
Hemlock St. 474, Henry Kelling, Jr.
Herkimer St. 542, Eureka Garage.
Highland Boulevard, Cor. Bushwick Ave., E. Siegman.
Hope St. 130, Nassau Garage.
Hopkins near Marcy Ave. Hopkins St. Garage.
Hudson Ave. 135, Peranti Auto Trucking Company.
Hughes St. 2378, Hughes Auto Repair Co.
Humboldt St. 58, Lesley Motor Co., Inc. 352, Orient Garage.
Irving Ave. 25, Irving Avenue Garage.
Jamaica Ave. 894-6, Uneeda Auto Repair Co.
803, Hovell's Garage.
Jefferson Ave. 102, M. Marks.
162, Nienstadt Garage, Inc.
Junius St. 238-242 Junius Garage. Belmont Ave., Uneeda Garage.
Kent Ave. & Taylor St. Wallabout Gar.
Kimball Ave. 2233, Chas. Moore.
Kings Highway. 33, Geo. Doyle. Cor. Snyder Ave., Walter R. Fellman Garage.
Kings St. 105, Redmond Garage.
Knickerbocker Ave. 113, Knickerbocker Garage. 535, Bush Garage. Cor. Moffat St., Campbell's Garage.
Koschiske St. 53, Martinique Garage.
Lawrence Ave. 191, Lawrence Garage.
Lafayette Ave. Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co. 1108, J. Kleinman.
Lenox Rd. 21, Private Owners Garage.
Leonard St. 119, Leonard Garage, Inc. 432, Lawrence Garage.
Lewis Ave. 229, Fogler's Garage.
Lexington Ave. 255 L. A. Diabrow. 325, Lexo-Nostro Garage. 334, Walsh's Garage. 411, Lexington Garage. 795, Sancourt Garage.
Liberty Ave. 1108, Welcome Liberty Garage. 1108, L. Milchman.
Liberty St. 87, Republic Garage.
Livingston St. 106, I. Kramer.
Lott Ave. Lott Ave. & Watkins St. H. M. Pilzer.
Madison St. 623, Sylvan Garage.
Manhattan Ave. 273, J. R. Pendgar.
Marion St. The "L" Garage.
Marcy Ave. 431, Marcy Garage.
Maujer St. 264, Maujer Garage.
McDonough St. 406, McDonough Garage. 679, Borough Garage.
McKibben St. 158, Progress Garage.
Meeker Ave. Cor. Van Dam St., Spatz Gasoline Station.
Metropolitan Ave. 109, Richard Schnibbe. 1428, Neuman's Metropolitan Garage.
Montrose Ave. 97, Lansky Motor Car Co.
Morgan Ave. Cor. Meserole St., Morgan Ave. Garage.
Moultrie St. 29, T. J. McManus & Sons.
Myrtle Ave. Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood Auto Garage. 1084, Guardino Bros. Garage.
Nelson St. 160, Broncales Garage.
New Utrecht Ave. 5905, H. M. Dickover & Son.
Nostrand Ave. 1187, Hawthorne Garage.
No. Oxford St. 32, Van Auto Service.
No. 10th St. 235, Roebling Garage & Trucking Co.
No. 6th St. 127, Drago Garage.
Oakland St. 308, Oakland Garage. and Java Sts., Greenpoint National Gar.
Ocean Ave. 2642, Ocean Ave. Garage. 3156, Sheepshead Bay Garage.
Ocean Parkway. 2, H. V. Berger. Foot of, Shelbourne Garage. 4, Circle Garage. 2916, H. Klegman. 3156, Sheepshead Bay Garage. Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch, and Neptune Ave., M. Levy.
Osborne St. 237, Osborn Garage.
Pacific St. 670, Portland Garage. 604, M. D. Garage.
Park Ave. 319, F. W. Huber. 375, B. & O. Commercial Garage. 530, Park-Walworth. 537, Park-Nostrand Garage. 756, S. & W. Garage. and Clinton Ave., Park Ave. Gar. and Vanderbilt Aves., Doyle Bros. Gar.
Park Pl. 500, Eland Garage.
Parker Ave. 345, Bowers Garage.
Pennsylvania Ave. 45, E. New York Gar.
Penn. & Glenmore Aves. Penn-Glenn Gar.
Pitkin Ave. Hinsdale St., Quartin Service Garage.
2320-40, C. & L. Holding Co.
Powell St. 271, Powell Garage.
President St. 1229, President St. Garage.
Prospect Pl. 731, Healy Prospect Gar.
Putnam Ave. 106, United Motor Co. 72, Brooklyn Auto Delivery. 1724, Kohlmeyer's Garage. 1814, Progress Garage.
Quincy St. 593, Center Garage.
Relph Ave. 199, Relph Garage.
Richards St. 143, Lesser's Garage.
Richardson St. 61, Etherson Garage.
Ridgewood Ave. 295, Cypress Motor Supply Co.
Reid Ave. 200, Putnam Garage.
Robinson St. 238, Robinson St. Garage.
Rockaway Ave. 836, Rockaway Ave. Gar.
Rodney St. 34, Maujer Garage.
Roebling St. Division Ave., Quick Serv. Garage. and North 8th Sts., Victoria Garage. and North 9th St., Roebling Auto Supply Co. and So. 9th Sts., Pipoly Gasoline Station. and Filemore St., Roebling & Filemore Garage.
Rogers Ave. 1312, Empire Garage.
Rutledge St. 221, Rutledge-B'way Gar.
Sackett St. 853, Jacob Morgenthaler. 515, Commodore Garage.
St. John's Pl. 1482, St. John's Pl. Gar. 1760, Rosen's Garage.
St. Mark's Ave. 232, Court Garage.
St. Marks Ave. 239, Wm. H. Pratt. 263, Marsh Garage.
Salter St. 52, Salerol Auto Service.
Sanford St. 21, Haggerty Motor Trucking Corp.
Saratoga Ave. 19, Stucco Garage.
Seventh Ave. 5703, Seventh Ave. Garage. 5910, Victory Garage.
17th St. 681, Prospect Pk. West Garage.
Sheepshead Bay Road. 1787, Bayside Gar.
Sheffield Ave. 270, Sheffield Garage.
Siegel St. 185, Bushwick Terminal Gar.
6th St. 273, Berg & Benz.
60th St. 1302, Louis Balestrino. 1501, New Premier Garage. 1535, 60th St. Garage.
68th St. 465, Louis Stacklereth.
16th St. 543, Unique Garage.
Smediker Ave. 387, Smediker Garage. 16, Atlantic Crossing Garage.
Snyder Ave. 44, Snyder Ave., Garage. 56, J. J. Snyder & Sons.
S. Elliott Place. 73, Elliott Garage.
Stagg St. 150, Stagg Garage.
State St. 208, Daniel F. E. Leary. 232, Excelsior Garage.
Sterling Place. 472, Colony Garage. 109, Volis Garage. 117, Smith Ransall Engineering Co. 474, Cath-Ellis Garage.

SENATE DEMOCRATS FAIL TO BREAK TIE

Glass's Vote for Underwood Will Be Offset by Johnson of South Dakota.

CHOICE RESTS WITH SMITH

Both Sides Trying to Win Over Senator Who Refused to Vote at Last Caucus.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The question of Democratic leadership in the Senate has again come to the fore through the arrival at an early date of Carter Glass as Senator from Virginia. Mr. Glass will take his seat as soon as David F. Houston has been confirmed by the Senate as Mr. Glass's successor as Secretary of the Treasury. This confirmation is expected within a few days.

With the arrival of Mr. Glass, the Democratic ranks will again be filled, but the selection of a leader may be deferred, the indications were today, because, in spite of the coming of Mr. Glass, a tie will still exist between the two candidates, Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, and Senator Underwood of Alabama.

There are 46 Democrats in the Senate, and the swearing in of Secretary Glass will give them a total of 47. When the recent caucus broke up the actual vote stood 19 to 19, Senators Underwood and Hitchcock did not vote and four Senators were absent and paired. If all had voted the vote would have been 22 to 22. Senator Johnson of South Dakota was absent last time, and not paired. And Senator Hoke Smith did not vote. Senator Glass will vote for Underwood, giving him 23 votes. But Senator Johnson, who was absent last time, is counted for Senator Hitchcock, and his vote will again make a tie at 23 to 23.

Since the recent caucus, both sides have labored diligently with Senator Smith. The Senator, as well as the managers of the rival candidates, declined to say today whether any decision has been reached as to which side Mr. Smith would vote on. Unless some other Senator changes his vote, Senator Smith will have to vote if a leader is to be elected.

Senator Underwood, who returned to the Senate today after a brief illness, said he was not disposed to seek delay. Soon after Mr. Hitchcock returns from his visit to Nebraska, for which he is about to leave, Mr. Underwood will suggest a party conference, he indicated today.

Senator Hitchcock this week moved himself and his office force into the suite of offices in the Capitol assigned to the minority leader. He explained that he moved over to be nearer the scene of developments in connection with the Peace Treaty. However, in the cloak rooms there is much quoting of the saying that "possession is nine points of the law."

PUTS 1921 FEDERAL TAX AT $550 PER FAMILY

Luce Attacks Federal Reserve Board and Talks of Impending "Financial Menace."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Government taxes during 1921 will amount to approximately $550 for every family in the United States, Representative Luce, Republican, of Massachusetts, asserted today in the House. Criticising the Federal Reserve Board for issuing $9,000,000,000 in notes, Mr. Luce said that there was an impending "financial menace."

The Federal reserve system, he said, had "never stood any test."

Representative Heflin, Democrat, of Alabama, replied that the reserve act was "the best piece of legislation devised to break the Wall Street monopoly."

MARKET OFFICIALS TO MEET.

Many States to be Represented at Food Conference.

State market officials from all parts of the United States will hold a conference at the Murray Hill Hotel Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of next week, on urgent problems of food marketing. Dr. Eugene H. Porter, New York State Commissioner of Foods and Markets, announced yesterday that the formation of a national organization of State Market Officials has been planned to coordinate the Government food marketing activities in all the States and bring about improvement of food distribution conditions.

The principal subjects to be considered at the conference here are transportation of perishable foods, consumers' and producers' co-operative organizations, standardization of containers and products, methods in reducing waste in handling, market reporting, inspection of interstate shipments, and legislation for control of food distribution. A definite program will be adopted for uniform action by the various States during the next year.

RICE IS SENT TO SING SING.

Promoter Receives Three-Year Term on Larceny Charge.

George Graham Rice, who as a promoter in the financial district for years had a business of more than $4,000,000, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Mayer in General Sessions to three years in Sing Sing Prison on a charge of grand larceny preferred by a customer and involving only $721. A jury convicted Rice a week ago.

Rice, who had been in prison before, made a bitter attack on the District Attorney's office and his prosecutor, Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling, and asserted that he was being "framed" by certain bucket-shop interests. Rice's family name was Jacob Simon Hersig, which, he said, he had discarded when he won a prize from a Boston paper by writing a story under the name of "George Graham Rice." Isidor Wasservogel, his attorney, gave notice of appeal from the sentence.

FINDS HOOVER SENTIMENT.

Democrats Largely Favor Him for Presidency, Says Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—Robert Bracken of Frankfort, Democratic State Senator and one of the leaders of the party in this State, declared here today that there was a growing sentiment all over Indiana among the Democrats favoring the nomination of Herbert Hoover for the Presidency. He said he personally favored nominating Mr. Hoover.

"Sentiment in Clinton County," said Senator Bracken, "appears strong among the Democrats for Mr. Hoover. William Jennings Bryan has a great many friends in this county, and what the Democrats will do somewhat depends on Bryan's attitude toward Mr. Hoover."

Urges Amendment to Bar Lynchings

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Arthur B. Spingarn of New York, representing the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, in a statement to the House Judiciary Committee today urged that in event of the Dyer bill making lynchings a Federal offense, being held unconstitutional, the Constitution should be amended. The Government must find some means of stamping out lynchings, he said, and declared that if it is not possible under the Constitution, then the Constitution should be amended. The committee is investigating the question of lynchings throughout the country, and has before it a bill offered by Representative Dyer of Missouri to make lynchings a crime punishable by Federal laws.

AMERICAN CAPITAL FOR OCEAN FLIGHTS

Expected to Join English Firms to Start Air Lines, but Plans Are Still Hazy.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A new feature of the plan for the establishment of European and transatlantic airship services is the introduction of American capital, and early developments may be expected. Besides the four English firms, Messrs. Vickers, Beardmore, Shorts, and Armstrong-Whitworth, offers of financial assistance are expected from firms on the other side of the Atlantic, but capital from this quarter will be limited so as to avoid any control. A representative of Sir Allan Anderson, who is largely interested in the financial side of the plan, explained today that although the matter had been discussed in its various commercial possibilities no definite action had been taken and it was premature to say that journeys from London to New York on a regular three-day service were in sight.

The Vickers officials also intimated that the scheme was in embryo and that no syndicate had been formed thus far. They added that plans had been drawn up for several aerial routes and that mail contracts were hoped for. Passenger traffic of a most comfortable and luxurious character on all the world routes were contemplated, it was said.

It is believed that the idea is to build or acquire ships with a cruising radius of about 4,500 miles. This type of aircraft would be capable of carrying about fifteen tons.

Doubt exists in some expert circles as to whether the dimensions of the machine mentioned would be sufficiently large to make the services attractively profitable. It is pointed out that a vessel of 10,000,000 cubic feet would be much less expensive proportionately to build than one of 3,500,000 cubic feet, and the larger machine would have the advantage of being able to carry more passengers at a correspondingly lower fare.

With four machines of 10,000,000 foot capacity it is possible to run a bi-weekly service to New York, but such a service would have to be capitalized for about $25,000,000.

ERZBERGER VERY WEAK.

Suffers from Exhaustion, but No Immediate Danger Is Seen.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—An examination of the wound of Mathias Erzberger, Vice Premier and Minister of Finance, who was shot Monday by Oltwig von Hirschfeld, shows the wound little changed, with no inflammation.

There is some swelling, however, and the wound is causing pain to Herr Erzberger. His temperature is normal, but his pulse continues at 120.

In consequence of Herr Erzberger's setback yesterday, he is suffering from exhaustion and requires great care. While there is no immediate danger, he may only deal with the most important state affairs.

LAKE COSTS CITY $324,759.

Subterranean Water Added to Cost of Lexington Avenue Subway.

A jury in Supreme Court Justice Gavegan's Court decided yesterday that because an underground lake existed between Seventy-fourth and Seventy-fifth Streets under Lexington Avenue which was not shown by the boring sheets of the Public Service Commission from which the contractors for the Lexington Avenue subway made their estimates for the work, the City of New York must pay $324,759 to P. McGovern & Co. as the cost of building the subway through the lake.

Patrick McGovern and Charles L. Perrin of the plaintiff corporation testified that the Public Service sheets showed only rocks, and that the corporation agreed to construct from Sixty-seventh to Seventy-ninth Streets for $2,200,000. They said that when they had the work of excavation under way they found a pond at a depth of 30 feet, and at another point there was a river bed at 60 feet. The contractors drained the lake and filled the river bed and had to shore up the buildings on both sides of Lexington Avenue for blocks, making the additional cost $245,653, which with interest and costs increased the claim to $324,759.

Girl Victim of Sleeping Sickness.

Bessie Lawner, 14 years old, a school girl, of 585 Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn, was taken to Bellevue Hospital yesterday, suffering from lethargica encephalitis, or sleeping sickness. Dr. A. A. Goldstein, of 8,120 102d Street, Richmond Hill, L. I., was summoned to the Lawner home yesterday morning after the girl had been in a state of coma for five days. He directed her removal to Bellevue. Dr. Goldstein said her illness was the most typical case of sleeping sickness that has yet developed here.

A Yacht for Two Boxes of Soap.

Lieut. Lucien E. Messinger, until recently in charge of Children's Relief Work for the American Relief Administration, in his report on relief work in Lithuania, Poland and Baltic provinces, made to the American Jewish Relief Committee, said that soap was so scarce throughout Eastern Europe that an English naval officer in Libau acquired a luxurious, mahogany furnished yacht from one of Libau's wealthiest citizens in exchange for two cases of American soap.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges a contribution of $25 from Miss M. H. Garrard, in response to an appeal for rebuilding Isles sur Suippes, France, made by Mayor H. Cobreau. The money has been forwarded to Mayor Cobreau.

From Father to Son

and also from mother to daughter, is the record of many of the accounts on our books.

For thirty years we have handled the personal business of substantial, conservative New York and suburban families. They have shown their confidence in us and their appreciation of our service by opening accounts here for their children.

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Established 1866
Member Federal Reserve System
Singer Building
149 Broadway

Cordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

Hoover's Food Warrants for Starving Europe

devised to make it easy and certain to get food at once to hungry friends or relatives in Europe.

If you wish to furnish $10 or $50 worth of food to any one in the famine districts, buy a Warrant at the office of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. Mail it to your friend in Europe. He presents it at one of the American Relief Administration's foreign depots and gets the food.

These depots are in Prague, Warsaw, Budapest, Vienna and Hamburg. The food has already been sent there. The transfer to any one you wish to help is made immediately and without trouble and with no risk or loss of property or time.

This simple plan is another great tribute to Hoover's genius and capacity to do things. We are glad to help carry out this plan and put the services of the Company at the command of all our clients, and particularly the foreign born, who are so much concerned about their relatives in the old country.

Warrants can be bought at all of our offices and the simple workings of the plan explained to any one interested.

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Capital $5,000,000 Surplus $11,000,000

MANHATTAN 176 Broadway, 137 W. 125th St.
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BROOKLYN 175 Remsen St., 188 Montague St.
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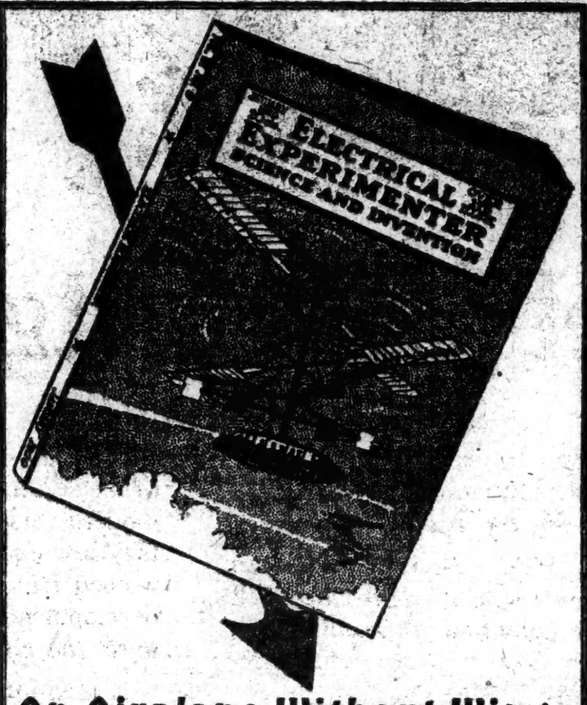

An Airplane Without Wings

JANUARY "Experimenter" (now out) graphically describes, with pictures and drawings, this new invention called the "Helicoptor"—an airplane that flies straight up or down or in any direction, and in another article gives full directions for building a small model. Two fascinating articles on the flying machine that promises to revolutionize aviation.

And Over 100 Other Features Including—

The Einstein Theory Explained in plain words
How Magnetic Storms Affect the Earth.
Lighthouses for Ships and Airplanes.
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Science in Movies.
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How You May Avoid a Cold

THERE'S no better way to avoid colds and bodily discomforts, especially when sudden changes of weather occur, than to have on a well-fitting, pure natural wool undergarment made the Jaeger way.

Wool is the only material that retains the body-heat, absorbs the perspiration and allows the impurities to escape.

For absolute freedom of movement, protection from cold and all 'round solid comfort—buy Jaeger Underwear. Come and see them—one or two-piece styles; in light, medium and heavy weights.

Shirts or Drawers, each $7.50 and up.
Ribbed Union Suits, each $11.00 and up.

Jaeger Woolware
100% PURE NATURAL WOOL

Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen System Co.
306 Fifth Avenue—NEW YORK—22 Maiden Lane
CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON
WHOLESALE—395 Fourth Ave., New York
J-139

London Winter Public Fur Auction Sale 1920

Commencing

Monday, January 26th, 1920, and Following Days

Total Quantities To Be Offered By the Various Brokers

730,000	Skunk	70,000	Nutria
333,500	Muskrat	1,500	Moufflon
364,000	Opossum	2,400	Leopard
21,000	Raccoon	13,500	Kolinsky
65,400	Civet Cat	8,500	Fitch
96,000	Mink	772,000	Squirrel
1,500	Fox Silver	26,500	" Backs
2,100	" Cross	600	" Sacs
70,000	" Red	1,100,000	Mole
16,000	" White	55,000	Marmot
705	" Blue	131,000	Hare White
15,000	" Grey	47,000	Lamb Thibet
65,000	" Kitt	800	" " Robes
3,100	" Dyed	25,000	Slink Crosses
3,000	" Tails	8,000	" Skins
4,636	" White Paws	625,000	Chinese Rabbits
10,500	" Japanese	5,800	White Rabbit Crosses
9,000	Beaver	33,000	Kid Crosses
4,610	Otter	160,000	" " Skins
900	Lynx	10,500	Persian Lamb
305	Wolverine	105,000	Goat Skins
2,600	Fisher	29,000	" Rugs
10	Sea Otter	12,500	Dog Mats
210,000	Ermine	4,000	" Skins
2,800	Russian Sable	6,800	Deer & Sheep Rugs
6,500	Marten	4,300	Marten Tails
250	" Baum	6,000	Muskrat Electric Skins
3,500	" Stone	700	" " Strips
4,800	Bear	39,000	Rabbit Electric Skins
30,000	Wolf	3,200	" " Strips
4,000	Cat Wild	7,000	Lbs. Squirrel Tails
25,000	" House	1,200	Hare Dyed
9,700	Badger	1,150	Fitch Tails
8,000	Fur Seal Salted	31,600	Kolinsky Tails
450	" " Dry	19,000	Lamb
420	" " Dyed	700	Mole Plates
5,029	Hair " Dry	27,900	" Coney
235,000	Red Fox Australian	1,000	Hamster Sacs
160,000	Opossum "	1,100	Broadtails Dyed
11,000	" Ringtail	11,600	Ermine Tails
259,000	Wallaby	50,000	Rabbits Dressed
2,000	Chinchilla		

The next Rabbit Sale will take place on

February 11, 1920

at which time 1,200 Bales will be offered.

"I Simply CAN'T Let Him Outgrow Me"

SHE LIVES IN A LITTLE HOUSE IN A suburb of New York and makes that house a a home.

He too lives in the little house for a part of his life; but the rest of it is spent in an office in the city.

All sorts of men ride with him on the suburban trains, or visit him in his office, or meet him for luncheon at his club.

His life is full of stimulating contacts. Every day brings him new experiences that mean larger growth and more assurance. He is a far bigger man to-day than he was last year, and ten times bigger than when they were married ten years ago.

And she?

Her life, too, is filled full; but the experiences that come to her are neither so various nor so stimulating.

There are the older children who must be hurried off to school each morning. There is the baby to be bathed and put to sleep. There are meals to be planned, and bills to be paid.

So, day after day slips by with hardly a spare moment. Happy days—she would not change them if she could! Only a single cloud crosses the horizon of her happiness.

In the evening sometimes when they sit on their little front porch, and he tells her of the experiences of the day, of the men he has met and the topics he has discust, of the problems he has solved—problems that a few years ago would have been far too large for him—at such moments the cloud is there.

No such experiences have come to her that day. The problems that he and his friends discuss are strange and far-away. She had meant to know more about them, but there was no time.

"Suppose he should outgrow me," she says to herself. "Suppose that ten years from now should find him bigger, broader, abler because of his experiences, and me, no longer his mental companion, merely the mother of his children."

The thought causes her lips to close a little more tightly.

"Somehow I must find a way to keep my thought and interest constantly fresh, constantly expanding, step by step with his. ***I simply can't let him outgrow me.***"

How many million women in America have been troubled by that thought? How many of them have felt a vague resentment at the conditions of modern life, which make mental growth so easy for men and so frequently difficult for women?

How many couples have set forth into life with every thought and interest in common, only to find themselves at the end of ten or twenty years living in wholly different mental worlds?

No one can know the answer to this question. But this one thing is sure—***at least a million American women have faced this difficulty frankly and have conquered it.***

They have put definitely behind them any fear that their husbands or their children will outgrow them.

Other women frequently wonder at their breadth of information.

Does the conversation turn to the industrial unrest that permeates every part of our country? These alert women have a clear knowledge of its causes and effects. They are familiar with unique and sensible plans to reduce the cost of living.

The League of Nations, with its many-sided possibilities, is not a closed book to them.

They are quite at ease in their knowledge of international affairs. They have a clear understanding of our relations with Great Britain, with Japan, and the other great nations of the earth. They see Ireland's struggle for freedom in its true light.

They know how and why Bolshevism is seeking a foothold here in America.

The latest developments in the fields of invention and science are not unknown to these modern women, while the great personalities who are doing the big things in the world are something more than mere flesh and bones to them.

If the talk veers to the lighter side of life—the best of the season's plays and operas; the inspiring gems of modern verse; the best and most talked about books—they are equally at home. In fact, these far-seeing women have a well-rounded knowledge of the great developments of life the world over. ***They keep up with the times!***

Men find their conversation stimulating; their children turn to them confidently, knowing that on the subject which has that day been discust in school—perhaps some current problem of great importance—mother can be of help.

For school children these days are coming more and more into contact with the world about them. Two hundred and fifty thousand boys and girls in ten thousand high schools are studying current events with THE LITERARY DIGEST as a text.

"Who are these extraordinary women?" you ask. "How can they, with the multitude of personal responsibilities, find time to be so well informed?"

The answer is very simple. They have learned this secret of the modern world—that the highest achievement is possible only to those who employ trained help to do for them the things they can not accomplish for themselves.

And so, they let our organization of specialists labor constantly for their benefit. Every week 4,000 newspapers, and magazines, and books, representing every land and language, are read by this organization and then by direct translation, or reprint, or in digest form ***all phases*** of the important news of the world contained in them are presented by striking articles in THE LITERARY DIGEST. Through the magic of its pages the world, with all its throbbing interests and personalities, is carried to men and women in a million homes. And a couple of hours' reading weekly is all the time required to absorb this feast!

There is room for another million women in this chosen company and admittance is easy. Commence reading THE DIGEST this week!

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HEEDS GLASS APPEAL FOR HUNGRY NATIONS

House Committee Will Report Bill to Send Food to Poland, Austria and Armenia.

BRITISH TO PROVIDE SHIPS

Secretary, After Meeting Hoover, Asks That Loan Be Cut to $125,000,000—Urges Prompt Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Following the appearance of Secretary Glass and Assistant Secretary of the Treasury David before the Ways and Means Committee relative to an appropriation for the famished of Europe which was the subject of discussion yesterday by President Wilson, it was announced that the committee would report a bill which will afford the necessary aid to the starving in Poland, Austria and Armenia.

Secretary Glass said that he had a conference with Herbert Hoover last night and that the latter had stated that relief to the amount of $50,000,000 would be a harm rather than good to the starving. Secretary Glass estimated that Congress need not authorize more that $125,000,000, as Canada and Argentina would give $12,000,000 or more.

Immediate financial aid for the relief of these countries cannot be expected of England, but Secretary Glass said that the British had promised to transport the grain free of charge and that this would be a great saving and would afford not only prompt transportation but greater relief as there would be no expense deducted from the appropriation for transportation.

"Unless these people are fed, their distress relieved to allay resentment, they will rebel against all Government, and all efforts to get them to return to production and peace will have been in vain," Mr. Glass informed the committee. "Women and children are dying by the thousands in the countries where suffering is greatest," he continued. "A man returning recently from Austria told me he counted twenty-seven unburied bodies in two city square of a town through which he passed. Surviving children are growing in deformity. The atmopshere carries a pestilence-breeding stench. Recital of conditions shocks the human conception.

"The United States Treasury does not desire to spend money unnecessarily. We cannot perpetually deal in billions. But the authorization of this food relief is not only a humanitarian thing to do, it is the safe thing to do, even if we do not get a cent back."

"Then why not give the money outright—why ask these bankrupt peoples to give security for it?" asked Representative Garner of Texas.

Opposes a Direct Gift.

"It would not be a good policy to take that course," replied Mr. Glass. "England, France, Canada, and Argentina are willing to help in this relief work if we can get it started under a comprehensive plan. We should move, for the situation is menacing.

"The portion of the starving people we could feed with the $50,000,000 would be so small that it would but incite the other starving people to revolt against the government.

"Then, while this appropriation is asked ostensibly to feed the starving people, its real purpose is to attempt to stabilize the Government," asked Representative Garner.

"In part, that is correct," replied Secretary Glass. "But this does not involve an appropriation. The Grain Corporation has the money, of which $50,000,000 is profits it made in grain."

Secretary Glass said that Mr. Hoover had estimated that 1,000,000 barrels of flour and 50,000 tons of fat would be required in these countries until they can help themselves after the next harvest.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A wireless dispatch received from Berlin, quoting Vienna advices, says that a French loan of about 200,000,000 francs for German Austria is imminent, for the purpose of securing foodstuffs until the end of June. The dispatch adds that it is also probable that an English loan will be agreed upon with which to purchase raw materials.

PENFIELD SAYS FOURTH OF VIENNESE WILL DIE

Former Ambassador Urges Immediate Relief to Tide Starving Thousands Over the Winter.

Frederic Courtland Penfield, former American Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, speaking of conditions in Vienna, said:

"They are indescribable and they are growing worse. I can measure the increasing horror of the situation by the tone of the letters I get from Vienna. The first to come told of hardships and hunger suffered by women and children in Austria, with dread of what the approaching Winter might bring; but there was a note of courage, of hope, of patient endurance in them. Then, week by week, the note of hope diminished and despair crept in.

"Austria's need is vital and immediate. No people in Europe have a stronger appeal to the humane generosity of bountiful America than the stricken people of the Austrian capital—the once light-hearted Vienna. The beautiful city now is truly 'Dying Vienna,' a capital without a country, without material resources, without food or coal. No picture of the suffering can possibly be overdrawn.

"It is useless to buy food in Austria for Austrian relief. That simply takes the food from some hungry mouths to give it to others. That is not relief. Food must be taken into the stricken country, and for this purpose railway equipment must be provided. Austria not only has no food, she has no coal, no cars, no money of any value.

There is no coal, and the weather is bitter cold. In desperation the people of Vienna have cut down the beautiful trees in the Prata public park and the Wiener Wald. So perfectly had these splendid parks been kept that there was no dead wood. The wood obtained by cutting the living trees is green. It provides, at best, only a smoldering, smoking fire, with little heat.

"Relief must reach Vienna very soon. If it does not, I believe a quarter of the population, and practically all the children, will die before the coming Spring can bring its new promise of life to the famine-stricken land.

"I want to encourage all the workers of the American Relief Committee for Sufferers in Austria in the noble work they have undertaken. This is a charitable world and there are no people more charitable than Americans."

AID 37,000 MORE CHILDREN.

Announcement by American Relief Workers Cheers Viennese.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 28.—The announcement by Lieutenant Stockton, chief of the American Children's Relief Work, regarding the increase by 37,000 in the number of Austrian children relieved is causing great satisfaction to the Vienna press and to the public.

The Neue Freie Presse considers the American action as a token of warm American feeling for Austria. America is acting throughout of its own volition and unmfluenced by London or Paris in humanitarian questions, it says, and American good will may yet produce other auspicious consequences for Austria.

$1000 Cash

Will purchase recently overhauled car in perfect condition. Demonstration will indicate excellent running qualities of Stearns Knight Landaulet. Excellent opportunity for private party to get handsome closed car for winter or summer use. Address

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Between Park Place and Barclay St.
Phone Barclay 8857. Established 50 Years

THE WAR PERIOD marked the greatest advance in medical and chemical science against germ diseases. Sherwin-Williams Disinfectant, Oyl-A-Pine, makes all the latest scientific progress available for the home and the individual. It gives vastly increased germ killing power, but in a form entirely safe to use freely in the home and around children.

FIVE TIMES

Deadlier to "Flu" Germs
Than Pure Carbolic Acid

The co-efficient of Oyl-A-Pine is 5, which means that it is 5 times quicker and more deadly in killing germs than carbolic acid, *but it is non-poisonous to human beings.*

Disinfect with
Oyl-A-Pine
(Oil of the Pine Tree)

For Public Buildings Offices Theatres Movies Depots Factories Subways Street Cars Trains Ferries

Take immediate steps to protect yourself and family against "flu." Use Oyl-A-Pine on breathing masks, nasal douche or spray, as gargle and in the bath. Soak clothing in it, wash vessels, flush sinks and spray in cellars, basements and all dark places not reached by fresh air and sunshine. Spray on rugs, bedding, walls, tapestries, and wherever germs could hide.

Use it freely to eradicate germ diseases, forestall infection and prevent the spread of contagion.

A Fragrant Deodorant

Oyl-A-Pine is made from pine tree oils, as fragrant as "The Southern Pines." It deodorizes delightfully, not like most disinfectants which are often worse than the smell they kill.

Very Economical

Oyl-A-Pine is so powerfully concentrated that it will stand very great dilution. A teaspoonful in a bath tub is sufficient. A drop or two makes a splendid gargle. A 5 oz. bottle costing 25c lasts a long time and goes a long way in keeping "flu" out of the home.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PRODUCTS
Sold by THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

New York Store, 116 West 32nd Street, Opposite Gimbel's. Phone Chelsea 3506.
Brooklyn Store, 102 Flatbush Avenue, Parker Building. Phone Sterling 1750.
Bronx Store, 350 East 149th Street, Harvey Building.

Entire Stock Reduced WITHOUT RESERVE

Clearance Sale

3054 Suits—3940 Overcoats

The Biggest Clothing Event of the Season!

This year's Sale is a record-breaker—and no wonder! *Before we reduced our prices* they were already *one-third* lower than the ordinary retailer's prices. This Clearance Sale represents further radical reductions, and thousands of men have taken advantage of it already. Come down to 119 Walker Street and get your Suit or Overcoat before it is too late.

136 Suits were . $25
144 Suits were . $30
314 O. C.'s were $25
334 O. C.'s were $30
Now $21.50

317 Suits were . $35
246 Suits were . $40
381 O. C.'s were $35
309 O. C.'s were $40
Now $28.50

318 Suits were . $45
491 Suits were . $50
285 O. C.'s were $45
401 O. C.'s were $50
Now $37.50

311 Suits were . $55
481 Suits were . $60
708 O. C.'s were $55
619 O. C.'s were $60
Now $47.50

329 Suits were . $57
281 Suits were . $85
325 O. C.'s were $75
264 O. C.'s were $85
Now $63.50

KidKlothes TRADE MARK

Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws also Reduced

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store **119-125 Walker Street** New York City

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal Street Station, within sight of our store

Evenings Until 7—Saturdays Until 10

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Are You a Salesman?

Then turn to the Classified columns of this paper and read "AN OPEN LETTER TO THE SALESMEN OF GREATER NEW YORK." You may find therein the opportunity you have been seeking.

ADVERTISEMENT.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Charity Begins at Home, and the fund-raising campaign for the Flower Hospital is because of need for repairs, especially in the babies' ward, which during the war was devoted to the care of wounded soldiers.

The ladies of the Lafayette Convalescent Home will devote themselves to this babies' ward of the Flower Hospital, which is to be re-established.

Their ambulance service also is now required to cover the entire territory from 42d to 96th Street and from river to river. During the present epidemic the calls average far above the normal service required.

Free treatment regardless of race, creed or color cannot be continued without constant financial support. Checks of any size will be very gratefully received at the Biltmore Hotel, Rooms 151-152, where all contributions should be addressed.

PRINTER

Foreman for large composing room—one with mail order experience preferred. Must be good executive. Write fully your experience for past five years. This is a real opportunity for an A1 man.

Z 301 Times Annex.

Sterling Tires

ARE DEPENDABLE

STERLING TIRE CORPORATION

NEW YORK SALESROOM
254 West 55th Street

MADE WITH THE Lion Collars IN AMERICA OLDEST BRAND OVAL BUTTONHOLE

BUYING A CAR?

Wait I can offer a Franklin Sedan, almost new and in excellent condition; completely equipped—spare tire, steel bumpers, front and rear; chains; gray whipcord upholstery; traveled only 8,300 miles—for $3,200.

Demonstration by appointment.

T. N. ST. HILL, 61 Broadway, ROOM 1212.
Tel. Bowling Green 7400.

NEW AND USED AUTOMOBILES
MURRAY PHIANNA LANCIA
MORTON W. SMITH CO.,
29 WEST 44TH ST. Murray Hill 1138

relieves sick skins

BRAZIL HOLDS SHIPS FOR FRENCH OPTION

Puts Off Action on American Bid for Vessels Taken from Germany by Treaty.

OPINION OPPOSES THE SALE

Kermit Roosevelt, One of the Negotiators for the American Company, Is Now in Rio Janeiro.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 27.—Dispatches from Rio de Janeiro concerning the negotiations that have been in progress for the sale to United States interests of the forty-five German ships taken over by Brazil during the war indicate that the Brazilian Government will postpone its decision until France makes it known whether she will exercise the option given by Brazil for the purchase of the ships already leased to France, which comprise a majority of the total.

The dispatches credit Kermit Roosevelt with representing a subsidiary of the American International Corporation as one of the negotiators. One of the messages reports that the North American interests have offered $250 a gross ton for these ships. Another message says:

"Concerning the information published in the Rio de Janeiro newspaper La Folha, regarding the possibility of the sale of Brazil's former German vessels to United States interests, it is not denied that a North American concern has made a proposition to Brazil in this respect, but it is believed that the Brazilian Government will postpone a solution of the question, as has been stated by the newspaper, which is considered to be official. Furthermore, France having asked that its option be extended, it is believed Brazil will receive this request favorably."

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 28.—Although there have been no new developments in the reported plan of the Government to dispose of the German vessels requisitioned by Brazil during the war, the newspapers continue to give the subject great prominence. Public sentiment appears to be strongly in favor of retaining the ships for use in Brazil's overseas trade.

Surprise is expressed in the newspapers over President Pessoa's recent statement that it was his personal opinion Brazil was obligated to reimburse Germany for use of the vessels and that their sale would probably be necessary in order to obtain money for this purpose. It was generally understood that the Peace Treaty contained a clause under which Germany expressly waived all claims for indemnity for detention and employment of the ships.

Some of the more conservative newspapers, while voicing regret at the possibility of losing the ships, express the belief that the Government will be animated by patriotic motives whatever action finally is adopted.

Representatives in New York of the American Ship and Commerce Corporation, of which Major Gen. George W. Goethals is President and Captain Kermit Roosevelt is Secretary, said yesterday that an effort had been made to purchase twenty-eight of the former German ships in Brazil, and that the deal was still pending.

Mr. Roosevelt and Alfred E. Clegg, an officer of one of the subsidiary companies, are now in South America, having gone there, it is understood, to take up the proposed sale with the Brazilian Government. A recent report from Mr. Clegg was to the effect that the negotiations were 90 per cent. complete.

When the war started Germany had in Brazilian waters fifty to sixty ships aggregating about 160,000 gross tons. With the entry of the United States into the war and the putting to transport uses of American ships previously carrying supplies, Brazil chartered to France between forty and fifty of these ships. For this purpose the French Chamber of Deputies appropriated 110,000,000 francs. The charter to France was for one year and included, it was stated at the time, the right of France to make outright purchase of the ships at the expiration of the charter.

France, not availing herself of this provision, the American Ship and Commerce Corporation made an offer for the vessels.

It is also understood here that the question of Brazil's right to sell the ex-German ships has been questioned by the Allied Reparations Commission.

Recent maritime reports show that fifty-six of the vessels are in active trade, the majority with France. All are operated under the Brazilian flag, although some are manned by French crews.

GERMAN LINERS' VALUE NOW BEING ESTIMATED

This Is Cause of Delay in Acting on Bids—Baker's Objections to Sale to be Adjusted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Delay on the part of the Shipping Board in taking action on the bids submitted for the purchase of the thirty former German passenger ships was said by Chairman Payne tonight to be due primarily to the board's intention to make certain that a fair market price would be obtained for each vessel before bids were accepted.

The ships which the board has offered for sale were used by the army as transports and to recondition them for passenger service will involve a considerable sum, the Chairman said. It is proposed to sell the ships "as is," or as they stand, and in order to determine if a fair price is being offered for a given vessel, it has been decided to add the estimated cost of reconditioning to the bid submitted which will enable the board to decide if full value is to be received for the ship, in the light of present prices for passenger ships ready for service.

Objection on the part of the War Department to the sale of the ships is expected to be waived by officials of the board. Certain of the liners had been designated as part of the proposed army transport reserve and Secretary Baker protested against any transfer of title invalidating this provision. It is expected, however, that assurances will be given the War Department that any vessel sold will remain under the American flag and subject to the call of the transport service in case of emergency.

Chairman Payne has written Secretary Baker that no bids would be accepted until the matter has been fully adjusted and as the board's fair price estimates are not expected to be ready before Monday it is understood that an agreement will be reached with the War Department before the board is ready to make its decision on the bids.

I. W. W. COUNSEL HAD PISTOL

Admits Carrying One When Montesano Judge Bars Weapons.

MONTESANO, Wash., Jan. 29.—George F. Vendervoort, counsel for the defense in the trial of eleven alleged I. W. W. members, charged with murder in connection with the Centralia armistice day shootings, was ordered by Judge John M. Wilson today to deposit his revolver in the office of the County Clerk hereafter before entering court.

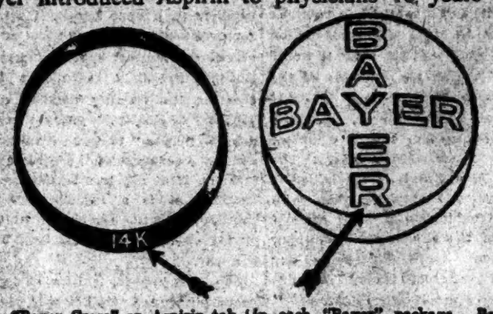
Judge Wilson made the request of attorneys for both the prosecution and defense, but Vandervoort was the only lawyer in the case who admitted carrying a weapon.

Bailiffs questioned each venireman and spectator today as to possession of a weapon before allowing them to enter the courtroom.

Six jurors had been temporarily passed and six were in the box for examination when court opened today. Of the six temporarily accepted three were subject to re-examination and three to peremptory challenge only.

Genuine Aspirin

Bayer introduced Aspirin to physicians 18 years ago



The "Bayer Cross" on Aspirin tablets has the same meaning as 14 Karat on gold. Both mean Genuine! "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" should be taken according to the directions in each "Bayer" package. Be sure the "Bayer Cross" is on package and on tablets. Then you are getting the genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

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In a Comprehensive Test of 112 Newspapers

THE

Boston Herald-Traveler Triumphs

IN

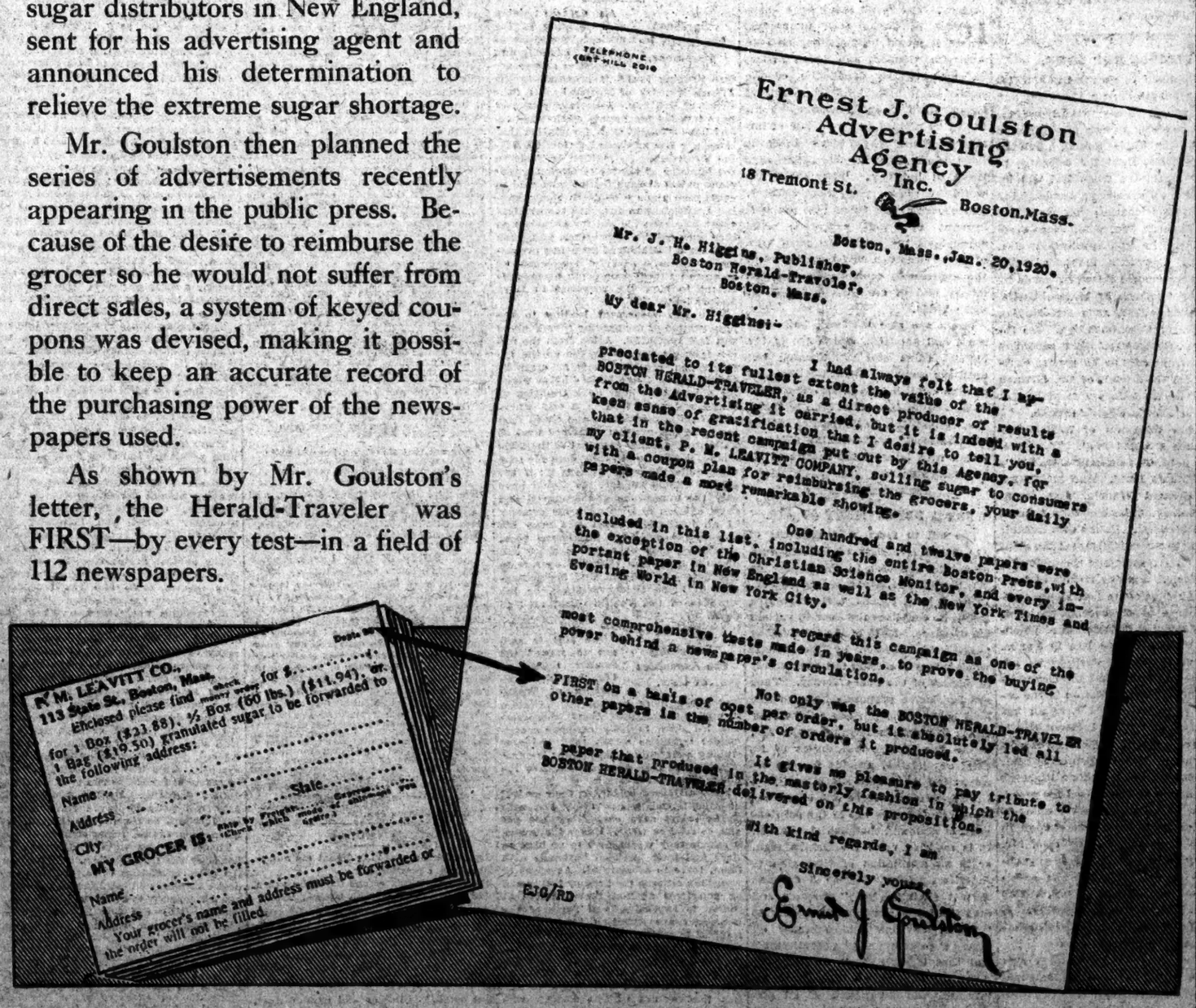
Reader Responsiveness AND Reader Buying Power

The Boston Herald-Traveler again wins in a most severe test of reader buying power!

On the seventh of January Mr. Leavitt, President of the P. M. Leavitt Company, the largest sugar distributors in New England, sent for his advertising agent and announced his determination to relieve the extreme sugar shortage.

Mr. Goulston then planned the series of advertisements recently appearing in the public press. Because of the desire to reimburse the grocer so he would not suffer from direct sales, a system of keyed coupons was devised, making it possible to keep an accurate record of the purchasing power of the newspapers used.

As shown by Mr. Goulston's letter, the Herald-Traveler was FIRST—by every test—in a field of 112 newspapers.



Ernest J. Goulston Advertising Agency Inc.
18 Tremont St. Boston, Mass.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 20, 1920.

Mr. J. H. Higgins, Publisher,
Boston Herald-Traveler,
Boston, Mass.

My dear Mr. Higgins:-

I had always felt that I appreciated to its fullest extent the value of the BOSTON HERALD-TRAVELER, as a direct producer of results from the advertising it carried, but it is indeed with a keen sense of gratification that I desire to tell you, that in the recent campaign put out by this Agency, for my client, P. M. LEAVITT COMPANY, selling sugar to consumers with a coupon plan for reimbursing the grocers, your daily papers made a most remarkable showing.

One hundred and twelve papers were included in this list, including the entire Boston Press, with the exception of the Christian Science Monitor, and every important paper in New England as well as the New York Times and Evening World in New York City.

I regard this campaign as one of the most comprehensive tests made in years, to prove the buying power behind a newspaper's circulation.

Not only was the BOSTON HERALD-TRAVELER FIRST on a basis of cost per order, but it absolutely led all other papers in the number of orders it produced.

It gives me pleasure to pay tribute to a paper that produced in the masterly fashion in which the BOSTON HERALD-TRAVELER delivered on this proposition.

With kind regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

Ernest J. Goulston

EJG/RD

P. M. LEAVITT CO.,
113 State St., Boston, Mass.
Enclosed please find money order for $.....,
for 1 Box ($21.88), ½ Box (50 lbs.) ($11.94), or
1 Bag ($19.50) granulated sugar to be forwarded to
the following address:

Name .....
Address .....
City ..... State .....

MY GROCER IS: (name) (address)

Name .....
Address .....
Your grocer's name and address must be forwarded or the order will not be filled.

Send for Boston Herald's 1920 booklet, "Merchandising Metropolitan Boston"—it's free

LEIGHTON'S

Skolny Clothes

Half-Yearly Sale!

Suits and Overcoats

EVERY Suit and Overcoat you buy during this movement affords a big saving. No better way for you to invest a little money. Nothing yields a larger dividend. The spirit of thrift, frugality—prudence and forethoughtfulness—suggests that you take advantage of this opportunity to secure the finest clothes at the prices of common.

OVERCOATS

Big, loose, generous Ulster, or snug, form-tracing Dress Models in all the weaves and colors that Fashion favors:

Reduced from $75.00 to $63.75
Reduced from $65.00 to $55.25
Reduced from $60.00 to $51.00
Reduced from $50.00 to $42.50
Reduced from $45.00 to $38.25

THE SUITS

One of the marvels of SKOLNY Clothes is the way they fit. Ready-for-Service Clothes that fit as if made to your individual measurement.

Reduced from $85.00 to $80.00 to $66.50
Reduced from $75.00 to $70.00 to $59.50
Reduced from $65.00 to $60.00 to $52.50
Reduced from $57.50 to $55.00 to $47.50
Reduced from $52.50 to $50.00 to $42.50
Reduced from $45.00 to $38.50

THIS is our time to sell. We need empty racks—must have them to accommodate Spring Clothes that will soon arrive.

OUR time to sell is your time to buy, because as Winter wanes, and our desire to be rid of the season's unsold remainders intensifies we reduce prices.

THESE are the Clothes you may have wanted, but perhaps former prices raised a barrier between you and their ownership. The Half-Yearly Sale removes that barrier.

Alterations when necessary made by real tailors without charge.

During this sale none of our usual facilities and privileges accorded customers are withdrawn.

Broadway at 47th St.

Open Evenings

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JAN. 30, 1920.

OFFICES: (Telephone Bryant 1000.)
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex.....43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....1 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....2,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....361 Fulton Street
Staten Island.....93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....256 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
Washington.....Riggs Building
Chicago.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....618 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....403 Ford Building
San Francisco.....742 Market Street
London.....16 Salisbury Square, E. C.
Paris.....Au Matin, 8 Boulevard Poissonniere

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents City; Ten Cents elsewhere. East of Mississippi River: One Month, Six Months, One Year.
By Mail, Postpaid.
DAILY & SUNDAY....$11.00 $6.00 $1.00
One week, 35c.
DAILY only.....9.00 4.50 .85
One week, 30c.
SUNDAY only.....4.00 2.25 .40
SUNDAY only, Canada.....6.00 3.25 .65
For all points west of the Mississippi River add $1 per year for daily or daily and Sunday editions.

FOREIGN RATES.

DAILY & SUNDAY....$22.00 $11.30 $2.40
DAILY only.....17.40 8.90 1.45
SUNDAY only.....5.75 3.10 .60
Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues (one vol.), $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3 (foreign, $4). Per copy, 25c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $5; per year, $18.
THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—Illustrated—Cloth, $70; three-quarter leather, $90; full leather, $120—encyclopedic history European War.

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All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

LET MR. HAYS APPOINT ANOTHER COMMITTEE.

The Republican Party has never had a wiser or better campaign manager than Chairman WILL H. HAYS of its National Committee. His methods are as far as one pole from the other from the old tricks and devices, the subterranean activities, the calculated subtleties and foolish intrigues of the old-time campaign directors. He is clear-sighted, resourceful, broad, distinctly modern. He puts aside the outworn ideas of the party boss and the party machine. "The duty of the "party membership is to see what "the party's purpose shall be, what "its policies shall become," he says. Chairman HAYS's machine is made up of the whole party.

He has appointed an excellent Advisory Committee on Policies and Platform. In the list of 171 members there are to be found the names of the chief men of the party all over the country; men known to the nation as Republican leaders; men and women of standing and influence in their own States, also not unknown to the nation. This Advisory Committee will give aid to the National Committee in "ascertaining the needs of the na-"tion, and frankly, honestly, and def-"initely stating the fundamentals of "the party's plan for the solution of "problems in a comprehensive pro-"gram of constructive measures." That is a sound, democratic beginning of the work of organization for the campaign. But it is not enough.

If Mr. HAYS has really set his heart on carrying his party to victory and electing its candidate, let him now appoint another committee of a thousand members not less distinguished, men of imposing stature, dominating minds, and the voice of command, women of great determination and unconquerable will, and send them to Washington to tell the Republican members of the United States Senate that the people demand the immediate ratification of the Treaty of Versailles. Let them be instructed to tell the Senators that, while in the beginning this may have been looked upon as Mr. WILSON'S Treaty, it is now the people's Treaty, the people's covenant; that after careful scrutiny and due examination they have approved it, have made it their own. Let them tell the Senators that the country is deadly sick of the false pretenses of the long wrangle, that it repudiates as bad Americans alike those Senators who openly seek the death of the Treaty and those who, with hypocritical professions of a desire for its acceptance, nevertheless in every crisis have manoeuvred for its defeat.

The members of this committee, which we hope Mr. HAYS will promptly constitute, will speak with the voice and will of their own party and of the country if they command the people's servants in the Senate Chamber to come to an immediate agreement for ratification.

PARTY MEN AND AMERICANS.

At an informal "mass" convention in Bismarck the Republicans of North Dakota avowed their belief in the principles of "100 per cent. Republicanism," condemned Socialism, I. W. W.-ism, Bolshevism, Communism, and spurned any alliance with radical notions. Senator MCCUMBER declared that the Republican Party is a partisan and will have nothing to do with the so-called Non-Partisan League, the Socialist concern that rules North Dakota, whose curious financial methods and institutions have stirred the wonder of the outside world. The convention approved the nominees for Presidential Electors and for delegates and alternates to the Republican National Convention without committing itself to a single candidacy, indorsed in resolutions the leadership of General WOOD, Governor LOWDEN, and Senator HARDING, in the order named. It was a straight Republican convention. In North Dakota the temptations to a surrender or partial surrender of principles and the invitation to some sort of a pact or "deal" with the still powerful and triumphant Socialist machine of Mr. TOWNLEY are perhaps considerably stronger than Eastern Republicans can appreciate.

An elaborate myth was circulated to the effect that Senator MCCUMBER and the Non-Partisan League had reached an understanding whereby the Townley people were not to oppose the election of delegates to Chicago friendly to Mr. MCCUMBER, and he and his friends were to support or not to oppose the State Administration. "The whole report," said The Grand Forks Herald, no habitual flygobbler, the other day, "has a decided air of plausibility." To those who know Senator MCCUMBER it had a decided air of incredibility, and its incredibility has now been proved. "The election of delegates to the "Republican National Convention of "Chicago," said The Grand Forks Herald, "is going to be in very large "measure a test of the Americanism "of the people of North Dakota." The Republicans of North Dakota have shown their thorough Americanism.

ANOTHER TEST.

There will be a special election on Feb. 14 in the Third Missouri District of a Representative in Congress to succeed Mr. JOSHUA WILLIS ALEXANDER, appointed Secretary of Commerce. The League of Nations is the one issue. The Republicans have insisted on making it the issue. The Democrats have cheerfully accepted that issue. Senator HIRAM JOHNSON has stormed into the district, opening the Republican campaign with his wonted vehemence. Democratic and Republican orators will be loud in the district for the next two weeks.

Mr. ALEXANDER represented it from the Sixtieth to the Sixty-sixth Congress, inclusive. In 1918 the state of the poll was: ALEXANDER, Democrat, 15,910; FROST, Republican, 14,507; GARRETT, Socialist, 55; just close enough to make a contest, even on ordinary issues, interesting. Even a few hundred abstentions, such as might ordinarily be expected in a special election, would be sufficient to turn the scale. It is true, generally speaking, that in a district where parties are almost evenly balanced the side opposed to the Administration may be said to have the advantage, so many little cases of personal disappointment and disgruntlement from failure to get office having arisen.

But there will be no disposition on the part of the Democrats "to explain away" their defeat, if they should happen to be defeated. They will have to admit that Senator REED and not Mr. WILSON is followed by the Democrats of the district. On the other hand, if the Republicans are beaten, they should not try to evade the necessary meaning; nor pretend, as they have done in some special elections, that the contest was decided by some collateral or interposed issues.

OUR GOVERNMENT MARINE.

Britain, the former Mistress of the Seas, in 1919 built 1,620,000 tons of shipping, or 16 per cent. less than its pre-war record in 1913. Lloyd's Register admits it, and adds that our output was 4,075,385 tons. How easily first the United States is in the race for shipping output appears from the fact that our record is 57 per cent. of the world's construction. Before the war England built 35 per cent. more than the rest of the world, whereas now the rest of the world outbuilds England by three and one-third times. According to our records, our tonnage exceeds fifteen millions, and is manned by 266,000 seamen. In this respect we still have a little gain to make to beat England at her own game. England's pre-war record of shipping was 20,300,000 tons and 295,652 seamen. Reckoning only ships plying the high seas, our seamen number 175,000, compared with 60,354 in 1915 and England's 210,672 in 1914.

In fairness to our competitor it may be remarked that England was more preoccupied with the war than ourselves, and made greater sacrifices for the common cause on land and sea. The figures are not surprising to those who bear in mind that we have easily led the world in shipbuilding and navigation whenever we have given our minds to it. It is no truer, now that ships are built of iron, than when with our wooden clippers we outbuilt and outsailed the world, either as merchantmen or yachtsmen. It remains to be proved that our iron ship operation is worthy to be classed with our shipbuilding record, and we moderate our pride as we reflect that the outlook is foggy, if not actually discouraging. The only ships which can hold the seas permanently are those which operate at a profit, unless we are to assume a loss in the operation of shipping rivaling that in operation of railways. If we have not yet built ourselves to a standstill, then it may be hoped that we soon either shall do so or discover how our tonnage "going foreign" shall sustain itself. At present there is no policy on the subject, and hearings are now being held which develop astonishing ideas of the uses to which ocean carriers should be put. No private capital will risk operation at the capital cost the Government puts on its shipping. Those who can place orders for ships to their liking at $175 a ton will not pay the Government $50 more, the present asking price. During 1919, according to American records, our registered shipping increased from 11,261,444 tons to 15,325,000, and the Government owns of the increase 3,637,777 tons. The Government owned 62 per cent. of our ocean tonnage, built at a cost of two and a half billions, on June 30, 1919, and the account is still rising.

There is not even an implied criticism in the recital. But surely it is prudent to ask what we are going to do about it, and it may be as patriotic as it was to urge the construction when the issue was not what it would cost to vanquish the enemies of the human race, but whether it could be done at whatever cost. Looking ahead, the question recurs what we shall do with our white elephant. The Midwest, Gulf, and South Atlantic Transportation Committee this week filed at Washington a brief against the sale of the Government shipping "until such trade routes as our "national interests may require "have been permanently established." Houston testified that it is being developed rapidly with the aid of allocation of Government ships to export cotton. That is not new business, but a diversion of business, mostly from Galveston, and perhaps to a smaller extent from New York. As a war measure it is beyond criticism, but as a permanent policy it takes on a dubious aspect. The argument is that the Southern States subscribed for the Liberty bonds which paid for the Government shipping, and that in ten years they would buy the shipping. If they would guarantee to buy the ships in that time the bargain might be struck, but, lacking a guarantee, we confess fears that the cost of the operation would be added to the cost of the shipping.

The views of owners of shipping are different. The American Steamship Owners' Association recommends that the ships be sold at an appraisal, the price suggested being about as much below the present private construction price as that is below the Government's asking price. The spokesman for the American Manufacturers' Export Association also wants the Government shipping sold at an appraisal, with a guarantee that the buyers shall be protected against losses in operation in competitive business, as all ocean business is. But the manufacturers oppose paying taxes for the purpose of building up backward ports, and even think the Government has no right to use the people's money in developing new trade routes.

These facts show that there is necessity for prompt action. Already the nation has spent some three billions on what is practically a subsidy to shipping, with such side issues as the raising of wages in the operating and constructing and navigating staffs. It is lamentable to think of the diversion of these billions while our railways are callously neglected.

PLAYING THE GAME.

It is pleasant to see most of the Republican candidates for President and their managers show toward one another a courtesy worthy of the sacred circle of the Table Round. General WOOD will not fight for delegates in Senator HARDING'S Ohio, but will let the Buckeye Republicans decide at the April primary whether they want him or the Favorite Son, who is also more than a Favorite Son, or somebody else. Governor LOWDEN'S manager, after reading the modest statement made by Governor COOLIDGE of Massachusetts, doesn't construe it as a self-denying ordinance or a renunciation. He regards Mr. COOLIDGE as still a candidate and Massachusetts as his proper territory which the friends of Mr. LOWDEN will not invade before a formal withdrawal of his Excellency's name.

Governor GOODRICH of Indiana has made such a withdrawal. Therefore, Indiana becomes politically a No Man's or Any Man's Land. And Mr. HARDING'S, General WOOD'S, any candidate's pioneers press hopefully forward into Hoosierland. In such an amiable spirit do these gentlemen seek the great prize. They recommend themselves to the public, they make friends and admirers by this polite behavior. General WOOD urbanely accepts the challenge of Senator POINDEXTER of Washington to debate with him in Pierre, S. D., next March. Perhaps we are mistaken in saying that the General's acceptance of the invitation is the result of politeness. We have an impression that debates between candidates is compulsory under the remarkable primary law of South Dakota, that rich, original, eccentric Richards law which we have admired for years, but into whose interminable miles of provisions there isn't time enough in all time to enter. At any rate, Mr. POINDEXTER is a skilled and wily debater. General WOOD speaks excellently well, clearly and simply, but he has had no practice in debating. It should be "mighty interestin' reading," the report of that debate.

Senator HIRAM JOHNSON may, perhaps, be called the most untamed of the Republican candidates. Only from his manager in Nebraska, Mr. FRANK J. HARRISON, do we hear phrases not quite so silken as those the other players of the game have led us to expect. According to The Omaha World-Herald, Mr. HARRISON "is al-"ready greasing his double-barrel shot-"gun." He refuses to refer to General WOOD "in terms more flattering than 'the military autocrat,'" and he is pleased pleasantly to describe Governor LOWDEN as the "Pullman Company millionaire." Let us hope, however, that this derangement of epitaphs is invented by Democratic malice or mischief; that all the candidates and all their managers and chief boosters have been and will be, in their language and manners, Chesterfields and Sir Charles Grandisons.

FRANCE AND THE BIRTH RATE.

The seriousness of the birth-rate problem in France has been manifest for over a generation and has now received the highest official recognition through President POINCARE'S decree creating "a natality division of the Ministry of Health." But the problem is by no means "unique with France." Among Americans of the older stock it is little, if at all, less serious, and in England it is a rapidly increasing menace. Even Germany noted a steady decrease in births long before the war.

The most hopeful feature of the proposed program is that it will deal not only with such causes as are "of a moral nature," but also with causes that are "national and economic." Hitherto it has been very generally assumed that the problem is primarily one of personal and patriotic ideals. In all probability the prime cause is economic. Through many decades the birth rate in England was strikingly larger than in France, and the fact was very plausibly explained by the difference in the conditions of inheritance. In England the bulk of the family fortune went to the eldest son; the "younger brother's portion" was to shift for himself. An inheritance might remain unchanged for centuries and yet provide for generation after generation of large families. The expansion of the Briton throughout the world has very plausibly been attributed to the custom of primogeniture. In France fortunes are divided more equally, and the custom has been for each son to eke out his share with his wife's dowry and remain at home. As a result of the natural desire to maintain the familiar standards of living, the tendency has been toward a family of only two children, which means a population which is stationary or tending to decline.

The recent fall in the English birth rate has come with the shrinkage of opportunity overseas. The best lands and the best business opportunities were already occupied. But there have been other factors at work everywhere. It has become more and more customary to give children a university and even a professional education; and the period of study has meantime considerably lengthened. The spread of democratic ideas has brought an increase of worldly ambition among a wide range of people who would once have been satisfied with the life to which they were born in shop or factory. The result has been a sharp decrease in births even in regions where it would be least expected—in Australia, Canada, and South Africa. In America the exhaustion of the public lands and higher standards of living have been powerfully reinforced by a third factor—a tide of immigrant labor, whose lower standards have driven the native born from wide fields of industry. Throughout the world there is a cry for more workers, and especially for those who are well brought up, well educated. And throughout the world this most vital of all services can only be rendered at the expense in each family of much money and of ceaseless sacrifices of many kinds.

Ideals are also involved, both personal and patriotic, which are of the highest value and significance; but until the economic difficulty is abated or removed it is vain to expect any decisive results from appealing to them. Throughout the major portion of the civilized world, well-meaning folk will watch with interest the results of M. POINCARE'S decree.

FOR A DEPARTMENT OF AIR.

The bill to form a Department of Air which Mr. NEW of Indiana supported in a speech in the Senate on Wednesday was introduced on Oct. 30, 1919. It was, therefore, three months before he could get the floor to explain his measure. Most of the intervening period was devoted by the Senate when it was in session to trying vainly to dispose of the Peace Treaty. Thus are legislative proposals impeded and held back. The purpose of the New bill is to create a Department of Air, define the powers and duties of its chief or director, provide for the organization and administration of a United States air force and an air reserve force, and to aid in the development of civil and commercial aviation. It is modeled upon the British plan, or is an adaptation of that plan to American needs. Section 3 declares that it shall be the "province and duty" of the Department of Air to "foster, develop, and promote all matters pertaining to aeronautics," and that it shall be "charged with "the purchase, manufacture, maintenance, and production of all air-"craft for the United States and shall "perform all duties heretofore as-"signed to the War, Post Office, "Navy, and Treasury Departments."

It is the proposal of this bill to relieve the departments named of the business and responsibility of maintaining aeronautical equipment and personnel. In peace and war the Director of Air is to supply them with the units they need, but these units are nevertheless to be under the exclusive control of department commanders. All aeronautical property in the possession of the Government is to be turned over to the Director of Air, buildings, vessels, apparatus, and equipment, and all aviation sections are to be transferred; that is to say, all personnel. The department is to be organized into four divisions, Military Aeronautics, Civil and Commercial Aeronautics, Supplies, and Research. Section 14 provides that "the air force shall be so trained as "to comprise a combatant force of the "United States with a view to oper-"ating either with the armed land or "sea forces." The complement of officers is not to exceed 4,000, and of enlisted men 40,000. The term of enlistment is to be for one year or three years and a reserve force is provided for.

As regards civil and commercial aeronautics the New bill does not seem to be explicit enough, but perhaps the subject is somewhat shadowy as yet. The Director is authorized to establish aerial routes throughout the United States and its possessions, and he is to co-operate with States, cities, and municipalities in building aerodromes and acquiring landing fields "to be used in common." It is provided that "for the purpose of en-"couraging the development of com-"mercial aeronautics in the United "States full co-operation will be "given by commanding officers of "the aerodromes of the air force to "the owners or operators of private "or commercial aircraft." This is rather indefinite, but the presumption is that the Air Department, which in Section 3 is charged with "the pur-"chase, manufacture, maintenance, "and production of all aircraft for the "United States," will give the manufacturers liberal orders for material and the finished product. The New bill is at best a draft and it will need a good deal of overhauling and amendment.

The War and Navy Departments are at present opposed to the plan of a separate Air Department, but the Assistant Secretary of War is not in sympathy with Secretary BAKER'S attitude. The navy is perhaps more averse to taking units from such a department than is the army. Senator NEW is going to have a hard time of it persuading partisans of the two services in Congress to approve of his bill. The objection will be made that the stern duty of economy forbids the appropriation of money for an expensive Air Department. The fact will remain that the United States will make very unsatisfactory progress in aeronautics and utterly fail in competition with rival Powers unless such a department is created, organized, and kept up.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Sardines Protected by Seaplanes.

An entertaining modernization of the ancient practice of beating swords into plowshares and spears into pruning hooks is proposed to the French Ministry of Marine by the fishermen of Brittany. Schools of porpoises have invaded the haunts of the sardine, and have wrought such devastation that there are few sardines left for the Breton fishermen. So petition is made to the Ministry of Marine to station a seaplane patrol at each fishing port, and to equip each plane with depth bombs having a sufficient radius. Let the aviators constantly scan the sea for porpoises as they once did for submarines, and when they see a battalion of porpoises preparing a raid on a peaceful detachment of sardines let them drop depth bombs sufficient to blow the porpoises to Davy Jones's locker.

With any movement leading to the preservation of the sardine New Yorkers will feel sympathy. Aside from the fellow-feeling promoted by life on the Interborough, the sardine is an essential component of these table d'hôtes which for a long time kept up a tradition of cheap and good food in a city where good food is now scarce and cheap food is almost non-existent. The red wine of California, another essential of the table d'hôte, is gone, and rarely does the food taste quite the same without it; if the sardine should go, too, we should have only the minestrone and spaghetti and roast chicken to keep alive the memory of an institution which was once the general refuge of the intellectual poor, and which may be so again if we can discover something that will operate to stimulate conversation, and the willingness to listen to conversation, as the vintages of the Pacific Coast used to do it.

Softening the Asperities of Law.

The law is said not to regard the smaller things of life, but the lawmakers at Washington are more sympathetic. Certain men of the American Army whose service led them to Italy assumed matrimonial liabilities which they are now seeking honorably to discharge; but five of them find themselves thwarted by the immigration laws.

Their affianced brides, on their arrival at Ellis Island, passed every test with flying colors save one. They are not able to read or write. Under the law as it stands they would have to go back to Italy and their intended husbands with them, there to be married. As wives of American citizens the literacy test would be powerless against them. But that course is expensive, and some of the Benedicks are suffering from wounds received in action. The House of Representatives, being in many things human, proposes to amend the law so that the marriages may take place on this side. It is encouraged in this course by the fact that women of this country who were unfortunate in being married to German subjects have already had their American citizenship restored.

It is deeply to be hoped that this worthy effort may meet with no check. Hands across seas have not been so numerous of late that we can afford to balk, in such cases, at a small matter of literacy.

Heckling at Political Meetings in England.

Mr. ASQUITH, former Premier and one of the most illustrious of Englishmen, receives no more consideration from his opponents and critics at a campaign meeting than does a novice in politics. They come to heckle, not to applaud, him, or even to listen to his arguments without interruption. It is the British way. Mr. ASQUITH is a Liberal candidate for Paisley. Addressing a meeting there on Tuesday night, he assailed the Coalition Government, which is vulnerable enough. His language was not vituperative nor violent, such as to excite honest partisans of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE. A Government of "experiments and adventures" the former Premier called the Coalition. But he had to reckon with the hecklers. They volleyed questions at him. They derided his epithets. There was a "noisy element" at the meeting, which in England means a boisterous and rough element. Mr. ASQUITH had to face a storm of opposition that might have shaken any one's composure but his. That is public life in England. The man who cannot present a calm front to his disturbers and reason them down, or silence them by repartee, is at a great disadvantage, and his chances of election are affected. We order things differently in America. Speakers are heard respectfully and with consideration, as a rule. Most of those whom the candidate addresses are his supporters and friends. They come to admire and applaud. A heckler has no place in such an audience. He is suppressed or ejected, sometimes not too tenderly. As hecklers can never, or seldom, be convinced by facts and argument, the American way seems to be the more sensible.

FAITH AND SPIRITUALISM.

Sir Oliver Lodge Goes Too Far or Not Far Enough.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorials and comments upon the visit and message of the doubtless kindly and well meaning old gentleman who is now with us interest me very much because I am a student of spiritualism and to some extent a believer in it. Theories of philosophers and deductions of scientists are dangerous when the proposition involved does away with an accepted belief of the majority of peoples and the moral tendency of their creed by whatever name one wishes to call it. If Sir Oliver is right in his view that humanity is merely a mixture of ether of which all the spaces in the firmament are filled, and matter gathered naturally from earthly substances, and that death, so called, simply separates the matter from the ether and the ether or spirit returns to the ether from which it was taken, what need for bothering much about anything? As your editorial phrases it, the call from what we call life, "is apparently a military 'as you were.'"

If also general headquarters, to pursue the military idea, is so brilliant that the etherized subject cannot look upon it without blindness, as Sir Oliver maintains, what becomes of our belief in Almighty God, whom we hope some day to see face to face? It appears to me that Sir Oliver goes too far in his theories, or if he wishes to make his message one of hope and encouragement he does not go far enough; he does not take into account the soul hunger of the Christian belief that not alone is fed on the hope of meeting hereafter the loved ones who have passed beyond the veil but of seeing and knowing God the Father of us all.

If I were to believe Sir Oliver's very unconvincing ideas as I understand them I should not hesitate between playing golf on Sunday or going to church. I should apply for a captaincy at least in the great army of drifters from the church, for what can the churches give me that evolution in the end will not? I should attend solely to the upkeep and pleasure of my body; evolution will take care of what I have called my soul. Spiritualism is a great unanswerable question. Where it brings hope and encouragement, as to many simple souls it undoubtedly has, it can do no harm. Where it undermines a faith in the living God it is dangerous. In the life of every man who has taken his adventure through life thoughtfully there must have been happenings unattributable to any but a spirit force—not the odic effluvia that snaps a watch or tips a table, and that is supposed to emanate from a sitting medium at $5 per sit, not from working of a ouija board glaringly printed "patented" and "trade-mark" but some unclean spirit steal its commercial value, but from some mysterious power that I like to think of as coming direct from God.

Investigations in mediumistic work have proved without a doubt that the majority are fakers. If they have, as has happened and will again before exposure, been able to fool many so-called scientists, how much the more easily is the earnest but simple seeker after the truth fooled? So-called psychic phenomena are more often a matter of mechanics than not. Spirit writing is always a trick. In all earnestness, I say to Sir Oliver and his followers:

Oh! tell us not in numbers sad
That Heaven is but a myth;
Oh, take not from our simple faith
The marrow and the pith.

Say not that there's no dreadful place
The earth's this crust beneath,
Where sinners play the castanets
Forever with their teeth.

Enough! Earthly trees, flowers, and animals await me. I may not see them again from my present pleasant point of view. JOHN CAMPBELL HAYWOOD.
Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 17, 1920.

Study of Oral Latin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter of Miss Kate Stevens in your issue of Jan. 25, in which she objects to the statement in my letter of Jan. 16 that the course in Latin conversation offered in Teachers College in 1910 was "probably the first of its kind to be offered in any American college," and asserts that similar work was done in the University of Kansas in the early 70s, is interesting, but quite beside the point. Examination of the announcements of the University of Kansas for the years 1871-5, during which Miss Stevens was a student there, shows that no such course was announced. That the Professor of Latin should have used Latin to a certain extent in his classes is not surprising, for that is quite often done by live instructors. But this is entirely different from giving special courses in the oral use of Latin with a view to effecting a change in the methods of teaching that subject in the schools.

GONZALEZ LODGE.
Teachers College, Jan. 28, 1920.

ENNUI.

Sweet Sorrow seems to haunt me now;
But once I courted her.
For the glow has waned from the years,
And Fancy broods with unshed tears,
Nor dares to stir.

Oh, for the shock of wild combat,
Or the touch of passion's flame,
To be caught in a world of storm,
To feel again the pulses warm
And flee these shapes without name.

But combat is hollow and passion dust,
And color and strife are pale,
And the long sad days pass one by one,
And the gray earth turns from sun to sun,
And night is a lonely vale.

ROGER WILLIAMSON.

"ETHICS OF TRAPPING."

Mrs. Fiske Protests Against the Boy Scouts' Participation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Thousands of people who are interested in that department of humanitarian service that seeks justice for dumb animals will consider the article, "The Ethics of Trapping," in The Boy Scout Magazine as the greatest blow the cause has ever received. Many of those engaged in opposing cruelty to animals have pinned their faith to the Boy Scouts' organization, hoping, in the next generation, for the coming of a better day—a day of greater enlightenment, when mankind shall have realized, to some extent at least, its responsibility to the world of dumb creatures committed to its care. A great American has asked, "How have we met that responsibility?" and has answered his own question, "Without intelligence, without justice, without mercy." Is our faith in the Boy Scouts to be destroyed?

The writer has been in close touch with trappers and with the business of trapping for twenty years. From every angle it is the lowest, most despicable business on earth. It is difficult to believe that the woman lives who would consent to wear trapped furs if she were obliged to witness the tragedy of their procuring. If women would band together for six months—and an organization in each city would accomplish the desired end—in refusing to purchase trapped furs, the boycott would be sufficient to put an end to the business and compel the attention of the controllers of the fur trade to fur farming. Furs are unnecessary as clothing, save for inhabitants of regions where other clothing is unobtainable. Thousands of people have ceased to wear furs. It is a fact that certain Arctic explorers have deliberately abandoned furs for clothing which is more comfortable.

If the Boy Scout is to be a trapper he will undoubtedly study and meditate upon the books that are published for the instruction of trappers. He will learn of the "pan," which clutches the leg of the captive close up to the body. The animal will gnaw its fettered foot off, but it can never get away. The Scout will also learn of the spring-pole, which jerks the prisoner into the air and holds it there, sometimes for days at a time, suffering the torture of the clutch, fever, inflammation, thirst, starvation, terror, freezing—struggling always to escape until it is possible to struggle no more. And the Boy Scout, if he were to become a trapper, would learn how the ermine is caught—ermine, which is the badge of royalty. The trapping of ermine reveals a phase of human ingenuity at its worst.

It is true that our sportsmen opponents suggest that the Boy Scouts should visit their traps every twenty-four hours (twenty-four hours of excruciating suffering of mind and body is the limit proposed) to inflict the coup de grace to the prisoners, whose one offense has been that they sought for food. Twenty-four hours! Let us imagine a human being in this plight for one hour. If any one of those who write suavely of the advantages of trapping were himself caught in the clutch of the steel, it is safe to say that that particular advocate of the "sport" would be silent as to these advantages forevermore.

Last year a trapper of my acquaintance delayed for a week to visit his traps and found a trapped bear still alive, but in such a condition as to render both meat and fur useless.

We all shrink from physical pain and torture. It is an instinct of nature. We shrink from it for ourselves and for our children and loved ones. We seek desperately in every direction possible to avoid or to alleviate it. But how many of us unhesitatingly inflict upon the creatures of the dumb world unspeakable suffering that not one of us would have the courage to face! Last Winter four million cattle, turned out to face the Winter without food or shelter, perished in the stock gamble on the ranges. Trapping involves incredible acts of martyrdom on the part of warm-blooded, sensitive living creatures, who are capable of suffering even as we suffer.

If the Boy Scout is to be a trapper and this exciting "sport" is started, where will it end—a "sport" so engrossing that other aimless diversions will have lessened zest once the pace has been set for the pastime, whose object is pursuing and killing, whether by trap or gun? New pests will be suggested for extermination, and the butchery to be associated with the Scouts' great organization will never cease. And the sacred pledge which our young crusader takes at his initiation, how about that?—this excellent Scout law which he promises to obey when he takes oath that "he will be a friend to animals"? Is the treaty he has made with the animal world to be merely a scrap of paper? Will his faithlessness lead to other breaches of his manly promises to "be kind"?

This taking of life in a manner that includes unspeakable suffering is a debasing, soul-hardening employment. Let it not be assigned to impressionable youth. If in the case of destructive animals the work must be done, let slaughtermen be appointed to do it, and compelled by law to do it as humanely as possible.

There is a dawn of hope in this trapping problem. Imitation fura, warm as real furs, of beautiful texture and effect are now manufactured and fur-bearing animal farms are coming into existence. On these farms animals are humanely reared and humanely destroyed. The fur is better. A writer in The Conservationist Magazine says: "The several States consider many of our fur bearers as destructive vermin. The weasel, mink and fox are most noted. Their extermination is sought and bounties are placed on them for this purpose. This procedure, together with the trappers' hunting, will bring many of these creatures to extermination unless some step is taken to save them. Fur farming would not only save many species of valuable fur animals from extinction, but at the same time put their depredations to a definite end. All animals trapped or shot in their wild state have their pelts more or less injured, which depreciates the value of the pelt. This loss of valuable fur can be safely estimated to run over a million dollars annually. By fur farming not only will pelts be saved from injury, but furs will be taken from the animals when they are in prime condition."

There may be ways and means of handling the trap problem. This is not the place to discuss them. This letter, urged by many humanitarians throughout the country, is a direct appeal to the Scouts. May the Boy Scouts help in the humanitarian movement to enlighten the public as to the horrors of trapping. May they help to rouse public sentiment to the extent that ultimately legislation that will make most trapping a felony will be achieved. Let the Scouts help in the now active work of encouraging the new industry of fur farming, so that eventually the old barbarism of trapping shall pass away forever. The progress of civilization will inevitably bring about its obliteration. We must believe that our Boy Scouts will stand for the progress of civilization.

MINNIE MADDERN FISKE.
New York, Jan. 22, 1920.

HINES URGES LIMIT ON RAIL EARNINGS

Wants Reserves Set Aside from Profits of the More Prosperous Lines.

FAVORS SHARING CONTROL

Declares That the Public and Labor Ought to Have a Part in Management.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 29.—Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, in an address before the Transportation Club here tonight, urged the division of excess earnings of railroad corporations above a reasonable return in order to protect the public against excess earnings by very prosperous railroads and in order to insure a fair return to all railroads.

"Those who oppose this plan seem to assume that it will operate as a discouragement upon private capital," said Mr. Hines. "They seem to assume that if this plan is not adopted there will be no discouragement on private capital, but they should remember the discouragements which have existed heretofore.

"The real question is whether a plan shall be adopted which will both protect the public interest and reasonably protect private capital, or whether, on the other hand, a plan shall be adopted which will fail to do either with any degree of satisfaction."

Mr. Hines declared his belief that unless the railroad problem at the present time were dealt with "in a bold and effective way" the return to private management after Federal control "will be wholly disappointing."

The Director General also urged the compulsory consolidation of the railroad systems of the country into a few large systems, and suggested the participation of the public and labor in the management of the roads.

Major General Leonard Wood, who is visiting Louisville on an inspection trip, was another speaker at the banquet.

Fears Return of Former Obstacles.

In his discussion of railroad rate questions Mr. Hines said:

"Intelligent consideration will be greatly aided by recalling the conditions of railroad regulation as they existed in 1917, and as they will again exist under private control unless fundamentally changed by new legislation. In 1917 railroad executives were profoundly discouraged as to the conditions of railroad regulation. They found extreme difficulty in proving to the public satisfaction what they regarded as their absolute necessities in the way of increased rates, and they had no satisfactory method of dealing with the labor problems which were constantly becoming more pressing.

"Both rates and service were being regulated by Federal and State legislative bodies and commissions. Common action was much easier for the labor organizations than it was for the railroads. The result was that so-called private management of the railroads was regarded by the executives themselves as largely figurative because they felt that to a great extent the management was virtually taken out of their hands.

"The question now is, shall the railroads be returned to substantially the same regulation which had proved so discouraging in 1917 or shall changes be made sufficiently fundamental to remove the difficulties upon this question.

"Broadly, I believe that unless these matters are dealt with in bold and effective way the return to private management will be wholly disappointing. I believe that no prompt, confident and liberal regulation of the railroads will be practicable unless provision is made for appropriating for the benefit of the public interest an important part of the excess which any railroad company may earn over a clearly reasonable return.

"If this is not done there will be two continuing obstacles to securing satisfactory general treatment of the rate problem. One will be that rates sufficiently high to protect the general situation will inure to an unreasonable extent to the benefit of particularly prosperous roads, and this will operate to prevent the establishment of such rates. The other will be that rates which might be sufficient to protect the situation on the average would operate to produce unduly high returns in exceptionally prosperous years, and this fear likewise will have a restraining influence upon satisfactory action upon the rate question.

Wants Reserves Accumulated.

"On the other hand, if it is clearly understood that an important part of the return of any company in excess of a reasonable return will inure in some proper way to the public benefit, these obstacles to satisfactory treatment of the rate problem will disappear. The excess earnings thus appropriated for the public benefit ought to be used largely for the creation of reserves to protect the railroad situation in unfavorable years, and thus an additional element of stability will be given to the situation.

"The readjustment of rates at the present time to establish the credit of all the railroad companies operating independently and on their separate responsibilities will be an exceedingly difficult matter because the abnormal conditions of the last two years make it exceedingly difficult to draw any satisfactory conclusions as to the actual earning capacity of the railroads at the moment. The public is also likely to come to realize that under a continued unified control a large increase in rates would not be necessary.

"Therefore the proposal for the large increases in rates which probably will be necessary to establish and sustain the credit of the railroads separately under private management is likely to be met by strenuous and plausible objections. In such a situation the prospect of obtaining the necessary increases will be greatly improved by the plan which I recommend because all will appreciate that if for any reason in the case of any railroad, or generally, it should turn out that rate increases produce more than is sufficient, the excess will go largely to protect the public interest rather than to give the private owners an unnecessary additional benefit.

"I regard it as a very important part of this plan to leave to the railroad companies a sufficient proportion of the excess earnings to stimulate their efficiency in the public interest. Beyond this point I believe the plan of division of earnings which I propose is essential to the due protection both of the public interest and of all legitimate elements of private interest.

"I have heard it seriously urged that the old system ought to be kept because we are familiar with it. This would be a good argument if the old system had been satisfactory and had secured a proper result in the public interest; but, since I believe the old system was wholly unsatisfactory and was rapidly becoming progressively more unsatisfactory, I am unable to appreciate the argument. I find no potency in the suggestion that we ought to adhere to a failure because we are familiar with it."

MISS WALSH WEDS W. B. J. MITCHELL

Daughter of State Tax Commissioner a Bride in St. Mary's Church, Yonkers.

ROSAMOND BECK MARRIES

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beck Wed in Temple B'nai Jeshurun—Reception at Biltmore.

The marriage of Walter B. J. Mitchell, the son of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Mitchell, and Miss Rosetta C. Walsh, daughter of State Tax Commissioner Michael J. Walsh and Mrs. Walsh, took place yesterday afternoon in St. Mary's Church, Yonkers. Mgr. James Megean, rector of St. Peter's Church, Barclay Street, New York, performing the ceremony. Miss Mary E. Dillon of this city was the maid of honor, and the bride was also attended by Mrs. J. Emmet Hannigan and the Misses Marie L. Mitchell, and Ruth H. Ryan of Yonkers, Dorothy W. Kennedy of this city, and Cecile M. Smith of Hartford, Conn.

Frank J. Mitchell was his brother's best man, and the ushers were J. Emmet Hannigan, Gerald Nolan, Charles J. Wallace, Ralph Timm, and Donald Mersereau. The reception was held in the ballroom of the Elks Club. The bridegroom was a former Public Safety Commissioner of Yonkers, and during the war was an Ensign in the navy.

Bachrack—Beck.

The wedding of Oscar Bachrack of Toronto, Canada, and Miss Rosamond Beck, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beck of 574 West End Avenue, took place at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Temple B'nai Jeshurun, the Rev. Dr. Israel Goldstein performing the ceremony.

Miss Beck, who walked with her father, wore a silver cloth gown and a tulle veil held with orange blossoms. The maid of honor was Miss Isabel Bachrack, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Ruth Bachrack and Charlotte Bachrack, all sisters of the bridegroom; Lilian Rosenwasser, Lilian Newman, Dorothy Hersh, and Esther Willing of Milwaukee. Little Miss Peggy Finke was the flower girl.

Benjamin Bachrack of Toronto was his brother's best man and four other brothers, Julius and Harry Bachrack of Toronto and Saul and Emanuel Bachrack of this city, were ushers; also Edmund Hersh and William Sydeman. The ceremony was followed by a reception, dinner, and dancing at the Biltmore for about 150 guests. After a trip to the Pacific Coast, Mr. and Mrs. Bachrack plan making their home in this city.

Thomas—Terriberry.

The wedding of Miss Margaret Terriberry, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Frederick Terriberry of 120 West Seventy-third Street, to William Grant Thomas, son of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Thomas of Wollaston, Mass., took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. Dr. Charles Jefferson of the Broadway Tabernacle, performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends. There were no bridal attendants. After a short honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Thomas will reside in this city.

Wed to Colonel Andrew B. Bruce.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The marriage is announced of Miss Roberta Linnell Kennedy of this city to Lieut. Col. Andrew B. Bruce, U. S. A., on Wednesday. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Logan P. Kennedy, with whom she has made her home since childhood. The Rev. Forrest Prettyman of the Emory M. E. Church officiated. After their honeymoon Colonel and Mrs. Bruce will reside at San Antonio, Texas.

MISS DOUGHERTY TO WED.

New York Girl Engaged to Major Francois Trives of Paris.

The engagement is announced of Miss Eleanor Dougherty, the youngest daughter of Mrs. J. Hampden Dougherty, and the late Mr. Dougherty, of 26 West Forty-ninth Street, New York, to Major François Trives of Paris. Miss Dougherty was a volunteer assistant during part of 1916-17 in the Lutetia Hospital in Paris, and later served in the Children's Bureau of the American Red Cross.

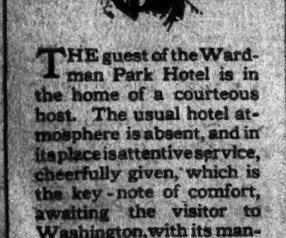
Major Trives was an officer throughout the war in the French Army. In 1917 he was sent to this country as a member of the French High Commission, and returned to France in association with the United States Army, 89th Division. After the armistice was declared he was sent on a mission to Poland and has only recently returned. He is an officer of the Legion of Honor. He also has the American D. S. C. and other decorations. No date has been set for the marriage.

Orteig-Dautlon Wedding Feb. 10.

The marriage of Miss Georgette Dautlon, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elie Dautlon of 15 West Eighth Street, and Raymond Orteig, Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Orteig of the Hotel Lafayette, will take place on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 10, at 4 o'clock, in the Church of St. Vincent de Paul, West Twenty-third Street, and the reception will follow at the Hotel Brevoort. The parents of Miss Dautlon and Mr. Orteig have been associated in business for many years.

Son in Harry S. Durand's Home.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Durand of 44 West Fifty-seventh Street, are receiving congratulations upon the birth of a son, their second. Mrs. Durand was formerly Miss Mildred Holmes.



THE guest of the Wardman Park Hotel is in the home of a courteous host. The usual hotel atmosphere is absent, and in its place is attentive service, cheerfully given, which is the key-note of comfort, awaiting the visitor to Washington, with its manifold interests and gaieties.

HARRY WARDMAN, President. ELMER DYER, Manager.

Wardman Park Hotel
Connecticut Avenue and Woodley Road
WASHINGTON, D.C.

SOCIAL NOTES.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel are giving a reception for Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Jr., tomorrow afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock.

Henry P. Davison is sailing tomorrow on the Mauretania to attend the first General Council of the League of Red Cross Societies at Geneva, opening March 2.

Justice and Mrs. Francis Key Pendleton will entertain at dinner Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic N. Watriss of of 1,155 Park Avenue are at Thomasville, Ga.

Countess de Rodellac entertained at tea yesterday at the St. Regis. Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Scott also gave a dinner party there, taking their guests to the theatre.

Ex-Justice David Leventritt will be at home tomorrow from 4 to 7 o'clock, on the occasion of his seventy-fifth birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford have sent out invitations for a dinner at their home tomorrow evening.

Major R. Lloyd George, son of the British Premier, and Mrs. George, who are at the Pennsylvania, will return to England on Feb. 14 on the Adriatic.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Clifton Mabon of the Wyoming, are entertaining tonight with a small dance at the Hotel Plaza, for their niece, Miss Laura Mabon.

Abram L. Elkus, the recently appointed Judge of the Court of Appeals, and Mrs. Elkus gave a dinner last evening at their residence, 956 Madison Avenue.

The Fourth Annual Father Knickerbocker's Ball in aid of the City History Club will be held at the residence of Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, 630 Park Avenue, on Feb. 13.

Washington.

Secretary and Mrs. Lane were the guests in whose honor Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Delano entertained last evening.

Admiral and Mrs. Benson were guests this evening of Mrs. F. B. Moran, who had a company of sixty to meet them at dinner at Warman Park Inn.

The former Ambassador from Russia, George Bakhmeteff, and Mme. Bakhmeteff have given up their Washington residence and gone to New York until their departure for Europe early in February. M. and Mme. Bakhmeteff have leased an apartment in Paris, where they propose making their home for the present.

Newport.

Mrs. Ashley Robertson was "at home" at the La Farge cottage this afternoon. Many members of the Winter colony attended the reception as well as many officers from the Naval Station.

Mrs. William Woodward Phelps will have charge of the program of the musicale to be given at the Art Association Saturday afternoon. There will be two groups of songs by Mrs. Augustus Hazard, violin selections by Ray Goff, and piano solos by Mrs. Phelps.

Mrs. J. Morgan Brown of New York is at the Muenchinger King for a brief visit. She came here to see her son, a student at St. George's school.

Mrs. Louis S. Treadwell, who has spent her Summers in Newport for the last five years, is now in Paris at the Hotel Vendome.

Hot Springs, Va.

The Canadian colony at the Homestead was increased by the arrival from Montreal of Mrs. A. A. Elkin and Miss Bessie Elkin and by that of W. H. Thorne and A. T. Thorne of St. John, New Brunswick, who are to remain four weeks.

The Baron and Baroness Rosenkrantz are shortly expected to return from Atlanta, Ga., where they have been the last week. After a few days at their cottage here they will go to New York to pass the rest of the Winter at the Ritz-Carlton.

Midwinter Ball at Ritz Tonight.

A Midwinter ball for the benefit of the Union Settlement will be held this evening, under the auspices of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Settlement, in the Ritz-Carlton ballroom. Mrs. Henry P. Davison is the Chairman of the auxiliary, and a sub-committee of which Miss Eunice James is Chairman will have charge of the programs. Boxes have been taken by Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Walter Jennings, Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Mrs. Ogden Reid, Mrs. Horace Harding, Mrs. E. S. Harkness, Mrs. Robert C. James, Mrs. H. L. Satterlee and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney and many others. Several dinners will precede the ball, including those at which Mrs. Henry P. Davison and Mrs. Edwin M. Bulkley will be the hostesses.

BISHOP BURCH AIDS DRIVE.

Starts Gifts to Girls' Protective League Campaign with $100.

"You are all interested, you are all sympathetic, you all want to help, but I don't hear you say that you are sorry in dollars and cents. I am sorry $100 this very minute," said Bishop Charles Sumner Burch at the close of a meeting of the Girls' Protective League, which had packed the ballroom and art gallery of Mrs. Vincent Astor, 840 Fifth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, until there was standing room only.

The league is working to raise $275,000 for its work among girls in moral danger, and in its efforts to improve conditions through co-operation with city officials and educational work. Bishop Burch's contribution brought others, and many subscription blanks were taken away to be sent in later.

Henry Morgenthau, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, who was the chief speaker, told of his belief in the big educational work that should be done by women, and of the need of passing child labor laws.

TEACHERS MAY STRIKE.

Chicago Federation, Asking "Decency" Wage, Threatens to Walk Out.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The Chicago Teachers' Federation today began a campaign for "health, decency, and efficiency" wages for elementary teachers by delegating to its Board of Managers authority which would make possible the calling of a strike to enforce the federation's demands.

The action followed the decision of the Board of Education to fix the maximum salary of grade teachers at $2,000 a year. The teachers insist that the minimum salary should be $1,200, with a maximum of $2,500, reached after nine years' service.

Approximately 6,000 teachers met and approved the program.

LIBRARY FOR GREENWICH.

3,400 Reference Books Presented to Y. M. C. A. by William A. Nash.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 29.—William A. Nash, President of the Corn Exchange Bank of New York, has presented to the Y. M. C. A. a reference library, consisting of 3,400 carefully selected books on scientific, historical, literary, business, and religious subjects.

It will be for the use of the two Christian associations, the schools and the community in general. A formal opening of the library will take place on Sunday, Feb. 8.

Concert for Diet Kitchen Feb. 16.

The annual concert for the benefit of the New York Diet Kitchen Association is to be held in the large ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria on Monday, Feb. 16, at 11 A. M., and the proceeds will be devoted to baby welfare work. Distinguished artists will take part in the program. The association is carrying eight milk and health stations.

RICHMOND LEVERING DIES OF PNEUMONIA

A Pioneer in the Development of Illinois Oil Fields, He Amassed a Fortune.

FIGURED IN LITIGATION

Testimony in Suit Indicated That He Lived at the Rate of $300,000 a Year.

Richmond Levering, President of Richmond Levering & Co., Inc., promoters and developers of oil interests, 130 Broadway, died Wednesday night of pneumonia, in his thirty-ninth year, at his residence, 1 East Fifty-sixth Street. He had been ill since last Saturday.

According to a report published yesterday afternoon, Mr. Levering had recently taken out life insurance policies aggregating $750,000, but his illness had interfered with his paying the first premiums, so that they were not operative upon his death. No verification of this report could be obtained last night. The officers of Richmond Levering & Co. said that he had made no mention of any such heavy insurance, and the insurance man with whom he usually transacted such business stated that no large policies had recently been applied for by Mr. Levering. In fact, Mr. Levering's intimate business associates were all frankly skeptical of the truth of the story.

Mr. Levering is credited with having amassed a considerable fortune in the course of a career that more than once bordered on the sensational. His enterprises were often in the limelight since oil developments appeared so prominently on the financial stage during recent years. He was attacked by dissatisfied stockholders of the Metropolitan Petroleum Corporation, and in return went to court against one of his accusers and won a $25,000 verdict for libel.

Mr. Levering was graduated in 1902 from Sheffield Scientific School at Yale, where he rowed on the crew. Going to the Middle West, he became a pioneer in the development of the Illinois oil fields. His first large promotion was that of the Indian Oil Refining Company. Later he organized many oil properties in Texas and Mexico, two of the leading concerns he promoted, both often in the public prints as a result of the enormous speculation of the period, were the Metropolitan Petroleum Corporation and the Island Oil & Transport Company. In the course of the Metropolitan litigation John B. Stanchfield, for the plaintiff stockholders, offered testimony that President Levering had been living at the rate of $300,000 a year. It was stated that he had chartered the Kanawha, one of the finest steam yachts in the world, and had entertained lavishly upon it.

During the war Mr. Levering was chief of the Secret Service Division of the American Protective League in New York and special representative of the Department of Justice in Latin-American countries. With the rank of major he was chief engineer of the mechanical section of the American University Experiment Station in Washington. He was director of half a dozen oil companies.

His first wife, who was Miss Laura Barnum, divorced him. His second wife was formerly Miss Jean Allen. His clubs in this city included the University, Yale, New York Yacht and New York Athletic.

FURLOUGH MEN TO SERVE.

Baker Changes Policy to Permit Them to Complete 7-Year Enlistment

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Secretary of War Baker announced today that it will be the policy of the War Department to permit men eligible for furlough or refurlough to the reserve, who so desire, to remain in the service until the completion of their seven-year enlistment. This applies equally to men who have been recalled to active service and to men who become eligible for furlough. Should such men later elect to be furloughed before the expiration of the seven-year period, such furlough will be granted. Men electing to remain in the service will be required to make their application for such retention in writing.

In general, the policy in regard to these men will be that prescribed for emergency men, except that the securing of employment will not be the determining factor. General March explained that this statement of policy is in no way intended to authorize the furloughing to the reserve in cases not already authorized.

Previous to this ruling a soldier was obliged either to take a furlough to the reserve or to re-enlist after serving four years. This simply allows him to complete his seven-year enlistment with the colors.

LIEUT. EEKHOUT IS KILLED.

Naval Flier Falls at Guantanamo Bay—Was Staten Islander.

ON BOARD U. S. S. PENNSYLVANIA, off Guantanamo, Jan. 29 (by Wireless to Associated Press).—Lieutenant Bernard Vanderbilt Eekhout was fatally injured yesterday morning while flying over the naval aviation station at Guantanamo Bay. His plane, a single-seater Nieuport machine, was wrecked. Eekhout was alive when taken from the wreckage, and was rushed to the hospital ship Solace, where he died.

Admiral Henry B. Wilson, commanding the Atlantic Fleet, witnesses the accident, the cause of which is not known.

Lieutenant Eekhout was graduated from the Naval Academy at Annapolis in June, 1917, and was assigned to aviation duty on board the battleship Nevada. He live at the home of his mother, Mrs. John B. Morton, Staten Island, N. Y.

HELD IN INSURANCE REBATE.

Policyholder Alleged to Have Accepted Return from Agents.

Louis Anshen, 37 years old, of 601 East 179th Street, was held in $100 bail for Special Sessions yesterday by Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court, charged with violating the Penal law pertaining to rebating insurance premiums.

Anshen was arrested on information furnished by Jesse S. Phillips, State Superintendent of Insurance. According to J. L. Wood of the Insurance Department, Anshen took an $8,000 policy from the Travelers Insurance Company on April 1, 1919, through Lyon Eisenstadt and George W. Murphy, agents, who pleaded guilty in Special Sessions Court last Friday to the charge of rebating.

Mr. Wood testified that the first premium on Anshen's policy to be paid on May 16 last was $257.84, but that the agents accepted $300, allowing a rebate of $57.84.

Mr. Wood said that eight managers of large life insurance companies in this city had contributed $1,000 each to a fund to reward persons bringing about convictions in rebating cases.

EX-JUSTICE CHAS. H. DUELL.

Former Jurist of U. S. Court of Appeals Dies in Yonkers at 69.

Charles H. Duell, formerly Commissioner of Patents, and from 1904 to 1906 a Justice of United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, died Thursday at the home of his son, Holland S. Duell, Ardenwold, North Broadway, Yonkers. He was 69 years old and had been in failing health for a year.

He was graduated from Hamilton College in 1871 and first practised law in this city, moving later to Syracuse, where he specialized in patent law. He was a member of the Assembly from 1878 to 1880. In recent years he had been senior member of the law firm of Duell, Warfield & Duell, 19 West Forty-fourth Street. He was long active in Republican politics, serving as an Elector at Large in 1908, and as Treasurer of the Republican Congressional Committee in 1910. In 1912 he was Chairman of the Roosevelt Campaign Committee in this city.

GILBERT COLLINS DIES AT 73

Ex-Justice of Supreme Court and Ex-Mayor of Jersey City.

Gilbert Collins, Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey from 1897 to 1903 and Mayor of Jersey City in 1884, died yesterday afternoon of pneumonia at his home, 312 York Street, Jersey City, in his seventy-fourth year. His grandfather, Daniel Collins was a Lieutenant in a Connecticut regiment in the revolution.

Following his resignation from the Supreme Bench Mr. Collins practiced law as senior member of the firm of Collins & Corbin. He was always an active Republican. In 1892 he was a delegate to the convention that renominated Benjamin Harrison, and in 1912 he was a candidate on the Republican ticket for election as a Delegate-at-Large.

C. T. S. HANAN DIES IN STRICKEN HOME

Influenza Sufferers Include John H. Hanan, His Son's Widow and Three Sisters.

Charles Talbot Smith Hanan, a son of the late Mrs. John H. Hanan and her first husband, Charles T. Smith, died yesterday of double pneumonia at his residence, 1,073 Fifth Avenue, in his 28th year. His mother died on Jan. 11.

Commodore John H. Hanan, the shoe manufacturer, is dangerously ill with influenza, as is Mrs. John Smith Hanan, Talbot Hanan's widow. Three sisters of the late Mrs. Hanan are also ill with influenza at the Hanan home. They are Mrs. Albert Church, Mrs. Luella Webster Matteson, and Mrs. Clark Sheldon, all of Narragansett Pier, the New Era Motor Company. His home was in Glen Ridge, N. J.

William H. Chase.

William H. Chase, 87 years old, who had been an employe of the General Post Office on Park Row for seventy years, died yesterday at his home on Herbertson Avenue, Port Richmond, S. I. He went to work in the Post Office as a messenger when he was a boy of 17, and rose to be General Superintendent of the Inquiry Bureau. In all that time he never missed a day at work until his illness set in two weeks ago. Mr. Chase was well known to all the Federal Judges and other Government officials in the Post Office Building. Last June a celebration was held in his honor upon the completion of his seventieth year of continuous service for the Government.

The Rev. Dr. E. C. E. Dorion.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—The Rev. Dr. E. C. E. Dorion, editor of Zion's Herald and active otherwise in the work of the Methodist Episcopal Church in New England, died today at his home in Brookline.

He was a trustee of Boston University and one of the Executive Committee of the New England Home Mission Council. He had written several books on Methodism. Before his ordination to the ministry he was city editor of The Manchester (N. H.) Daily Mirror.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM ROYAL LAKIN, 37 years old, in the real estate business and a son-in-law of Deputy Dock Commissioner Henry A. Meyer, died of pneumonia yesterday at his residence, 2,509 Newkirk Avenue, Flatbush. Mr. Lakin was a member of the Cortelyou Club, Kings County Lodge, No. 511, F. and A. M.; Long Island Grotto, Aurora Grata Consistory, and Kismet Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

EDWARD LEWIS VAUGHAN, a lawyer, for seventeen years with the Lawyers Title Company and a lifelong resident of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 1,480 Union Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 48 years.

WILLIAM MASON, President of the Northern Insurance Company of New York, died in his seventy-fifth year on Wednesday at his home, 166 Hicks Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Mason was well known in the steamship business in this city and until ten years ago was a member of the Mallory Steamship Company. He was a member of the Rembrandt Club and a former member of the Hamilton Club.

Mrs. MARIE K. BOEHM, 53 years old, wife of Alexander Boehm, a retired baker, died of pneumonia on Monday at her home, 131 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

C. ADOLPH MINCK, Jr., a motor-car salesman and son of C. A. Minck, a retired mineral-water maker, died on Wednesday at his home, 18 Arion Place, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

THOMAS GAYNOR HOOKES, for many years in the wholesale tobacco business, died at his home, 283 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, on Monday.

Mrs. MARY JAMISON SHEPPARD, 64 years old, wife of George Sheppard, died on Wednesday at her home, 412 Greenwood Avenue, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

LOUIS ESPOSITO, President of Esposito Brothers, wholesale produce merchants of the Wallabout Market, died in St. Mary's Hospital on Tuesday of pneumonia. He was 35 years old and lived at 5,808 Sixteenth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. SYDNEY DOUGHERTY DEVINE, widow of James Devine, a Brooklyn manufacturer and a resident of that borough for more than seventy years, died on Wednesday at her home, 722 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 90 years old.

JOHN F. RYAN, an old member of Typographical Union No. 6 and formerly in the employ of The New York Sun, died on Monday at his home, 316 Eldert Street, Brooklyn.

PHILIP GRILL, an old-time turfman and Democratic politician of the Eastern District of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 283 Monroe Street, Brooklyn. He was 78 years old. Mr. Grill was a native of Germany. He was one of the organisers of the Seymour Democratic Club. He was in partnership with Senator McCarren in the racing game, and together they owned a string of running horses.

WILLIAM E. KING, a lawyer of Jamestown, N. Y., was found dead in his office in that city yesterday, aged 61 years.

HENRY VINCENT DE HORITY, a Major in the U. S. R. F., died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 404 West 118th Street.

JOHN SCULLY, 88 years old, head of the Scully Towboat Line, father of Congressman Thomas J. Scully of New Jersey, died Wednesday of pneumonia at his home in South Amboy, N. J.

Mrs. KATHERINE LEE YOUNG BUCKLEY, widow of Thomas C. T. Buckley, died Wednesday at her home in Geneseo, N. Y. Her father, John Young, was Governor of New York in 1847 and 1848.

ALEXANDER V. McPHAIL, 52 years old, formerly a Captain in the Canadian Royal Flying Corps, died yesterday. His home was in Glencoe, Canada, and he worked in the foreign exchange department of the Royal Bank of Canada.

ALEXANDER BOYD CAYCE, a broker, dealing in railroad securities, died yesterday of pneumonia at his residence, 103 West Seventy-fifth Street, in his fiftieth year.

WILLIAM NELSON McCOMB, a civil and electrical engineer, living at Lakewood, N. J., died Wednesday, aged 48 years. He was a graduate of Cornell in 1894.

GEORGE B. MINSHULL, Superintendent of Transportation of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, died yesterday of bronchial pneumonia at his home in Bethlehem, Pa.

ASSERTS WALL STREET LEADS FARMER BODIES

Farmers' National Council Representative Draws Ire of Senators at Ships Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Benjamin C. Marsh, representing the Farmers' National Council, opposing the sale of Government-owned ships in testimony before the Senate Commerce Committee today, came in for sharp questioning by committee members when he declared that he represented a considerable proportion of farm organizations "which are not controlled by Wall Street."

Pressed by Senator Jones, Republican, of Washington, Chairman of the committee, to name those farm organizations which Wall Street controlled, Marsh said the National Federation of State Farm Bureaus was one, and that "in a large measure" the National Grange was another. Senator McNary, Republican, of Oregon, during an exchange told Marsh that he "represented none of the honest farmers of Oregon" and demanded that he cease using expressions might might make it appear so.

"Are you do represent are those non-partisan fellows," Senator McNary told Marsh.

Senator Nelson, Republican, of Minnesota, asked Marsh if there was any alliance between his organization and the Russian Soviets, to which question a negative reply was made.

Marsh informed the committee that it was the purpose of the Farmers' National Council to "elect a new Senate and Congress" and that it was the desire of the council's "750,000 constantly growing" membership to have the ships retained until this new Congress took its seat.

Senator Fernald, Republican, of Maine, wanted Marsh to say whether or not farmers generally were satisfied with Government operation of railroads and ships, and Marsh returned promptly that they were not. Their dissatisfaction, however, he claimed to be due to inefficiency of the present Congress.

"We want to defeat bills for the sale of these ships," he concluded, "because J. P. Morgan & Co. will buy most of them for Great Britain and the Bolsheviki of Wall Street will get the rest."

Ex-Premier de Lima of Portugal.

LISBON, Jan. 29.—Dr. Wenceslau de Lima, long prominent in the political life of Portugal, is dead. He was Premier and Minister of the Interior from May to December, 1909, and previous to that had held the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs.

William Moore Sanford.

William Moore Sanford, for more than twenty years closely identified as an executive with the American Lithographic Company and its subsidiaries, died suddenly Monday of heart disease while on a hunting trip on the estate of J. P. Knapp, near Munden, Va. He was 51 years old, and was President of the Mid-Continental Oil Company, Vice President of the Lawrence Oil Company, and a Director of the New Era Motor Company. His home was in Glen Ridge, N. J.

Born.

GUSSOW—Mr. and Mrs. Max Gussow, 820 East 170th St., announce the birth of a daughter on Jan. 29, 1920.

Married.

THOMAS—TERRIBERRY—Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Frederick Terriberry announce the marriage of their daughter Margaret to Mr. Walter Grant Thomas, at their home, 120 West 73d St., on Jan. 29.

Died.

ABBOTT—Mary Watson, wife of the late Albert Cutler Abbott of Andover, Mass., and mother of Mrs. George F. Brownell. Burial at Marshalltown, Iowa.

ADAMS—On Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1920, Francis J. (William), for many years in the employ of John Morgan Wing. Funeral service at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., on Friday, Jan. 30, at 8 P. M.

ADLER—On Tuesday, Jan. 27, 1920, after a brief illness, Lily Julia, beloved wife of Joseph Adler, Jr., and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Herb. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery on Friday, Jan. 30.

ADLER—Leon D., beloved husband of Esther Simon Adler, on Jan. 29, at his residence, 157 West 118th St. Funeral strictly private.

ALLEN—Cyrus L., on Tuesday, Jan. 27. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 30, at Gehlert's Funeral Parlors, 57 West 127th St., New York, at 8:30 P. M. Members of GOLDEN RULE LODGE, NO. 770, F. AND A. M., kindly attend.
JACOB PHILLIPS, Master.
HARRY SYMONS, Secretary.

ARDIN—Genevieve Blenaimee (nee Ludin), on Jan. 27, of pneumonia, beloved wife of Lucien L. Ardin. Funeral services Saturday, Jan. 31, at 2:30 P. M., from 119 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn. Interment Greenwood.

BARKER—Ellen, wife of the late William C. Barker, on Tuesday, Jan. 28. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH (Campbell Building), Broadway, at 66th St., Friday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M.

BARLOW—On Jan. 29, Ethel M. Barlow, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Barlow. Funeral services at her late home, 416 East 140th St., Bronx, on Saturday, Jan. 31, at 8 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

BLOCH—Gertrude, beloved daughter of Carrie Bloch and the late Morris Bloch, at her residence, 512 5th St., Brooklyn. Funeral strictly private.

BLOOM—Esther. Services CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., Jan. 30, 11 A. M.

BROWN — Jan. 28, William D. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Saturday, 12:30 o'clock.

BROWN—At Montclair, N. J., Thursday, Jan. 29, 1920, Mary Meredith, wife of Merritt L. Brown. Private funeral services will be held at her home, 82 South Willow St. Interment Windsor, N. Y.

BUCKENTHIEN—ARCHITECT LODGE, NO. 519, F. AND A. M. Brethren: It is with sorrow we announce the death of Brother Emil L. Buckenthien. Masonic services at his late home, 1,001 Tinton Av., this evening, at 8 o'clock.
LESTER D. S. FITLER, Master.
K. D. BORMAN, Secretary.

CARPENTER—In New Bedford, Jan. 29, Alice F., wife of Edwin Potter Carpenter and daughter of the late Joseph Swan and Mattie Fairchilds Parks. Services at Grace Church, New Bedford, Saturday, at 9 A. M. Interment in Worcester.

CAYCE—Alexander Boyd Cayce, at his residence, 103 West 75th St., Jan. 29, 1920, husband of Bessie. Interment at Richmond, Va.

CHASE—William H., on Jan. 28, at his residence, 93 Anderson Av., Port Richmond, Staten Island. Notice of funeral hereafter.

COHEN—Judith Harriet, beloved daughter of Dr. and Mrs. M. G. Cohen, on Jan. 29, aged 3½ years. Funeral Friday, Jan. 30, 2 o'clock, from 201 West 121st St. Interment Washington Cemetery.

COLLINS—On Thursday, Jan. 29, 1920, at his residence, 312 York St., Jersey City, Gilbert Collins, husband of the late Harriet Collins and father of Blanche Collins and Marjorie Collins Caddo. Funeral services on Sunday, Feb. 1, 1920, at 3 P. M., at St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Jersey Av., near York St., Jersey City. Interment at Stonington, Conn., on Monday, Feb. 2.

CORCORAN—Suddenly, at her residence, 67 West 87th St., Katie Delmage Corcoran, widow of the late John Corcoran. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CURRAN—Cornelius L., beloved son of Mary A. and the late Cornelius Curran, at his residence, 1,193 Park Place, Brooklyn, Jan. 27. Funeral Friday, Jan. 30, at 9:30 A. M., then to the Church of St. Gregory, Brooklyn Av. and St. John's Place. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

DE HORITY—Henry Vincent, Jan. 28, at his home, 404 West 118th St. Services at the Church of the Ascension, 10th St. and Broadway, Jan. 31, at 9 o'clock A. M.

DEVERY—On Jan. 28, John Devery, beloved father of Lee Devery, native of Clonfanlough, Kings County, Ireland. Funeral on Saturday, 9:30 A. M., from his late residence, 560 West 163th St., thence to Church of St. Rose of Lima. Mass at 9 o'clock. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. Auto cortege.

DOHRMAN—Elizabeth S., beloved wife of James K. Dohrman, suddenly, on Jan. 29. Funeral notice hereafter.

DUELL—At his home, 1,121 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y., Thursday, Jan. 29, Judge Charles H. Duell in his 70th year. Funeral services at his late residence, Saturday, Jan. 31, at 3 P. M. Interment Cortland Rural Cemetery, Cortland, N. Y., Sunday.

EDWARDS—Ruth, beloved wife of George Edwards, Chicago, Ill. Funeral services Friday, 3 P. M., at I. Wall & Sons, 130 East 116th St. Interment at Woodlawn, Jerome Av. entrance.

Died.

EEKHOUT—Lieutenant Bernard Vanderbilt Eekhout, United States Navy, suddenly, at Guantanamo (Cuba) Aviation Field, Jan. 29. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ENSINGER—On Jan. 28, 1920, Catherine, widow of Ferdinand Ensinger, aged 86 years. Funeral service at her late home, 21 Colgate Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Friday, at 2:30 P. M.

FELBERBAUM—Jennie, 976 Tinton Av., Bronx, Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock; daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Felberbaum.

FERRIS—On Jan. 29, 1920, in her 80th year, at the home of her cousin, Mrs. J. C. Vredenburgh, Anna A., widow of the late Anthony M. Ferris of Somers, N. Y., and mother of Louis F. and James B. Ferris. Funeral services at her late home, 23 West 83d St., on Saturday, Jan. 31, at 11 A. M. Interment in Ivandale Cemetery, Somers, N. Y., at the convenience of the family.

FLAGG—On Jan. 28, 1920, at her residence, 41 East 20th St., Marie Antoinette, daughter of the late Marie Antoinette and Sumner Flagg. Funeral services Friday morning, Jan. 30, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Mount Auburn, Mass.

FOX—On Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1920, Frederick Fox, beloved husband of the late Lucinda Fox and father of Captain George J., Rebecca, Elizabeth, and Joseph Fox, aged 83 years. Funeral from his late residence, 161 East 90th St., on Saturday, Jan. 31, at 1 P. M. Automobile cortege.

GLEASON—At Flushing, on Thursday, Jan. 29, 1920, after a prolonged illness, Julia T., widow of the late J. J. Gleason. Funeral services private, at her late residence.

GLEN—David J., in his 50th year. Funeral services Saturday, 2 P. M., at John Graham's Chapel, 4,221 Park Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

GOEBEL—Jan. 29, Rosalie J. Goebel, wife of Max Goebel. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GOLDSMITH—Vivian, daughter of Henry and Cornelia, age 22, after a brief illness, Thursday morning, Jan. 29. Funeral will take place Sunday, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 1,477 St. Lawrence Av.

GOODFELL—Sarah Ford Lowell Goodfell, widow of Bishop Dennell Ayers Goodfell, at her home, Maple Hills, New Britain, Conn., Jan. 28, 1920, in her 80th year. Funeral services from her late residence on Saturday at 1:30 P. M. Interment Meriden, Conn.

GRAVES—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1920, Ellen Ryan, widow of William Graves, in her 19th year. Funeral at the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, on Saturday, 31st inst., at 9:30 A. M.

HALLIDAY—On Jan. 29, Elizabeth A. Halliday, widow of the late Samuel Halliday and mother of William A. Halliday and Mrs. J. Walter Hardy. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 315 East 175th St., on Saturday, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn. Automobile cortege.

HANAN—Charles Talbot Smith, at 9 A. M., Jan. 29. Funeral services at 1,073 5th Av., Saturday, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Wakefield, R. I., on Sunday at 2:30 P. M.

HANKINSON—Phebe Worthington, widow of William H., at her residence, 62 West 85th St., on Jan. 29, 1920. Notice of funeral later.

HARRINGTON—On Jan. 29, 1920, at his home, 120 4th St., Garden City, L. I., Frank L., in his 32d year. Funeral services will be held at St. Joseph's R. C. Church, Garden City, L. I., where a solemn requiem mass will be said on Saturday, Jan. 31, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

HECHT—George, in his 70th year, member of the N. Y. Stock Exchange. Funeral from his late residence, 774 East 169th St., Saturday, 12:30. Cremation N. Y. and N. J. Crematory.

HELMKE—At Montclair, N. J., on Jan. 29, 1920, Frederick, husband of Catharine Corder Helmke. Funeral services from his residence, 259 Claremont Av., on Saturday evening, Jan. 31, at 8 o'clock.

HIBINO—Kiyoshi. Services CAMPBELL FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., Jan. 30, 2 P. M.

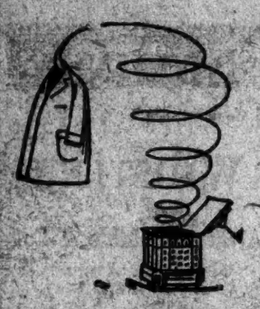
HOLMES—Suddenly, Thursday morning, Jan. 29, at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Harris Ely Adriance, Englewood, N. J., Mary M. Holmes, daughter of the late Rev. Edwin and Sarah McClellan Holmes of Hudson, N. Y. Funeral Friday, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Hudson, N. Y.

HOWELL—Entered into rest from his home in Spring Valley, N. Y., John H., son of the late Charles J. and Lydia H. Howell and husband of the late Agnes Liston, aged 67 years. Funeral Spring Valley Reformed Church, Saturday, 2 P. M.

HUTTNER—On Jan. 28, 1920, Louis Henry, husband of the late Helen Mary Huttner. Funeral service at his late residence, 2,032 Morris Av., on Friday at 8 P. M. Funeral private.

ITZKOWITZ—Eva, beloved wife of George Itzkowit

NATIONAL SKATING RACES END WITH McWHORTER AND McGOWAN TIED FOR TITLE



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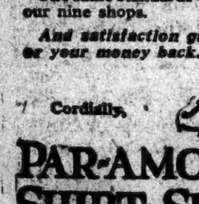

$2.50 Percales. Now $1.75
$3.50 Madras. " $2.65
$5 Madras Cord. " $3.45
$7.00 Fibre Shirts Now $4.95
$10.00 Silk Shirts Now $6.50
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Cuticura Helpful in Soothing Scalps

Cuticura helps to kill dandruff, stops itching, a cause of dry, thin and falling hair. Treatment: Gently rub Cuticura Ointment, with the end of the finger, on spots of dandruff and itching. Follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Repeat in two weeks. Nothing better than these fragrant, super-creamy emollients for all skin and scalp troubles.

Cuticura Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

NEW REFUGEE FACES RUIN.

The Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday will contain an article dealing with deplorable conditions in the Czechoslovak Republic.—Advt.

TWO SKATERS TIE FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

McWhorter and McGowan Win 80 Points Each in National Title Events at Saranac.

MOORE DISQUALIFIED AGAIN

Finishes First in Three-Mile Race, but Is Penalized for Jostling—Horton Wins the Quarter.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Jan. 29.—The national skating championship, contested here today, yesterday and Tuesday, resulted in a tie for first place between Roy McWhorter of the Illinois A. C. and Everett McGowan of St. Paul. The final standing for the national title, which is awarded on a point basis, showed both McWhorter and McGowan with eighty points. No provision has been made by the International Skating Union for breaking the tie and the honors probably will rest between the two men for this year.

The events contested today decided the point score. Ed Horton, winning two events, the quarter mile and the 220-yard hurdles, almost overtook the leaders. He finished third with sixty points. Joe Moore of Lake Placid and William Murphy of New York tied with forty points each.

The feature race of the day, the three-mile championship event, resulted in a wonderful contest in which thirty-six skaters strove with might and main to breast the tape first. As in the two-mile race of yesterday, a double line of skaters took position at the start. A prize for the skater leading the most laps lent added speed to the event. George Pickering of Verona Lake, N. J., won this prize, beating out Mike Dambrigi of Saranac Lake.

The first six laps of the three-mile journey were featured by the sprinting of Dambrisi, who kept in the lead in an effort to gain the lap prize. Now and then Russell Demerse, another Saranac boy, challenging the leader, but it was not until Pickering arrived on the rear that Dambrisi was relieved of the foremost position.

Pickering continued for over a mile to lead the entire field. Moore and McGowan, with Joe Miller and Russel Wheeler, remained far in the rear, and McWhorter skated about tenth place.

Novices Are Left Far Behind.

Pickering's fast pace killed off a large number of less proficient skaters early in the race. At the two-mile mark none but the strong contenders continued in the grind. The eyes of the entire crowd were on the trio, Moore, McWhorter and McGowan, for the race appeared to be among these three. Moore clung close to McGowan, while McWhorter skated a little ahead. The first half of the last mile found these men jockeying for position, waiting for developments.

McWhorter was the first to make a move. Five laps from home he sprinted up toward the front. Moore followed closely, but McGowan seemed content to remain behind. McWhorter crept closer and closer to the lead and three laps from the finish burst to the fore with Moore in second place.

Then the crucial sprint started. Moore and McWhorter commenced to draw away from the field. For two laps McWhorter led the field at a smart pace, and when the bell for the final lap rang he put forth his entire display of speed.

Down the backstretch Joe Moore suddenly shot to his side. The men skated together directly up to the final turn, but at this point Moore commited the offense which robbed him of a tie for the championship.

Moore Is Disqualified.

Moore, coming into the last turn at full speed, was unable to stop himself and jostled McWhorter so that the latter was forced far out on the track. The men sprinted down the home stretch, Moore in the van by three yards, with McWhorter second, McGowan third and Steinmets fourth. When the judges gave the result of the race McWhorter was pronounced the victor, as Moore was disqualified for pushing him. McGowan was awarded second place and Steinmetz third.

The quarter-mile championship, which went to Ed Horton, provided close competition. Horton got away to a wonderful start, and at the first turn led by five yards. He sped up the backstretch, sprinting like the wind. Moore, McGowan, and McWhorter set out in pursuit.

Horton held his lead throughout and crossed the finish line five yards in the van. The contest for the others two places was hot. McGowan coming around on the outside of the field, managed to defeat McWhorter. Moore seemed to be unable to get by McWhorter, although he had plenty of speed left at the finish.

In the qualifying heats for the half mile, Pickering, Horton, Moore, McWhorter and McGowan showed fine speed. Jack Walker also skated well. In the semi-final heats Al Leitch and Russell Demerse surprised the wiseacres by qualifying for the final.

Horton Wins Over the Hurdles.

The best short race of the day was the 220-yard hurdle championship. Horton, world's champion and record holder, was able to clear the jumps easily, but the greater number of the other entrants seemed to prefer knocking the hurdles down. Horton had no trouble at all in winning this event. He defeated Delamater, a local boy, by ten yards.

The big surprise of the contest was the showing of William Murphy, the New Yorker, who won the mile championship. Murphy won his heat in fine style, and with an excellent display of hurdling took third place in the final event.

The summaries of today's races follow:

Quarter-Mile National Championship—Won by Ed Horton, Saranac Lake; Everett McGowan, St. Paul, second; Roy McWhorter, Illinois A. C., third. Time—0:30 1-5.

Three-Mile National Championship—Won by Roy McWhorter, Illinois A. C.; Everett McGowan, St. Paul, second; William Steinmetz, Chicago, third. Time—9:16 2-5. Moore finished first, but was disqualified.

220-Yard Hurdles, National Championship—Won by Ed Horton, Saranac Lake; Lyall Delamater, Saranac Lake, second; William Murphy, 181st Street Ice Palace, New York, third. Time—0:33.

The point standing for the national championship races, 20 points being given for first, 20 for second and 10 for third, follow: Roy McWhorter, Illinois A. C., 80 points; Everett McGowan, St. Paul, 80; Ed Horton, Saranac Lake, 60; William Murphy, New York, 40; Joe Moore, Lake Placid, 40.

SPANISH POLOIST ARRIVES.

Marquis Billavieja Is at Del Monte for Polo Tournament.

DEL MONTE, Cal., Jan. 29.—Marquis Billavieja, personal friend of the King of Spain, has arrived at Del Monte for the opening of the polo season here next Saturday. The Marquis is a polo player of international reputation. He is one of the best of the old players in Europe, and in 1914, when the British team was practicing at Madrid just before coming to America to take back the cup, he played with the team.

Hugh Drury, Captain of the Del Monte four, has played against the visiting Spanish nobleman in France and England. Marquis Billavieja is impressed with polo conditions in California, and an effort is being made to have him use his influence to send over a polo team from Spain next Winter for the California polo season.

RENEW ATTACK ON DEMPSEY

Joyce Kilmer Post Opposes His Claim to Championship.

Several new angles of the attack by former service men on Jack Dempsey are opened up by the Sergeant Joyce Kilmer Post of Brooklyn of the American Legion, named after the former member of THE NEW YORK TIMES staff who was killed in action near the Ourcq in France on July 30, 1918, while a member of the 165th Infantry of the 42d Division. This post attacks Dempsey on several new grounds, claiming that because of the absence in war service of 5,000,000 American men, who were thereby excluded from participation in bouts for the heavyweight championship, the post does not recognize Dempsey's claim to the championship.

The Joyce Kilmer Post goes on record as opposing Dempsey's styling himself the champion and recommends that other American Legion posts and other bodies of soldiers or ex-soldiers adopt similar opposition.

The post also makes a resolution that out of respect to the memory of the 70,000 American soldiers dead in France the United States Government deny to Dempsey a passport to go to France and publicly appear there as the heavyweight champion. It also resolves that the Governors of the States be requested not to permit Dempsey's public appearance until such time as other possible contenders for the championship have had a reasonable time to display and prove their ability; and be it further

The following is a part of the resolution passed unanimously by the Sergeant Joyce Kilmer Post, which appears in this week's issue of The Home Sector:

Whereas, The aforementioned William Harrison Dempsey bases his claims to the heavyweight championship of the United States upon ring successes won while the aforementioned other 5,000,000 Americans were in the military forces of the United States and were thereby excluded from any participation, representation or consideration in the series of matches and fights in which the aforementioned William Harrison Dempsey eliminated other contenders for the title, this organization does not recognize the aforementioned William Harrison Dempsey as heavyweight boxing and prize fight champion of the United States; and be it further

Resolved, That the Governors of the various States of the United States, out of consideration for the men in their States who may properly be termed fighters, be requested not to permit the public appearance in a prize ring in their respective States of the aforementionad William Harrison Dempsey until such time as other possible contenders for the heavyweight boxing and prize fight championship of the United States, heretofore prevented from professional appearance by military service, have had a reasonable time to display and prove their ability; and be it further

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YALE CLUB GETS METROPOLITAN CLASS B SQUASH TITLE

SQUASH TITLE GOES TO YALE CLUB MEN

Metropolitan Class B Laurels Assured by Victory Over Harvard Club Team.

DECISIVE MATCH IS CLOSE

Princeton Club Takes Columbia Club into Camp and Sends Losers to Bottom of Ladder.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.
CLASS B.
Standing of the Clubs.

Club.	Played.	W.	L.	P.C.
Yale	7	7	0	1000
Harvard	8	5	3	.625
Crescent	7	3	4	.429
Princeton	7	2	5	.286
Columbia	7	1	6	.143

The Yale Club yesterday clinched the squash tennis team championship in Class B of the Metropolitan League by winning a close match from the nearest contenders, the players of the Harvard Club, with a total of three out of five individual victories. Incidentally the wearers of the Blue kept their slate clean for the season and are likely to finish the schedule unbeaten, as they meet their guests of the Princeton Club next week.

Harvard completed its series of eight matches yesterday, and is therefore definitely out of the race, with the other three clubs trailing far behind. Princeton sent Columbia to the bottom of the list yesterday by taking the decision on its home courts by the narrow margin of 3 to 2, the same score by which Yale beat Harvard. The Crescent Athletic Club rested yesterday and will have a chance to reach the .500 mark next Thursday against the tailenders of the Columbia Club. Under any circumstances, the order of the teams is practically sure to remain as it is now, with Princeton only a faint possibility for a tie with the Crescents for third place, contingent on a victory by the Tigers over the Yale leaders and the defeat of the New Mooners by Columbia, a highly improbable combination.

Yale's title to the league championship was in doubt yesterday up to the last match of the day, in which H. R. Stern met A. H. Tomes, the former eventually winning in three games, after dropping the first and losing a long lead in the second. J. A. Richards disposed of Stuyvesant Wainwright at the top of the list in straight games, and Harvard's other point was scored by Geoffrey Taylor, who defeated Clyde Martin after a three-game struggle.

Adams Defeats Whitlock.

William Adams, Jr., surprised the crowd by capturing a hard-fought match from F. S. Whitlock, after losing the second game by the one-sided score of 15–2, and it was this upset that gave the Eli their chance to clean up the league without further argument. L. Bradford accounted for Yale's remaining tally by eliminating E. H. Heminway in the fourth match of the contest to three games. It was altogether as close an affair as could well have been staged.

At the Yale Club Princeton had almost equal difficulty in overcoming Columbia squash players, this meeting affording a decision as to the occupancy of last place, for which both teams had previously been tied. E. C. Olds, Jesse Hoyt, and Lloyd Richards were the Princeton winners, defeating I. H. Cornell, J. N. Worcester, and W. H. Putnam, respectively. R. L. Strebeigh scored for Columbia with a straight game victory over A. M. Kidder, and F. M. Simonds, Jr., disposed of George A. Walker, Jr., who was making his first appearance on the courts since an attack of the "flu" last week.

Stern's defeat of Tomes yesterday was due to fighting spirit rather than superior squash. The Harvard man took the opening game after a good struggle by the count of 15–10, and this awakened the Eli star to the dangers of the situation, with the actual championship perhaps depending on his efforts. Stern is Yale's most dependable player in such a pinch, and he came to the scratch yesterday. By the hardest of hitting he rolled up a line lead of nine to one, and seemed well on the way to squaring the match.

Tomes's Brace Proves Futile.

Tomes, however, braced remarkably, and by clever placing gradually pulled up to within one ace of his opponent's total. This spurred the Yale man on to renewed efforts, and he forged ahead once more, to win the second session eventually at 15–9.

The rubber was a long-drawn battle, with both contestants finding scoring a difficult matter. After dividing the first dozen points, Stern went into the lead again, but when the totals stood at 9–6 both players went through a series of ciphers before they could register another ace. Stern however boosted his score to 12 before Tomes tallied again, the later losing his service with a bad shot into the telltale from close up, his failure to kill being partly due to broken strings, which handicapped him to the finish, although he persistently refused to change racquets.

The Harvard man picked up 2 points in one hand, but again went out on an easy chance, hitting the ball out of court at the back. Stern progressed to within a point of the match on the next hand, but Tomes, playing desperately, got back the service once more with a prettily placed slow ball to the corner. This was his last flash, however. He went out again almost immediately, and then lost the rubber at 15–9 when Stern hit a low one far out of his reach.

Only One Match Won Easily.

Richards defeated Wainwright with unexpected ease at 15–6, 15–12, but every other match went the limit. The surprise came when Adams, after winning the opener from Whitlock at 15–8 and losing the second by the one-sided count of 15–2, set the rubber for extra points and actually pulled out a victory by 17–14. This unexpected success kept Yale in the game, although Taylor equalized for Harvard when he drove Martin into one of his streaks of wildness, after losing the opener, 15–8, and rushed ahead to a brilliant victory at 15–3, 15–9. Bradford's defeat of Heminway was also accomplished after the loss of the opening game, a score of 15–3 being exactly reversed, with the Yale man taking the rubber at 18–1, in a most exciting finish.

The last match of the Princeton-Columbia meeting was at the top of the list. Olds defeating Cornell in three games, scored 15–8, 11–15 and 15–6. The Tiger star took things a little too easily in the second game, and saw the match squared after he apparently had it well in hand. He then put on full steam and captured the rubber in impressive style.

The summaries follow:

Yale (5); Harvard (2).

J. A. Richards, Harvard, defeated Stuyvesant Wainwright, Yale, 15–8, 15–12; H. R. Stern, Yale, defeated A. H. Tomes, Harvard, 15–10, 15–9; Wilson Adams, Jr., Yale, defeated F. S. Whitlock, Harvard, 15–2, 2–15, 17–14; Geoffrey Taylor, Harvard, defeated Clyde Martin, Yale, 9–15, 15–3, 15–9; L. Bradford, Yale, defeated E. H. Heminway, Harvard, 5–15, 15–3, 18–1.

Princeton (2); Columbia (2).

E. C. Olds, Princeton, defeated I. H. Cornell, Columbia, 15–8, 11–15, 15–6; Jesse Hoyt, Princeton, defeated J. N. Worcester, Columbia, 15–11, 15–13; R. L. Strebeigh, Columbia, defeated A. M. Kidder, Princeton, 15–7, 15–7; Lloyd Richards, Princeton, defeated W. H. Putnam, Columbia, 15–12, 15–8; F. M. Simonds, Jr., Columbia, defeated George A. Walker, Jr., Princeton, 15–10, 15–10.

QUINTET QUITS FLOOR.

Fordham Leads Cathedral, 35 to 34, When Latter Withdraws.

By walking off the court last night in its game with the Fordham five, after the score had gone against it by one point, the Cathedral College team made its defeat doubly certain in a rough and tumble tussle at the 8th Coast Artillery Corps Armory in the Bronx. At the time Cathedral forfeited Fordham was leading by 35 to 34 with hardly a minute more to play. The score therefore stands as a forfeited game, 2 to 0 in Fordham's favor.

Fordham led at half time by 20 to 16 and continued to run up points because of Hector's exceptional ability in tossing goals from the foul line. Although Cathedral outplayed and outshot the Maroon in the matter of floor baskets, Referee McDonald saw fit to call twenty-two fouls on Cathedral and Hector made all except one of these count for a score. Just as the game was about ready to be called for time, with the score tied at 34 to 34, another foul was called on Cathedral and Hector promptly took his position toeing the black line and tossed the deciding point. Cathedral protested the foul and its team was withdrawn.

Fordham caged only seven baskets from the floor for fourteen of its points, whereas Cathedral tallied fifteen field goas, for thirty points. Both teams played an excellent defense game and guarded well. Baldwin was Cathedral's star performer on the attack.

The line-up:

FORDHAM (35).		CATHEDRAL (34).
Hector	L. F.	Baldwin
Stocker	R. F.	Bergen
McMahon	C.	Boyle
Culloton	L. G.	Reilley
Cunningham	R. G.	Kahn

Goals from floor—Hector (2), Stocker (2), Culloton, Cunningham, Donovan, Baldwin (4), Bergen (3), Boyle (3), Reilley (3), Kahn (2). Goals from fouls—Hector, 21 out of 22; Boyle, 4 out of 9.

Substitutions — Fordham: Donovan for Stocker, Finn for McMahon.

Referee—J. McDonald, St. John's. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

STEVENS TRIMS AGGIES.

Beats Bay State Five Easily by 39 to 15 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., Jan. 29.—The Stevens Tech basket ball team continued its winning on New England courts tonight by trimming the Massachusetts Agricultural quintet here, 39 to 15. The visitors outclassed the Aggies throughout and were never in danger, although M. A. C., after being considerably outplayed in the first half, 25 to 3, came back strong in the second period of play and made the game more interesting.

Kurtz and Carlson figured strongly in point scoring for the winners, while Captain Grayson for the losers displayed good form.

The lineup:

STEVENS (39).		M. A. C. (15).
Bettman	L. F.	Grayson
Kurtz	R. F.	Pond
Carlson	C.	Thompson
Egger	L. G.	Steadman
Roth	R. G.	Gowdy

Goals from floor—Bettman (3), Kurtz (4), Higley, Carlson (5), Roth (2), Thompson, Pond (2), Grayson (3). Goals from foul—Bettman, Daley, Kurtz (7), Pond (3).

Substitutions—Stevens: Daley for Bettman, Higley for Kurtz, Provost for Carlson. M. A. C.: Lent for Steadman.

Referee—Mr. Swaffield. Time—Twenty-minute periods.

CRESCENTS DOWN URSINUS.

Undefeated New Moon Five Beats Quaker Team, 15 to 6.

The Crescent Athletic Club basket ball quintet registered its eighteenth straight victory of the season last night on its home floor, defeating the Ursinus College five by the score of 34 to 25. The Brooklyn players went to the front in the first minute of play and never were headed. They led at the end of the first half by the score of 15 to 6.

In the second half the scoring was even, each team accounting for nineteen points, but at no time did the Pennsylvanians seriously threaten to go to the front. The Crescents made many changes after getting a commanding lead and eased up considerably in the latter part of the game.

The all-around work of Butler was one of the outstanding features. Besides playing a strong game at guard Butler caged two goals, one of them on a spectacular throw from the middle of the court. Stannard and Stewart played a fine game for the home team and Paine excelled for the visitors.

The lineup:

CRESCENTS (34).		URSINUS (25).
Parmeles	R. F.	Paine
Stannard	L. F.	Prutchey
Stewart	C.	Vedder
Nicklan	R. G.	Light
Butler	L. G.	Isenberg

Goals from floor—Parmeles (2), Stannard (3), Stewart (5), Nicklan, Butler (2), Kinney (2), Dayton (3), Paine (3), Prutchey (2), Light (2), Isenberg (2), Vedder. Foul goals—Parmeles, Kinney, Light (5).

Substitutions—Kinney for Parmeles, Dayton for Stannard, Heath for Nicklan, Griffin for Stewart.

Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

ANOTHER FOR DE LA SALLE.

Wins Fifteenth Straight Game by Defeating Chelsea School.

The undefeated De La Salle basket ball team scored its fifteenth consecutive victory of the season yesterday in the game against the Chelsea School five on the De La Salle court. The score was 57 to 16. The home team went to the front early in the first half and piled up the big score at will. The winners used two teams during the game, all the original players giving way to substitutes.

Moeschen, who started the game at right forward, and Magrane, who replaced him at the position, were the leading scorers for the winning team. Each scored seven field goa s and Moeschen added three goals from the foul line. The lineup:

DE LA SALLE (57).		CHELSEA (16).
Moeschen	R. F.	Stein
Dunne	L. F.	White
Gillespie	C.	D. Dyke
Jordan	R. G.	Moon
Hemlin	L. G.	G. Dyke

Goals from floor—Moeschen (7), Magrane (7), Gillespie (5), Brophy (3), Jordan (2), Hemlin (6), D. Dyke (2), G. Dyke (2). Stein. Foul goals—Moeschen (3), Brophy (2), Stein (6).

Substitutions—De La Salle: Magrane for Moeschen, Brophy for Dunne, Gaffney for Gillespie, Murphy for Jordan, Graham for Hemlin.

Referee—A. Phillips, De La Salle. Time of periods—15 and 20 minutes.

BINGHAM TO PLAY AMORY.

Reach Final Round in Lakeworth Golf at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 29.—Harry Payne Bingham of New York and Cleveland, and Charles Amory of Boston are left to fight it out for the title in the annual Lakeworth golf tourney tomorrow. Bingham defeated Colonel J. E. Smith of Wilmington, and Amory won from A. D. Allen of Louisville in today's semi-finals. Both matches were won by 2 and 1.

The fourth flight developed a twenty-hole match, Frank Stein, Oshkosh, defeating F. J. Wetzel, Tronton.

The summaries:

First Sixteen.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND—Charles Amory, Mycopia, defeated A. D. Allen, Louisville, 2 and 1; Harry Payne Bingham, New York, defeated Colonel J. E. Smith, Wilmington, 3 and 1.

Second Sixteen.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND—Harold Vanderbilt, New York, defeated Russell G. Colt, New York, 1 up; Artimus Holmes, New York, defeated W. J. Glidden, Westwood, 5 and 4.

Third Sixteen.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND—M. L. Keith, Brockton, defeated Vincent B. Hubbell, Knollwood, 3 and 1; W. Unbenhauper, Philadelphia, defeated Wilmot H. Smith, Oakland, 3 and 1.

NEW YORK RACQUET PLAYERS SURVIVE

Local Players Reach Semi-Finals in National Doubles Tourney at Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29.—Chicago was eliminated from the national racquets doubles tournament, which got under way at the Philadelphia Racquet Club today, with two New York and two local combinations surviving for the semi-final round tomorrow.

Eight teams were entered in the event, but they were the pick of the racquet stars of the country. When it came time to take to the courts one of the Chicago pairs was reported missing, which gave C. C. Pell and Stanley Mortimer of New York a victory by default. S. T. Gardner and Howard Linn were the absent Chicago team, and they found it impossible, at the last moment, to come to this city.

In the other matches played, F. L. Frelinghuysen and F. Cutting of New York staged a garrison finish and nosed out Stanley W. Pearson, the national squash racquets champion, and W. J. McGlinn, representing the local racquet club, in a desperately fought match by the peculiar score of 7–15, 13–15, 15–12, 15–11, 15–2, 15–4.

Cramer Roberts and Charley Bromley of the Philadelphia Racquet Club scored a rather easy triumph over J. C. Waterbury and Cyril Hatch of New York by four games to one. Then in the final clash Joseph W. Wear and Jay Gould, representing the local Racquet club, put R. A. Gardner and E. H. Reynolds, the solitary Chicago pair, out of the running in straight games by 15–2, 15–12, 15–10, 15–9.

Wear-Gould Pair Brilliant.

This Wear-Gould against Gardner-Reynolds watch was really the feature struggle of the day, for the former are Philadelphia's best candidates for championship honors, while R. A. Gardner of the Windy City team was no other than Bob Gardner, the famous golfer, twice winner of the national amateur title.

Gardner, however, proved somewhat of a disappointment, as his play fell far below the smooth standard of his work on the links. Reynolds held up his end of the burden in pretty good shape, but there was a lack of co-ordination that proved fatal in the pinches.

The first game was a walkover for the Wear-Gould aggregation, but the visitors rallied a bit in the second frame and pushed the victors hard. The third game was easily won Wear and Gould than the score would indicate, while the final frame saw them in absolute command of the situation throughout.

When Frelinghuysen and Cutting dropped the first and second games to Pearson and McGlinn, it looked like a cinch for the local contders. But they seemed to lose their aggressiveness in the succeeding frames, while the New Yorkers staged a sensational rally. Their individual stroking improved and their team play tightened up at just the right moments.

Frelinghuysen pdoved himself a very hard and accurate hitter, while Cutting's court generalship was excellent. On their showing today, this pair has at least a fighting chance to beat Pell and Mortimer tomorrow, even though the latter are strong 2 to 1 favorites.

Philadelphians Show Skill.

Cramer Roberts and Charley Bromley put up a great game against J. C. Waterbury and Cyril Hatch. The Philadelphians have an awkward style that is all their own, but which seems to get there at critical moments.

After losing the first game, Roberts and Bromley braced in amazing fashion and pulled both the second and third frames out of the fire by the same score of 17–14. Losing these two keenly contested struggles by such narrow margins appeared to take the heart out of the New Yorkers and they fell easy victims to the prowess of the Philadelphians in the last two games.

On form Wear and Gould should survive to tackle Pell and Mortimer in the final grapple for the title on Saturday, but some of the sharps figure that Frelinghuysen and Cutting and Roberts and Bromley have at least a fair chance to come through tomorrow. Gould's lack of experience and his desire to do all the work himself is a heavy handicap when it comes to facing a hard-hitting pair like Roberts and Bromley.

Pell-Mortimer Team Fast.

As for Pell and Mortimer, they ought to down Freinghuysen and Cutting, for they came within a very narrow margin of defeating Wear and George H. Brooke for this same national doubles title way back in 1916 and have proved their worth in several intercity struggles staged this season.

Gould's remarkable gift for rising to the occasion when a brace is absolutely necessary to avert defeat is counted on by his partisans to give the Wear-Gould combination a victory tomorrow and to provide them something more than a fighting chance in the deciding match Saturday.

Good sized galleries watched today's contests and were well rewarded by some sparkling rallies, amazing gets, and brilliant bits of individual play.

The summaries:

J. W. Wear and Jay Gould, Philadelphia, defeated R. A. Gardner and E. H. Reynolds, Chicago, 15–2, 15–2, 15–10, 15–9; F. P. Frelinghuysen and R. F. Cutting, New York, defeated S. W. Pearson and W. J. McGlinn, Philadelphia, 7–15, 13–15, 15–12, 15–11, 15–2, 15–4; Cramer Roberts and C. S. Bromley, Philadelphia, defeated Cyril Hatch and J. W. Waterbury, New York, 17–14, 17–14, 15–10, 15–6. T. C. Pell and Stanley Mortimer, New York, won from P. E. Gardner and Howard Linn, Chicago, by default.

LOCAL TENNIS BODY GROWS.

Metropolitan Association Seeks Recognition from U. S. N. L. T. A.

An important meeting of delegates representing the lawn tennis clubs of the Metropolitan Association was held yesterday afternoon at the office of the President of the organization, Charles Chambers. There were present representatives of the New York Tennis Club, which last season won the interclub championship as well as the intercity title; the West Side Club, the University Heights Club, which finished second in the pennant race; the Harlem Tennis Club, the Hoboken Tennis Club, the Kings County Club of Brooklyn, and the Montclair Athletic Club. It is expected that the Terrace Club of Flatbush and the County Tennis Club of Westchester, originally members of the organization, will re-enter the interclub competition next Summer.

The chief business before yesterday's meeting was the decision to apply to the United States National Lawn Tennis Association for recognition in future as a regularly organized body, similar to other sectional organizations, with one vote in addition to the individual votes controlled by the clubs themselves. This application will be made at the annual meeting of the national body, which takes place next week, and its acceptance will greatly strengthen the prestige of the local association, which is now entering upon its third year of activity.

The plan of deciding the interclub championship by means of a knockout team tournament, tried for the first time last season, again found favor, and will probably be followed in future. Eight teams were entered last year, making an even draw, but this number is sure to grow in the coming season. A system of ranking the tennis players of the Metropolitan district may easily grow out of the interclub competition, and in general the team matches have been found highly beneficial to local tennis.

SKILES KNOB IN FRONT.

Fleet Son of Hurst Park Wins Feature Race at Havana.

HAVANA, Cuba, Jan. 29.—The track at the Oriental Park course today was very heavy and it required a very stout-hearted horse to negotiate the stiff going. The fields were small, but the players experienced a bad afternoon as only two favorites were able to scramble down in front.

The feature of the program, the five and a half furlong sprint for three-year-olds and up, fourth on the card, resulted in a victory for the favorite, Skiles Knob. He was meeting a fairly good field of sprinters, but the books took no chances with him and made him the choice at 6 to 5. The son of Hurst Park, running to his best form, took the lead early and won by two lengths. Different Eyes was second, fifteen lengths in front of War Spirit.

Punctual, second choice in the betting, had no trouble in landing the first race from a fair band of mud runners. A trifle slow at the start, she rushed up into a good lead and, gradually increasing her advantage to the finish, won in a gallop by ten lengths. Sherry was second, with Leenrack third, a length back. Eddie Trantor, showing a decided liking for the stiff going, made a runaway race of the second event. He assumed the lead quickly and won pulling up, five lengths in front of Blanche Donalton, who in turn was four lengths before Unwise Child.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Three-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Punctual, 98 pounds (Carmody), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, first; Sherry, 102 (Merrime), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, and 6 to 5, second; Leenrack, 104 (Fickens), 20 to 1, 6 to 1, and 4 to 1, third. Time—1:12. Miss K., Superior, and Incinerator also ran.

SECOND RACE—Four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Eddie Trantor, 105 pounds (C. Howard), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, and 4 to 5, first; Blanche Donalton, 105 (Langden), even, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4, second; Unwise Child, 101 (Carmody), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:11. Prince Benero, Leoma, and Lady Ivan also ran.

THIRD RACE—Four-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Goldstone, 99 pounds (Jarrell), 5 to 1, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, first; Tarascon, 110 (Wiener), 8 to 1, 6 to 5, and 3 to 5, second; Ivion, 99 (M. Collins), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4, third. Time—1:17⅘. Prince Direct, Skyman, Mike Dixon, and Allah also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Peru Handicap; three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Skiles Knob, 107 pounds (Crump), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4, first; Different Eyes, 106 (McCrann), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, second; War Spirit, 102 (Langdon), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, third. Time—1:10 3-5. Mess Kit, Diversion and Alvord also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $600; four-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and 20 yards. Fairly, 113 pounds (Gargan), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, first; Parable, 106 (Carmody), 8 to 1, even, and 1 to 2, second; Ballyconnell, 108 (Finley), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4, third. Time—1:50. Cafeteria, Duke of Shelby, Native Soil, and Half and Half also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $600; four-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and 50 yards. Blazeaway, 101 pounds (Carmody), 6 to 5, 3 to 5, and out, first; Iron Cross II., 109 (Hirst), 3 to 1, even, and out, second; Great Gull, 106 (Mountain), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, and out, third. Time—1:47 3-5. Bucknall also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE — For two-year-olds, purse $600; three furlongs. †Wishing 106 pounds, †Dorothy 100, Felix M. 112, Bloomington 112, ‡Disturbance 112, ‡Panhandler 112, Little Pointer 113. ‡Spence-Thraves entry; ‡J. H. Kiff entry.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. D. C. Girl 102 pounds, Slippery Sliver 102, Clip 104, Acclamation 104, Sophie K. 104, Flying Dart 106, Iron Boy 107, Venetian Boy 107, Frederick Miller 108, Uranium 108.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Hello Pepper 89 pounds, *Annabelle 90, Star Baby 104, *Peasant 107, Doubting Thomas 108, Deckhand 110, Wynnewood 110.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. *Baby Bonds 97, Exempted 105, Lady Langden 105, *Will Soon 106, Whippoorwill 108, Applejack 108, Leoma 111, *Twenty-seven 113, Galaway 113.

FIFTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. *Ambassador III. 97 pounds, *First Puller 100, Blanca 105, Marty Loo 106, Mellora 109, Hasty Cora 109, Quin 111, Burger 114, Peaceful Star 115, King Tuscan 115.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; mile and fifty yards. Egmont 103 pounds, *Mary's Maneto 103, *Attorney Muir 105, Fairly 108, Buster Clark 108, Unar 108, Manokin 111, O'Malley 113, Hands Off 113, Ned Milverbright 113, John W. Klein 113, Woodthrush 116.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

MIDDIES UNLIKELY TO ROW.

Date of Poughkeepsie Regatta Too Late for Naval Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 29.—Naval Academy crews are unlikely to row at Poughkeepsie, according to a statement made today by Commander Douglas L. Howard, athletic officer, the date, July 1, being entirely too late for the midshipmen.

The practice cruise starts about June 7, and the squadron is likely to be a great distance from the Hudson by the 1st of July. There is just a possibility that the cruise will be confined to nearby waters and that the Navy Department will permit the midshipmen to contest. This, however, is not likely.

Commander Howard and Lieut. Commander J. S. Morrison, representatives for rowing of the Navy Athletic Association, will go to New York tomorrow and will attend a meeting of the managers of the different colleges. If the Poughkeepsie entry is out of the question, another race away from home will be arranged, probably at Princeton.

WOMEN IN FINAL TOMORROW

Miss Goss Will Oppose Mrs. Mallory at Heights Casino.

The final round of the women's singles in the indoor club tennis tournament at the Brooklyn Heights Casino will be played tomorrow afternoon, bringing together those old rivals for the national championship, Miss Eleanor Goss and Mrs. Franklin I. Mallory, formerly Miss Molla Bjurstedt. The latter reached the last bracket more than a week ago, having progressed through the easier side of the draw with little opposition.

During the last few days Miss Goss also eliminated two opponents, Miss Adele Bull and Mrs. Rawson Wood, the former Florida State champion, taking both matches in straight sets. She is in better form than ever before in her brilliant career on the courts, and should give the great Norsewoman a real battle in the finals, with an even chance of landing the decision.

Miss Goss has lately concentrated on the practice of volleying and overhead smashing, two points in which she was obviously weak last season. In fact, the ability to kill overhead when easy chances presented themselves would have brought her victory over Mrs. George W. Wightman, the present national titleholder, who lost her only set of the outdoor championship to the West Side star.

Mrs. Mallory is also playing at top speed at present, relying on her fast driving from deep court to bring her the points, but also improving her volleying game.

Seven Straight for Collegiate.

The Collegiate School basket ball team gained an easy victory last evening over the Friends School five on the Collegiate court by a score of 19 to 4. The winners gained an early advantage and maintained it to the end. Halftime saw the score 10 to 2 in favor of Collegiate. This is the latter school's seventh consecutive victory.

McVoy High Gun at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 29.—Martin McVoy, Jr., of New York, led a field of fifteen gunners in the hundred target handicap at the Pinehurst Gun Club today. McVoy shot from scratch and broke 96. John B. Fontaine of Philadelphia won the handicap prize with a score of 92—5—97.

PICKWICK SCORES AN EASY VICTORY

Finds Muddy Track to His Liking and Takes the Oakwood Handicap at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 29.—The two previous starts which W. C. Clancy's Pickwick made here recently apparently put him right on edge after his long layoff since the close of the New York racing season, and as a consequence the Oakwood Handicap, a sprint at six furlongs, which was the feature at the Fair Grounds today, fell easy prey to the fleet son of Garry Herrmann-Zoola. Favored by the going, he came through when ready, and scored a very easy victory over Sweet Liberty and Anticipate, among the others in a field of six starters.

Pickwick is notoriously partial to a muddy track, and he had one to his liking today. Rain fell again and the course was deep in mire. But horses and patrons alike seem to have become accustomed to this condition by now, and there were no sensational upsets of form except in the fifth race, when Drummond dealt a hard blow to his backers.

Pickwick was obliged to pick up 123 pounds today and concede much weight to the others, Matinee Idol being next on the list with 112 pounds. But in spite of this Pickwick was made a 1 to 2 choice. At this price he was well played, for his previous races had indicated that he was rounding into form again.

Moves Up Gradually.

Ambrose permitted Pickwick to trail the bunch at the start, but moved up gradually, avoided interference and went around the field until at the head of the stretch he had caught Sweet Liberty, which had been setting the pace. Pickwick quickly raced Sweet Liberty into submission and after the latter had tried to keep up for a hundred yards she gave up the battle and Pickwick raced off all by himself to take the winner's share as his rider pleased. Sweet Liberty had plenty of early speed, but after tiring in the stretch she was still able to hold Anticipate safely. The latter was gaining very fast, but was defeated for the place by two lengths. Brother McLean showed some early speed, but Duke John and Matinee Idol were outrun from the start and were never contenders.

C. W. Clark's Drummond gave his backers a shock in the fifth race, at a mile and a sixteenth, when he trailed in last in a field of four, after being made a 1 to 3 choice to win. The race went to Pictor, which led all the way and scored by two lengths over Romeo. Rainbow Girl was third, five lengths in front of Drummond. The latter ran a very sluggish race and despite the best efforts of Jockey Parrington, who applied the whip freely, would not extend himself.

Pictor stole a big lead at the start and by the time he reached the back stretch was six lengths in front of Rainbow Girl, which was running second. Rainbow Girl began to tire in the stretch and Romeo, which had saved ground at the turns, moved up to second and took after the leader, but cut down the lead which Pictor had gained, but was not good enough to catch the winner and Thurber allowed Pictor to finish in a canter. Drummond gave evidence of speed at the start, but after going half a mile began to slow down and would not respond to the urging by his jockey. Pictor was one of the outsiders in the race and quoted at 7 to 1.

Cobalt Lass Disappoints.

Cobalt Lass once more proved a disappointment by failing to maintain her speed over the mile route. She finished second to Sun God in the sixth event after leading most of the way. She had been made a 13 to 10 choice, and at one time seemed to be making a runaway race of it. The distance and the heavy going told in the stretch and she quit to almost nothing, but was still able to save the place from Cerinus.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; three furlongs. John S. Reardon, 112 pounds (Traxler), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 4, first; Tutt, 112 (Parrington), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; No Fooling, 112 (Buxton), 8 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—0:37. The Moor, Maudie Wilson, Loch Leven, Tenita and Lura also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Young Adam, 112 pounds (Parrington), 10 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, first; Twinwin, 107 (Canfield), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Huron 11., 107 (Wilds), 9 to 2, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Iago, Orenso, Glasstol, O'Donovan, Retta B. and Alex Gets also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds; purse $800; six furlongs. Windy, 105 pounds (Robinson), 4 to 5, 1 to 4 and out, first; Alula, 102 (Boyle), 7 to 1, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Ira Wilson (Buxton), 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:18 1-5. Bally Bell, Jean Bullant, Kirah, Yaphank, Cormoran, Flying Witch and Keep also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Oakwood Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Pickwick, 123 pounds (Ambrose), 1 to 2, out and out, first; Sweet Liberty, 98 (Stack), 9 to 1, 2 to 1 and 1 to 5, second; Anticipate, 94 (Wilds), 10 to 1, 5 to 2 and 7 to 10, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Matinee Idol, Bro McLean and Duke John also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Consolation Purse; for four-year-olds and upward; purse $800; one mile and a sixteenth. Pictor, 104 pounds (Thurber), 7 to 1, 6 to 5 and out, first; Romeo, 102 (Wilds), 5 to 1, 3 to 5 and out, second; Rainbow Girl, 104 (Sullivan), 15 to 1, 3 to 1 and out, third. Time—1:54⅘. Drummond also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Sun God, 105 pounds (Stack), 4 to 1, 6 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Cobalt Lass, 104 (Eichcreek), 13 to 10, 2 to 5 and out, second; Cerinus, 107 (Boyle), 3 to 1, 4 to 5 and 1 to 4, third. Time—1:44 3-5. Grandee, Dorcas and Toddler also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; one mile and a furlong. Frank Mintor, 102 pounds (Thurber), 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, first; Ben Hampson, 114 (Burke), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Waterproof, 114 (Taylor), 8 to 1, even and 1 to 2, third. Time—2:00. Bertedame, Avery Trumbo, Surpassing Pit, Mesealliance, Ponderosa, Polly and Brooner also ran.

Weather raining; track muddy.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for two-year-olds, maidens; three furlongs. Alcatraz, 115 pounds; Tenite, 114; Frank Moody, 110; Coombs, 110; Tutt, 107; *Aunt Deda, 99; *Hazel W., 99.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward, maidens; six furlongs. Columbia Tenn, 115 pounds; Rappahannock, Md., 115; Brooklyn, 115; Jim Dudley, 115; Dr. Creigler, 115; Nanette Flack, 110; *La Balafre, 110; *Mitchell May, 110; *Triomphant, 110; *Harry Rudder, 110; *Charming, 107; *Riddle, 97. Also eligible: *Brown Bee, 106; *Baron 2d, 114; *Adrienne R., 106; *I Am First, 95.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. The Belgian 2d, 122 pounds; Redland, 115; General, 111; Alex Gets, 108; Sayonara, 101; Lady Marathon, 99; *Cathie, 110; *Hadrian, 110; *Bonstelle, 105; *Madrea Gingham, 100; Comache, 101; *Prophecy, 99. Also eligible: Poultney, 117; *Korthage, 101; Kultur, 100; Paul Connelly, 111.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,000, the Dolly Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; one mile. Madge, 119 pounds; Cobalt Lass, 105; Eulogy, 101; Antoinette, 101; Tailor Maid, 101; My Dear, 98; Alula, 94.

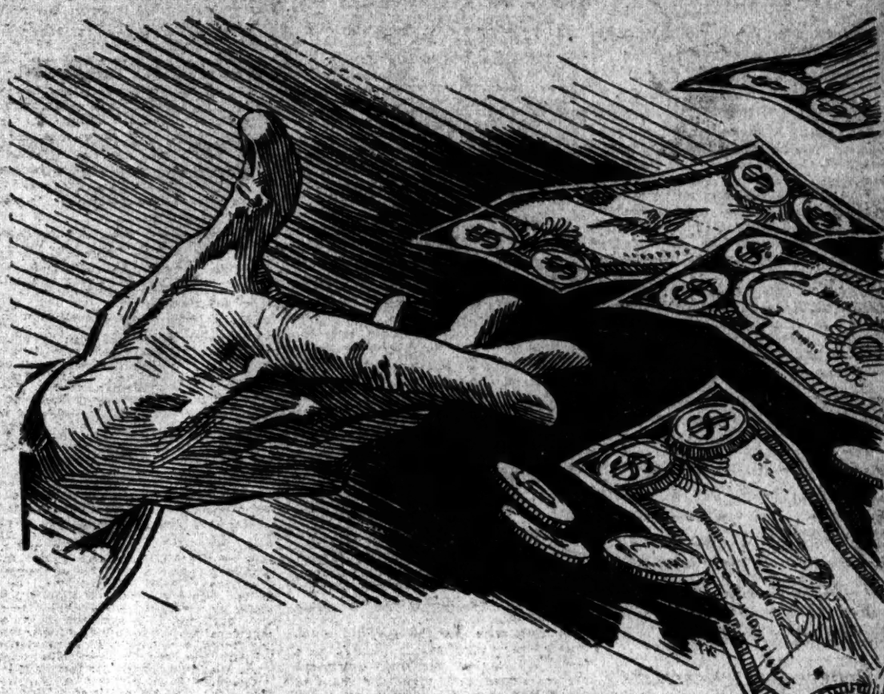
FIFTH RACE—Purse $800, claiming, for three-year-olds; one mile. Jim Hastings, 110 pounds; Heavy Weapon, 96; *Swirl, 100; *Golden Dawn, 87; Bobby Allen, 106; Pindar, 98; *Fleur, 95; Lonely, 101; *Warlike, 101; *Dolph, 92.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. Bombast, 112 pounds; *El Rey, 100; Plenty, 106; *Pit, 103; *Captain Hodge, 107; *Rookery, 98.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Pyman, 118 pounds; Caballo, 111; Alexander, 106; Surpassing, 106; *Baby Thistle, 103; *Keziah, 101; *Battle Mountain, 97; Yodelee, 111; *Pilar, 111; *Super Stalwart, 106; *Pluviads, 99. Also eligible: Flapper, 106; Al Pierce, 111; *Mayor Galvin, 106; *Juanito 2d, 101.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather raining; track muddy.

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles America" Monroe Clothes New York"



Do You Throw Money Away?

Throwing money away never will be a popular pastime—but still it is unconsciously done by many who just don't know that their wants can be bought for less.

Monroe Clothes illustrate the "for less" idea in the clothing field. In every step of their marketing from source to final sale we chip off expense, with the result that your price is substantially less.

Consider for a moment the economy of buying direct from the maker—the additional economy of buying in low rent upstairs quarters—and the further economy of buying where original costs are less because of quantities used. All these big saving factors you benefit by when you buy Monroe Clothes.

However, all this economy talk won't make nearly the appeal that Monroe Clothes themselves do when you see them.

FIRST MARS MESSAGE WOULD COST BILLION

Dr. Steinmetz Thinks America's War Energy Turned to the Task Might Win.

ALL POWER PLANTS IN ONE

Suggests That Mysterious Wireless Messages Be Recorded for Comparative Study.

Dr. Charles P. Steinmetz, inventor and one of the leading authorities in the world on electric waves and power, said last night at the Old Colony Club rooms at the Hotel Manhattan that he believed it was quite possible to communicate with the planet Mars.

"The probability that these strange wireless messages noted by Marconi really do come from Mars must, to the practical mind of the day, be regarded as a wild dream," said Dr. Steinmetz, "but it nevertheless opens up interesting scientific speculations, and we know that many of the speculations of half a century ago have now become tangible realities. If the United States, for instance, should go into the effort to send messages to Mars with the same degree of intensity and thoroughness with which we went into the war it is not at all improbable that the plan would succeed. To do so would mean the consolidation of all the electric power in the country into one great plant or sending station. Lofty towers would have to be erected, 1,000 feet high or more, and the cost of the attempt might be a billion dollars.

"We know enough about Mars to assume that the inhabitants there, for the planet has snow and air and all of the requirements for human occupancy, would very likely be the first to send messages from one planet to another. It is a much older planet than ours, and therefore its inhabitants ought to be further advanced in intelligence and scientific investigation. When Mars is nearest the earth the distance is about 50,000,000 miles, but the distance varies, and at certain periods Mars is as far as 250,000,000 miles away. These changes from extreme to extreme take place within a few years. It has been stated, I notice, that these strange messages apparently come in about 100 kilometer wave lengths, a little less than seventy miles. That is much longer than any wave lengths required for our greatest earth messages, and those lengths could be accurately measured. Now 100 kilometer wave lengths would be quite sufficient to transmit wireless signals through 50,000,000 miles of space or more. It is just about what we might expect in wireless communication with Mars.

"These messages must be received in the Morse code, to rule graph signals must come either short or long, that is, by dots or dashes. What makes them strange is that they are so mixed up that they cannot be understood. The proper thing to do when these strange messages come is to keep a careful record of them. If a number are received with the same degree of intensity in different parts of the world, say in London, New York and Australia, all being of those unusually great wave lengths, we could then reasonably suppose that they must have come from some point outside of the earth as the distances at the various places where they might be received would have no effect upon the result. In addition to noting the intensity of such messages at various places, by keeping a record of them it could be ascertained, when enough had been collected, whether any parts of these undecipherable Morse code messages were similar, that is, if there was a reasonable conformity in sequences of the strange code. If that could be proved, it would evidently indicate that they were sent from an intelligent source, but if no harmony could be found, it would be apparent they must be due to unexplained atmospheric conditions.

"Another evidence for determining whether these messages came from an intelligent source would be to note the force with which they come, as the distance between the earth and Mars changes within a few years. At 50,000,000 miles the signals would doubtless be stronger than when several million miles further away. Provided such records could be kept, we could surely arrive at a very definite conclusion as to their origin. It is true we might not be able to decipher the code, but it would indicate very satisfactorily that messages could be sent from one planet to another and that intelligent beings were inhabiting the planet from which they came."

It was suggested to Dr. Steinmetz that assuming such strage messages did come with fair regularity, it might take a generation or more before the statistics could be properly compiled to give satisfactory scientific conclusions. If messages really were coming from Mars, Dr. Steinmetz thought that a comparatively few years would be enough to show results, as the distances between the earth and Mars varies within moderately short periods of time.

"This Mars theory may be all imagination and a wild dream," added Dr. Steinmetz, "but it is an interesting subject and is not without its possibilities of success."

Dr. Steinmetz has just added to his former inventions by designing a new type of electric car for commercial and industrial uses. A factory has been obtained to build the cars in Baltimore. They will be produced at present for half-ton and one-ton loads. The car will be able to run forty-five to fifty miles on a single charge. Light weight is obtained in one respect by eliminating the differential, the motor acting in that capacity, and so arranged that on a down grade the current is fed back to the storage cells, virtually recharging itself. It will be known as the Steinmetz car. Dr. Steinmetz has been for many years the chief consulting engineer of the General Electric Company at Schenectady.

SUGGESTS VENUS IS SOURCE OF SIGNALS

Smithsonian Scientist Points Out Conditions Favoring Life on That Planet.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29 (Associated Press).—If wireless messages are being received on the earth from some other planet, as suggested by Signor Marconi, it is not Mars sending the signals, but most probably Venus, says Dr. C. B. Abbot, Director of the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory and Assistant Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. Dr. Abbot makes no claim that the mysterious wireless signals do come from another planet, but says if they do Mars is eliminated as a possibility because known conditions on that planet probably would not permit the existence of any form of living creature.

"In the first place," says Dr. Abbot, "on account of the greater distance, nearly two and one-half times less radiation from the sun reaches Mars than reaches the earth. It is probably nearly 100 per cent. colder on the average on that distant planet than on the earth. Knowing what low temperatures occur on this earth in the course of the Winter season it will readily be realized what 100 degrees colder would mean. In the second place, even if any form of life could withstand that degree of cold it is definitely known by the investigations of Director Campbell of Lick Observatory that there is practically no water-vapor in the atmosphere surrounding Mars, which fact crosses out the possibility of that planet's supporting any vegetation or other form of food for living creatures.

"The polar caps which are seen on Mars may be either hoar frost from the minute traces of water vapor in the Martian atmosphere, or, what is quite a probable, frozen carbonic acid gas. The so-called 'canals of Mars are non-existent except as indefinite markings, according to such telescopic observers as Barnard, Hale and others who have observed with great telescopes under well nigh perfect conditions.

"The planet Venus, on the other hand, shows every condition necessary for maintaining life. It is nearly the same size as the earth and is even nearer the sun than the earth is. This would apparently make the climate considerably hotter on Venus except for the fact that the atmosphere surrounding Venus is continually cloudy. This universal cloudiness, by reflecting the radiation from the sun, reduces the temperature to about the same range as that experienced here on the earth. This cloudiness also shows a sufficient amount of water vapor to support vegetation and higher forms of life on the planet Venus.

"As regards the possibility of receiving wireless messages from another planet, Venus at its nearest approach to the earth is 25,000,000 miles away, whereas Mars is at least 50,000,000.

"From these considerations, it may be concluded that if any planet is trying to signal our earth, it is Venus and not Mars."

ARRHENIUS SCOUTS THEORY.

Swedish Authority Thinks Wireless Influenced by the Sun.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 29.—Professor Arrhenius, of the chair of physics in the Technical Institute, in a statement today relative to the sounds that have been received on the wireless plants in England, says he read a statement of a similar occurrence in the German press a year ago.

He does not think the theory that the sounds come from the planets is worthy of serious consideration and believes it is more probable that the wireless apparatus may have been influenced by the sun.

MARCONI'S FUTURE TESTS.

He Will Look for Signals When Mars Is Closest to Earth.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Signor Marconi, the inventor, has informed The Daily Mail that the period for investigating the sounds caught on various wireless apparatus will include April 21, when Mars is nearest the earth.

He says, however, that undue stress should not be placed on this date, as a few thousand miles would not likely make any appreciable difference in recording signals.

ASSAILS DAIRYMAN'S LEAGUE

Must Be Throttled or Will Control State, Says Copeland.

Health Commissioner Copeland in an address yesterday at the eighth annual meeting of the Seaside Home for Crippled Children at the Hotel Biltmore attacked the Dairyman's League for the present price of milk. After saying the farmers were not to blame but that the officials of the league were responsible, he added:

"We won't tolerate the present price much longer. If in five years the Dairyman's League is not throttled, there won't be a Republican or a Democratic Party; the State will be controlled by the league, and"—turning to Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo, who sat at Dr. Copeland's right—"I can say that, for I am not a candidate for Governor."

Dr. Frederick H. Albee of the Post-Graduate Hospital, who was Chairman of the Rehabilitation Commission of New Jersey, said that the problem of the crippled should be taken up by the State just as it is the State's function to take care of the tubercular and the insane. Although he favored the Compensation act, he said that it reacts on individuals and makes them cripples where they would not be otherwise. It is a revelation to learn how little is being done for the thousands of industrial cripples, he said.

The other speakers were Dr. Virgil P. Gibney, chief surgeon at the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled; Secretary of State Hugo and Dr. Henry Ling Taylor of the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled. Miss Evelyn M. Goldsmith, the President, presided.

POLICE QUIT, ROBBERS BEGIN

Rockville Centre Citizens Organize Volunteer Night Guard.

Rockville Centre had not had a burglary for a year till after five members of the police force quit their jobs last week. Since then there have been two robberies and citizens are acting as volunteer night guardians.

On Tuesday evening last burglars entered the home of Edwin Schley of 78 Lenox Road, while Mr. Schley and his two sisters were calling on friends nearby, and stole two lavallieres, a wrist watch, and two lockets. On Sunday night, at the house of E. T. Palmer of 94 Raymond Avenue, while the occupants were away, burglars broke the glass in a back door and entered, ransacked every room and took all the silverware, several pieces of jewelry, table linen, and pictures and mirrors from the walls.

Neighbors said they heard an automobile near the house at the time of the robbery.

HUNTINGTON LIBRARY SALE.

$2,000 Paid for First Edition of Thomas Kyd's Old Play.

Rare duplicates from the library of Henry E. Huntington were sold at the Anderson Galleries yesterday. James F. Drake paid $2,000 for Thomas Kyd's "First Part of Jironimo, with the Warres of Portugall and Life and Death of Don Andreas," London, 1605, the extremely rare first edition of this old play; only four copies located; the Roxburgh-Kemble-Devonshire copy with a note by Kemble on the title page.

Mr. Drake also gave $1,000 each for "Your Five Gallants" by Thomas Middleton, London, 1608; the Kemble-Devonshire copy, with note by Kemble on the title page, and "The Battle of Alcasar," by George Peele, London, 1594, the Kemble-Devonshire copy with note on the title page by the former.

George D. Smith obtained for $300 "The Widdow, a Comedie," by Ben Johnson, London, 1652. The total for the session was $7,264.25. The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Stolen, 7-ton Mack truck, license 892,750, factory No. 1,124,416, color, gray with red letters P. J. Tartarilla on side. Stolen from East 29th St., Jan. 25. Last seen going to Long Island City; reward offered. Communicate with J. F. Budde & Co., 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 2978.

LOST—From steamship Mauretania, a brown canvas suit case, stamped J. B. Body, label bearing name L. M. Carvajal, containing papers solely of value to owner; reward paid if returned to J. B. Body, 10th floor, 32 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Diamond platinum fancy berpin, 2½ inches long, centre stone weighing about ¾ carat; few small stones in design. Reward $100. No questions asked. Address Henry H. Oppenheimer & Co., 1 Maiden Lane, city, fourth floor.

LOST—Gold purse, marked E. M. K. M., in taxi or at Morosco Theatre, Tuesday evening; return to W. B. Bodrum, Hotel La Salle, 30 East 60th. Phone Plaza 9900. Reward.

LOST—Umbrella on 5th Av. bus going north on morning of Jan. 28; gold and pearl handle, engraved "P. R." or "F. M. R." Return P. R., care William Coulson & Son, 429 5th Av.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, a string of Tecla pearls, 3-stone diamond clasp, between 12th and 4th Sts. and 6th and 7th Avs.; reward. Address Apt. 6F, 125 West 12th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 451286, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St., New York; payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST—Cameo pin, St. Nicholas Av. and 181st St. subway to Capitol Theatre; heirloom; reward. Bella Thom, 1,578 Ogden Av. city.

LOST—In or near Vanderbilt Theatre Jan. 27, 4d dorine and lip stick case marked B. A. M. Finder please phone Prospect 4085. Reward.

LOST—Certificate No. 6cell for 50 shares of Caddo Central Oil, in the name of Edward Skritzky. Notify J. H. Sulzbacher Co., 111 Broadway.

LOST—Eyeglasses in Yans's case, Wednesday morning, at or near Christopher St. station 7 Av. subway; reward. Pasamore. Phone Spring 9630.

LOST—Silver meshbag, initialed "K. W." containing diamond rings, eyeglasses, Morris Av. (162d-169th); reward. Eisenstadt, 1,283 Morris Av.

LOST—Navy blue and steel beaded bag, between Lyric Theatre Building and 46th St.; liberal reward. Blanche Yurka, Rhinelander 2080.

LOST—Small wrist watch, initials D. A. D., near 103d and Broadway. Return to D. A. Darwey, Marseilles Hotel, 103d St. and Broadway.

LOST—Citizenship papers No. 150088, dated May 24, 1910; age 23. Morris A. Zuckerbraun, 1,033 82d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Bank Book No. 54404; payment stopped. Finder please return to City Savings Bank.

LOST—On Thursday, Jan. 29, platinum chain bracelet containing 2 diamonds, 1 sapphire, 4 pearls; liberal reward. Schuyler 5852.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, between 34th and 42d Sts., 5th Av. and Broadway; reward. Box 346, 1,358 Broadway.

LOST—Wednesday, silver watch, between Altman's and Brentano's. D. Newlin, 52 West 37th St.

LIBERAL REWARD,
No Questions Asked,
for return of platinum and diamond flexible bracelet, lost Jan. 17, between 74th St. and Park Av. and 42d St. Return to 20 East 42d St., Room 422. Tel. Murray Hill 5490.

$5,000 REWARD,
no questions asked, for return of a large button pearl earring, lost Tuesday morning, Jan. 20, between East 71st St. and Carnegie Hall. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$150 REWARD for flexible platinum bracelet containing 11 diamonds of about ½ carat each, lost Jan. 28, on train from Poughkeepsie to Grand Central Station or in taxi. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$1,000 REWARD for package of letters and picture lost Jan. 23, between 71st-86th Sts., Broadway. Mario Salvini, 206 West 71st., vocal studio.

$100 REWARD,
return jeweled back and works of watch lost Jan. 23 on West End Av. I. H. & D. H. Weinberg, 985 5th Av.

Furs and Fur Wraps.

LOST—Jan. 26, black fur neckpiece, between 34 and Lexington Avs. on 40th St. Call Plaza 8276; reward.

LOST—Pointed fox muff, family circle Metropolitan Opera House, Jan. 29; reward. Room 165, 80 Broadway.

SAVANNAH
Georgia
Twenty-four hours from New York. Fine train service.
Temperature 70; no rain; no influenza.
Sporty golf courses. Perfect motor roads through Southern pines.
De Soto Hotel
Telegraph for reservations.
Moderate rates.
Willard H. Barse, Manager.

BUYING A CAR?
Wait! I can offer a Franklin Sedan, almost new and in excellent condition, completely equipped — spare tire, steel bumpers front and rear, chains, grey whipcord upholstery, travelled only 8,300 miles—for $3,200.
Demonstration by appointment.
T. N. ST. HILL,
61 Broadway, Room 1512.
Tel. Bowling Green 1468.

AN URGENT APPEAL
TO ALL TELEPHONE USERS

During the Epidemic of Influenza and Pneumonia use the telephone *only when absolutely necessary.*

The prevailing sickness has caused thousands to remain at home and turn to the telephone not only to reach physicians, hospitals, nurses and others directly concerned with the epidemic, but also to transact social and business matters. As a consequence the already abnormal telephone traffic has been greatly increased.

Our operating force, seriously depleted by sickness, is meeting an exceedingly difficult situation in a manner deserving of the highest praise and the most kindly cooperation. In the interest of the public health and safety—Cooperate. Every unnecessary call places an unnecessary burden upon the operators, *and may delay a vitally important message.*

Help keep the telephone lines free to carry the *necessary* messages.

Before you telephone, make sure the call is essential

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

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PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY
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FOUNDED 1830 LONDON
ADVANCE SPRING STYLES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

It has been our custom for many years to present in advance of the regular season a limited number of our special productions for boys and girls from 4 to 16 years, and in presenting these ideas in correct dress we show the newest and most desirable fabrics used abroad in the making of clothing for young people.

For every De Pinna outfit for a boy or girl we have specially designed correct lasts in "Anniped" shoes.

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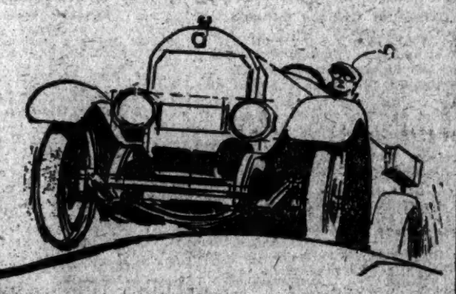

What really explodes in your engine

With Sluggish Gas: 8 parts of air 1 part gasoline
With TYDOL Gas: 15 parts of air 1 part gasoline

How to make the 15 to 1 adjustment

Fill gasoline tank with Tydol. Run engine till warm. Lift hood. Turn gas adjustment on carburetor, decreasing gradually flow of gas.

When engine slows, turn gas adjustment back, slightly increasing flow to get maximum engine speed.

This is 15 to 1 adjustment.

Tydol *will* operate on rich, wasteful mixtures required by inferior gas. But you *can* use 15 to 1—more air, less fuel.

Zowie!

She never ran like this before

PASSED every car on the grade—topped the old hill at thirty-five an hour.

At a touch of the accelerator she lights out like a rabbit in front of a gun.

Talk about engine performance—she never ran like this before.

That's the sort of a day many a man has the first time he starts out with the 15 to 1 mixture and Tydol.

Tydol, the Economy Gasoline, *vaporizes fast.*

Try the 15 to 1 mixture. (See chart above.) Fill up with Tydol. Know the real joy of a live, snappy engine—and at the end of the day you'll find you've used less fuel to the mile than ever before. Even when Tydol costs more than ordinary gasoline it is an economy. Look for the orange and black sign today.

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN
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TIDE WATER OIL
Sales Corporation
11 Broadway, New York City.

GERMANS ALARMED ON CULPRITS' CASE

Note to the Allies Expresses Doubt of Being Able to Force War Offenders' Surrender.

FEAR STRIKE BY OFFICIALS

Attack on Erzberger Increases the Dismay at Danger of Political Outburst.

HINT PASSIVE RESISTANCE

Economic Disturbances Are Declared to Threaten If Demand Is Pressed.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Indication of the Government's growing concern over the extradition of Germans accused of war offenses was given in the note sent to the Allies today, asking revision of articles of the Versailles Treaty.

The attempted assassination of Mathias Erzberger, Minister of Finance, last Monday, is viewed in official circles as a precursor of what is likely to happen on a larger scale if the Government, yielding to the Allies, appeals to force in arresting men on the list submitted by the Entente Powers. Political and partisan recriminations, provoked by the attack on the Finance Minister, have already reached the white hot stage.

While it has been commonly known that Wilhelmstrasse would use all its persuasive power in an effort to induce the Allies to desist from their avowed purpose of demanding the surrender of Germans, the shots aimed at Erzberger have made the Cabinet more apprehensive than it has been at any other time relative to the enforcement of the extradition clauses. The note to the Allies, which will not be published in Germany, warns the Entente Powers that Germany cannot assume that she is able to compel either national or local agencies of the law to lay hands on the men wanted and transfer them to German frontiers.

The Associated Press is informed that even responsible officials of the Foreign Office have announced pointblank that they would refuse to execute any work with extradition formalities and that they threaten to strike or indulge in passive resistance." A leading official of the Foreign Office expressed doubt today that a man could be found in Germany, from an army or navy commander down to a humble village deputy, "who would lend himself to the work of executing a warrant for the arrest or detention of fellow-countrymen who are to be dragged before a foreign tribunal."

The suggestion is made in the note that the men wanted be tried by the Supreme Court at Leipsic. In this part of the communication the Cabinet indicates its belief that the nation's highest tribunal could guarantee an exhaustive and impartial trial. It is pointed out that the Allies are invited to be represented on the bench of the Supreme Court, which should further tend to guarantee a fair trial.

The economic situation in Germany is precarious at present, and this is an unsuitable period to invite trouble, the note indicates. Trouble, if it comes, will not be confined to any single party, it is asserted.

"The whole nation is likely to go on a general strike," an official declared today, while discussing the Government's plight, if it is coerced into even making a feint in the direction of apprehending the men wanted. It is definitely stated that no list of names of men whose extradition will be demanded has yet been received, and that the Government has no hint of when it is coming or who is wanted.

REACTIONARIES FEAST ON KAISER'S BIRTHDAY

Gen. Harrach Declares Prussian Spirit Will Yet "Triumph Over the World."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 29 (via Copenhagen).—The ex-Kaiser's birthday passed off very quietly, which was doubtless due to the fact that the Erzberger affair had alarmed the authorities and precautionary military measures had been taken.

At all the reactionary clubs the day was celebrated by banquets, and telegrams avowing allegiance were sent to Amerongen. In some public restaurants parties of young ex-officers insisted on the orchestras playing "Heil dir im Siegeskrans," the imperial hymn, and when they met refusal shouted "Hoch der Kaiser!" but there was hardly any response. In a few cases the Wilhelmians were badly handled by republican sympathizers.

After closing hours many high, retired officers, in full dress uniform, were noticed at the underground stations, evidently returning from club or private celebrations. People stared at them, for full dress uniforms have become quite a rarity in Berlin, but their wearers gave no cause for annoyance.

"The League of True Germans" filled the city mission church this evening and listened to a speech by General von Schmidt-Harrach on "The Lost Purities." As such the General described Germany under Wilhelm II's reign, which, he said, attracted the hate and envy of all other nations that had no such glorious ruler, who had sacrificed everything for his people's welfare.

"Never mind," the General concluded, "the Prussian spirit and the Hohenzollern genius will yet triumph over the world."

ASK PLANES TO BOMB FISH.

Brittany Fishermen Urge Destruction of Porpoises to Save Sardines.

BREST, Jan. 29.—Such havoc has been wrought in the sardine fisheries off the coast of Brittany by shoals of porpoises that the fishermen have appealed to the French Ministry of Marine for relief.

The Ministry has been asked to station seaplanes at the fishing ports, supplied with bombs, having an explosive area of 300 yards, to rid the fishing grounds of the pest.

Stock Raisers Urge Treaty Action.

SPOKANE, Jan. 29.—Immediate ratification of the Peace Treaty, with reservations deemed necessary "to safeguard American interests" was demanded in a resolution adopted today by the American National Livestock Association's convention here.

Vorwaerts Against Celebration of Kaiser's Birthday by Army

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The Vorwärts today prints a protest against celebrations of the birthday of former Emperor William by torchlight processions and other demonstrations by the Baltic troops encamped at Münster and by the Reichswehr in the Potsdam garrison, and officers elsewhere, "who did not conceal their monarchist sentiments."

The Vorwärts demands that an end shall be put to such a state of things.

SEES GERMANY SAFE ONLY BY PACIFISM

She Must Also Abstain from All International Intrigues, Eduard Bernstein Declares.

WANTS NATION IN LEAGUE

Thinks Socialists Would Raise No Objection to Trial of Kaiser by World Court.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—"Germany can only exist as a nation by maintaining absolutely a pacifist policy and by abstaining from all international intrigues."

That the future of his country depends upon the observance of this fundamental principle is the opinion of Eduard Bernstein, the veteran leader of the German Social Democracy, as expressed in an interview which he gave on his seventieth birthday to your correspondent. The question of the extradition of the ex-Kaiser and other war criminals arose when I asked Bernstein his views on the League of Nations.

"It would be a great step forward," he replied, "if Germany were admitted as soon as possible. I realize there are difficulties. For instance, the spirit on one hand is still very revengeful, but Germany ought to apply for admission to the League at the earliest possible moment. Once Germany is admitted, things will go very much easier all around. For instance, if Germany were a member of the Court of Nations then there would be no question of extradition in connection with the trial of the ex-Kaiser. I am quite sure socialistic Germany would make no objection to the trial by an international court under the League of Nations of which Germany was a member. Personally, I would tomorrow put the ex-Kaiser and others against whom charges are brought before the German court or before an absolutely neutral court of jurists.

"As a matter of fact in 1916 when President Wilson was attempting his peace intervention, I wrote for him a memoir suggesting the creation of such a court—a court of international jurists composed on as neutral a basis as possible. But to try these men by a court of Entente Judges is a different matter. During the war horrible things were done, things the very thought of which gave me many sleepless nights, and yet I cannot now feel sure that among these whom it is proposed to try there may not be some who are less guilty than others.

"Under present conditions we have no moral security of fair trial. Then, too, there is another important point you must realise. There are still many of our people who cannot believe in Germany's war guilt. It is not their fault, and their disbelief is quite sincere. It is simply due to the fact that they were systematically deceived and misled and knew nothing of the real facts. Now a judgment passed by the Entente court would not be received in good faith by the mass of our people. On the other hand, the judgment of an international court under the League of Nations or a court of neutral jurists would be accepted by the German people."

Lest it be suggested that Bernstein desires to shield the ex-Kaiser, let me hasten to add his comments in that respect.

"After all," he said, "that matter would not need much discussion. How can there be any question about Wilhelm's guilt? It was proved by facts which cannot be denied, by his own handwriting, that he and he alone could have prevented the war. And a man who is in the position to prevent murder and does not do so is himself a murderer."

BRITISH LEADER HINTS AT WIDE COAL STRIKE

Says Increased Subscriptions May Be Needed in a Fight to Nationalize the Mines.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A hint that a national strike of miners is possible within a short period was given by Frank Hodges, one of the miners' leaders, in the course of the meeting held here by the Miners' Federation today to consider its dealings with the Government. Mr. Hodges gave the hint in proposing an increase in the subscriptions of the members.

"In our progress toward the unification of the present wage system in the coal fields and our struggle for national ownership of the collieries, with joint control by the workers, we may," he said, "become involved in a national strike. This in itself proves the necessity of increased contributions."

Compliance with Premier Lloyd George's request that they postpone further action with reference to their recent demands, was decided upon at the conference. The delegates had asked that the Government reduce immediately the price of industrial and export coal; proceed with the limitation of coal owners' profits, the limitation to be retroactive, and take steps to reduce the price of food and clothing to a reasonable basis, the alternative being a threat by the miners to demand an immediate all-around increase in wages amounting to 6 shillings daily.

The postponement agreed to by the miners was for the period of one week, in order to allow the chartered accountants sufficient time to report regarding the figures of the Government's profit on coal. Robert Smillie, the miners' leader, declared that these amounted from £50,000,000 to £60,000,000 annually. He added that if the present profiteering continued the Miners' Federation would use its organization in an endeavor to stop the extortion.

5,000 Dockmen Strike in Bombay.

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.—Five thousand dockyard workers here have struck for an increase in wages.

GERMANS WILL ASK UNION WITH AUSTRIA

First Plea When Admitted to the League Is Expected to be for Sanction of Combination.

MEETINGS SUPPORT PLAN

Allied Council Is Soon to Consider Allowing Former Enemy to Join.

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BERLIN, Jan. 29.—When Germany appears in and before the League of Nations for a readjustment of her affairs she will ask for a union with Austria.

Germany probably will be a member of the League very soon, as reports from Paris and London indicate in a friendly way.

It is a foregone conclusion in Berlin that, given an authoritative voice, Germany will raise it first in behalf of the Germans in the "pit of despair" in Austria. Germany proposes to supply for the Viennese community the economic background and support taken from it by the treaty of Paris.

"In this question, as in all others," an official of the Foreign Office said today, "Germany was forced to submit to the dictation of the Allies, and was compelled, therefore, with a bleeding heart to turn a deaf ear to Austria's expression of a desire to join the German republic. There is hope, however, in Germany that the force of events will bring about a change in the Entente's attitude, and that another solution will be reached by the League of Nations.

"Until that time it is Germany's aim to keep open the way to this aim.

"Minister Erzberger had already expressed these hopes at a meeting of the Centrists on Jan. 19. Mr. Hoover's last statement seems to indicate that also among the Allies the perception is growing that a modification of the treaty in this matter is necessary. Such a change of mind will be acknowledged in Germany with sincere sympathy and satisfaction."

The German Government is not ready to state officially its attitude toward a union with Austria or to discuss the question whether a union proposal which has been submitted for weeks at dozens of meetings will be supported. These meetings resolved strongly in favor of consolidation, and the national desire is unquestionable.

A persistent attempt to interview or to get a written opinion from Chancellor Bauer or Foreign Minister Müller resulted today in a courteous refusal from both to make any expression on the subject.

HUNGARIAN PREMIER PREDICTS A MONARCHY

National Assembly, Meeting Feb. 16, Will Choose a King, Huszar Asserts.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 29.—Hungary will be a monarchy and the new King will be chosen immediately after the National Assembly convenes, said Premier Huszar, speaking at a women's gathering yesterday.

"The first duty of the National Assembly, which will be summoned on Feb. 16, will be to elect a Chief of State," said the Premier, after expressing his satisfaction at the overwhelming success of the National Christian Party in the recent elections. "It is clear that Hungary will be a kingdom, but it would be premature to mention the names of those considered for the throne today."

The Premier's words were greeted with enthusiastic cheering.

BETTORS BACK ASQUITH TO WIN PAISLEY SEAT

Coalition's Attitude in Doubt—Lady Astor Is Asked to Speak for Unionist Candidate.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The public is showing keen interest in the Paisley bye-election, where the "adventure" which Mr. Asquith described himself as undertaking promises to end well. At any rate, Paisley sportsmen are said to be backing the ex-Premier at 2 to 1, and even 4 to 1.

There is still some doubt as to whether the Coalition will or will not formally espouse the cause of MacKean, who was selected to stand by the local Unionists. It was reported in Paisley today that MacKean had received a letter from Bonar Law, but the latter's private secretary in London denied that his chief had taken any such action.

Coalition circles are of two minds in the matter. Some hold that it would be a gracious act on the part of the Government not to oppose officially a man like Asquith, whose return to Parliament is desired by all sections of opinion. Others say that as Asquith is violently attacking the Coalition, which he yesterday declared was sanctioned to death, the logical course for the Government is to give all their support to MacKean.

The latter is in any case getting strong support from Individual Unionists. Lady Astor has been invited to speak for him in order to offset the services of Lady Bonham Carter (née Asquith), the wife of one of Mr. Asquith's former secretaries, on behalf of her father. Mrs. Asquith is not making any speeches.

The Labor Party, not to be outdone, is calling upon the Countess of Warwick and Mrs. Pethick Laurance to speak on behalf of their candidate, Mr. Biggar.

AGAINST PAPAL RECOGNITION

Anatole France Writes Against Suggested Rapprochement.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Resumption of diplomatic relations between France and the Vatican is opposed by Anatole France, who asserts, in an article printed in the Lanterne, that the dissolution of bonds some years ago came "as a logical crowning of the long struggle waged against the Papacy."

"Italy despoiled the Vatican of its temporal powers," he continues, "and the sending of an Ambassador to the Holy See would be to recognize officially the Pope's spiritual power. In this case, there is no reason why France should not recognize the other great spiritual powers of earth, and, among other missions, send one to the "Court of Humanity" which the followers of Comte erected in Rio Janeiro."

Former Premier Clemenceau's opposition to resuming relations with the Vatican is said to have cost him many votes when he was candidate for the Presidency of the Republic.

ROME, Jan. 28.—The Pope, according to The Epoca, may send a special mission to prepare for the restoration of diplomatic relations between France and the Holy See. The mission will probably be headed by Monsignor Vasseur or Monsignor Nicotra. The present Nuncio at Brussels will be sent as Nuncio to Paris.

Senate Widens Its Inquiry to Investigate Sims's Charges of Naval Unpreparedness

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Charges by Rear Admiral William S. Sims that the navy was not prepared to enter the war in 1917 are to be investigated by the Senate subcommittee already intrusted with inquiry into the navy's conduct of the war, which has been criticised by the same officer.

Acting on a written suggestion from Admiral Sims, Chairman Page of the Naval Committee asked Secretary Daniels today to submit full information as to the condition of the navy just preceding the entrance of the United States into the world war.

After a conference with Senator Hale, Chairman of the sub-committee, Senator Page wrote Mr. Daniels asking that he transmit a detailed statement showing the location of American warships two months and one month prior to the declaration of war, and their location upon the actual day this country entered the war. In addition Senator Page asked for the names of the ships ready for distant service when war was declared and the names of those not ready and the reason for their unpreparedness.

Investigation into the naval awards controversy was to have been resumed tomorrow with Secretary Daniels testifying before the subcommittee, but owing to the illness of Senator Trammell, Democrat, of Florida, a subcommittee member, the hearing was postponed until Tuesday, at which time the Secretary will appear.

The wider inquiry into Admiral Sims's charges of unpreparedness and failure to co-operate fully with the allied navies will be made by the same subcommittee later.

FOUR-POWER LOAN PROPOSED FOR CHINA

United States, Britain, France, and Japan Authorize Negotiations to Proceed.

AMOUNT SET AT $25,000,000

Consortium Leaves American and Japanese Reservations Over Manchuria in Abeyance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Diplomatic representatives in Peking of the United States, Great Britain, Japan, and France have been authorized by their respective Governments to proceed with negotiations with the Chinese Foreign Office for granting to the Chinese Government by the international consortium of an emergency loan of £5,000,000, normally about $25,000,000.

A modus vivendi has been reached by the Powers whereby the emergency loan may be concluded without prejudice, either to the principles underlying the refusal of the American Government to recognize the special position Japan claims in Manchuria or to the Japanese reservations respecting Manchuria and Eastern Inner Mongolia.

The Governments at Washington, London, Tokio, and Paris have agreed that immediate financial assistance to China is necessary if the Chinese Government is to be saved and the nation made secure against disruption and general chaos. It is understood, however, that the United States and Japan will carry England and France in the loan, neither of these countries being prepared to advance their part of the loan.

The emergency loan would be a temporary expedient and not go any great distance toward meeting the entire needs of China. It is probable, in the opinion of experts here, that there will be a series of emergency loans, in view of the inability of the United States and Japan to agree upon the question of the inclusion of South Manchuria and Eastern Inner Mongolia in the purview of so-called reorganization or reconstruction loans.

The British Government was the first to propose an emergency loan to China, but its communication to Washington led officials here to believe that England proposed at the same time recognition by the United States, for the present at least, of the Japanese reservations. This the British Government made clear was an error, as the Japanese reservations were held in abeyance, and the American position toward them would be unaffected by the joint four-power floating of the emergency loan.

There is reason to believe that Italy, Belgium, and Russia will be admitted to the consortium later, when their economic conditions shall have improved sufficiently to warrant their participation. Provision was made for Belgium's inclusion when the consortium project was launched.

It is the expectation of those intimate with the situation that the negotiations with the Peking Government will be concluded within two months, by which time an actual transfer of the money to Peking may have been made.

It is thought that the tobacco and wine revenues will be insufficient, on account of their already being pledged, to secure the loan to be made by the consortium, and that therefore the salt gabelle will also be made part security.

The contract will call for foreign supervision of the expenditure of the loan, and it seems to be the determination of the lending powers to supervise the disbursements more closely than has been done hitherto in Chinese finances.

The contract will specify certain uses to which the money will be put, among them the disbandment of the military forces, except those absolutely necessary for police and defense purposes. Also, the contract will prescribe that a portion of the loan shall be assigned to South China, and this fact, it is asserted, is promoting the efforts of both North and South China to settle their differences.

WILSON FOR PEACE PRIZE.

Swedish Socialists Recommend the President to the Nobel Committee.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 29.—The Inter-Parliamentary Socialist group in the Riksdag, including Hjalmer Branting, the Socialist leader, has decided to recommend to the Norwegian Storthing Nobel Committee that it support President Wilson and Christian Lange, Secretary of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, as the candidates for the 1919 and 1920 Nobel peace prizes.

FRENCHMAN PENS PRAYER FOR KAISER

Pictures Him Writing Beside Mantle of White and Cold, Ready Now as Shroud.

CONFESSING HIS MISDEEDS

And Baring His Soul to His Maker in Final Supplication for Mercy of Oblivion.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—"The Last Prayer of the Emperor"—under this heading Jean de Bonnefon writes in the Intransigeant today:

"William of Hohensollern opens a box of precious wood and lifts the great mantle of white cloth with clasps of gold, a mantle cut for triumphal entries, ready now as a shroud. He lifts the mantle and throws it about his shoulders.

"From a table he seizes a pen cut from the wing of an eagle and sent him by the flattery of his vassal of Bavaria. He kneels and he writes. He writes to God:

"'God of Kings, I no longer believe in myself and I doubt you. I committed blasphemy in praying to you. I wished to make you in my image. I ask now that you receive my confession. In your holy justice compensate my lack of glory by a surcease from sorrow. Vanquished as I am, I ask you to end it all.

"'For I have lived without religion. I have never warmed myself in your sun of eternity, which shines in beauty, nobleness, and heroism. I have never had a pure thought. I am unworthy of going to heaven.

"'I used the magic power of my sceptre only to satisfy personal ambition.

"'I lied in appealing to my country; I thought only of myself. I lied in praising my race; I loved only myself. I lied in proclaiming legitimate love; I was an adulterer. I deserve the punishment you mete to parricides; for I wished for the death of my father. For I persecuted my mother.

"'God ease my dizziness. For my life is a dark dunghill from which spreads odors of death.

"'As a young man I plunged by beardless lips into the cup or orgy. An old man, I have tried to forget my wrinkles by drinking from the same cup. I tried to believe that you would sustain me with your arms and that your angels would cover me with their wings. I tried to be an Emperor without an equal. In 1889 I had the son of another Emperor assassinated because he was my rival. In 1914 I arranged the incident out of which the world war grew.

"'The stars of the August sky were for me tapers of evil on the altar of night. And now the leaves of the Book of War are turned and blood flows from the seals which I placed there. Death is on every page where I wrote. I put a mystic fillet of pride upon my brow and my dream ended in murder. I envy the dead loved by you, dead men whom I killed, innocents whose tombs upon fields of battle are lighted each morning by the sunbeams the better to show my infamy.

"'Crush my avarice, O God of Purest Treasures. For I have wasted the blood of peoples. But I guard my own blood. Carefully I have saved my limbs from harm. I deserve the punishment which time holds for cowards. For I trembled when I saw the first defeat of my armies on the hills of Nancy. I was afraid when I lost the road to Paris, Paris hated and adored.

"'Finally I fled, for I did not know how to die when I saw defeat galloping behind me. Now still I am afraid, and I hide behind a woman's skirts from the tribunal of men.

"'God of Beauty, I deserve only hell, for I love ugliness and I practice horror. Your flowers blush before me, red tulips close their petals when I pass by and the narcissuses hold back their perfume and the irises bend their tall heads. Men spit on my footsteps and mothers weep. I know that for ages to come people will curse the stone of my tomb. But I have not the courage to flee in death.

"'God of Justice, let your just anger take its course. Place me quickly in the cemetery of history. Receive me into infinite time. But let me no longer hear the cry against me of the long procession of the peoples of the world. In your mercy, let little orphans learn to forget my name, that name which I wished to write upon the clouds of heaven. To gain that surcease, I throw myself upon my knees alone with you."

And then William ceased to write."

STRIKING PICTURES OF THE NEWS

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will contain many good pictures, including:

Kolchak's rout, showing retreat of the White Army.

The Atlantic Fleet in Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Dora Ivlinsky, official Bolshevist executioner, who has put to death with her own hands 400 men.

King Victor Emmanuel III. reading his address from the throne at the recent opening of the Italian Parliament.

Ratification of the Peace Treaty in Paris, the official end of the war.

Theodore E. Burton, ex-United States Senator of Ohio, will contribute a special article of unusual interest on political and industrial conditions in China and Japan.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY
Order from your newsdealer at once

STATE KILLS HAMBY FOR BANK MURDERS

Robber-Slayer Is Executed in Sing Sing—Laughs on Way to Chair.

WITHHOLDS HIS REAL NAME

Man Who Took Lives of Two Bank Employes in Brooklyn Declines Spiritual Aid.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Gordon Fawcett Hamby, alias Jay B. Allen, who had slain three men in his twenty-six years of life, was put to death at 11:13 o'clock tonight. He died in the electric chair at Sing Sing Prison with the same composure he displayed Dec. 13, 1918, when he shot and killed De Witt C. Peale and Henry Coons of the East Brooklyn Savings Bank and got away with $13,000.

Governor Smith had refused a reprieve to Hamby, who had robbed thirteen banks and held up two trains in addition to the three murders. The news of the Governor's decision, however, brought only a shrug of the shoulders and a chuckle from the man listed as Convict 70292.

At 11 o'clock Major Lewis Lawes, Principal Keeper Martin Deely, and two assistant keepers led Hamby down the corridor. He heard whispers from the twenty-nine other condemned men watching the procession.

"Good-bye, fellows," he said. "I always liked to try everything once."

Two Shocks Administered.

As he passed into the death chamber Hamby, whose request not to be handcuffed had been granted, lighted a cigarette. He paused six paces from the chair and surveyed it, passing his hand over his chin as though in deep thought. He said nothing, however, and was soon strapped in the chair. The hand of Warden Lawes dropped, and State Executioner John Hulbert snapped the lever over. Two shocks were administered.

The day that ended when the slender figure sagged limply in the straps of the chair had seen no statement of the murderer's hardened coolness, or in his weird cheerfulness. At 9 o'clock Major Lawes, carrying black clothes, went to Hamby's cell.

"Say, Major," said the latter as he saw the black shirt, "can't I have a white one?" His request was granted, but he was not given a white collar he had asked for.

Hamby was eating heartily when another guard, one of the "death watch," took post before the cell. The condemned man looked at the guard intently. Then he put down his cup of coffee. "Major," he said, "for God's sake, take that guard away. He hasn't got a smile in him. Let's have a more cheerful chap, won't you?" The watchman was taken away.

Message for Young Men.

The slayer gave three letters to the Warden, asked him to mail them and keep the addresses secret, and said:

"I don't wish to appear in the light of a moralist, but you can tell the young fellows for me, Warden, not to ever start doing wrong, for once you start, you can never stop a career of crime. I came East to 'go West.' If I hadn't determined upon this course, some other tall man would now be where I am, and this despite the fact there were several witnesses who did not fail to identify every one who was suspected of this crime."

Up to the time the guards came to lead him to the death chamber, Hamby chatted almost gaily with Major Lawes or Father John J. Cashin, refusing, however to permit any one to give him religious consolation.

Shot Two in Bank.

On the afternoon of Friday, Dec. 13, 1918, Gordon Fawcett Hamby, accompanied by a confederate said by the police to be a man named Elton C. Wing, entered the East Brooklyn Savings Bank, Myrtle and Franklin Avenues, Brooklyn. Hamby walked to the Paying Teller's window, pointed a revolver at DeWitt C. Peale and demanded the money in Peale's cage. Peale reached for a button to sound the burglar alarm. Hamby fired two shots and Peale fell to the floor. Hamby turned to eight or ten persons in the bank, including two women and two children, and told them not to move or make an outcry and he would not injure them.

Henry W. Coons, Assistant Treasurer of the bank, had been hiding behind a partition. When he saw Peale fall he rushed to the safety vault and slammed the door, then started for the rear door. Hamby called after him to stop and threw up his hands. When Coons refused to obey him, Hamby fired three shots and killed the Assistant Treasurer. While Hamby covered everybody in the bank with two revolvers, his confederate got $14,000 in small bills from the teller's cage. Then, with revolvers leveled, they backed out into Myrtle Avenue.

Detective Shot Down.

Hamby, with the "money bag" in his left hand and a revolver in his right, backed down Myrtle Avenue in the direction of Kent Avenue, where a taxicab in charge of a chauffeur named George P. McCullough was waiting, with the engine running.

Albert J. Doody, a detective, attached to the Bath Beach Station, was in the crowd that quickly had assembled, and started firing at the bandits. Hamby fired several shots at the detective. Doody sank to the sidewalk with a bullet in the abdomen and another in the right arm. The bandits made their way to the waiting taxicab, and, holding a gun to the chauffeur's head, ordered him to "speed her up." About an hour later McCullough drove up to the Wilson Avenue Station and gave himself up, saying the robbers had left him at Broadway and Flushing Avenue. Hamby later told District Attorney Lewis of Kings County that he and Wing boarded a train for City Line, and that Wing threw the bag into a vacant lot in East Ninety-second Street, Canarsie, where it was found a week later.

Killed "Best Friend."

Hamby and Wing parted, the former staying in New York about two weeks. Then he went to Washington, D. C.; St. Paul, Seattle, and finally to the home of George P. Davis, his "best friend," in Tacoma. One evening in March last year, during a party in the Davis home, an argument developed between Davis and Hamby over socialism and Bolshevism. Davis called Hamby a vile name. According to District Attorney Lewis, Hamby, who was a Socialist, left the living room and went to his own room. He returned a few minutes later and shot and killed Davis.

Hamby fled to the mountains, but was captured, and tried and convicted of the murder of Davis a few weeks later and was sent to the Tacoma County Jail to await sentence.

District Attorney Lewis sent Assistant District Attorney Albert E. Conway with Detective William Roddy, Albert Freeman, an employe of the bank, and McCullough, the chauffeur, who had been indicted for murder, to Tacoma, where McCullough and Freeman positively identified Hamby. The prisoner waived extradition and arrived in Brooklyn in June, where he made a complete confession to District Attorney Lewis. He told the District Attorney he had committed holdups in "every country on the face of the globe, including Egypt, China, and South America," and that he had realized approximately $800,000 in seven or eight years of crime. He said he never did a job unless there was "five figures in it."

Two weeks later, June 23, he was placed on trial and on June 26 was convicted and sentenced to death. He offered no defense and declared repeatedly that he wanted to get "it over with as quickly as possible."

Roy Tyler, who was arrested in connection with the crime, was exonerated and sent back to Cleveland, where he is serving a twenty-year sentence for a bank robbery there a few years ago.

Fishermen Want 'Closed Shop'; Boston Dealers Ask Court Aid

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—A fish famine in this vicinity is imminent if a proposed strike of fishermen and fish handlers becomes effective, according to a bill in equity filed in the Supreme Court today. The bill, which was brought by thirty wholesale fish dealers, asks that the fishermen's and the fish handlers' unions be restrained from calling the strike, which has been set for next Monday.

Monopolistic control of the industry is sought by the unions, according to the dealers. They add that owners have been compelled to sell their vessels or transfer their operations to foreign countries because of union activities.

The strike which impends, it is stated, is in connection with demands that the fish business be conducted on a "closed shop" basis, with an eight-hour day and increased wages.

PICK 12 REPUBLICANS FOR NEWBERRY JURY

But Both Defense and Government Have Peremptory Challenges to Make.

27 TALESMEN QUESTIONED

Final Selection Is Expected Tomorrow with Opening Statements on Monday.

Special to The New York Times.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 29.—When the court adjourned for the day twelve Republicans had been selected as a tentative jury to try Senator Newberry and his political aids. A total of twenty-seven talesmen were questioned during the day, and the defense used four of its ten peremptory challenges against the Democrats, leaving the Republicans, two of whom were excused by the Government for political reasons. The Government used two of its six peremptory challenges.

The day was devoid of sensations. Attorney Martin W. Littleton has not taken an active part in the jury selections since his "run in" with Judge Sessions on the opening day of the trial. Only four of the original jurymen drawn remain in the jury box. They are:

Frank Armstrong, banker; Charles Trimm, grocer; William A. Young, silo manufacturer, and Will S. Purple, merchant.

The eight new men are:

Joseph C. Hillis, William Young, Clarence W. Razey, Edmund Anderson, Martin Block, and Myron Tuckerman, all farmers; C. A. Anderson, grain merchant, and Harry Bedford, shoe merchant.

Attorneys for both sides believe that by hard work a jury may be procured by Saturday morning and that the court will adjourn until Monday, when opening statements by both sides will be made to the jury. Special Attorney General Dailey will speak for the Government and Judge James O. Murfin for the defense.

Respondents continue to drop out as the case proceeds. Following the announcement that Mark T. McKee of Detroit could not attend because of illness, Dr. James Bradley of Eaton Rapids was also given leave to absent himself when occasion demands it. Both waived their constitutional rights. Harrison Merrill of Kalamazoo changed his plea to nolo contendere and was dismissed from attending court. More respondents are expected to take similar action, and it would not surprise the Government attorneys if several changed their pleas.

The prospect of a long, hard trial ahead, with no opportunity to attend to business matters, has started several considering some method by which they may escape. Time grows heavy on the hands of many of the respondents as the tedious jury-selecting grind goes on. They look bored as the same questions are asked and re-asked scores of times, and the prospective jurymen continue to pass to and from the jury box.

Among those who are unused to dull courtroom life is Tom Bigger, head of the Michigan Boxing Commission. So enthusiastic is Bigger over the boxing game that very frequently he may be seen in a cramped seat showing other respondents just how "So-and-so" landed on his opponent.

The court ruled against smoking at the opening of the trial and today ruled against unnecessary noise in the room.

CALLS DEMOCRATS LAVISH.

W. B. Thompson Says Leaders, in Anxiety to Win, Are Spending Freely

Addressing a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee of the Republican National Committee at the Union League Club, William Boyce Thompson, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and mentioned as one of the delegates-at-large to the Republican National Convention, declared yesterday that certain Democratic leaders in a desperate effort to win the next election are spending prodigious sums of money. He said in part:

"I am not speaking of the people's money. We all know how they have been spending that. I am speaking of the leaders of the Democratic Party and of the way they are spending their own money, for it gives an indication how they are aching to spend some more of yours.

"The Democratic Party has headquarters in Washington. That is as it should be. But is it as it should be that there are now, ten months before election, 300 men and women working at those headquarters, sending out 12,000 letters daily? Is it as it should be that an electrical equipment worth as much as $200,000 should be installed there, capable of turning out a million letters a day? Is it as it should be that the monthly payroll at that office is already $50,000?

"It means this, that from a dollar and cent standpoint certain men feel that they have got to win the next election. They don't care what it is going to cost them—twenty million, twenty-five million, thirty million, any sum at all. They have got to win."

CLOSES COOLIDGE OFFICES.

Washington Manager Follows the Wishes of Massachusetts Governor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Coolidge headquarters here will be closed "in deference to Mr. Coolidge's attitude regarding a contest for delegates to the national convention."

This was announced tonight by James B. Reynolds, local manager for the Massachusetts Governor's boom for the Republican nomination.

Panaman Medal for Alfonso.

MADRID, Jan. 28.—The Panaman Minister visited King Alfonso today and presented him with a gold medal on behalf of the Panaman Government for humanitarian work during the war. The King said he hoped to visit South and Central America when that was possible.

WOOD RIVALS QUIT; HIS BOOM GROWING

Withdrawal of Favorite Sons Leaves Three States Open to the General.

ACTIVE CAMPAIGN IN EAST

Special Attention Paid to New York, New Jersey, and New England.

RESIGNATION QUESTION UP

Chicago Conference Will Consider His Quitting Army—Johnson Manager Confident.

The recent announcement of several candidates for the Republican Presidential nomination, that they are no longer in the race, has immeasurably enhanced the prospects of General Leonard Wood for the nomination, according to the Wood campaign managers here, who declared that the withdrawal of the candidacies of Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, Governor Coolidge of Massachusetts, and Governor Goodrich of Indiana, had left these States free for General Wood to "go in and clean up the delegates."

"We are paying special attention just now to five Eastern States, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey, and New York," said Representative Norman J. Gould, Eastern manager of the Wood campaign. "We are going to put up a spirited fight in all these States, but we will not neglect the others, either. We will fight against any attempt to send instructed delegates to the National Convention, but of course we don't care so long as they are not instructed to vote against General Wood. The withdrawal of every candidate helps along our cause, but it is to be expected that many would not be able to maintain the pace in the national race set by General Wood."

To Decide on Wood's Resignation.

An important conference, to decide, among other things, whether General Wood will resign from the army before proceeding further with his campaign, is to be held in Chicago by the Wood managers on Monday. Representative Gould will leave on Sunday to attend it. It was said that General Wood had practically made up his mind not to resign until after the convention, and then only in case he is nominated. Representative Gould and others have been feeling out sentiment regarding the advisability of the General resigning, however, and these opinions will be presented at Monday's conference.

The Wood campaign managers are working hard to enlist the support of National Committeeman A. T. Hert of Kentucky, Elihu Root, George W. Perkins, and one or two other prominent Republicans to the Wood cause, but thus far without success. Word was received from the Chicago headquarters of the Wood boom last night that General Wood had gone to Louisville, Ky., to be the guest of Mr. Hert during a speaking engagement there, and it was considered not at all improbable that Mr. Hert will shortly declare for the General.

At the Chicago conference it will also be decided just how the Wood forces will meet the attacks of the friends and supporters of the Governor Lowden campaign in Ohio. It was declared yesterday that these attacks have stirred up bitter feeling throughout the Middle West, and the local Republican committees are considering means of retaliation if the practice is not abandoned.

New Jersey Republicans for Wood.

Strong sentiment in favor of General Wood's nomination was expressed yesterday at a meeting of the New Jersey Republican State Committeemen and County Chairmen, held at Trenton. E. C. Stokes, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, sent the following telegram to General Wood:

"At a joint conference of the members of the Republican State Committee and the County Chairmen of New Jersey, held in Trenton, your name was received with great applause and was practically the only name mentioned for the Republican nomination for President. It was the only name for which any individual declared, and the applause showed a large majority of the conference were with you."

The Wood boom in New Jersey is a part of a design to nominate United States Senator Walter E. Edge as New Jersey's favorite son for Vice President, according to William F. Verdon of Hoboken, a Republican leader of Hudson County, who is backing the New Jersey campaign of Senator Hiram Johnson of California. He asserted that the Wood campaign was "a look, stick and harrard in the hands of Edge's few remaining friends."

At the Hiram Johnson headquarters in the Pennsylvania Hotel the organization tonight of a New York "Johnson for President" Club was announced.

Regarding the California Senator's chances for the Republican nomination, his campaign manager, Angus McSween, said:

"Senator Johnson will come into the Republican National Convention with more delegates from West of the Mississippi River than any other candidate, and we are confident that he will have as many delegates from East of the Mississippi as any other candidate.

"It is a great source of encouragement to us that the effort to tie up State delegations in behalf of 'favorite sons' has, except in a few instances, been abandoned. We are willing to submit our candidate to uninstructed delegates on his clean, progressive record and his platform of plain Americanism.

"There is not a doubt in my mind that Senator Johnson would be the overwhelming choice of the people of the nomination on a direct vote. The whole country is familiar with his record as Governor of California, when he proved himself a great Executive and put upon the statute books laws which have made for almost ideal relations between capital and labor. He redeemed every platform pledge, was the only Governor ever elected in California to a second term, and was finally honored by his native State by election to the United States Senate by a majority of 290,000 votes. As Senator he supported every worth-while measure, boldly fought

MUSIC

"L'Amore dei Tre Re" Sung Again.

Montemezzi's "L'Amore dei Tre Re," already once performed with the Italian composer as a guest in the house, was repeated at the Lexington Theatre last evening before another of the Chicago Opera Company's first subscription audiences, larger than Monday's opening one, especially in a more influential attendance of society in the boxes. Mary Garden again gave her latest characterization. Benelli's romantic Fiore, with the American tenor, Edward Johnson, as Avito, singing more freely than at the début. Mr. Bakianoff, too, reappeared in place of Carlo Galeffi, who has yet to make a first appearance with this company here. Mr. Lazzari and a half dozen minor rôles were as before, and Mr. Marinuzzi conducted.

"The Blue Bird" at Metropolitan.

"The Blue Bird" was heard for the fourth time at the Metropolitan last evening, conducted by Albert Wolff, the composer, and sung by Mmes. Easton, Gordon, Delaunois, Messrs. Rothier, Cousinou, Bada, thirty principals in all. There was but one change, The Cat; owing to Miss Romaine's recent illness the feline embodiment of Masterlinck's fancy was transferred to Miss Sundelius, a striking contrast to her only previous animal impersonation, the crowing voice of the rooster in "Coq d'Or." A large audience followed "The Blue Bird's" story.

Play Carlos Salzedo's New Works.

Seven harps, headed by Carlos Salzedo, and assisted both by a choir of five wind instrument players and by Greta Torpadie, soprano, appeared last evening at Aeolian Hall in a program wholly of new works by Mr. Salzedo. In "Bolmimerie," borrowed name for "music for a pantomime," the implied tribute to dance interpretations of Adolph Bolm, was a compliment deserved, and musically a lively contrast to the other harp ensemble, "Lamentation." The composer played as solo piece some "Variations," op. 36, and Miss Torpadie sang the airs to his setting for ten instruments of Stéphane Mallarmé's "Brise Marine," and of three poems, "Ecstasy," "Despair," "Humility," by Sara Yarrow.

Rachmaninoff Repeats His Concerto.

Serge Rachmaninoff's performance of his most recent concerto No. 3 was repeated at yesterday's concert of the Symphony Society in Carnegie Hall, as it will be once again on Saturday night, the sold-out matinée house greeting the pianist with a shout at the work's conclusion, just as happened at the more intimate Aeolian hearing. A more sincere, more lyric piece of pianoforte writing is rarely to be found; only in such legitimate emotional and musical qualities was the Russian's fine performance of it again "sensational."

Mr. Damrosch directed with enthusiasm, as he did also a finely intoned "Pathétique" of Tschaikovsky and the revived "Aphrodite" of Chadwick.

Novaes Plays with Philharmonic.

Guiomar Novaes, in place of Percy Grainger, who was ill, rescued last evening's Philharmonic concert, for which Carnegie Hall was filled, and at which it had been planned to bring forward Grainger's music to an "imaginary" ballet, "The Warriors," to have been conducted by the composer, with Ralph Leopold in the pianist's rôle. All this was changed in the house bills, though not in the society's earlier printed folder.

After Goldmark's "Prometheus" overture, the Brazilian artist was warmly greeted in Schumann's A minor concerto, which Miss Novaes had lately given with Mr. Stransky's men. The orchestra, after Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Scheherazade," added the "Hungarian March" of Berlioz.

CATHEDRAL CHOIR CONCERT.

Singers of St. John the Divine Give "Missa Brevis" in Aeolian Hall.

Palestrina's "Missa Brevis" was sung by thirty men and thirty boys, who form the vested choir of the Cathedral of St. John the Devine, in a concert of liturgical and other unaccompanied sacred music yesterday afternoon at Aeolian Hall. The audience, not so large as the musical merits of the case deserved, was equally not of the usual concert hall frequenters, and a special line in the program asked that there should be "no applause" at the pauses of the mass.

Dr. Miles Farrow, in purple grown, or cassock, directed his white-robed singers with the firm control and mutual understanding of this choir's permanent association. There were vigor, precision, harmony, and, at the same time, delicacy when called for, unity in sustained chords, dying pianissimos of great beauty and appeal in the "Benedictus" and the Latin's final prophetic "Grant Us Peace."

New York is richer in choirs and choral music than sometimes appears in the hospitable American acclaim for any dispensation of art from European capitals. The Musical Art Society, the Russian Cathedral Choir, the Paulist Choristers long preceded last year's visiting Vatican choirs; now another is added in public concert, and St. John's is far from writing finis to the chapter. There were other Latin motets yesterday, early English and Dutch, and modern Russian.

Lowell Thomas to Lecture Here.

Lowell Thomas, who has recently been lecturing in London on Allenby's expedition into Palestine and Lawrence's into Arabia, will begin an engagement in this country on Feb. 16, when he will be heard in Washington. He will present his talk on Allenby, accompanied by motion pictures. Subsequently Mr. Thomas will be heard in Baltimore and Philadelphia, and then possibly in New York.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

John Barrymore, who has been ill, will return to the cast of "The Jest" Monday night. "The Jest" will be played for three more weeks instead of two, and the production of "Richard III." has, accordingly, been deferred until the week of Feb. 23.

Wilner & Romberg, producers of "The Magic Melody," have acquired a comedy by Ben Harrison Orkow and Albert Lewis, entitled "Rado," and will give it an immediate production.

Lillian Kemble Cooper will be in the cast of "The Night Boat," coming to the Liberty next Monday night.

"Breakfast in Bed" will have its premiere at the Eltinge next Tuesday instead of Monday.

A benefit performance in aid of the Catholic Actors' Guild will take place at the George M. Cohan Theatre on Sunday night, Feb. 15.

The National Kindergarten Association will give a program for children at 10:30 tomorrow morning in the ballroom of the Hotel Plaza. Folk songs, dances, and motion pictures will make up the entertainment.

Elsie Janis has recovered from her recent illness and will resume performances of her soldier show in Springfield next Monday night. Miss Janis's recent engagement at the George M. Cohan Theatre was curtailed because of her illness.

MUSIC NOTES.

Henry Hadley's opera, "Cleopatra's Night," had its dress rehearsal at the Metropolitan yesterday morning.

Reginald de Koven's "Rip Van Winkle," set to a famous American story, will be shown at the Lexington tonight.

Mary Garden, after three operatic engagements in four days, is to appear in concert tonight at the Commodore.

Prudence Aldis will be the soloist at the Symphony Society's second concert at the Waldorf-Astoria on Monday.

Mrs. Shomer Rothenberg will sing Yiddish folk-songs this evening at the Henry-street Neighborhood House.

Public school teachers will be guests at the Capitol's dress rehearsal of "Hiawatha's Wedding Feast."

TAILORS PLAN FIGHT ON "LABOR DESPOTISM"

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 29.—The National Association of Merchant Tailors, in annual convention here today, planned a campaign to organize makers of men's custom-made clothing throughout the country for war against alleged organized labor despotism.

A war fund, which it is estimated will amount to $500,000, is to be raised at once "for the purpose of carrying forward the movement to free the tailoring industry from autocratic labor domination." The association declared for the open shop to "terminate the ban of interminable strikes." Its members also pledged under no circumstances to sign any wage or working agreement with any journeymen's union hereafter.

It was announced that the $500,000 which it is believed will be available for enforcing the open shop ultimatum within a very short time will make it possible for the National Association not only to co-operate with tailors in the large cities, but to protect the smaller and less powerful members in the smaller cities.

The declaration for the open shop followed the presentation of reports showing that strikes and unrest are virtually universal in the tailoring industry.

"Strikes have occurred at periodic intervals of six months, despite the fact tailors' labor costs increased 98 per cent. in eight months," a report declared. Delegates asserted that good tailors are making from $50 to $90 a week. Helpers, makers and boys are being paid $60 to $90 weekly, and are demanding an increase of 40 per cent. from manufacturers, it was stated.

Today's action of the convention means, delegates said, that the ultimatum will be rejected, and arrangements for making the open shop operative will be perfected as soon as the threatened walkout of the unionized workers takes place.

The convention indorsed the inclusion of a prohibition of strikes in the Railroad bill now before Congress.

Chicago was selected for the next convention.

RUSSIAN PLAYERS OPEN.

"Illusion of Love," by D. Kossorotoff, Acted at Punch and Judy.

Another foreign-language theatre was opened in New York last night with the coming to the Punch and Judy Theatre of the Russian Players, a group whose leaders have come recently from Archangel and whose minor players have been recruited from the Russian population in this city. It is their intention and hope to establish something of a permanent Russian theatre here, and to this end weekly productions of new plays will be made for an indefinite period.

The director of the new enterprise is M. Troyanowsky. He and Mme. V. Estaline, M. Levine, and one or two others comprise the contingent which came recently from Russia. The opening play last night was "Illusion of Love," a drama in four acts by D. Kossorotoff. The city's Russian population is estimated at about 100,000, and it is to reach this public that the new enterprise has been started.

O'NEILL PLAY AT MATINEES.

"Beyond the Horizon" to be Produced at the Morosco Tuesday.

"Beyond the Horizon," the first long play by Eugene O'Neill, who has written a number of one-act plays for production by the Provincetown Players and the Washington Square Players, will be produced at the Morosco Theatre next Tuesday afternoon. It will be played there on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons thereafter, until a theatre has been secured for nightly performances, with a cast made up of players from "For the Defense" and "The Storm." John D. Williams is the producer.

"Beyond the Horizon" is a tragedy in four acts. In the cast will be Richard Bennett, Helen MacKellar, Edward Arnold, Louise Closser Hale, Max Montesel, Orville Alderson, George Hadden, George Riddell and others.

CHANGES IN THE SCHOOLS.

Board of Education Names New Teachers and Transfers Others.

The following thirty-three names were recommended for appointment as first assistants in the high schools. The Board of Education appointed twenty-one of these, the names to be selected by the Board of Superintendents. The rest of the list will be appointed later:

De Witt Clinton—Max A. Luria, modern languages, and Edmund W. Foote, economics; Commerce—Harry E. Aldinger, physical training; Julia Richman—John Linker, accounting and commercial law; Stuyvesant—George E. Cooley, physical training; Wadleigh—Mary P. Eaton, English; Washington Irving—Wordsworth S. Fox, accounting and commercial law, and Lawrence Mooney, music; Evander Childs—Wallace A. Manheimer, physical training; Walter S. Hannan, physical science, and Ernest D. Lewis, history; Morris—Edwin S. Tracy, music; Frank M. Surrey, physical science; Charles L. Frank, stenography and typewriting (Pitman); Theodore Roosevelt—Peter B. Bopman, accounting and commercial law, and Howard C. Leonard, modern languages; Bay Ridge—Mabel A. Bessey, English, and Alma L. Hamilton, fine arts; Boys—Palmer W. Smith, elocution; Bushwick—Elias Lieberman, English; Commercial—Edward J. A. Zeiner, music, and Charles H. Carey, physical training; Eastern District—Eugene A. Colligan, history; Manual Training—Willard B. Nelson, physical science, and Wilfred L. Foster, physical training; Bryant—Mary V. Ribles, English, and Daniel O. Rosenthal, modern languages; Far Rockaway—Eldon M. Van Dusen, stenography and typewriting (Pitman), and Ludwig Kaplan, history; Flushing—Anthony Klein, accounting and commercial law; Newtown—T. B. Kirkpatrick, physical training, and Clyde R. Jeffords, classical languages; Curtis—William M. Barlow, modern languages.

The following elementary school teachers have been appointed to vacancies by assignment:

MEN—Samuel N. Cohen, Hyman S. Zieph, Anthony M. Zamprelli, Robert A. Wilson, Walter J. Savage, Stephen F. Murphy, John J. McNulty, and Edmund Baermann.

WOMEN—Florence Harris, Marion A. Hanigan, Iva L. Dodds, Virginia Waldron, Rose S. McGovern, Mrs. Dorothy Hillyer, Pauline Schechter, Jennie Schwartz, Mrs. Irene D. Roberts, Leah M. Sullivan, Emily L. Reed, Julia Kaplan, Eleanore R. Coryell, Frieda N. Weitz, Mrs. Victoria L. Murray, Nina E. Slauson, Grace Hawthorne, Maritta Palmer, Jessie Tiger, Anastasia Hanrahan, Bertha Frances, Margaret Murphy, Ethel M. Lyons, Genevieve Rutherford, Marguerite P. Quigley, Josephine Meehan, Mae James, Catherine Linke, Julia S. Walker, Marie Indonika, Elizabeth Scrkin, Edith W. Allen, Mary E. Kennedy, Mrs. Pauline Oswald, Mrs. Mary G. Walsh, Mrs. Kathleen R. Sharman, Elizabeth R. Eichmann, May L. Yersley, Mrs. Mary E. Dugan, Catherine Farnan, Elsie R. Herweh, Mary A. Glidea, Estelle Goodman, Gussie Greenbaum, Eugenia K. Gallo, Sadie Wiener, May H. Storm, Cora E. King, Agnes M. O'Reilly, Elizabeth Fanning, Stella Reinhardt, Faye C. Horton, Blanche H. Brody.

Teachers of Ungraded Classes—Jessie Doring, Clara Ryan.

Teacher Clerk—Florence C. Carolan.

The following teachers have been appointed to fill vacancies existing in the grades above 6B in the schools of the several boroughs:

MANHATTAN.

Anna V. M. Jordan, English, from School 17 to 4; Rose Steinberg, French, 23 to 12; Agnes A. Hoe, English, 187 to 16; Eleanor O'Neill, mathematics, 76 to 18; Mary C. Carney, English, 45 to 18 to 14; F. Kelsey, mathematics, 20 to 20; Anna E. McDermott, English, 195 to 20; Madeleine B. Pelletier, English, 65 to 23; Oddstance F. Redmond, French, 19 to 24; Florence R. Casey, English, 136 to 40; Etta Crowley, drawing, 45 to 43; Marguerite A. Speckel, English, 43 to 45; Helen R. Gross, Gregg stenography and typewriting, 65 to 62; Reuben L. Broadwin, physical training, 62 to 62; Grace A. Stone, Biology, 168 to 62; Margaret A. Moss, English, 103 to 62; Bessie Cohen, physical training, 188G to 62; Beatrice Seifter, English, 148 to 62; Sara L. Cohen, English, 103 to 62; Margaretta C. Gafney, English, 62 to 62; Clara E. Koechling, mathematics, 74 to 62; Bertha P. Lyon, English, 79 to 62; Mary McManus, history and civics, 21 to 62; Bertha D. Tapslow, English, 20 to 62; Anna T. Mannis, history and civics, 46 to 62; Josephine Farrell, history and civics, 36 to 62; Shirley M. Sullivan, physical training, 6 to 62; Gertrude Reier, physical training, 43 to 62; Marguerite Elvert, drawing, 60 to 62; Cora A. Hare, biology, 75 to 69; Edith Toole, biology (speech improvement), 83; Dorothy Dickson, French, 170 to 83; Rose B. Lavine, mathematics, 68 to 83; Rose Bower, mathematics, 4 to 83; Elsie Jacobsen, English, 189 to 83; Sarah H. Robson, drawing, 15 to 83; Augusta Nomburg, history and civics, 71 to 83; Mary Lowe, Gregg stenography and typewriting, 92 to 83; Mary T. Horgan, English, 136 to 97; Eva A. Barnewall, drawing, 86 to 101; Mary Fay, English, 147 to 147; May L. Wilson, mathematics, 156 to 156; Julia Waisberger, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 4 to 159; Amy MacKinlay, English, 165 to 159; Catherine G. McCarton, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 171 to 170G; Laura Moore, French, 9 to 170G; Eugenie C. Boyle, history and civics, 165 to 170G; Helen B. Patten, mathematics, 10P to 170G; Anna L. Rhing, Gregg stenography and typewriting, 182 to 171; Esther Kondelman, English, 70 to 171; Arnold H. Barnett, Spanish, 179 to 171; Alice Schmidt, English, 11 to 177; Isabelle M. Redmond, English, 88 to 188G; Timothy F. Murphy, mathematics, Boys' Vocational School to Boys' Vocational School.

THE BRONX.

Sarah G. Leslie, music, 4 to 4; Melanie Thompson, drawing, 141 to 12; Mary E. Trangott, mathematics, 16 to 16; Otto Kerpen, history and civics, 23 to 23; Theresa Seligman, Latin, 77 to 30; Katrine Bronstein, music, 54 to 32; Harry A. Krail, geography and science, 44 to 40; Ottille I. Alfoth, drawing, 42 to 42; Anna H. Lenzer, music, 170P to 47; Anna Stophian, English, 171 to 47; Ethel E. Deutsch, English, 119 to 48; C. Edith Boote, mathematics, 39B to 48; Clara D. Van Benschoten, drawing, 50 to 48; Blanche M. Mackay, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 45 to 48; Mary Mooney, music, 46 to 46; Florence J. Gaffney, mathematics, 46 to 46; Elisette Hasenclever, drawing, 54 to 54; Ella M. Shhoenchen, music, 54 to 54; Delbert E. Hall, history and civics, 20 to 56; Goldie Cohen, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 27 to 52.

BROOKLYN.

Edith C. Towl, English, 82 to 10; Lillian A. Donohue, history and civics, 17 to 17; Hattie V. Johnson, physical training, 58 to 25; Eva A. Baumel, history and civics, 26 to 26; Lucy E. Fuller, drawing, 36 to 36; Frank Campigila, Latin, 43; Ella M. Penny, history and civics, 11 to 46; Florence L. Ryan, drawing, 50 to 50; Miriam Fine, mathematics, 24 to 84B; Grace J. Fisher, English, 147G to 84B; Marie A. Serramoglia, French, 147G to 85; Daisy A. Hall, English, 67 to 85; Corinne M. Jewell, Spanish, 65 to 85; Ottilie Scharf, English, 159 to 85; Katherine Graf, history and civics, 64 to 85; Ada L. Kerby, history and civics, 84G to 95; Marion Finkelstein, history and civics, 108 to 1C3; Madeline B. Howe, physical training, 16 to 103; Loretta F. Zweifel, history and civics, 122 to 122; Mary C. McBride, history and civics, 88 to 126; Eugenia J. Tropp, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 176 to 126; Marie T. Alence, Spanish, 136 to 136; Lucy O. Murphy, music, 137 to 137; Mary E. Sharot, French, 41 to 141; Dorothy O. Miller, biology, 50 to 141; Ella M. Wilson, history and civics, 147G to 147G; Mary Martin, English, 147G to 146; Leo Lipschutz, history and civics, 140 to 149; Frances A. Markey, English, 152F to 152; L. Gladys Fonda, mathematics, 157 to 157; Teresa L. McKenna, history and civics, 163 to 163; Mabel B. Dickinson, physical training, 119 to 164; Bessie McKinney, physical training, 171 to 171; Marion M. Weishaupt, Gregg stenography and typewriting, 165 to 171; Sarah H. Rogoff, music, 174 to 174; Annette Gelbart, physical training, 176 to 175; Mirian Gorman, music, 156 to 176; George J. Rumph, mathematics, 186 to 176; Bessie Witkowsky, Pitman stenography and typewriting, 88 to 178.

QUEENS.

Mary H. Farrell, English, 7 to 7; Anna Schultheis, music, 22 to 22; Grace Sullivan, English, 58 to 40; Annie Welch, English, 22 to 22; Mary E. Murphy, history and civics, 44 to 44; Alva E. Watkins, geology and science, 59; Pauline M. Silvestro, music, 89 to 89.

RICHMOND.

Catharine E. Stack, English, 17 to 17.

The following have been appointed to fill vacancies in the high schools:

DE WITT CLINTON.

Nelson S. Klein, biology; Valentine Mayfarth, chemistry; E. M. F. Korn, elocution; Rosanne L. Judson, French; Sophie Trosten, French; Lucian Lamm, history.

COMMERCE.

Helen M. Levy, civics; Harry H. Ahern, drawing; John L. Foley, English Mollie Silverman, stenography and typewriting, Gregg.

JULIA RICHMAN.

Phyllis L. Moorhead, elocution; Nellie J. Crocker, Spanish.

STUYVESANT.

Thomas G. Blue, chemistry; Sidney D. Phillips, civics; William Ober, civics; Marion R. Dee, civics; Tanah Axel, civics; Rebecca Ortman, clerical assistant; Edith P. Becker, clerical assistant; Allde H. Hamilton, elocution; Thomas F. Kane, English; Harry M. Marks, English; Joseph Lightcap, English; John W. Radu, instrument making; J. Frank Vieillard, machnie shop practice; Samuel Welkowitz, mathematics; Frank Cesuska, mechanical drawing; Wilmar H. Bradshaw, physical training; Rose M. Faria, Spanish; Hyman Alpern, Spanish.

WADLEIGH.

Sara Garrett, civics; Anna Noll, civics.

WASHINGTON IRVING.

Ethel Leffert, Spanish.

MORRIS.

Nathan Strom, accountant and business practice; Alice B. Spear, clerical assistant; Gertrude Wynkoop, physical training; Margaret O'Donnell, Spanish; Teresa M. Scully, stenography and typewriting, Pitman; Ruth E. Caldwell, civics.

EVANDER CHILDS—Morris Weiss, accounting and business principles; Grace Fabst, civics; Lillian V. Byron, clerical assistant; Hugh D. L. Main, freehand drawing; William H. Blauvelt, English; Isabel H. MacGregor, history; Mary B. Wucherer, physical training; Elizabeth B. Reifler, Spanish; Samuel Weiser, stenography and typewriting (Pitman).

THEODORE ROOSEVELT — Marjorie V. O'Donnell, library assistant; Richard Scheib, Spanish; Hugh D. L. Althaus, Spanish.

BAY RIDGE—Nellie M. Reed, civics; Ernestine C. Kupfer, civics; Muriel A. Crooks, library assistant; Charles A. Cawley, stenography and typewriting (Pitman).

BOYS' HIGH—Patrick J. Kennedy, mathematics; Aaron Frellich, mathematics; Maurice Kaplowitz, mathematics; Michael Smith, physical training.

GIRLS' HIGH—Augustine H. Solomon, clerical assistant; Katherine S. Baker, English; Florence Behr, library assistant; Mabel H. Williamson, clerical assistant.

BUSHWICK—Abraham M. Fine, clerical assistant; Rebecca Greines, clerical assistant; Ellen R. Casey, freehand drawing; Evelyn Peavy, laboratory assistant, physics and chemistry; John J. Gordon, mathematics; Helen E. Schroedeick, Spanish; Mary A. Seman, Spanish.

COMMERCIAL—William Henerkamp, accounting and business principles; Roswell Corwin, civics; Edward J. Mayman, civics; Henry J. Baughan, English; Adelaide McCann, civics; Victor G. Brown, English; Paul G. A. Reynolds, laboratory assistant, physics and chemistry; Ruth H. Calkins, library assistant.

EASTERN DISTRICT—Mary Joyce, civics; Jacob A. Rubel, economics; Ruth L. M. J. Bertiny, library assistant; Helen V. Davenport, Spanish.

ERASMUS HALL—William Elbert, civics; Paul J. Kennedy, English; Herbert V. Nussey, English; Marie D. Matzke, history; Sheldon Fletcher, library assistant; Madeleine W. Smith, physical training; Ethel M. Seeman, Spanish; Grace Bradburn, stenography and typewriting (Pitman); Albert J. Lubell, English.

MANUAL TRAINING — Christina Dunnet, biology; William E. Read, civics; Maudie L. Stone, civics; Sara H. Fahey, civics; William G. Hagen, history; Irene M. Thun, laboratory assistant (physics and chemistry); John C. Hill, mathematics; Isaiah S. Abrahams, mechanical drawing; Albert Kiney, physical training.

NEW UTRECHT—Edward I. Sanders, elocution.

BRYANT—Charles A. Vogt, woodturning and patternmaking.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Frances W. Gates, elocution; Hazel M. Berry, stenography and typewriting (Gregg).

FLUSHING — Mildred Freygang, civics; Mary Barry, music; John T. Schawaroch, physical training; Harriet J. Berg, mathematics.

JAMAICA—Martin Mendel, chemistry; Margaret E. Cleary, free-hand drawing; Loretta M. Rorke, clerical assistant.

NEWTOWN—Leon A. Caswell, civics.

RICHMOND HILL—Christian R. Stevenson, civics.

CURTIS—Edward Duggan, accountancy and business practice; Margaret V. Walthall, laboratory assistant, biology; Maxwell Ehrlich, stenography and typewriting (Pitman); Michael Augenstern, stenography and typewriting (Pitman); Bertha L. Ker, physical training.

The following have been appointed to fill vacancies in vocational classes and vocational schools:

Brooklyn Vocational—William H. Swift, mechanical drawing; Dennis F. Hurley, mechanical drawing; John G. Hancock, applied science; Joseph F. Farrell, 64, woodworking; Robert Jackson, 69, electrical instruction and practice; Susan C. Harris, 119, millinery; Louis W. Werner, 87, printing; Thomas H. Lewis, 23, printing; William J. Irwin, 42, printing; Alfred R. Mathieson, 64, printing; Mortimer C. Gaddis, 109, printing; Mary A. Cuff, 119, sewing and dressmaking; Anna T. Smith, 35, sewing and dressmaking.

The following high school teachers have been transferred: Marguerite Smith, biology, Julia Richman to De Witt Clinton; Sarah H. Barnett, physical training, Girls' to Julia Richman; Lena Harmon, English, Girls' to H. S. of Commerce; Fritz Leuchs, German, Morris to Stuyvesant; Joseph F. McCormick, mathematics, Morris to Stuyvesant; Bessie D. Wilson, French, Girls' to Wadleigh; Louise Baylis, physical training, Erasmus Hall to Wadleigh; Alga M. Beck, physical training, Bushwick to Wadleigh; Abraham Rosenblum, stenography and typewriting, H. S. of Commerce to Washington Irving; Anna H. Carpenter, drawing, Jamaica to Washington Irving; Cornelia R. Trowbridge, English, Richmond Hill to Morris; Ernestine Melwitz, German, Washington Irving to Morris; James D. Kirkpatrick, English, H. S. of Commerce to Evander Childs; George F. Humphries, accountancy and business practice, Theodore Roosevelt to Evander Childs; Rosalie M. Hughes, clerical assistant, Bushwick to Theodore Roosevelt; Maude McCain, accountancy and business practice, Washington Irving to Theodore Roosevelt; Mary E. Mann, biology, Julia Richman to Theodore Roosevelt; Bernice Smith, drawing, Julia Richman to Theodore Roosevelt; Dorothy C. Langdon, physical training, Jamaica to Bushwick; Raphael C. Dooley, English, Boys' to Boys'; Paul Martin, music, Eastern District to Boys'; Maxwell F. Lawton, Latin, Bay Ridge to Boys'; Edwin F. Beemer, drawing, Commercial to Boys'; Joseph Campbell, music, Boys' to Eastern District; Rose Newerman, physical training, Wadleigh to Eastern District; Adelaide L. Schenone, stenography and typewriting, Bay Ridge to Erasmus Hall; Lloyd A. Kilo, biology, Commercial to Manual Training; Mabel Fletcher, English, New Utrecht to Manual Training; Amelia Maby, Latin, Bushwick to Manual Training; Edith P. Jewell, mathematics, Girls' to Manual Training; Rufus M. Terrill, English, H. S. of Commerce to Flushing; May McKinney, Latin, Bryant to Newtown; Robert H. Proctor, English, Commercial to Richmond Hill.

From Morris H. S. to Washington Heights H. S.—Frank M. Wheat, biology; Armin Auslander, stenography and typewriting; Martha Bennett, history; Louis Brand, stenography and typewriting; Clara Brandeis, Spanish; M. Rose Collins, drawing; Catherine Conway, music; John F. Ellert, physical training; Ethel L. Ellison, clerical assistant; Hashen Gordon, stenography and typewriting; Louise Halbert, biology; Rose Newerman, physical training, Wadleigh to Eastern District; Adelaide L. Schenone, stenography and typewriting, Bay Ridge to Erasmus Hall; Lloyd A. Kilo, biology, Commercial to Manual Training; Mabel Fletcher, English, New Utrecht to Manual Training; Amelia Maby, Latin, Bushwick to Manual Training; Edith P. Jewell, mathematics, Girls' to Manual Training; Rufus M. Terrill, English, H. S. of Commerce to Flushing; May McKinney, Latin, Bryant to Newtown; Robert H. Proctor, English, Commercial to Richmond Hill.

From Morris H. S. to Washington Heights H. S.—Frank M. Wheat, biology; Armin Auslander, stenography and typewriting; Martha Bennett, history; Louis Brand, stenography and typewriting; Clara Brandeis, Spanish; M. Rose Collins, drawing; Catherine Conway, music; John F. Ellert, physical training; Ethel L. Ellison, clerical assistant; Hashen Gordon, stenography and typewriting; Louise Halbert, biology; Rose Newerman, Hughan, English; Louis Illich, chemistry; Agnes E. Jackson, stenography and typewriting; Simon J. Jason, commercial branch; Frances L. Jones, English; Julia E. Kane, French; Edward J. Kavanagh, Latin; David F. Kelly, mathematics; E. Pennington Meyer, history; Maud Miller, Spanish; Ernestine J. Molwitz, history; Virginia Murphy, drawing; Catherine O. Donnell, Spanish; Joseph M. Orlianaky, Latin; Charles Osgood, commercial branch; Margaret Pendleton, English; Lila Pickens, elocution; Dolores Pulvermacher, physical training; Edna Shaw Reed, mathematics; Max Schottland, commercial branch; Emma C. Schreyer, French; Florence Sunderland, English; Caroline P. Swett, biology; Louis Tanz, commercial branch.

From Girls' High to Commercial High—Rowland Keyes, English; Helen W. Bryant, English; Mathilda Woerner, English; Anna S. Jenkins, Latin; Effie L. Lewis, English; Helen M. Roth, English; Mack S. Seymour, English; Ina W. Johnston, drawing; Beulah Stevenson, drawing; Mary Reed, physical training; Florence M. Kilburn, commercial branches; Lelia M. Childs, commercial branches; Eulalia M. Connelly, commercial branches; Susie Germann, commercial branches; Annie E. Goodman, commercial branches; Grace H. Miller, commercial branches; Mary Seamons, commercial branches; Eva G. Turner, commercial branches; Sadie Beck, history; Irma J. Cooper, history; Anna J. Kennedy, history; Caroline E. Jenkins, civics; Ethel M. Humphrey, stenography and typewriting; Louise McKee, stenography and typewriting; Miriam Slocum, stenography and typewriting; Jeannette Steinecke, stenography and typewriting; Stella Wilcox, stenography and typewriting; Maude R. Babcock, Spanish; Ida Latzer, Spanish; Lenda Hanks, physical training; Ethel Ferguson, clerical assistant; Irene Newton, library assistant.

The following elementary school teachers have been transferred: Mathoryne L. Hubbard, from School 184 to 63; Mary T. Sharpe, 30 to 102; Mary A. Brown, 141 to 71; Pauline May Silvestro, 89 to 85; Veronica H. Fischer, 84 to 85; Isabel M. Redmond, 188G to 84; Irene A. Kilgalon, 19 to 104; Christine E. Rudden, 39 to 59.

Susan K. Weber, model teacher, has been appointed to fill a vacancy in the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers.

Gertrude K. Holden has been appointed first assistant, school management, in the same school.

William H. Harper has been appointed first assistant in physical training in the New York Training School for Teachers.

A. Bentley has been appointed medical inspector of ungraded classes.

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 24 an examination for stenography and typewriting instructor for vacancies at the Ordnance Operations, Maintenance and Repair Schools, Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, N. J., or at other Ordnance Schools, or in the Ordnance Department at large throughout the United States, at $1,380 to $1,500 a year. Male eligibles only. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of the examination. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS, DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way&50th Evs.8:15 Mat. Tomorrow.
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1919
LOUIS DE FOE, WORLD—"A dazzling new spectacle. Passed all the test."
Sunday Night Concert—Unsurpassable Bill.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Theatre, 39th St., near Broadway. Beginning NEXT MON. EVE. Seats Now.
MAXINE ELLIOTT
In William Hurlburt's New Comedy.
"TRIMMED IN SCARLET."
The Success of the Past Two Seasons in England.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Wednesday Matinee, $1.
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN presents
ALWAYS YOU
A CHORUS THAT OUTSTRIPS ALL.

CASINO 39th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15
MUSICAL COMEDY EXQUISITE
THE LITTLE WHOPPER
with VIVIENNE SEGAL.

MANHATTAN West 34th Street. To-n't. at 8 Sharp
Greatest of Modern Plays. The Light of the World
Evs.8:Sat.Mat.25c to $1.50. Hr.$1 Mt.Wed.

LONGACRE 48th.W.of B'y. Evs.at 9:00 Mts.T'm'w.&Wed.,2:30
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
Adam and Eva
"Vastly Entertaining Comedy."—Eve.Mail
CENTURY THEATRE Tonight at 8:15
MATINEE TO-MORROW 50c to $2.00
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
The Sensation of Paris and New York
Aphrodite
From the Theatre Renaissance, Paris
COMPANY OF 300 PEOPLE—8 SCENES
Century Grove, Roof of the Century Theatre
Morris Gest Midnight Whirl
Evs.11:30. Best After Theatre Show in N.Y.

GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES
with FRANCES WHITE
and James Watts, Ada Forman, Ted Lewis, Al Herman, Paul Burns, Billy Dale, Bunny Burch.
20—FAMOUS ARTIST MODELS—20
NORA BAYES Thes., W. 44th. Eve. 8:30 Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. LAST 3 TIMES.

The Modern Stage
Those subscribers to the former Modern Stage who for any reason have not received their tickets from the Theatre Guild in exchange for their deposits on the Modern Stage are kindly requested to apply by letter to the Garrick Theatre, 65 West 35th Street.
(Signed) Emanuel Reicher.

F. P. A. in the Tribune says: "Doubtless there is an evening of higher enjoyment to be had than at the first hearing of
RUDDIGORE
but we don't know where or how."
GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S COMIC OPERA
AMERICAN SINGERS OPERA CO.'S
"Most triumphant achievement."—Krehbiel, Tribune
PARK THEATRE, Columbus Circle. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, 2:15.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th St. Mats. Tomorrow and B'way. Evs. 8:15.
"One of those musical shows to which the whole town stampedes. Thoroughly entertaining revue."—Alexander Woollcott, N. Y. Times.
SAM BERNARD AND IRENE BORDONI
In The International Musical Success
AS YOU WERE
"Scores a long-run hit; no doubt of it. It is good for the rest of the season."—Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.

39th St. THEATRE, near B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
Charles Cherry and Francine Larrimore in the famous comedy
SCANDAL

PLAYHOUSE West 48th Street. Evenings at 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Wednesday, 2:30.
"A Masterpiece of High Comedy."—Telegram.
GRACE GEORGE
in "The Ruined Lady" by Frances Nordstrom
"Convulsed the Audience."—Herald.

Maxine Elliott's 39 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8. LAST 3 TIMES. Last Mat. Sat.
NO MORE BLONDES
with ERNEST TRUEX.

Republic West 42d St. Evs. at 9. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The Sign on the Door

BIJOU West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
BARNEY BERNARD
"HIS HONOR ABE POTASH"

ELTINGE W.42d St. Evs.8:45 | LAST Last Mat. Sat. 3 TIMES
THE GIRL IN THE LIMOUSINE
Beginning Tues. Eve., 8:45
SEATS NOW
A. H. WOODS presents
FLORENCE MOORE
IN
BREAKFAST IN BED
By George S. Feydeau.
Adapted for the American Stage by Willard Mack & Hilliard Booth.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w and Thurs., 2:15.
NANCE O'NEIL
in THE PASSION FLOWER

SUCCESS OF TWO SEASONS.
EAST IS WEST
with FAY BAINTER
ASTOR—Mats. Wed. & Sat. Evs. 8:45.

PLYMOUTH W. 45th. Bry't 4285. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. at 2:30.
LAST 3 WEEKS
THE JEST
Owing to illness, John Barrymore will not appear at tonight's performance. His rôle will be played by Gilda Varesi.

48TH ST. Thes., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. With HELEN MacKELLAR
THE STORM

COMEDY 41st, near B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
Most Laughable Comedy in New York.
MY LADY FRIENDS
With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

BOOTH Thes., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Mr. Leo DITRICHSTEIN
Begins NEXT MON. EVE. Seats Now.
VICTOR HERBERT'S Latest Musical Play
MY GOLDEN GIRL
Mr. Herbert Will Conduct the Orchestra.
NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th Street, West of Broadway.

44TH ST. Thes., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Saturday...6 per cent. for the best names.
Wednesday...6 per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Prices Firmer.

Prices continued to stiffen in the local gray goods market yesterday, and business in printcloths was done at quotations a half cent to a cent higher than on Wednesday. For the first time in many days first hands were in the market, but the business they did was not large. The chief thing they did was to spot 38½-inch 64-60s at 23 cents, which was a cent a yard above the low point reached by that construction in the decline. Spot sales of 39-inch 68-72s were made by second hands at 25¼ cents. Second hands did the bulk of the day's selling of sheetings. Sales included 4-yard sheetings at 19½ cents for early-June delivery and 5.50s for the same shipment at 17¾ cents.

Shoe Output Sold Well Ahead.

Few, if any, of the shoe salesmen who will be in a few weeks for their Fall trips will be permitted to take additional business for Spring delivery. The reason is that practically all of the manufacturers have sold every dozen pairs of shoes they can turn out for some time to come. Particularly is this true of the makers of the better grades, some of whom have already been obliged to refuse business in order not to commit their production beyond the middle of June. With new reports of labor unrest coming from some of the manufacturing centres, it may be possible that the orders already booked will not be delivered in full.

Says Labor Is Not Scarce.

That labor is no scarcer than merchandise is the concern seeking it is willing to pay what it is worth was the assertion made here yesterday by an executive of a well-known novelty women's wear house. "We have been hard hit by the increased cost of labor," he said, "but we have found little difficulty in getting all the workers we want. It is the concern that tries to get something for which it is willing to pay that is having the same difficulty in its factories, the same as it is the retailer with the 'one-way' pockets who has only partially filled stocks. If labor is as scarce as it is said to be, why are a number of the largest concerns in their various lines floating stock in order to expand their manufacturing facilities? Why are they seeking to install additional machinery if they can't man that which they already have?

Raw Silk Markets Steady.

The Yokohama raw silk market continues strong. Violent fluctuations on the Silk Exchange have left the open market untouched, and while transactions have been limited reelers are refusing concessions. The Canton market is firmly supported, according to reports received by H. L. Gwalter & Co. Large business is being booked in the new season's realings for May, June and July shipment at full rates. Sales to date are said to exceed 4,000 bales, which is quite unusual. The Shanghai market is firm. The features are the scarcity and price strength of steam filatures and tussahs. Prices at Milan are firmly sustained by the demand from the Lyons and Swiss manufacturers. Cautious buying is the rule locally, due to the high prices asked.

Articles in Export Demand.

Wearing apparel for both men and women, cheap jewelry, piece goods, hosiery, underwear and toilet goods, especially soap, are the articles the International Merchandise Exchange, recently organized in the Bush Terminal Sales Building, has found most in demand for export. Practically all countries of the world are said to be represented in the inquiries for merchandise except the Central European countries and Italy. The demand is considered especially good in view of the fortymonth condition of foreign exchange, which is the big obstacle in the path of doing a much larger business in American manufactures.

Wide Variety in New Blouses.

The latest offerings of blouses show a very wide variety of both materials and designs. The fabrics used range from the sheerest crepes to heavy jersey. The new lines are to be remarked also for the different styles of ornamentation. Embroidered effects are common to many of the new models, and beaded trimmings are the next favorite. There are also styles having floral patterns carried out in hand painting. A tendency is noted in garments falling below the waist to shorten the length, the design sometimes ending in a silken fringe.

Favor Gross Sales Tax.

The Board of Directors of the National Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association yesterday passed a resolution favoring the adoption of a gross sales tax in place of the present excess profits tax. The latter was described as the chief factor in creating present high prices and as being a burden and temptation to business. The resolution, copies of which will be sent to Congressman Fordney, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and other legislators, was offered by Louis B. Tim of the Manhattan Shirt Company. The sales tax of 1 per cent. suggested by Representative Bacharach would provide a revenue sufficient to replace that now obtained from the luxury and a large portion of the personal income taxes.

New Hot Air Fan.

A fan operated by hot air has been brought out to compete with those of the electric variety. The device was first used in a fruit and seed drier, where it was found especially suitable because the number of revolutions was low and the expense much less than if an electric fan were to be used. The fan is worked on the well-known principle of the hot air engine, a wick fed with alcohol supplying the energy. One pint of fuel is sufficient for forty hours.

Still Notice Cautious Buying.

In the garment trades now being visited by out-of-town buyers there is still noticed a lack of snap to present operations. While certain houses have also found fewer buyers visiting them than in former periods this condition is not general. A feeling, however, that is fairly general is that the retailers consider merchandise securities at an end, with possible surpluses developing that may revise the present price levels downward in some lines, even where style is an element and price not so great a consideration the same uncertainty seems to exist.

May Call Merchandise Loans.

In order further to restrict speculation in various commodities and in that way make the reduction of the high cost of living more rapid, it was reported in local commercial circles yesterday that pressure would shortly be put on the banks to call loans which are secured only by merchandise. In cases where these loans have been granted for a definite period it is hinted that the banks will be urged not to renew. Whether true or not, the report caused considerable mental perturbation in certain quarters yesterday, particularly among the "shoestring" jobbers who have been "up like mushrooms in the last two or three years." Some of the cutters-up were also said to be anxious about it.

CANADIAN TRADE INCREASES

Exports Advanced $51,000,000 and Imports $31,000,000 in 1919.

OTTAWA, Jan. 29.—Canadian trade statistics for the calendar year, made public here today, show a material increase over the previous year. Imports increased by $31,000,000 and exports by $51,000,000. Aggregate imports totaled $843,007,700 and exports $1,294,920,372. The duty collected amounted to $168,920,650.

The most striking increase was in imports from Cuba, chiefly of sugar. In 1918 Cuban imports amounted to about $2,000,000; last year the amount was approximately $12,500,000. Imports from Great Britain increased by $15,000,000.

Other countries with which export trade increased included the United States, $21,704,145; Australia, $2,225,000; Argentina, $4,225,000; China, $2,000,000; Italy, $7,225,000; the Netherlands, $3,225,000, and New Zealand, $2,775,080.

BUYERS' WANTS.
Twelve cents per word each insertion.

ALPACAS Wanted—Any width or color; submit price and samples. Room 1219, 320 Broadway, or telephone Franklin 5872.

AMERICAN Wanted—13045, any quantity. Madison Square 7745.

AMERICAN Wanted—13045, all colors, at a price. Madison Square 8815.

BEAVER Wanted—Alto; also black serge 7312. Watkins 4717.

BOBBINETTE or MARQUISETTE Wanted—Government, in 72-inch and 36-inch widths; submit prices and samples. M. Silverman & Son, 11 W. corner 4th and South Sts., Philadelphia, Penn.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens 6116, 6140, all colors; prices must be low. Vanderbilt 4634.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 6116 and 6140; Spring shades; will pay cash. Chelsea 8246.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—F. H. or 315, all shades. Henry Leavey & Son, 9 West 31st.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Botany 355, 302, 310; all colors. Chelsea 0856.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—110, 112, 315, 2002, 7022. Madison Square 2746.

CAMEL'S HAIR POLO Wanted—Buckley & Cohen's 500-1. Madison Square 4152.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted—Holden & Leonard 731, shade 4142. Phone Orchard 7576.

CHARMEUSE and Satins Wanted—All qualities; prices must be right. Batkin, 468 4th Av.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Quantity navy and brown, at price. Goetz & Ottinger, 1 East 33d.

CHARMEUSE, Taffeta, and Woolen Goods wanted. Prudential Textile, 35 East 29th.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Rolling and Scheen 1371 or similar. Store, 433 4th Av.

CHECK VELOUR Wanted—Stevens 2828, D. & M. 84; can use quantity. Haft. Watkins 6134.

CHECKS Wanted—Open for all kinds of mixtures and velours checks at a price. Max Levine, 142 West 26th.

CHECKS Wanted—Folwell 1275-72, rookie; poiret twill; tricotine 5782; polo 20197. Madison Square 8508.

CHECK VELOUR Wanted—Stevens 2831, all shades, for cash. Chelsea 9546.

CHECKS Wanted—Stevens 2831 and similar; cash. Theodore Weil. Watkins 4360.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Raritan 127, or similar makes. Watkins 236.

COATS Wanted—Will buy all kinds of Fall coats, ladies' and children's, for spot cash; quality and quantities no object. Brown Cleak and Suit Co., 43-47 West 33d. Penn. 343.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on ladies' popular-price coats; also embroidered suits, 1,372 Broadway, 9th floor.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Spot cash for any quantity; jobs, big lots preferred. Watkins 5154.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at all week. Room 804, 28 West 24th.

COLLARS Wanted—Hand embroidered, to use on children's coats. Blumberg, Cohn & Scher, 39 West 21st.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—By manufacturer for cash; Nainsooks, 88-80, 30 and 40 inch. Phone Chelsea 7152.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open for 20,000 yards, 27-inch white poplin; spot, future delivery. Kiddie Garment, 35 East 20th.

COTTON PLUSH Wanted—H. & H. 1220, all colors; cash. Gramercy 5573.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Dark shades; only Eagles 684. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders for georgette, taffeta, jersey, serge, and tricotine dresses; bring samples. Samilson Brothers, 12 West 17th St., New York City.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash for serges, satin, taffetas, tricotine, georgette jobs; big lots preferred. 43 West 27th, 4th floor. Watkins 5154.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better-grade dresses; georgettes, taffetas, foulards, and wash goods. 56 East 34th, first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Desirable lot of silk dresses for cash, any quantity for immediate delivery. Watkins 9165. Mr. Grandisky.

DRESSES Wanted—Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on latest styles of taffetas and satins of the better kind only. Apply 10-12, Mr. S. Elkins, 2004 5th Av., Suite 1004.

DRESSES Wanted—Serge, tricotine, satin, georgette; any quantity, for cash. 9 West 31st, first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—3,000 job of taffetas, georgettes, voiles, in ladies' and children's dresses. Skudowitz, 129 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on high-grade trimmed dresses only. Call with samples, 35 East 29th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We will buy for cash cloth and silk dresses, any quantity. 10th floor, 129 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay spot cash for jobs; quantity no object. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobber ready to place stock orders on snappy tricotine dresses, better grade. Leo Wertheim, 31 West 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on serges, georgettes, and wash dresses. Call with samples, Ferber-Lucks, 105 West 28th St.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Capes Wanted—Highest grade; cash. Telephone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of all kinds; any quantity for cash. 3d floor, 153 W. 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs Susquehanna poplins and serges, 4th floor, 14 East 33d.

FLANNEL Wanted—All descriptions and makes; plain, printed, and striped; quantity no object if price is right. Arida, 30 West 22d.

FLANNELETTE Wanted — Any quantity, plain and printed. Arida, 30 West 22d St.

FROSTGLOW Wanted—18219, Bachman's Cypress 10168. Watkins 3023.

FURS Wanted—Want a large quantity of raccoon collars, nutrias, ringtail opossum, and black opossum collars; also kid coney collars. 429 5th Av., 1 flight up. Phone Murray Hill 1226.

GABARDINE Wanted—White 36-inch wanted in large quantity at a price. Madison Square 542.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for quantity; dark shades only. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Plaids and small light patterns, 32 inch. 24 W. 20th. Phone Chelsea 7974.

GRANITES Wanted—Lawrence's, 33 inches, all-wool granite FWMN, in all colors. Gramercy 5129.

HATS Wanted—Men's and boys' felt hats and caps for Southern jobbing trade; any quantity. Apply Harry Goldman, care Elks' Club, 43d St.

HEATHER JERSEY Wanted—Fulwool or similar, for suiting; also Botany 833. Rosenberg Bros., 26 West 17th.

JERSEY Wanted—Lightweight, for dresses; navy, taupe and dark tan. Jacob Lashin, 143 West 20th.

JERSEYS Wanted—Heather mixture, all shades. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

JERSEYS Wanted—All colors, for cash. Loeb, Nussbaum, 119 West 23d St.

JOEL'S GOODS Wanted—Style 17. Watkins 602.

MELTONS Wanted—¾ blue and brown. Spring 8182.

MIDDIES Wanted—2,000 dozen ramies and jeans, 6 to 16, at a price. Gramercy 6220.

MINUETS Wanted—Black and dark brown, 36 and 72 inch only. Oxford Dress Co., 25 West 27th.

NOVELTY SILKS Wanted—All kinds, fan-ta-si, Kumsi Kumsa, Du Kist pongee; spot cash. Madison Square 2673.

OSNABERGS Wanted—Large quantities of white and colored osnaburgs, for immediate delivery only. Call and see our Mr. L. Schwartz, from 9 to 12 A. M. today, Z. & S. Middy Co., 33 West 34th St.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted—All colors and all qualities. Kolbert, 145 Madison Av.

PLAIDS Wanted—Open for Jullliard velour, checks, quality 2160, color 1. Gramercy 785.

PLAIDS Wanted—Cleveland 9771, 9770; all colors. Chelsea 9865.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco, esquimette, peerless, Behring seal and all other makes. Dramson Bros., 48 West 20th. Watkins 6265.

PLUSHES Wanted—High pile, mercerized; also Sidney Blumenthal Artex, Rosalind. Children Coat House, Watkins 4719.

PLUSH COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at entire coast, for Fall season. 11th floor, 145 West 30th.

PLUSHES Wanted—All kinds, Salts, Blumenthal and others. Madison Square 6664.

PLUSHES AND BEAVERS Wanted—All makes. Madison Square 8664; ask for Mike.

PLUSHES Wanted—Baffin and Behring seal; reasonable. Madison Square 8815.

PLUSH Wanted—Peco, sealskin fur, Hudson seal. Watkins 9869.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Tan only; also shepherd checks. Madison Square 1948.

POLO Wanted—Buckley & Cohen 626-8; any quantity. Sipkin & Gorechen. Madison Sq. 1584. Mr. Schneider.

POLO Wanted—Tricotine, 1620, 200, 6388, 4718, 5616; yalama, 923, 1, 4. Gramercy 1074.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Deland's 9600 beaver, color 13; Feldi, color 11. Madison Square 3121.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Stevens 6142-2 and 4. Call Cloth Department, Telephone Madison Sq. 8240.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Byrams; must be cheap. Bramson Brop., 48 West 20th. Watkins 284.

POLO CLOTHS Wanted—Camels hair effects from $3.50 to $5. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Stephens 6142, colors 2 and 4. Harry Kitsinger. Phone Greeley 2030.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Open for Delands 200. Madison Square 2094.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Bochman's 20197, tan only. Mad. Sq. 3324.

POLO Wanted—Delands 109, velour and mixture. Ohringer Co., 9 West 20th.

POLO Wanted—Lawrence 923, all shades. Watkins 4089.

PONGEES Wanted—Printed and plain. Watkins 9605.

POPLINS Wanted—Susquehanna, 3-ply, all colors, for cash; must be cheap. Morris Trachtman, 44 East 23d, Room 1105. Gramercy 5607.

POPLINS Wanted—Blacks and navy; no telephone calls. Call, with samples, David Zimmerman, 137 West 26th.

POPLIN Wanted—Susquehanna 171; all colors. Marvin Woolen Co., 39 West 29th Street.

POPLIN Wanted — American or similar, Pekin; also velours, 715, in all colors. Ulin & Einstein, Watkins 64.

POPLINS Wanted—Seldons or American poplin, Stuyvesant 1693.

POPLINS Wanted—Open for 3-ply, all colors. David Harris Son, 39 West 21st.

POPLIN Wanted—Susquehanna 171, for cash. Phone Orchard 5128.

POPLINS Wanted—508 navy or similar. Watkins 602.

POPLINS Wanted—American 90610, 0677, 0326, all colors. Madison Square 3121.

POPLINS Wanted—100 pieces, 3-ply. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.; Stuyvesant 2662.

POPLIN Wanted—3-ply Susquehanna 171; must be cheap. Murray Hill 2260.

SATIN DE CYGNE Wanted—Susquehanna, Ulin & Einstein, Watkins 64.

SECO and other cotton linings wanted; all colors. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted—87, 1210, C8G, navies, brown, wine; cash. Savine Bros., 36 West 22d. Gramercy 1480.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy wool serges and wool plaids; quantity. Call at 11 A. M., Jacob Hyman, 137 West 20th St.

SERGES Wanted—0936, navy, in quantities. Israel Cummings, 36 West 25th. Watkins 3654.

SERGES Wanted—Large quantities for cash; 0936, 235, 817 De Lands. Phone Gram. 4482.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy 54280 at a price; cash. Telephone Watkins 2198.

SERGE Wanted—1209, 1210, 4002, 87, or similar. Phone E. N. Y. 2435.

SERGES Wanted—833, 104, 0936; spot cash. Gramercy 1615.

SERGES Wanted—Will pay cash for 99, 1464, 9, navy and black. Mad. Sq. 3935.

SERGE WANTED—0936 navy. Mad. Sq. 8274.

SERGES Wanted—7512, navy and black. Gramercy 6417.

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235, 838, 0936, FBS. Chelsea 6. L. K. Shapiro.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 2001; also manipulated serge. Call Spring 8569.

SERGES Wanted—0609 or 7120. Watkins 7441.

SERGES Wanted—No. 780 botany; will pay cash. Call Chelsea 2357.

SERGE Wanted—1210 black and navy at price. Chauser, 19 West 21st St.

SERGES Wanted—SBGL and similar, cotton warp. Murray Hill 2260.

SERGES Wanted—SBGL, 1210, PPS, 87; also Poiret twills. Madison Square 5071.

SERGES Wanted—C8, CF8; all colors; any quantity; spot cash. Watkins 6553.

SERGES Wanted—Tricotines 11433, 519, 1310, 785, 907, 0888. Madison Square 1540.

SERGE Wanted—7301 navy. Chelsea 9546.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, taffetas, georgettes, fancies, crepe de chines; also odds and ends; any quantities. Store, 34 East 20th. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted—Satin, messaline, peau de cygne, taffetas, pongees, and novelties. Madison Square 1803.

SILK SHIRTINGS Wanted—All quantities; for cash. Call, with samples, Store, 34 East 20th.

SILK REMNANTS Wanted—Any quality; also velvets, woolens; cash. Madison Square 4041.

SILK REMNANTS Wanted—Any kind, any length, any quantity. Madison Square 1094.

SILKS Wanted—Fancy silk linings from $3 to $2.25. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Buckley & Cohen 438, all colors, any quantity; must be cheap. Chelsea 7544.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Stevens 3083, 4315, 4318, in all shades; can use quantity. Haft. Watkins 6134.

SILVERTONES Wanted—American 15062, all shades. Metropolis Woolen. Watkins 129.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber will place orders on skirts; bring samples. 141 West 24th St., third floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on better grade suits. Call all afternoon with samples. 20 West 37th, 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring suits, 6-8 East 27th St., 14th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality only; spot cash; quantity no object. Crescent Dress Co., 107 West 26th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and dark shades; any quantity. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Will give navy for taupe, Stehli 3240. Phone Extension 5, Penn 2535.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Gold and old rose; any quantity; cash; cheap. Mad. Square 7754.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for large quantity, all shades. Avedon-Avedon, 12 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Spot cash; Friday and Saturday. Phone Madison Square 2509.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Stehli 3249 or similar; any quantity. Store, 433 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All qualities; price must be right. Batkin, 468 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Quantity; colors; cash. Murray Hill 2260.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Will buy for cash Garfield's 4718 rookie, F and H, or Louis Walter's rookies; also DeLand's H 22 and 9600, color 11. Madison Square 9630.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Will buy for cash 200 pieces American 0388. Call Chelsea 3465. Ask for Mr. Pines. Ben Ginsburg Co., 49 West 24th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Forstman's, Reid's 5800, 7161; Botany 5000, navy, black rookie; Poiret twill, Adross, Ethan Allan 824, chameleon 4142. Forsyth 1898.

TRICOTINES Wanted—For cash, American 0388, 09077, Gera 50341, 10854, Cleveland 9541, Andrews, Delands 817B, Jamestown 8302. Spring 5372.

TRICOTINES Wanted FOR CASH—American 0388, 09077, Gera 50641, 10854, Cleveland 9541, Andrews, De Lands 817B, Jamestown 8302. Spring 5372.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—Whitman 86-inch, all worsted 785, also PGL navy; any quantity. Mr. London, Gramercy 5425.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American 0388, Alexander & Smith, 27 West 24th St. Watkins 3064.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, black, and rookie, 0388 or similar. Wald & Hanauer, 150 Madison Av.; Madison Square 8178.

TRICOTINES Wanted—5010, Garfield and 4718, any quantity, navy and rookie; also 0036. Gramercy 6726-1809.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Quantity Americans and others; spot cash. Store, 41 West 25th St., Watkins 2180. Mr. Wiener.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, F. & H., Reed, or similar make; any quantity. Call Madison Square 9388.

TRICOTINE Wanted—5010, Garfield and 4718, any quantity, navy and rookie; also 0036. Gramercy 6726-1809.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—0388, 09077, 3683, 5782, also 0936, 235. Madison Square 4620. Ext. 80.

TRICOTINES, Serges and Poplins Wanted—American 0688, botany 11433 and American 09077. Watkins 9304.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Any quantity 4718, 0388 in black and navies; must be cheap. Pennsylvania 6050.

TRICOTINE Wanted—0388, navy and black; any quantity. Jacobs, Ginsburg & Krawitz, Chelsea 8296.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy 0388, 9541. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th. Watkins 602.

TRICOTINES and Serges Wanted—0388, 907, 5782, 9, 99. Meirovits, 25 West 31st.—Madison Square 3141.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Whitman's 785, 36-inch, all wool; any quantity. Pennsylvania 6906.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 907, 9541. George Hoffspiegel, 46 East 21st. Gram. 1013.

TRICOTINES Wanted — Brown, for cash, any quality. Blau & Hirsh, 143 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Read's. Phone Orchard 2004.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Black only; also Andrews 1464 black. Watkins 7709.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Botany 5062, navy only. Jacob Lashin, 143 West 20th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Large quantities for cash; 0688, 0077, 4718. Phone Gram. 4481.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 4718, Sherman & Frankel, 147 West 26th. Watkins 2813.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Will pay cash for 907 navy. Madison Square 3085.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American tricotine, in black and navy. Phone Watkins 6910.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, navy; cash. Herman, 54 West 22d; Gramercy 6063.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 9632, 5782, navy and blacks. Mad. Square 0085, Extension 1.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, F. & H., 9057; must be cheap. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES Wanted—4718, light shade of rookie. Madison Square 9341.

TRICOTINES Wanted—4000, 1427, 5034. Murray Hill 8144.

TRICOO Wanted—Quantity; colors. Murray Hill 193.

TUSSAH Wanted—Plain, rose color; open for quantity. Weisman, 118 West 22d St.

BUYERS' WANTS.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0688, 9541, 4600, 3683, 7161. Madison Square 3288.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0688, 5034, 9541, 5782, 1437, 4600. Muray Hill 8144.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Style 0388, 09077, U. S. 907, any quantity. Gramercy 2452.

TWEED Wanted—Kelly 242, colors 6 and 7. Phone Madison Square 2715.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight Pekin, reindeer, tan. William Bernstein Co., 133 West 19th. Watkins 2833.

VELOURS Wanted—Quantity Kelly Rafter, 300 or similar; Fall shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—Parker & Wilder's V 100, all colors. Harry Kitzinger, Greeley 2020.

VELOURS Wanted—Checks; open for all shades. Cohen Edelman, 35 West 31st.

VELOURS Wanted—Kelly rafter 300, 100 pieces; spot cash. Watkins 6456.

VENETIANS Wanted—Black and colored, any width, any quantity for cash; must be cheap. Spring 7222.

VENETIAN Wanted—White, black, colors; 56-inch, quantities at a price. Madison Square 542.

WOOLENS Wanted—Open to buy any quantity light and heavy weight men's and women's wear; spot cash. Telephone 9697 Spring. Elias Surut & Son, 470 Broadway.

YALAMA Wanted—Botany, navy, black, brown; quantity for cash. Mad. Sq. 4080.

YALAMA Wanted—5035, botanys, navy and tan. Watkins 9805.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR, with plant of 20 machines, making popular priced dresses and skirts, wishes to be connected with reliable jobber. P. A., 744 Times Downtown.

CONTRACTOR, with plant of 22 machines, wishes sub-contract on ladies' and children's coats. Watkins 2643.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.
Twelve cents per word each insertion.

AMERICAN—21221, 16011, 16007, 15030 Botany, 5035 Yalama; bargains; quantity buyers only. Madison Square 8553.

AMERICAN—21221, 16011, 0334, 0360; Joel's 400, 500, 600; below market price. Chelsea 8246.

AMERICANS—21221, 16011, 7301 and 838. Alex Cummings, 19 West 24th. Watkins 220.

ARTIFICIAL SILK—English viscose, a quality. Gramercy 4252.

BLANKETS—Ten cases assorted; close out. 545 Broadway, 1st floor. Spring 6983.

BOLIVIAS—Deland's 3700, Frostglow and other makes; Spring shades. Greeley 4376.

BOLIVIA, De Lands, 3700; also Dobsons; all colors. Pennsylvania 0906.

BRAIDS—800 gross, two ends; all lines; immediate delivery; reasonable. Watkins 8834.

BROADCLOTH—110, immediate delivery, all colors and black. Gramercy 5573.

BURELLAS AND SILVERTONES—Stevens 4815, 61083, all colors. Madison Square 8047, 4851.

CHARMEUSE—Derys, 40-inch, all shades; also pussy willows, georgettes, taffetas; low market price. Chelsea 5066.

CHECK—Black and white Juilliard's 5600, 5610. Jewel Dress, Madison Square 7428.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Jobbers, note excellent Spring values; buy now, save money; taffeta, poplin, and silk mixtures, 6 to 14; also flappers, $3 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 244 5th Av.

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CHILDREN'S white dresses, size 7 to 14, for $8.75; values to $10. Miss Metropolis Dress Co., 152 West 23d St.

CLOTH—Tricotines, poplin, serges. Frost, Watkins 3641.

COATEES—Plush, beaver, Ungava, plain, fur-trimmed. Feldmet, 48 West 20th.

COATS AND SUITS—Special Spring models; No. 1 finest quality mannish serge, lined with fine silk, hand tailored, price $25.75; No. 2 best quality tricotine, novelty cut, price $32.75; immediate delivery. Cooper, Lansner & Cooper, Inc., 115 West 27th.

COATS—1,000 cloth and plush coats and coatees, plain and fur-trimmed; to close out at pre-inventory prices for immediate or February sales. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

COATS—Full coats, bollvias, silvertones, pom poms, flatbeam trimmed with sutcoon and nutria, shawl collars, to close out at low prices. Jacob Richard & Sons, 136 West 21st.

COATS AND SUITS—Spring line snappy models at lowest prices; see our specials, tricotines and serges. Konig & Springer, 20 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES—We do what others don't in giving real snappy models at real low prices, $16.50 to $35. Commodore Garment Co., 15 West 20th.

COATS—All wool polo at $18.75 net, 10 days; suits, all wool serges, $15.25 net, ten days. M. & W., 35 West 20th. Chelsea 5183.

COATS—Fall coats to close out at big sacrifice; we require room for our Spring line. Fluffy, 1,398 Broadway.

COATS—Buyers: We have the prettiest garments which are a privilege to see. beautiful novelties which cannot be fo... elsewhere. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS—Immediate delivery; coats, $8.75 to $32.50; suits, $19.50 to $36.50. Halprin Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS AND SUITS—Remarkable showing, Spring line, at attractive prices. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th.

COATS—Spring line ready; wonderful display; smart styles, newest materials. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS—Best line in New York; price from $10 to $75; immediate delivery. B. J. Weissler, 1,199 Broadway.

COATS, leatherette, to close out about 100. Attinson & Goldstein, 19 East 17th. Stuyvesant 5739.

COATS—500 for Spring ready shipments, reasonable. Schwartz & Friedman, 13 W. 17th.

COATS—Polo coats, 1575; the best the market can offer. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 W. 27th.

COATS—Plush, long, regular, stouts, plain, fur-trimmed. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Straight lined, dolmans, capes, 2,000 last year's, cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Sacrificing balance of Winter stock. Cohen Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COTTON VOILES—Printed, light and dark ground; immediate and future delivery orders taken. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

COTTON GABARDINE—Lortex 8080. Lortex cotton tricotines; also piques. Watkins 4632.

COTTON GOODS—6,000 yards white beach cloth, 36-inch, 2nd, 36-inch; price 36c net. Stuyvesant 7309.

COVERGE—Jullilards, fancy, 5616 and 2136. Jewel Dress Co., Madison Square 7428.

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CREPE DE CHINE—Have 300 pieces white, flesh, navy, three-thread, good quality, price $2.65. Cayanee Silk Mills, 20 West 33d. Phone Pennsylvania 700.

CREPE DE CHINE—For thread, fine quality, 40-inch, all shades; also pussy willows, georgettes, taffetas; low market price. Chelsea 5066.

CREPE DE CHINE—Derys, 40-inch, all shades; also pussy willows, georgettes, taffetas; low market price. Chelsea 5066.

CREPE DE CHINE—Black and white Juilliard's 5600, 5610. Jewel Dress, Madison Square 7428.

CREPE DE CHINE—Jobbers, note excellent Spring values; buy now, save money; taffeta, poplin, and silk mixtures, 6 to 14; also flappers, $3 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 244 5th Av.

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CREPE DE CHINE—Plush, beaver, Ungava, plain, fur-trimmed. Feldmet, 48 West 20th.

CREPE DE CHINE, Eagle 684, crepe Meteor. Eagle 851 and 43. 10th floor, 56 W. 22d; Gram 205.

CREPE DE CHINE—Will sell 50 pieces, three-thread crepe, all colors, $2; 38 cash. Watkins 617.

CREPE METEOR—4,500 yards, brown, navy, black, taupe, $2.60 per yard. Mr. Smith, 19 East 24th. Madison Square 593.

CREPE DE CHINE—Griffith & Land, 2222 quality, 7,000 yards, white, flesh, $2.50 per yard. Mr. Smith, 19 East 24th. M. Sq. 593.

DELANDS—3800 and 680; assorted colors. Watkins 9642.

DRESSES—Winne Winsome dresses; a positive revelation in design, workmanship, and finish; created exclusively by our establishments in tricotine, satin, taffeta, novelty cut, beaded and flowered georgette; select early. Ansonia Dress Co., 56 W. 35th St., New York.

DRESSES—We are specialists in stouts and maternity dresses; newest styles in all wanted materials, at lowest prices; specializing upon your benefit of our experience in producing remarkable values; deliveries at once. Wolf & Rubin, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES—3,000 georgette, satin, taffeta, and serge; exceptional garments offered at an inducement to buyers planning a February sale; our values mean ready profits to you; call and be convinced. Sunray Dress House, 15 West 20th.

DRESSES, Taffetas, Satins and Georgettes—In stock; latest models; best quality and workmanship; very reasonable prices to jobbers only. New Idea Dress and Costume Co., 1107 West 34th.

DRESSES—You auto see our Rolls-Royce styles at Ford prices; eight numbers, heavy taffetas, tunic effects; heavily embroidered and flutted effects at $21.75; immediate deliveries. Meyer Bosniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Large assortment of party dresses in the most beautiful colors and sizes to close out. Don't miss this opportunity. Polonaise Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES—Why are our youthful georgette novelty dresses in such great demand? There is a reason! See for yourself. Polonaise Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES—Tricotines, taffetas and satins, snappy styles, at a price right off rack for immediate delivery; call and be convinced. Style Dress Co., 43 West 23th St.

DRESSES—Spring line ready for shipment; taffetas, satins, georgettes; also our printed voiles ready for shipment, $3.75 up. A. Packales & Son, 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES—See the biggest values in taffetas, georgettes; latest models; $16.75 to $14.75; pick them off racks. Loeb Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

DRESSES at a price! Dresses at a price!—We want every buyer who hasn't seen our line to hear it—Dresses at a price! We'll show you dresses with price tags on that have our competitors guessing. Taffetas, $11.75 up; georgettes, $12.75 up; crepe de chines, $12.75 up; serges, $9.75 up; all up to $37.50 on the racks for instant delivery. Call today, 9,200 on the racks; tomorrow many less. There's a reason. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Do you know that we have the strongest line of dresses in the city? Do you know that our values are the lowest? Come in and see. Very beautiful stylish taffeta dresses for $10.50, worth $15; georgette, beaded, $13.50; tricotine dresses, $12.75, worth $16.50; serge dresses, $9.75. You cannot afford to miss them. Modern, 15 West 26th.

DRESSES—Here is a proposition that will make you forget competition; Gera Mills all wool jersey dresses, heavily embroidered; all wanted colors, $9.75; see our three banner numbers in beaded georgettes, same quality as in our $25 dresses, now $12.75; immediate shipments. Meyer Bosniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Naked values, nothing put on, commission or other unnecessaries; therefore $1 to $5 less; 30 taffeta models $12.75-$19.75; silk tricolettes $17.75-$27.50; beaded georgettes $13.75-$27.50 for January sales; hand-embroidered tricotines $12.75-$16.75; serges, Jersey, $10 jobs. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES—Schreiber's pure wool Jersey dresses $9.75 net; the price is not the only big feature; each dress is finished off with the same quality workman

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Seventy-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $5,081,000, were chartered today. They include:

S. H. White & Co., Manhattan, dry goods and notions, $30,000; C. H. White, J. H. Windheim, C. A. D. Funke, 141 West 36th St.

Vogel Skirt Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. and B. and T. Vogel, 1,890 Crotona Parkway.

Austined Wafer Corp., Manhattan, chemists and druggists, $250,000; J. T. Hill, F. S. Marsell, S. N. Austin, 1,133 Intervale Av., Bronx.

Kayanee Realty and Construction Co., Manhattan, $50,000; B. Kushnick, C. Goldstein, W. Eisenstein, 1,001 Home St., Bronx.

Sharp-Burr Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; S. Burger, D. H. Gluck, J. Shapiro, 858 Kelly St., Bronx.

Rosenthal, Barad & Steinberg, Manhattan, jewelry, $24,000; S. Rosenthal, M. Barad, S. Steinberg, 400 South 5th St., Brooklyn.

Home Knit Sweater and Hosiery Mills, Brooklyn, $10,000; B. and P. A. Moss, A. Blachstein, 100 South 1st St., Brooklyn.

Success Hat and Cap Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Skolnick, B. and A. Rabinoff, 312 East 8th St.

Nos. 6 and 8 West 18th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; A. and A. Miller, M. Jacobson, 1,853 42d St., Brooklyn.

Goldhagen Storage Co., Buffalo, warehousing and forwarding, $50,000; S. E. Svenson, E. E. Bergren, N. Edwards, Buffalo.

John Marinace, Manhattan, dressmaking and millinery, $5,000; A. Cocchi, S. Zimbardi, J. Marinace, 658 East 188th St.

B. W. Lougheed & Sons, Manhattan, ship brokers, $10,000; J. L. Clare, S. Cohen, L. Moed, 11 Broadway.

Blebro Realty Co., Manhattan, $30,000; O. and S. and M. Blechman, 59 Canal St.

James J. Boyd, Manhattan, make paper, $50,000; G. C. Lorch, L. Sullivan, J. J. Boyd, 975 Ocean Av., Brooklyn.

O. & S. Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; F. Gordon, A. Bram, B. Onek, 1,780 Coney Island Av., Brooklyn.

Samuel Mann & Bros., Manhattan, furniture and rugs, $100,000; M. Mann, C. Bush, L. J. Schoffel, 225 5th Av.

Blythebourne Construction Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Grubstein, G. C. Woolf, S. Kramer, 309 Audubon Av.

G. and W. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $40,000; J. Wolin, S. Goldman, I. L. Broadwin, 302 Central Park West.

A. B. Conger Co., Utica, mercantile business, $20,000; A. B. and J. H. and F. J. Conger, Utica.

Buddy Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. Bidder, J. and B. Kaplin, 14 West 94th St.

Celebrated Authors' Society, Ltd., Manhattan, motion pictures, $10,000; D. E. Goldfarb, S. Lessing, S. H. Zimmerman, 25 Nassau st.

Vacuum Record Lifter, Ltd., Manhattan, motion pictures and electrical and mechanical inventions, $10,000 same as preceding.

Paul Averill, Manhattan, make children's wearing apparel, dolls and toys, $50,000; B. Frankenstein, W. Samuel, J. H. Averill, 706 Riverside Drive.

Zarsis Realty Co., Bronx, $20,000; G. C. Woolf, J. Zaretsky, S. Zieer, 1,672 Vyse Av., Bronx.

Aluminum Sales Co., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Irom, E. and W. Wolkenberg, 5 Attorney St.

Boonville Lumber Co., Boonville, Oneida Co., $25,000; F. A. White, E. T. and F. B. McLaughlin, Boonville.

Premier Phonograph File Co., Manhattan, $31,000; J. Michelin, A. E. Chernack, A. N. Ditterman, 51 East 42d St.

A. W. Schoults, Brooklyn, realty, $10,000; A. Eyme, R. and A. W. Schoults, 361 78th St., Brooklyn.

Solace Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; C. M. Rosenthal, E. L. Masters, S. Goldsmith, 1,587 Broadway.

Broadway Business Exchange, Manhattan, brokerage and insurance, $10,000; M. M. Freeman, E. L. Lithauer, P. Guryan, 1,482 Broadway.

G. G. Gillette, Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $100,000; G. G. Gillette, W. C. Meyer, F. Williams, 2,374 Broadway.

Capitol Clothing Co., Manhattan, $6,000; L. Mandelberg, A. Goodman, J. Chiarello, 340 Alpha Place, Brooklyn.

S. F. S. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; H. M. Lewis, F. P. Walsh, M. Frieder, 674 West 161st St.

Majestic Clothing Co., Manhattan, $30,000; L. and S. C. Davis, L. Kaplan, 2,168 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Hadassar Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Frieder, S. H. Eisler, P. J. Walsh, 245 East 19th St.

Werner & Weiser, Brooklyn, decorative work, $5,000; J. and M. Weiser, N. Werner, 1,538 42d St., Brooklyn.

P. S. M. Manhattan, dry goods and notions, $200,000; H. Swelsguth, R. Grisman, C. Gress, 43 West 117th St.

Bricken Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. London, B. and A. Bricken, 156 Second Av.

Moreland Oil Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; M. Freider, S. H. Eisler, P. J. Walsh, 245 East Seventeenth Street.

Eisenberg & Dikoff, Brooklyn, make paper boxes and albums, $5,000; J. Dikoff, I. and A. Eisenberg, 370 Hinsdale Av., Brooklyn.

Devon Auto Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. E. Venau, O. L. and C. Z. Demarest, 768 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Ecferd Associates, Brooklyn, drugs and chemicals, $40,000; F. M. Schad, A. F. Thiergardt, T. N. Disseway, 626 East Fourth Street, Brooklyn.

Castle Motor Car Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; S. and R. Davis, A. R. Heinzerling, 215 Seventieth Street, Brooklyn.

Automatic Fly Catcher Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 4,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $120,000; J. M. Herzberg, H. Gitlin, H. W. Elsteins, 2 Rector St.

Siegel Co., Amsterdam, food products, $10,000; S., A. and M. Siegel, Amsterdam.

Filben Realty Corp., Manhattan, $9,000; S. D. Muney, H. J. Halperin, P. Meyerowitz, 198 Broadway.

William Wuest, Queens, foodstuffs, $5,000; P. Mastrorilli, L. Cucca, I. Periman, 2,158 83d St., Brooklyn.

Briggs, Tobey & Annetts, Manhattan, importing and exporting, $700,000; C. T. Briggs, R. S. Tobey, W. M. Annette, 344 West 72d St.

John A. Gifford & Son, Manhattan, auto business, $100,000; H. S. Tompkins, H. H. and I. A. Gifford, 25 Park Place.

J. Preiser & Co., Manhattan, make household furniture, $20,000; H., A. and J. Preiser, 109 West 114th St.

F. G. & American Glass Novelty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Foltyn, R. Gallat, P. Synek, 453 East 72d St.

Harmony Cafeteria, Manhattan, $5,000; P. A. Carran, J. Harris, L. Williams, 1,545 Broadway.

Kazmir & Meltzer Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Dressel, R. A. and J. G. Abrams, 30 Church St.

Barren Island Lumber Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. Sukenick, I. Brettschneider, B. Geller, 1,518 50th St., Brooklyn.

North Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Penn, J. A. Kohn, F. F. Corrigan, 206 West 19th St.

Mill End Clothing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Simon, B. Goldstein, A. Friedman, 145 2d Av.

M. and S. Knitting Mills, Brooklyn, $10,000; B. and S. Sherman, I. Mandel, 548 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

S. E. Powers, Manhattan, make neckwear, $100,000; W. J. and R. F. and S. E. Powers, 2,966 Decatur Av., Bronx.

Cambridge, Manhattan, hotel and restaurant, $60,000; C. A. Heier, A. G. Quinn, J. M. Stoddard, 128 Broadway.

Greenwich Furniture Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. Yares, L. and M. Lederman, 39 Carmine St.

The 572 Second Av. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; A. Piano, H. and M. Katz, 201 East 106th St.

K. L. F. Bakery and Lunch, Manhattan, $10,000; M. Landberg, L. Oliver, S. Kramer, 178 Grand St. Extension, Brooklyn.

H. D. Baird & Co., Manhattan, commercial agency, $50,000; F. C. Luthi, H. D. Baird, N. Harrison, 277 Broadway.

Arverne Garage and Supply Co., Long Beach, $10,000; M. and J. and F. Brier, Arverne.

Seaview Garages, Long Beach, $10,000; J. Ullman, B. H. Kampler, M. Brier, Arverne.

Mount Eve Mud Baths, Manhattan, $350,000; E. M. Skinner, G. K. Hinds, J. McKinley, 2,883 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

A. M. Webb & Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Horizon Corp. Affix, Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

George W. Goethals & Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $1,000,000.

International Corp. for Foreign Trade, Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Standard Optical Export Corp., Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

Rome Wire Co., Rome, $1,500,000 to $10,000,000.

Hurd & Fitzgerald Shoe Co., Utica, $200,000 to $300,000.

Buckskin Gloves Co., Gloversville, $10,000 to $50,000.

CHANGE OF NAMES.

Champion & Ryan, Manhattan, to E. R. Ballis & Bro.

Investors Co. of Western New York, Buffalo, to N. A. MacDonald & Co.

AUTHORIZATION.

Swedish Crucible Steel Co., Michigan, $24,800; Rep. W. H. Edson, 565 Jackson Av.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Pauline Dress Co., Manhattan.

Joseph Hrouda, Manhattan.

Dotty Dress Co., Manhattan.

Essanay Mills, Manhattan.

L. Friedman & Co., Manhattan.

Newburgh Carpet Co., Newburgh.

Dr. Hartzle's Santito's Co., Queens.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

William Entenmann, Brooklyn, $100,000 to $2,000.

Delaware Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Jan. 29.—Charters filed:

Associated Tire Stores Corps., manufacture tires, &c., $30,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Magdalena Oil Co., develop oil lands, $5,000; Wm. T. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, W. E. Morris, Wilmington.

Glacier Headlight Corps., manufacture headlights, $2,500,000; L. Croteau, W. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Southwestern Coal and Coke Co., own minerals, &c., $2,250,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, C. L. Rimlinger, Wilmington.

Elogas Products Co., make gas for fuel, light, &c., $2,000,000; Samuel R. Leonard, Geo. A. Reilly, Robert K. Tatnile, all of New York City.

McClintock Field Co., textile fabrics and household fittings, $3,000,000; M. L. Hoyt, M. G. Kelly, H. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Pittsburgh United Petroleum Co., drill for oil wells, &c., $1,500,000; T. L. Croteau, C. H. Blaske, C. L. Rimlinger, Wilmington.

Colorado Mining Corps., mining, $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Cotton Maturing Co. of America, manufacture machinery for maturing cotton and other fibrous materials, &c., $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Pitney Bowes Export Assn., manufacture machines for canceling postage stamps, &c., $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Chestnut Ridge Clay Corps., manufacture sewer pipe, &c., $500,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole, Dover.

Crescent Oil and Gas Co., develop oil and gas lands, $500,000; Leslie M. Wise, McKeesport, Pa.; H. G. Hetzel, Walter E. Hopkins, all of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Grohman Motor Manufacturing Co., make motors, trucks, &c., $500,000; Frederick W. E. Grohman, Oliver E. Derr, John S. Derr, East Greenville, Pa.

American Metallic Corp., make boxes, cases, &c., $500,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Mark W. Cole, Frank Jackson, Wilmington.

Realty Construction Co., deal in inventions, &c., $500,000; John W. Huxley, Jr., Agnes V. Grant, Chas. O. Peyton, all of Wilmington.

Franklin Oil and Gas Co. of Houston, Texas, bore for oil, gas, &c., $500,000; Edward Yocum, Oscar Sterling, C. Connelly, all of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Louisiana Lee Oil and Gas Co., develop oil and gas lands, $250,000; J. C. Tucker, Walk M. Kistler, Lee W. Pollard, all of Garrett, Pa.

National Drilling Co., contractors and builders, $250,000; T. L. Croteau, C. H. Blaske, C. L. Rimlinger, Wilmington.

Coal Valley Oil and Gas Co., bore for oils, gas, &c., $125,000; J. J. Stanley, J. F. Keefe, J. R. Worier, all of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Standard Specialties Co., make specialties, $250,000; Townsend Thorp, Frank P. Nobis, Robert S. Baird, Wilmington.

West Coast Mines Corp., mining, $100,000; Amos Vandegrift, Fred C. Hornstein, Frank T. Harrington, all of New York City.

Ohio and D. Motor Sales Co., conduct garages, &c., $100,000; Louis A. Levy, Conrad Glosking, J. Bacher, Wilmington.

E. B. Hastwell Tool and Handle Co., make wooden handles, tools, &c., $100,000; E. B. Hastwell, Frank G. Helgoth, Albert Blank, all of St. Louis, Mo.

Akants Oil and Gas Co., boring for oil and natural gas, &c., $85,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Houston and Development Corp., develop coal and mineral lands, $50,000; Samuel R. Howard, George V. Reilly, Robert K. Thistle, all of New York.

Automatic Doughnut Machinery Co., make machinery for baking doughnuts, &c., $25,000; T. L. Croteau, C. H. Blaske, C. L. Rimlinger, Wilmington.

CONSOLIDATION.

Primos Chemical Co. and Primos Exploration Company under name of the Primos Co., Phila.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair and warmer Fri. Sat., fair.

S. C.—Partly cloudy Fri.; warmer in interior. Sat., fair.

Ga.—Cloudy in s., warmer and generally fair in n. Fri. Sat., fair.

Fla.—Local rains Fri., except fair in s. w. Sat., fair.

Eastern N. W. Fla.—Cloudy Fri.; probably local rains. Sat., fair.

Ala.—Fair Fri., except rain near coast. Sat., fair.

Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Tenn.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; somewhat colder Sat. in n. w.

Ky.—Fair Fri. Sat., fair, somewhat colder.

Ind.—Fair Fri.; colder at night in n. Sat., fair and colder.

Lower Mich.—Fair Fri.; colder at night; probably moderate cold wave. Sat., local snows, except fair in s. e.; colder.

Upper Mich.—Fair Fri.; colder in w.; cold wave at night; local snows Fri. night or Sat.; colder Sat. in e.

Ohio—Fair Fri. Sat., fair and colder.

Ill.—Fair and Sat., fair, warmer Fri., colder Sat.

Mo.—Fair Fri. and Sat., colder Fri. night and Sat.

Wis.—Cloudy, colder Fri., much colder at night. Sat., probably fair.

Minn.—Cloudy, colder Fri. Sat., possibly snow.

Iowa—Cloudy Fri. and Sat., colder.

N. Dak.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., colder Fri.

Neb.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat., colder.

Kan.—Fair Fri. and Sat., colder.

Mon.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., probably light snow, colder.

Wyo.—Fair Fri., colder. Sat., probably fair except rain or snow in n. w.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON & MAINE for December—

	1919.	1917.
Gross	$6,441,185	$5,734,750 $4,671,063
Def. after tax.	651,253	2,090,531 *129,532
Net op. def.	1,102,135	2,109,916 102,270
12 mos.' gross.	72,583,380	66,911,333 59,186,815
Bal. after tax.	4,166,251	9,290,098 10,218,497
Net op. income	5,166,717	1,783,008 7,284,043

BALTIMORE & OHIO for December—

Gross	15,745,813	15,358,812	10,668,050
Bal. after tax.	77,393	5,122	1,359,261
Net op. def.	140,514	*173,235	*995,061
12 mos.' gr.	183,620,019	174,191,448	133,613,321
Bal. after tax.	7,857,726	8,795,293	26,112,068
Net op. income	5,082,426	7,188,081	22,595,069

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for December—

Gross	1,005,819	1,609,733	1,184,628
Def. after tax.	308,405	*85,760	*187,713
Net op. def.	183,663	*85,274	*218,012
12 mos.' gross.	18,955,501	18,479,858	14,975,000
Def. after tax.	1,353,707	*307,537	*2,871,344
Net op. def.	1,068,975	*1,027,518	*2,535,241

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA for December—

Gross	145,254	189,863	155,932
Def. after tax.	54,756	33,906	*39,207
Net op. def.	59,370	61,663	*63,881
12 mos.' gross.	2,157,831	2,249,666	1,785,856
Def. after tax.	457,741	60,768	323,665
Net op. def.	413,804	*106,850	*781,081

CANADIAN PACIFIC for December—

Gross	17,026,583	15,750,854	13,070,882
Net after tax.	1,683,176	2,811,012	3,011,279
12 mos.' gr.	176,029,056	157,537,697	152,389,535
Net after exp.	32,535,033	34,503,388	46,546,019

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN for December—

Gross	1,859,494	1,685,490	1,376,429
Def. after tax.	77,073	148,376	*331,444
Net op. def.	193,382	224,578	*355,807
12 mos.' gross.	22,128,189	19,116,995	16,268,323
Bal. after tax.	2,139,587	657,571	3,201,062
Net op. income	1,003,679	21,457	2,571,113

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for December—

Gross	12,586,422	12,440,938	9,188,420
Def. after tax.	906,691	769,581	*1,060,726
Net op. def.	1,320,657	915,386	*1,087,477
12 mos. gr.	150,370,304	134,772,945	113,739,202
Bal. after tax.	5,363,371	4,737,209	22,703,353
Net. op. income	3,154,850	3,884,422	20,684,764

GREAT NORTHERN for December—

Gross	9,089,469	9,848,200	6,884,843
Def. after tax.	864,899	443,952	*1,165,157
Net op. def.	645,603	474,891	*1,347,276
12 mos.' gr.	106,538,789	100,661067	88,534,163
Bal. after tax.	13,096,523	10,639,228	23,097,545
Net op. income	12,459,518	11,078,791	23,250,187

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for December—

Gross	397,564	422,367	300,549
Def. after tax.	46,814	*33,294	*56,491
Net op. def.	13,132	*53,513	*75,598
12 mos. gross.	4,394,705	5,884,195	3,605,991
Bal. after tax.	8,258	1,461,081	852,466
Net op. income	186,843	1,651,379	1,507,086

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for December—

Gross	9,645,628	9,844,401	6,886,585
Bal. after tax.	1,935,597	1,520,516	1,705,028
Net op. income	2,099,031	1,256,443	1,893,350
12 mos.' gr.	107,814,965	101,892792	76,907,387
Bal. after tax.	11,954,200	15,500,686	20,705,955
Net op. income	10,761,545	10,347,432	25,327,033

MAINE CENTRAL for December—

Gross	1,588,813	1,429,414	1,125,183
Def. after tax.	8,656	368,615	*54,446
Net op. def.	99,078	331,767	*45,562
12 mos.' gross.	17,825,178	16,415,176	14,125,377
Def. after tax.	919,521	416,773	*2,723,579
Net op. def.	1,221,437	595,895	*2,729,514

MICHIGAN CENTRAL for December—

Gross	7,106,154	6,962,687	4,757,295
Bal. after tax.	1,356,852	2,009,751	1,648,397
Net op. income	1,168,676	1,900,830	1,482,558
12 mos.' gross.	76,844,386	68,820,067	52,979,434
Bal. after tax.	18,347,076	15,543,761	13,814,097
Net. op. income	16,864,173	13,666,490	6,886,384

MOBILE & OHIO for December—

Gross	1,518,453	1,341,075	1,047,353
Def. after tax.	58,064	*40,076	*172,571
Net op. def.	29,007	*47,570	*215,545
12 mos.' gross.	15,626,714	14,540,901	12,670,705
Def. after tax.	966,910	*168,246	*2,756,629
Net op. def.	1,061,548	*247,368	*2,919,640

NEW YORK CENTRAL for December—

Gross	38,384,508	37,489,315	19,068,857
Bal. after tax.	6,017,573	6,548,943	1,505,578
Net op. income	4,310,907	4,995,750	7,590,576
12 mos.' gr.	410,715,579	394,533036	288,529709
Bal. after tax.	50,124,374	50,417,396	36,653,062
Net op. income	39,704,635	40,410,218	54,451,337

PHILADELPHIA & READING for December—

Gross	6,104,259	7,629,262	5,119,947
Bal. after tax.	467,151	1,006,735	522,051
Net op. income	384,167	1,006,735	781,051
12 mos.' gross.	72,571,823	80,709,564	68,551,396
Bal. after tax.	6,902,723	13,161,136	18,533,903
Net op. income	5,062,380	8,947,489	13,777,017

RUTLAND RAILROAD for December—

Gross	414,749	540,659	335,595
Def. after tax.	6,177	97,865	*12,472
Net op. income	4,874	188,200	20,837
12 mos.' gross.	4,828,533	4,540,589	4,326,369
Bal. after tax.	131,563	765,490	797,624
Net op. income	114,003	25,559	976,744

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for December—

Gross	616,976	1,076,822	582,628
Def. after tax.	238,443	*224,451	1,963
Net op. def.	238,443	*224,615	15,963
12 mos.' gross.	9,078,910	10,120,060	8,088,541
Def. after tax.	2,916	*814,926	*1,002,324
Net op. def.	117,880	*908,414	*1,554,844

WEST JERSEY & SEASHORE for December—

Gross	904,142	791,112	546,577
Def. after tax.	361,944	350,410	94,976
Net op. def.	350,972	262,044	114,369
12 mos. gross.	11,971,092	10,890,548	8,660,040
Bal. after tax.	3,465,376	3,477,148	1,067,121
Net op. def.	3,396	148,298	*923,788

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of Nicola Franchini, bankrupt, Chas. Shangood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, February 4, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 217 East 125th Street, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries,

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ISIDOR REIS, real estate broker, at 740 Lexington Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $163,804, represented by secured claims, $35,000; unsecured claims, $48,861, and notes, bills, &c., $80,833, and assets of $4,950, consisting of stocks, &c. The secured creditors are Kalmia Realty Company, $9,000; Harold Nelson, $6,000, and Benedict Reis, $10,000. Among the creditors to whom notes of Hoytreis Construction Company were made and of which petitioner is an indorser, are Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Company, $5,694; Glass & Weiss, $9,000; Rose Zimmerman, $3,500, and Harrell Kurland, $3,135. Petitioner owns 45 shares of common stock of Bellehaven Realty Company, valued at $4,500; 10 shares of Parkside Avenue Construction Company, $1,000, and 14½ shares of Hoytreis Construction Company, $1,450.

JIMMIE LUCAS, actor, at 1,564 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $14,000 and no assets. The creditors are Harold Deane, $10,000; John R. Mohr, $2,000, and John Stahill, $2,000. All bring claims on actions for negligence pending in Supreme Court.

ANNA A. BYRNE, wage earner, residing at 39 Seaman Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,692 and assets of $1.

SCHNEIDEWEISS COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Schneeweiss Company, Inc., manufacturer of optical goods, at 140 East Thirty-fourth Street, by Morris Fuitman, a creditor for $1,250. Liabilities are said to be $13,000 and assets $3,000.

SIGMUND LEVINSOHN, men's clothing, at 135 Stanton Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $29,688 and assets of $8,889, consisting of stock, $8,000; cash, $231, and accounts due, $167. Among the creditors are East River National Bank, $2,000; Susman & Hartstein, $1,709; New England Woolen Company, $1,205, and Abt Woolen Mills, $1,200.

PAUL BERNARD, INC.—Judge Knox has issued an order confirming a composition of creditors with Paul Bernard, Inc., women's wear, at 22 East Thirty-fourth Street, on a 25 per cent. basis.

HARRY NOVICK, groceries, 949 East 165th Street, the Bronx, assigned for the benefit of creditors to Benjamin Frumberg.

JUDGMENTS.

In New York County.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Briello, William—Almo Garage Co., Inc. $115.21
Burstein, Samuel—Y. Koruimer et al. 107.91
Block, Louis—Rosedale Dairy Co. 115.57
Brandman, Rudolph E.—E. Hahn. 2,670.10
Butt, Margaret L.—R. Walker. 293.31
Brennan, John—Miller's Auto Express. 159.60
Clowe, Charles W.—C. B. Hayes. 218.70
Campbell, Henry—A. P. Eagelen. 458.50
Cooper, Gustave A.—Union Stove Wks. 809.96
Carpenter, Ruth B.—B. Adler. 345.76
Cpons, Herbert R.—C. Wallace. 161.70
Chapsolin, Joseph E.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 285.23
Dembow, Dave—I. Lefkowitz 110.15
Dellon Watrick Co.—Natl. Surety Co. 1,756.05
Ericson Navigation Co., Inc.—Globe and Rutgers Fire Ins. Co. 585.20
Epstein, Alex—A. Letbowitz 139.41
Empire Construction Co.—Natl. Surety Co. 1,580.06
Figge, Alexander H.—W. V. Lynch. 25,158.55
Fried, Henry—S. Gillis. 106.12
Foley, Herbert—S. Dool 2,545.30
Gold, Morris, and Louis Cohen—People, &c. 1,200.00
Grossmith & Co., Inc.—Hymes Bros Co. 326.25
Goldstein, Harry—Wolf & Kalem. 494.22
Gray, David B.—J. A. Sheriff. 216.81
Hilton, J. Arthur—A. S. Barnes. 5,298.47
Hunt, Walter—S. B. Klee. 285.30
Howell Motion Picture Corp.—Bauman & Co. 108.76
Hart, Max M.—Natl. Surety Co. 584.17
J. & K. Enterprise, Inc.—J. Finger. 264.65
J. D. McQuade, Inc.—Bronx Derrick & Tool Co. 1,501.40
Kantrowitz, Dubin & Co., Inc.—I. Kravotz 1,557.95
Lehmann, George—R. M. Bauer. 286.70
Lipkin, Samuel, and Joseph Berg—A. Cohen 1,866.98
Lipsitz, Boris, and Louis Cohen—People, &c. 1,000.00
Loubat, Francis F.—H. Hudon. 1,201.05
Miller, Samuel—D. Rosenstein. 400.00
McCollum, Chas. J.—Union Card and Paper Co. 146.45
Mathieu & Gare Co., Inc.—R. B. Bain. 1,047.53
Mysak, Joseph—B. Mijsak, coats. 127.39
Michel Bros., Inc.—Arlington Textile Corp. 2,581.02
N. Y. Rys. Co.—W. D. Sewell. 750.00
Newgold, Morris—A. Herrmann. 1,542.65
O'Brien, Maria A.—N. Y. & Hartford R. R. Co., et al., costs. 506.58
Pomerantz, Herman—M. Kurz. 330.72
Pearlstein, Jacob—Tosti & Barone Contracting Co., Inc., costs. 118.73
Petigny, Elec. C. (Petigny Freres Co.)—G. Mager et al. 364.62
Rogers Film Corp—Bauman & Co. 242.46
Ribbler, Samuel—Teppenberg & Glasser, Inc. 165.20
Root, Henry L.—Clermont Nat. Bank. 206.94
Rogenkamp, Chas. C., and Benjamin S. Burger—Public Credit Corp. 142.04
Sultzer & Chambers, Inc., Wm. F. Sultzer, Ferdinand Chambers and Wm. A. F. Smith—T. G. R. Pierson Co., Inc. 5,447.28
Sporn, Meyer—Tosti & Barone Contracting Co., Inc., costs. 111.75
Scalio, Tony, and Nat. Surety Co.—People, &c. 300.00
Trenham, Joseph D.—Hansen & Wilhelmsen 243.90
Tegethoff, William C.—W. Bessler et al. 52,194.35
Tobias, Richard D. (Brewer Tobias Co.)—Yale Press 324.20
Thompson, Gertrude, or Margaret McKinney, or Mrs. Ben Teale, &c.—E. R. Allebone 565.25
Wright, William F.—Second United Cities Realty Corporation. 118.20
Harbeck, Kate A., executrix—State of Colorado 96,326.88
Harbeck, Kate A.—Same. 62,263.94
Same—Same. 1,375.39
Harbeck, William H.—Same. 8,195.99
Brown, Alfred S.—Same 1,948.90
Clark, Francis B.—Same, costs. 253.05
United States Trust Co. of New York—Same—Same. 14,528.47
Harbeck, Kate A.; William H. Harbeck, Alfred S. Brown, Francis B. Clark and United States Trust Co. of New York—Same 1,650.70

In Bronx County.

Aaronson, Joseph—J. W. Huntley. $266.60
Cerf, Gustave—L. B. Dieger. 1,296.57
Karlitzer, Bernard L.—Travelers' Insurance Co. 42.75
Puglisco, Nicholas—M. W. May & Co., Inc. 132.26
Parter, Max—M. Knapp 44.75
Ribbler, Samuel—Teppenberg & Glasser, Inc. 165.60
Silvio, Dominic; Angelo Savino; Michele Campis and Nicholas Solvagg—D. Valkotti 200.00
Libert, Francis—A. G. Libert. 83.20
Bauer, Alexander—Standard Plumbing Supply Co. 142.44

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Carpenter, John H., Co.—International Agricultural Corp.; March 19, 1919; reversed 1,618.60
Parlas, John—A. Goldstein et al.; May 17, 1918 .... 321.41
Parks, Frank J. and William—Maryland Lumber Co.; Jan. 9, 1911 .... 393.70
Scallion, Margaret—State Industrial Commission; Jan. 23, 1918 .... 176.96
Trop, Morris S.; John Shetfman, and Chocolate Products Co.; Jan. 28, 1919 .... 312.10
Miller, Lee, and Charles Boscow—H. E. Goldsmith; June 13, 1919 .... 1,218.60
Llewenday, Dora—Nason Mfg. Co.; April 1, 1917 .... 726.41
Howck, William G.—F. V. Clodio; May 15, 1917 .... 174.64
Gold, Samuel; Morris Merinsky, Sophie Merinsky, and Frank Gens & Co.—M. Wechsuman; March 24, 1916 .... 198.42
Buck, Robert J., and Hattie Wise—L. A. Dessar; Dec. 27, 1919 .... 146.50
Brimberg, Israel—J. Klein et al.; Jan. 24, 1919 .... 1,864.04
Jiran, Anton—City of New York; Oct. 15, 1919 .... 178.00
State of Colorado—K. E. Harbeck; March 13, 1919; reversed 145.00
Same—W. H. Harbeck; March 13, 1919; reversed 107.00
Same—R. Brown; March 13, 1919; reversed 107.00
Same—F. B. Clark; March 13, 1919; reversed 113.00
Same—United States Trust Co.; March 13, 1919; reversed 118.06
Board of Foreign Missions of the M. E. Church—J. F. Kernochan; Jan. 17, 1920. .... 180.84
Kimmel, Louis, Samuel, and Morris—G. R. Simpson; July 30, 1918. .... 170.41
Kimmel, Samuel and Morris—S. Neuman; Jan. 12, 1917 .... 179.97
Same—S. Kass; Jan. 12, 1917 .... 298.52
Kernochan, J. F.—Board of Foreign Missions of the M. E. Church; Jan. 17, 1920 .... 180.84
Same—Same; June 7, 1919. .... 12,013.94

In Bronx County.

Excelsior Bottling Works, Jefferson Ins. Co., Liberty Marine Ins Co., North Atlantic Ins. Co.—Ward Baking Co.; Jan. 2, 1920. .... $21.14
Kimmel, Louis, Samuel, and Morris—S. Neiman; Jan. 11, 1917. .... 179.97
Same—S. Kass; Jan. 11, 1917. .... 298.52
Union Ry. Co. and Tide Water Oil Co.—A. C. Hahn; Jan. 10, 1920. .... 5,240.85

BUSINESS NOTES.

Ralph B. Peck, First Vice President and a Director of Lord & Taylor, Inc., has resigned to become Second Vice President and Chairman of the Merchandise Advisory Board of Franklin Simon & Co. Mr. Peck's resignation becomes effective on Jan. 31, but he will not assume

Dainty Silk-and-Cotton Undergarments

Women are finding that these pretty, carefully made underthings fill a real need, and are consequently buying them in quantities. We know, because stores to whom we sold earlier in the season are now re-ordering heavily.

Chemises—$24 a dozen, up.
Gowns—$3.25 each, up.
One and Two-Piece Pajamas—$3.25 up.

Drop in and see this line, as well as our regular All Silk Underwear.

In stock for immediate delivery.

Butterfly Undergarment Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SILK UNDERGARMENTS
16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET NEW YORK

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

Continued from Page Twenty-two.

OTTAWA, Ill.—Stanton Specialty Co.; W. Stanton, ready-to-wear; 1,183 B'way.
PEORIA, Ill.—A. Schradzki—Gloves, hosiery, underwear; Marseilles.
PHILADELPHIA—H. J. Cohn; B. F. Cohn, coats, suits; York.
PHILADELPHIA—Maxwell & Polin; W. J. Maxwell, waists, dresses; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kessler, waists; 20 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Goldsmith & Co.; W. Goldsmith, carpets; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—Rand & Rand; J. Rand, wash skirtings, silks; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Feingold & Siepin; I. Feingold, coats, suits; Room 1501, 1,182 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; F. P. Walsh, house furn. goods; 230 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Bacharach; A. L. Koppenheim, men's, boys' clothing; Netherland.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's; J. W. Horn, toys, pictures; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss A. Troupe, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Mrs. H. Black, corsets, muslin-knit underwear, house dresses, negligees, kimonos, bathing suits; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; F. H. Mueller, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.; York.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wartman & King; A. E. Staples, ribbons, laces, trimmings; 432 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; R. Rosenthal, men's, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE — Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Mr. Abrahams, Miss Nickson, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy & Robinson Co.; R. H. Gell, coats, suits; 6 W. 32d.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; C. W. Herrman, basement ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.; Collingwood.
SABETHA, Kan.—C. S. Haines, women's ready-to-wear garments, dry goods; McAlpin.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; D. D. Coughlin, laces, fancy goods; Prince George.
SAN FRANCISCO — Livingston Bros.; Miss M. Hoff, bags, neckwear; Pennsylvania.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—A. B. Frank Co.; C. A. Dieterick, women's garments; A. Siegal, men's furn. goods; 48 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; O. B. Hill, ribbons, art goods; D. H. Young, domestics; 50 Union Square; Prince George.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss M. Jones, handkerchiefs, veilings; Miss C. Austin, notions, ribbons; Miss R. Marsh, basement waists, smocks, petticoats; J. R. Radcliffe, laces, trimmings, veilings; 225 5th Av.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Leopold Adler; W. Clayton, housefurn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Rhoden Co.; Miss V. M. Tournquist, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,150 B'way.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Bon Marche; Miss M. Boening, infants' wear; Mr. Brown, Spring long coats; 225 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; A. Kohn, bargain basement; 1,261 B'way.
ST. PAUL—"Kahn's"; G. Kahn, dresses; 16 East 26th.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Mercantile Co.; L. W. Gerard, general mdse.; 6 W. 32d.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Mercantile Co.; J. H. Driesser, silks; N. W. Fawcett, men's furn. goods; 6 W. 32d.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuffelbarger, muslin underwear, infants' wear, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Woodhull, Goodale & Bull; C. E. Bull, woolens; Pennsylvania.
TRINIDAD, Colo.—J. Goldsmith & Son; M. J. Goldsmith, furn. goods; Pennsylvania.
UTICA, N. Y.—Rathbun & Co.; W. C. Rathbun, men's furn. goods, sweaters, gloves; 60 Worth.
VANWERT, Ohio—The Bonnewitz Co.; L. W. Bonnewitz, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d.
VICKSBURG, Miss.—Baer & Bro.; A. Adler, ready-to-wear; Somerset.
WALLA WALLA, Wash.—Hanger & Thompson; T. M. Hanger, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Behrends; ready-to-wear; The Annex.
WHEATLAND, Wyo.—Lindsay & Benton; W. C. Benton, men's, women's furn. goods; Bristol.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Abercrombie Bros.; C. H. Abercrombie, Miss B. Gillian, millinery; Broadway Central.

VISITING SWEATER BUYERS

Can Now See the Most Magnificent Line of Novelty and Staple

Sweaters and Slipons

Scarfs, Bathing Suits and Waistees Ever Assembled

NEW COLORS
NEWER FABRICS
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Fourteenth Anniversary Specials

Hundreds of Refreshing Styles Absolutely Authentic

IT is one thing to show "styles" and another to show styles that are authentic in every detail. Rosebud designers are original always—but never bizarre.

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Rosebud
Cotton Frocks Wash and Silk Sport Skirts

ROSEBUD MFG. COMPANY
Quality Merchandise at Moderate Prices.
37 W. 28th Street, New York

An original ad, you say? We agree. But not a whit more original than MISS "BONNIE BRIG" HERSELF

"BONNIE BRIG" MIDDIES AND SMOCKS — MADE TO MAKE GOOD

"BONNIE BRIG" MIDDIES AND SMOCKS — MADE TO MAKE GOOD

THE season's stir in SMOCKS and MIDDIES. She represents the kind of values that recall yesterday, and the sort of styles that suggest tomorrow.

Now witness, No. 1083—A bouncing "BONNIE BRIG" Smock—made of extra heavy Butania Silk. Colors—Copen, Rose and Natural. Side effect—scroll embroidery. Sizes—6 to 44. Price—$6.00 per garment.

And just one of more than a hundred—each a veritable daughter of Fashion—each a value unique—each a touchstone to profit.

The "BONNIE BRIGS" in dress parade are on deck ready for review. Do come to the showrooms and see this cleverest of Middy—Smock lines.

But, if you can't, a word will bring to your door a dozen each of the famous family of five magic models in Smocks. That word shouldn't be delayed.

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maker of exclusive
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135 West 27th St.
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Cotton and Silk Waists
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8 West 30th St.

MEMO. JAN 30
Gee! I must n't fail to see Kirschners Beaded Georgette Dresses at $14.45/100

M KIRSCHNER & SONS
14-16 EAST 35 ST N Y

M. WEISMAN & SONS
118 West 22d St.
Manufacturer of High Grade
DRESSES
Announce Their Removal to
34-36 West 32 Street
ON FEBRUARY 5, 1920.

REMOVAL

FEBRUARY 1ST

WE SHALL MOVE FROM 103 FRANKLIN STREET TO

359 BROADWAY

(NEAR FRANKLIN STREET)

WHERE LARGER SPACE AND IMPROVED FACILITIES FOR SERVICE WILL MEET THE DEMANDS OF OUR RAPIDLY INCREASING BUSINESS.

FARLEY, HARVEY & CO.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALERS OF
DRY GOODS
FRANKLIN 1300

"where"

asked a Texas buyer, "can I get those new aeroplane toys? I haven't yet been able to find them or about a dozen other items."

In twenty minutes he was on his way with complete information.

It's a simple matter in our Buyers Information Department to locate all sorts of hard-to-find merchandise.

From Toys to Tub Silks—Beads to Bedquilts—there is someone, in the Economist who knows where it is to be found.

And if you have a problem in Department Store Management or System, someone can help you solve it.

The records and information of the Buyers Information Department are at the disposal of all Economist subscribers.

DRY GOODS ECONOMIST
239 West 39th Street
4900 Bryant

Nearlinen — THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York

Auctions.

SALE OF CUSTOMERS' LIST.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on February 6, 1920, at 10:30 A. M., in front of 25 Broad Street, New York City, a List of customers of an investment Brokerage House.

The List is on copper plates and consists of about 25,000 names containing about 800 active accounts.

Every one of the persons on this list has replied to advertisements in magazines or newspapers, as I have been informed by the owners.

The list will be open to the inspection and examination of intending purchasers at the office of S. S. Myers, Esq., No. 60 Wall Street, New York City, at all times prior to the sale and tests may be made to verify the genuineness of the List.

Dated, January 28, 1920.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer.

COMPTOMETER ADDING and Calculating Machine bargain at $75; guaranteed one year; also adding and calculating machines at auction, John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101, ground floor. Phone Cort. 8084.

CENSORED ADVERTISING.

The New York Times carefully censors all advertising ordered for insertion in its columns. This is a protection to advertisers as well as to readers.—Advt.

Raven Thue
DRESSES & WAISTS OF BLACK

After February 1st we shall be in
Our New Home
25 West 31st St.
where a cordial welcome awaits you.
NATIONAL BLACK GOODS COMPANY
44 E. 32d St., N. Y.
23 W. 31st St. after Feb. 1

A $12.00 All Wool Tricotine DRESS

in a varied assortment OF STYLES for the careful buyer.

To complete your season's buy, see our SPRING LINE DRESSES $6.75 to $25.75 for immediate delivery.

Jacob Lashin & Bro.
143-145 West 29th.

PLAIDS

AND OTHER
Novelty Cloths
SERGES
TRICOTINES
VELOURS

A. Chassman & Son
333 FOURTH AVENUE.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 4412.

Coats & Suits
Best Values in Town.
Always a tremendous stock on hand.
KIRSHMAN BROS.,
36 West 25th St.

TO MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
Your invoices financed; customers not notified. Extend your business. Confidential inquiries invited. Call, write or phone Rector 3838-9.
CREDIT FINANCE TRUST,
134 Broadway, N. Y.

The only collection in New York of
Haviland China

Also, other French Art Wares
Lalique Glass
Barbedienne, Hebrard and Louchet Bronzes
Sevres Vases and Bisque Figures
Rock Crystal Glass
Artistic Lamps

Haviland & Co
Founded 1839
11 East 36th Street 10 East 37th Street
New York

So you may distinguish it, each piece is stamped under glaze—
Haviland France

Haviland China

The decorated China has an additional stamp *on the glaze*—
DECORATED BY Haviland & Co. Limoges

WALSH COATS

Bill Walsh Says;

Sport Coats for Spring!

I have the values and can prove it.
My prices range from $15.00 to $50.00.

WALSH COAT COMPANY Offices and Showrooms 1150 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 2004

REMOVAL NOTICE

The Popular Price Dress Co.
Makers of
Stylish Stout Dresses
Will be at their new home
18 West 27th Street
Beginning Monday, February 2nd
Several Thousand Dresses on Racks
for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

TUXEDO CLOAK CO. INC

1372-1382 Broadway (Cor. 37th St.)
YOU BUYERS OF CLOAKS and SUITS
Who are in New York looking for—
VALUES—at a price.
100% SHIPMENTS on your orders.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES that are immediate.
We have just what you are looking for—
And more too.
COATS — FROM $10.75 TO $35.00
SUITS — FROM $12.75 TO $45.00
Let's get together. It will pay both of us.

SEPARATE SKIRTS

No. 3800 of Kumsi Kumsa	$15.75
No. 3827 of Dew Kist	12.75
No. 3832 of Emb. Crepe de Chine	10.75
No. 3801 of Queen Anne Satin	13.75

From our large collection of practical and stylish skirts.
Reasonably Priced

A. KALISCHER CO.
14-18 East 32d St., N. Y.

A $10,000 SALESMAN WANTED—

One of the largest and most widely known Ladies' Coat and Suit Houses in the United States has an opening for a salesman who has a large representative following in the coat and suit trade.

To qualify for this position the applicant must be able to prove that his average sales for the past three years have never been under $200,000 in any one year.

Unless you can prove this to our absolute satisfaction do not answer this advertisement. A big man is needed to represent a big house in each of the following territories: The Pacific Coast, the South, the Middle West, New York and Pennsylvania, New England.

All communications will be held in strictest confidence, and the man who can fill this position will make excellent connections.

Address Room 406, 286 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY INVESTMENT BANKERS NEW YORK

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York

The Five Year Secured 7% Convertible Gold Bonds of the Company will constitute its only bonded debt. Net Earnings of the System in 1919 more than twice all interest charges, including this issue. Estimated population served exceeds 4,000,000.

Price: Par and Interest, Yielding 7%

Circular on request for AG-279

The National City Company

State Office: National City Bank Building Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.

Correspondent Offices in over 50 Cities

Bonds for Investment

We own and offer a comprehensive list of carefully selected Government, Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility Bonds which we recommend for investment. We shall be pleased to send descriptive circulars on request.

Send for General Circular A-11

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Corner William

NEW YORK

Prosperity of Tire Manufacturers

The increased demand for automobiles has naturally caused a substantial growth in the tire business. Brighton Mills manufactures fabrics used by some of the best known and strongest companies. Brighton Mills 7½% Cumulative Sinking Fund Class "A" Preferred Stock offers security and high yield to investors. For 1919, after Federal Taxes, net earnings were eight times Preferred dividend requirements. Ask for circular 103.

Bonbright & Company

Incorporated

25 Nassau Street New York

Philadelphia Boston Chicago

Detroit St. Louis Buffalo

UPTOWN OFFICE

Especially for Women Investors

4 East 44th St.

ADVANTAGES OF BUYING

Municipal Bonds

To those interested we shall be pleased to send a chart which quickly shows the advantages of buying Municipal Bonds over other securities.

Ask for Circular T.M.B.

R. M. GRANT & CO.

31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK

Boston Portland, Me.

St. Louis Chicago

Invest Your Money Conservatively

DO not overlook the fact that government and municipal bonds, railroad bonds, hydro-electric bonds, electric light and power bonds, industrial bonds and many investment preferred stocks are now obtainable at prices far below intrinsic values. Securities of this character, selected with proper discrimination, offer unusual opportunities, not only as to enhancement of value, but also as to the return on the invested capital.

Send for Circular No. 1252.

"Conservative Investments."

Spencer Trask & Co.

25 Broad Street, New York

ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Members New York Stock Exchange.

Bonds for Investment

Hambleton & Co.

Baltimore New York

Philadelphia Washington

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Call Money Rise to 18 Per Cent. Shows Credit Tension—Stocks Unsteady.

Speculative operations for the rise were unable to flourish in the stock market yesterday in the face of a renewal rate of 10 per cent. for call money and a later advance to 18 per cent. It was understood that large Government withdrawals from bank deposits bore influence in tightening money, but this was merely an item in the general situation. The fact hardly needs to be emphasized by any particular development that the banks have long been heavily loaned up, and under the pressure of Reserve Board advice are seeking in all possible directions to reduce the amount of outstanding accommodation. The decline of the foreign exchanges of late has supplied evidence in one direction that the banks are chary of extending credit for export transactions. The recession of Liberty bond quotations, again a factor yesterday, has shown something of the curtailment going on in case of loans with these securities as collateral. So far it is not clear that important results have been attained in guiding a liquidation movement in commodities, but these will probably be slower in shaping up than was the case with stocks in November and December last. While the banks are striving to reduce the loan account, it is axiomatic that offerings for stock market use will be light and the length of time this situation is likely to exist cannot be estimated. Call money lent at 14 per cent. at the end of the borrowing period.

Stocks were unable to advance, excepting General Motors and several others of the automobile group, but, on the other hand, they disclosed only moderate recessions for the most part at the end of the day. A continuation of Wednesday's bear attack against some of the oil issues, both on the Stock Exchange and the Curb, was a subject of comment at times, without developing marked weakness. The history of the market during the month to date has recorded a reluctance on the part of stock owners to liquidate, whether their holdings are paid for or margined. From the viewpoint of traders, business barometers continue to forecast thriving industrial operations with consequent large profits for some time to come, and an expectation of favorable market events once the credit outlook brightens continues to be voiced in many parts of the Street. Reports for the last year issued by manufacturing companies have supplied considerable support to this position. The Bethlehem Steel Corporation's annual statement yesterday was a worthy companion of the Steel Corporation's array of quarterly reports, showing forth a highly prosperous year.

The foreign exchanges, which were weakest the day before rallied briskly yesterday morning, only to sag later on. Sterling sight drafts were quoted as high as 3.52¼, compared with 3.49½ Wednesday night, and ended the day at 3.51½. Francs swung parallel to sterling forward and back, but German marks continued to display considerable firmness all the way along. The sharp contraction of rates this week probably brought a reflex movement comprising the covering of short contracts. Dispatches from London and Paris received during the day showed that the recent depreciation was not altogether understood at the European centres, although underlying factors were adequately appreciated, as they have been ever since the decline began to gain forces. It is worthy of comment that suggestions are coming from widening sources abroad that the best cure for the exchanges is to increase production of goods over there for export.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, JAN. 29.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
18	10	10	14

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....8

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L, ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days.....	7½
Ninety days.....	7½
Four months.....	7½
Five months.....	7½
Six months.....	7½
Sixty days.....	8½
Ninety days.....	8½
Four months.....	8½
Five months.....	8½
Six months.....	8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—

15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

Liberty bonds, Victory Notes—

15 days, 5½; 16 to 90 days, 5½

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—

15 to 90 days, 4½

Trade and bankers' acceptances, 90 days, 5

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....5%@5%

Nonmember and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5%@5½

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....6

4 to 6 months.....6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change
Sterling—				
Demand	$3.52½	$3.50¾	$3.51¼	—.00¾
Cables	3.53¾	3.51¼	3.52	—.00½
Francs—				
Demand	13.12	13.22	13.22	+.16
Cables	13.10	13.20	13.20	+.16

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Demand on Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$3.51¾	$3.52
5.1813 Paris	13.22	13.20
5.1813 Belgium	13.82	13.80
China—		
Hongkong	98.00	99.00
Shanghai	158.10	158.50
Peking	167.00	167.50
40.20 Holland	38.50	38.62½
19.30 Greece	13.55	13.60
5.1813 Italy	15.48	15.46
5.1813 Switzerland	5.60	5.58
32.44 India—		
Bombay	42.50	42.75
Calcutta	42.50	42.75
49.85 Japan—		
Kobe	49.00	49.75
Yokohama	49.00	49.75
19.30 Spain	18.70	18.80
49.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.00	49.25
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	19.60	19.75
Christiania	17.60	17.65
Copenhagen	16.20	16.35
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.125	42.25
51.44 Rio	27.00	27.125
51.44 Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	3.50	3.75
500 rubles	2.90	3.00

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
23.83 Germany	*1.30	1.30
23.83 Poland	.95	.95
20.26 Austria	.350	.350
20.26 Yugoslavia	1.05	1.10
20.26 Czechoslovakia	1.45	1.50
19.30 Belgrade	‡3.95	3.95
19.00 Finland	‡4.10	4.15
19.30 Rumania	‡1.60	1.90

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$3.44½	$3.44½

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $760,102,915; balances, $80,466,496. Sub-Treasury credit balance, $408,781; Federal Reserve credit balance, $68,128,592.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25c%oc discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $110 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 35d; in New York, $1.35½; Mexican dollars, $1.01½.

Bombay Discount Rate.

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.—The rate of discount of the Bank of Bombay was raised from 5 to 6 per cent. today.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Bar silver 35d per ounce. Bar gold 117s 6d. Money 3¼ per cent. Discount rates: Short bills 4⅞ per cent.; three months' bills 5⅛ per cent. Gold premiums at Lisbon 140.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 58 francs 70 centimes; exchange on London 46 francs 46 centimes; 5 per cent. loans 88 francs 10 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 13 francs 19 centimes.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg.
25 railroads	55.72	55.45	55.57	—.12
25 industrials	119.97	118.21	119.29	—.19
50 stocks	87.84	86.83	87.40	—.15

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg.
Jan. 28	88.12	87.04	87.55	+.02
Jan. 27	88.07	87.14	87.53	+.14
Jan. 26	88.01	86.28	87.39	+.89
Jan. 24	86.74	85.89	86.50	+.26
Jan. 23	86.40	85.77	86.22	+.06
Jan. 22	86.56	85.84	86.16	—.15

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.	
*1920.	92.18	Jan. 5	85.23	Jan. 19	87.40	
†1919.	74.99	Jan. 3	69.73	Jan. 21	71.35	
Full Years.						
1919	90.59	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	80.69	
1918.	80.16	Nov. 11	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39	
1917.	90.48	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88	
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	89.23	

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues..... 71.05	—.05	—.91	—6.95

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 28	71.10	—.17	Jan. 20	71.83	—.11
Jan. 27	71.27	—.08	Jan. 19	71.94	+.04
Jan. 26	71.35	—.06	Jan. 17	71.90	—.05
Jan. 24	71.41	—.14	Jan. 16	71.95	—.13
Jan. 23	71.55	—.26	Jan. 15	72.08	+.07
Jan. 22	71.75	—.06	Jan. 14	72.01	—.35
Jan. 21	71.81	—.02	Jan. 13	72.36	—.12

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	72.51	Jan. 16	71.05	Jan. 29	71.05
†1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	78.00
Full Years.					
1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	71.05	Dec. 8	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

JAPAN LEADS IN IMPORTS.

Japan exported more goods to the United States through the port of New York than any other country in December, according to figures made public at the custom house yesterday. The Japanese business amounted to $29,362,697. The nearest competitor was England, with $26,788,346. Denmark was third and Argentina fourth.

The total of imports through this port for the month was $221,155,982, as compared with $91,969,882 for the same month in 1918. The Japanese business showed an increase of nearly 100 per cent. over the preceding December. American exports to Japan last month were valued at only $4,218,282, but that figure was vastly larger than in the previous December when the total was only $172,061.

The greatest volume of exports through New York went to England, which took goods valued at $25,270,432. France followed with $21,872,168, the Netherlands third, Italy fourth, and Cuba fifth. The total of exports was $100,321,619 as compared with $215,180,440 in December, 1918.

BETHLEHEM'S NET INCOME $15,356,860

Available for Dividends on Gross Steel Business of $281,641,907 in 1919.

PROFIT IS 5.45 PER CENT.

Preliminary Figures Show Earnings Equivalent to $19.80 a Share on Common Stock.

Another industrial report showing remarkable earnings during last year came to light yesterday when the preliminary figures of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation were announced. It was shown that the net income available for dividends was $15,356,860, a decrease of less than $600,000 from the net income of 1918. The earnings for last year were the equivalent of $19.80 a share on the common stock after deduction of preferred dividends amounting to $3,450,000. In the preceding year the corporation earned $20.80 a share on the junior issues.

The gross business of 1919 was $281,641,907 as compared with $448,410,808 in 1918. It was pointed out by the President of the company, Eugene G. Grace, that the net income last year represented a profit of only 5.45 per cent. on the total volume of business done. The substantial earnings of 1919 are in part attributable to the fact that the corporation was not seriously affected by the steel strike in the last quarter of the year, which caused complete shutting down of some companies. A strike was called at Bethlehem some days after the general strike in the steel industry, but it met with little response from the workers, who have a collective bargaining system of their own.

While the final figures for 1919 are yet to be announced, it is stated by the officials of the company that they probably will not differ very greatly from the preliminary report. The book value of the common stock, according to the Controller of the company, now amounts to about $225 a share.

An analysis of the income account shows that the deduction for depreciation was $12,566,152, as compared with $31,510,366 in 1918. It was explained that the deduction last year was as large as could be set aside on the basis of Government taxes.

War Expenditures Charged Off.

In speaking of depreciation President Grace said that the corporation had now charged off all its extraordinary war expenditures. It is understood there are some Government contracts on which payment is still to be adjusted, so that the actual earnings of the year may be larger than indicated in the preliminary figures, as no prospective earnings have been included.

The income account for the last two years is shown in the following table:

	1919.	1918.
Gross sales and earnings	$281,641,907.61	$448,410,808.62
Less mfg. cost and operating expenses, incl. administrative, selling and general exp. and taxes	246,494,158.77	394,095,000.04
Net mfg. profit	$35,147,748.84	$58,417,718.58
Add other income	2,293,469.45	3,771,056.74
Total net earn.	$37,441,218.29	$57,188,760.32
Less interest and discount	9,518,205.69	9,748,012.99
Balance	$27,923,012.60	$47,440,756.33
Deduct depreciation	12,566,152.13	31,510,366.29
Net income	$15,356,860.47	$15,930,390.07

The orders of the corporation on hand Dec. 31, 1919, amounted to $252,440,000, and President Grace stated, when asked as to the outlook, that there was more business in sight than could be handled. The new business booked last year amounted to $204,144,000. In commenting on the report, President Grace said:

"All plants of the corporation, both steel and ship, are operating at practically full capacity, only as effected by an occasional shortage of coal. The shipbuilding plants have the capacity of every shipbuilding way definitely scheduled for 1920, and in some cases into the first half of 1921.

Orders on Books at a Maximum.

"The orders on the books in all commercial steel lines are at a maximum and, in the belief of the management, are in sufficient quantities to insure full capacity operation throughout the year. New business is offering far in excess of our ability to produce.

"The corporation spent during the year $25,500,000 for extensions and additions to plant. It will be the policy of the management to continue improving and extending its properties. Good relations between the management and its employes have been maintained and forwarded through the operation of the Employes' Representation Plan in operation in the plants of the corporation. The plan provides recognition for the employes, individually and collectively, as to all matters pertaining to the conditions under which their service is rendered.

"The report recently in circulation that the corporation had on its books uncompleted orders for ships alone amounting to $232,000,000 was erroneous. In the published report that figure referred to uncompleted orders instead of, as should have been the case, to the value of shipbuilding work completed over a period."

The Directors declared the regular dividends on both the 7 and 8 per cent. preferred stock for the entire year, payable in four quarterly installments as follows: April 1, to stockholders of record March 16; July 1, to stockholders of record June 15; Oct. 1, to stockholders of record Sept. 15; Jan. 3, 1921, to stockholders of record Dec. 15, 1920.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. was declared on both classes of common stock, these being payable on April 1, to stockholders of record March 16.

Harold Stanley, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, was elected a director of the corporation.

CAN RETIRE FRANC BONDS.

Open Market Loan by Pennsylvania Company Not Expected.

Bankers said yesterday it was improbable that the Pennsylvania Company would have to do open market financing to provide funds to retire outstanding 3% per cent. franc bonds called for redemption June 15. The original loan was 250,000,000 francs, but about 150,000,000 were bought in and lodged with a trustee in Philadelphia in 1915, and dollar bonds issued against them. Only 50,000,000 to 60,000,000 francs, par value, are still outstanding, it was said, and this sum, at present exchange rates, could be retired for $3,750,000 to $4,500,000. This amount, it was said, probably could be raised privately by the company.

The dollar bonds issued against deposit of the franc bonds are not due until June 15, 1921. This issue could be retired on sixty days' notice, but it is believed in financial circles that the company would allow the bonds to mature in the ordinary way. Financial requirements for the major portion of the issue, therefore, will not confront the company for more than a year, it was said.

Mexican Silver Output Increases.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Silver production in Mexico from January to September, 1919, amounted to 46,948,621 ounces, compared with 62,225,244 ounces for the full year 1918, according to a report today from Mexico City to the Department of Commerce. "No official statistics for the entire year 1919 will be available until April," the report said, "but a local exporter of gold and silver, who is closely in touch with the situation, estimates that the silver production for 1919 amounted to 75,000,000 ounces, of which 33,000,000 ounces were refined in Mexico. Of the latter amount 3,000,000 ounces were retained in Mexico for coinage purposes, and the remainder exported, practically all to the United States."

Sears-Roebuck Cuts Tax Reserve.

The comparative income account of Sears, Roebuck & Co. for 1919 shows a net profit of $18,890,126, as compared with $12,704,065 in the preceding year. There was a sharp cut in the reserve for Federal taxes, $4,870,376 being set aside in 1919, as compared with more than $9,000,000 in the preceding year. The gross business done by the corporation amounted to $257,930,025, as compared with $198,528,079 in 1918.

I. M. M. Conferences Postponed.

It was learned at the offices of the International Mercantile Marine Company yesterday that conferences between Harold Sanderson, Chairman of the English companies, and P. A. S. Franklin, President of the company, and Edward Strasser, former General Manager of the Red Star Line in Antwerp, will have to be postponed for a time, as both Mr. Franklin and Mr. Strasser are ill. It was also said that the conferences will cover intercompany business.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Deadlock Feared.

In spite of continued reports that there will be a compromise between the representatives of the House and Senate who are in conference on railroad legislation, regarding the rate of return on capital investment, a less sanguine attitude has appeared in local railroad circles and the belief is growing that this matter will be disposed of without further delay. That a real deadlock might develop was even suggested in some quarters, and this was based on the fact that tremendous pressure is being brought to bear by the roads which would benefit particularly if a minimum rate of return should be written into the new law, so that the Interstate Commerce Commission would have to declare rate increases sufficient to allow it. The more pessimistic element is inclined to believe that such a deadlock would last until after March 1, when the roads are to be returned to private control. What this would mean to the transportation of the country, they say, would be demoralization. On the other hand, the more conservative element is inclined to the belief that a compromise will be effected and that the legislation will be completed in time for the return date.

***

Famous Players-Lasky Preferred.

The 8 per cent. cumulative convertible preferred stock of this moving picture corporation made its bow on the big board yesterday, opening at 89¾ and closing at 88½, which was also the low for the day. Hupp Motor common was also introduced. Another newcomer to appear soon will be the Hendee Manufacturing Company stock.

***

Late Money Flurries.

When a money flurry occurs as late in the week as Thursday afternoon, a good many people become alarmed, for the usual consequence, or, rather, the usual thing foreshadowed, for the flurry is effect and not cause, is a poor actual bank statement for the following Saturday. Thus, yesterday's rise in call money to 18 per cent. brought out predictions of a bad statement this week, and there were more than a few who were willing to forecast a big increase in loans and a falling off in reserve—some even went so far as to predict a deficit—in tomorrow's display. So it was that the business of becoming reconciled to a poor showing started in about 3 o'clock yesterday, and if it should so happen that tomorrow's statement really is bad, a good part of the badness ought to be "discounted" before the actual figures come out.

***

The Cost of Business.

A man who deals in commercial bills and bankers' acceptances figured out that the tightness of money is due to very natural causes. He has gone to the trouble to analyze some of the bills which pass through his hands and finds the story contained a plain explanation for high money rates. For example, he says, a bill for $25,000 now covers just about the same quantity of shoes as a bill for $10,000 did three or four years ago, and the same thing, he maintains, holds good for other things people buy and use. So, he argues, if this ratio is maintained, it takes $2,500,000 to do $1,000,000 worth of business. Obviously, he points out, with such a demand for money, there must be tightness somewhere and he thinks the present high rates entirely explainable on this ground.

***

Gold and Loans.

While it may be that some persons are exaggerating the danger of present gold exports, there can be no doubt that most observers of the movement are worried over the way the metal has been leaving our shores in recent months, with the accompanying fall in Federal Reserve Bank reserves, the hardening of money rates, &c., which are all occasioned, in part at least, by the gold exports. Now, while the Pan American delegates are here requesting accommodation, many local bankers believe their requests must be ignored, for the time being, anyway, because to grant extensive credits to South American countries, except in unusual instances, would mean handing them an additional means for drawing on our gold stocks. Some of the South American business will, of course, be attended to, but it is the general opinion that there will be no wholesale grants of credit for some time to come.

***

Profiteering?

A man who signs himself "Broker" writes in to call attention to the "frightful profiteering of the Federal Reserve Bank," which, he points out, earned 130 per cent. on its capital last year. "Conservative men," he says, "are discussing the example set to the manufacturers and dealers in the United States." For the benefit of these "conservative men," attention might be directed to Paragraph 51 of the Federal Reserve act, which specifies that after 6 per cent. has been paid in dividends on Reserve Bank stock, and a suitable surplus account has been accumulated, all earnings revert to the Government, and these earnings, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, are to be used to supplement the gold reserve held against outstanding United States notes, or shall be applied to the reduction of the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the United States under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

***

Epidemic Delaying Freight.

Besides severe weather in the northern part of the country, the epidemic of influenza is now being blamed for freight congestion on some railroads. The Director General has said that this has been one of the contributing factors, and it was suggested in local railroad quarters yesterday that more employes than usual were absent on account of illness.

***

Associated Dry Goods Dividend Deferred

The break of more than 3 points in Associated Dry Goods shares yesterday was not a surprise because the Directors had deferred their action on the common stock dividend until their meeting on March 11. The regular dividends on the first and second preferred shares were declared. Before the close the stock recovered a part of its earlier loss, the net loss for the day being 2¾ points.

***

A Contrary Market.

By all the usual standards which measure conditions in the stock market there should have been a sharp selling off in prices yesterday, but just the opposite actually prevailed. Taking the general list as a whole there was perhaps an easing here and there with a preponderance of minus over plus signs at the close. Yet the display was hardly what might have been expected with money renewing at 10 per cent. and advancing until it reached 18 per cent. Such a rate is normally a cause for liquidating stocks. It may be that Wall Street has become hardened to high money rates, for it has had them in plenty in recent months, or it may be that the strong technical position of the market, due to extensive liquidation, is ample against moderately bad news. At any rate the market did not sell off greatly and some issues went forward rapidly, especially the motors, which were in good demand. Apparently there was an impression in some quarters that the money situation was only temporary and therefore stocks were not closed overboard. Just how long the market can withstand high money rates was the puzzle for traders. It was generally agreed that if there was a long continuance of high rates liquidation would probably begin.

***

Motor Shares Strong.

The advance of the motor stocks was the outstanding feature of the afternoon trading. Undaunted by the stringent money situation traders stepped in and bought the leading motor shares with a freedom that caused prices to rise rapidly. General Motors, for instance, gained 18 points. Chandler and Stutz were other strong points. The ease with which such shares rallied from low points was not so remarkable, perhaps, when considered in the light of the heavy selling pressure which had been exerted against them while other stocks were advancing earlier in the week.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	532,390	431,576	915,842
Year to date	18,777,741	11,285,511	13,504,774

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
1¾	1⅞	500	Ajax Rubber	81	81	81	81	—1½
1¾	1⅞	100	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	—
1⅞	2	300	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	—
49½	50	2,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	49⅝	50	49¼	49½	—⅛
93½	94	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	—⅜
91½	93	300	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	94⅜	95	94⅜	95	+⅝
120	122	200	Am. Bosch Magneto	120	120	120	120	—2½
55⅜	56	15,000	Am. Can	55	57	53⅜	55⅜	+⅜
98½	99	300	Am. Can pf.	98¼	99⅛	98½	99⅛	+⅞
137	138	500	Am. Car & Fdry.	138	138	137	137½	—½
116	117	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	115½	116	115½	116	—
51	51⅜	400	Am. Cotton Oil	51⅞	51⅝	51⅜	51⅜	—⅜
14	14½	15,500	Am. Druggists	13⅞	14½	13½	14	+⅜
97	99½	100	Am. Express	97¼	97½	97½	97½	—⅜
24⅝	25	200	Am. H. & Leather	25¼	25⅝	24⅝	24⅝	—⅜
116	117	100	Am. H. & L. pf.	116⅛	116½	116⅛	116½	—1½
110¾	110¼	2,400	Am. International	111¾	111¾	110	110	—1
13⅝	14⅞	400	Am. LaF. Fire Eng.	14	14	14	14	+¼
84½	85	100	Am. Linseed	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	—
97½	99	400	Am. Linseed pf.	99	99	98¼	98½	—1½
98	98⅜	3,500	Am. Locomotive	98½	99⅛	98½	98¾	—⅝
24⅝	25	500	Am. Ship & Com.	25	25¼	24⅝	24⅝	—⅜
68	69¼	600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68⅝	69	68	68	—⅝
97⅝	98¼	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	98½	98½	98	98	—⅝
106½	110	100	Am. Snuff	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	—
44⅞	44½	1,300	Am. Steel Fdries.	44½	44⅞	44½	44½	—½
93	93½	300	Am. Steel Fdries pf.	93⅜	93⅝	93	93	—
118	118½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	118	118	118	118	—⅝
92	92½	2,400	Am. Sumatra Tob.	91½	92⅜	91	91	—⅝
98⅝	99	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	99	99⅝	98⅝	99	+⅛
96¼	97⅛	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝	+1⅝
68	68¼	3,200	Am. Tob. Securities	68¼	68⅞	67⅞	68	+⅝
157	157½	10,100	Am. Woolen	157½	158⅝	156½	157	—½
104½	105⅝	300	Am. Woolen pf.	105½	105½	105¼	105½	+⅜
55⅝	56¼	200	Am. Writing P. pf.	56	56	56	56	—
61⅞	61¾	3,000	Anaconda Copper	61⅝	61⅝	61¼	61¼	—⅝
104	104½	200	Ann. Arbor	104	104½	104	104½	—⅛
59	59⅝	5,300	Asso. Dry Goods	62⅝	63⅞	58⅝	59⅝	—2⅝
119	120	100	Associated Oil	118	118	118	118	—3
83	84	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	83¾	85¼	83	83	—½
70	70½	100	Atch. T. & S. F. pf.	70	70	70	70	—
160¼	163	600	At. Gulf & West I.	163¼	163½	160	160½	—1½
17	18	300	Auto Sales	17½	17	17	17	—¼
116¾	117	28,300	Baldwin Loco.	117	117⅝	116⅜	116⅝	—⅝
100	102	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	100	100	100	100	—1
31	31⅛	2,200	Baltimore & Ohio	31¼	31⅝	31	31⅛	—⅛
44	44⅛	300	Balt. & Ohio pf.	44	44⅛	43⅝	44⅛	—⅛
125⅜	128	600	Barrett Co.	128¼	128⅞	125¼	125⅞	—3⅛
1¼	1½	200	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	—
28¼	29	1,700	Bethlehem Motors	28	29	28¼	29	+½
93⅛	93½	200	Bethlehem Steel	94½	94⅝	94½	94⅝	+½
98¾	99⅝	10,400	Beth. Steel Class B.	98⅜	99⅝	98	99⅝	+⅝
113¾	114	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	113¾	114	113⅜	114	+⅝
13	14	200	Booth Fisheries	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	—
13	13⅜	400	Brook. Rapid Tran.	14½	14½	13½	13⅜	—⅛
100	101	300	Brown Shoe	100	100	100	100	—1½
106	108	100	Burns Brothers	107⅜	107½	107½	107½	+2½
9¾	9¾	400	Butte Cop. & Zinc	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	—
26½	26¾	800	Butte & Superior	26¾	26⅞	26½	26¾	—⅛
85	85¼	1,200	Cal. Packing	85¾	85⅞	84½	85	—⅞
40	41¼	400	Cal. Petroleum	41	41	40¾	40¾	—1¼
132½	133	1,300	Canadian Pacific	127½	127½	127¼	127¾	—
91½	92	1,500	Central Leather Co.	91½	92⅜	91⅝	92⅜	+⅛
106½	107	200	Central Leather pf.	106½	106½	106	106	—1
55	56	1,200	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	56	56	55⅜	55½	—⅜
54	57	200	Certain-Teed Prod	55	55	55	55	—1
137	142	17,000	Chandler Motor	137	142⅛	136	142	+6½
54⅜	54½	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	54⅜	54½

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Facts Regarding French 4% Loan of 1917

In the Fall of 1917 the Government offered the French people this loan at 68 francs 60 centimes for each 100 franc bond. Exchange was then about 5.75 francs to the dollar. In other words, Americans at that time would have had to pay $119 for each 1,000 franc bond. Since then, although the bonds have appreciated in the French market, exchange has had a severe drop. Today these bonds can be bought at about $56 per 1,000 franc bond. A reasonable rise in exchange and in the bonds would yield American investors a profit of over 100%.

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DIRECT PRIVATE WIRES

NEED FOR BIG GAIN IN OIL OUTPUT SEEN

Country's 1925 Requirements to be 650,000,000 Barrels, Says Standard President.

436,000,000 LAST YEAR

Teagle Asserts "Wild-Catters" Can't Be Trusted to Develop New Sources.

Walter C. Teagle, President of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, in a survey of the future of the oil industry, which he has prepared apropos of the anniversary of the chartering of the original Standard Oil Company fifty years ago, predicts that the great problem to be solved is the meeting of increased demand in the future. He estimates that in 1925 the total needs of the industry in this country will be some 650,000,000 barrels, as compared with the 436,000,000 barrels used last year. In his survey Mr. Teagle says in part:

"New uses are continually being found for petroleum products. We know that the percentage of growth of the oil industry during the past thirty years has averaged 8.54 per cent. per annum. This may not seem a large figure by itself, but when one applies it to the quantities being consumed today, one realizes that it does not require a statistician to appreciate the magnitude of the problem of supply for the future. During the past year the United States has produced a little over 1,000,000 barrels a day of crude petroleum, a total of 376,000,000 barrels, according to the Government's preliminary figures. In addition to this there has been imported from Mexico about 60,000,000 barrels.

"The petroleum industry in this country, therefore, used during the last year a total of approximately 436,000,000 barrels. Apply 8.54 per cent. of increase and one has 37,235,000 barrels additional required during the present year in order to meet the increased demand based on actual figures of past experience.

"If this percentage of increase continues—and there is no reason to doubt that it will—then five years from now (in 1925) the petroleum industry in this country will need approximately 650,000,000 barrels, or an increase of 220,000,000 barrels, as compared with 1919.

"These figures give rise to a natural query as to where this enormous quantity of crude oil is to come from.

"We have endeavored to do our share in providing the increased quantities of oil called for by the needs of industry, for you may rest assured that every man in the producing end of the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) is keenly alive to the pressing necessity of a large increased output. It is no longer safe to trust to a large extent to the work of 'wild-catters' in bringing new sources into production.

"This company has undertaken investigation in fields where prospects of immediate return are not sufficiently good to induce 'wild-catters,' or small companies, to assume the risks. In the year 1919 the amount of crude oil brought out by our subsidiaries and associated companies showed an increase of a little better than 100 per cent. over their production in the previous year.

"This gain is largely due: (1) to the successful operation of the Transcontinental (the Standard Oil subsidiary operating in Mexico); (2) to the acquisition of a half interest in the Humble Oil and Refining Company who have, since the Standard Oil Company became associated with them, developed a very considerable production in the Ranger district, as well as materially increasing their production in the Texas coastal pools.

Discussing the outlook for 1920, Mr. Teagle says the prospects are good, except in Mexico, where the situation is chaotic. Continuing, he says:

"In the new Homer pool in Louisiana the Standard Oil Company of Louisiana has been active in acquiring a large acreage. It may be months before we will know just what the Louisiana company's daily production will be, owing entirely to lack of pipe lines and adequate storage facilities. At the present time they are running about 25,000 barrels a day from Homer, and have shut in, awaiting the completion of additional pipe lines, six wells, each one of which is estimated to have a potential production of from 10,000 to 15,000 barrels a day. At Hewitt, in Southern Oklahoma, a few miles from Healdton, a promising pool is being opened up. Both the Carter and Humble have considerable acreage there.

"In the exploration and development of production outside the United States the producing department is carrying on an active campaign. The present policy of the Standard Oil Company is to be interested in every producing area, no matter in what country it is situated, provided interests can be secured on a basis that would seem to hold out the possibilities of success, and where the lives and property of American citizens will be protected.

"This company is not only operating in Rumania, but also is investigating prospective oil-producing properties elsewhere in Europe. In South America we have oil men and geologists working in several countries and securing such tracts as in their judgment might warrant actual development work. The International Petroleum Company, Limited, a Standard Oil subsidiary, is arranging for an increase of 100 per cent. in their drilling campaign, and the testing out of a further considerable portion of their large acreage in the South American field."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$17,984,000	$11,585,000	$6,844,000
Year to date	336,561,900	265,354,500	107,265,000

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47
12 98.30 2 98.28 5 98.26 25 98.24 55 98.22 16 98.24 5 98.26 55 98.30 26 98.32 15 98.30 20 98.30 5 98.34 10 98.32 23 98.30 1 98.32 103 98.34 15 98.30 28 98.34 1 98.36 8 98.34 2 98.30 40 98.34 1 98.30 50 98.32 5 98.34 200 98.30 125 98.32 15 98.30 7 98.30 15 98.26 65 98.24 54 98.22 206 98.20 10 98.24 80 98.20 15 98.18 165 98.10 71 98.20 186 98.16 55 98.24 80 98.26 35 98.30 40 98.32

$471,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-47
11 91.56 10 91.54 5 91.52 3 91.50

$29,000 2d 4s, 1927-42
22 90.58 5 90.56 2 90.58 21 90.60 46 90.58 6 90.60 10 90.62 5 90.60 16 90.56 12 90.54 10 90.52 10 90.50 10 90.48 10 90.46 5 90.50 1 90.40 1 90.44 3 90.42 3 90.40

$205,000 1st conv 4½s, 1932-47
9 91.56 10 91.58 10 91.54 30 91.52 10 91.50 10 91.78 10 91.76 10 91.74 9 91.72 10 91.70 10 91.68 4 91.66 11 91.64 2 91.66 3 91.68

$113,000 2d conv 4½s, 1927-42
55 90.98 5 90.92 10 90.96 10 90.90 1 91.00 10 90.96 10 90.94 10 90.92 10 90.90 10 90.88 10 90.86 10 90.84 10 90.82 10 90.80 5 90.84 10 90.78 1 90.80 10 90.76 6 90.78 1 90.82 50 90.80 26 90.84 11 90.82 18 90.84 22 90.80 6 90.78 17 90.80 25 90.82 1 90.84 35 90.74 10 90.72 10 90.70 10 90.68 5 90.70 120 90.66 1 90.60 80 90.62 14 90.64 14 90.66 410 90.60 1 90.54 5 90.60 5 90.66 464 90.66 1 90.70 5 90.68 120 90.70 10 90.74 50 90.70 1 90.60 10 90.66 56 90.64 20 90.70 26 90.68 40 90.66 2 90.70 10 90.72 1 90.70 27 90.60 28 90.62 10 90.70 12 90.68 3 90.60 1 90.66 2 90.70 10 90.64 10 90.66 1 90.70 9 90.62 20 90.64 26 90.66 16 90.68 5 90.70 51 90.62 41 90.64 9 90.64

$2,500,000 3d 4½s, 1928
75 91.42 227 91.40 10 91.38 30 91.36 10 91.34 10 91.32 10 91.30 10 91.28 10 91.26 180 91.24 525 91.22 100 91.20 15 91.18 22 91.20 75 91.24 15 91.22 20 91.24 61 91.26 9 91.24 20 91.22

$3,219,000 Vict Lib Loan 5½s, 1922-23
238 98.18 445 98.16 250 98.18 15 98.20 51 98.18 98 98.14 465 98.12 45 98.10 104 98.12 273 98.14 65 98.12 5 98.18 175 98.16 300 98.14 82 98.08 60 98.12 318 98.08 30 98.10 40 98.12 35 98.14 12 98.06 55 98.14

$3,139,000 4½s, 1922-38
160 98.18 5 98.16 104 98.18 1 98.20 88 98.16 40 98.18 30 98.16 50 98.20 50 98.16 35 98.18 30 98.14 105 98.18 223 98.14 74 98.16 304 98.14 5 98.10 9 98.18 15 98.10 3 98.12 20 98.10 14 98.14 2 98.12 3 98.16 5 98.18 25 98.10 2 98.12 1 98.14 2 98.16 12 98.10 1 98.14 1 98.16 20 98.14 1 98.16 1 98.14 1 98.16 1 98.14 1 98.16 1

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COTTON MARKET IN THE DOLDRUMS

Prices Influenced by Strong Tone at Liverpool, but Halted by High Money.

LITTLE TRADING IS DONE

All Months to October Up, but Late Options Remain Relatively Low.

Cotton prices yesterday were guided by practically the same influences which had obtained in the market the day before. The strong tone at Liverpool, which was even more pronounced yesterday than it had been on Wednesday, and the belief that large exports will continue to move forward for some time, helped the market, while exerting influence on the other side of the account were the high rates for call money in the stock market and depressing exchanges. In the exchange market, however, there was a slightly better level than had prevailed on Wednesday, and this served somewhat to nullify the factor.

At the outset there was some scattered selling, which, with no noticeable demand to offset it, forced prices off about 15 to 20 points, with the distant months suffering more than the near options, but after the turn of the day the market got better, and by the middle of the afternoon all months to October were up. The late months, like October and December, were still relatively heavy and holding below Wednesday's closing figures. At the close changes were limited to small amounts.

Business throughout the day was confined to extremely small proportions. The ring traders tried from time to time to liven up the market, but at no time could they gain the co-operation of the office traders, and most of their efforts lasted only for brief periods. The South did little, and Liverpool was not especially conspicuous.

The market now appears to have drifted into the usual dull season for this time of year. The new crop is not in as yet, and there is little to inspire aggressive action either on the long or the short side. With the banking situation so highly precarious as it is, traders naturally are more cautious in committing themselves to extended positions than ordinarily they would be, and until some big fundamental change occurs it is likely that the market will continue dull and narrow, with only occasional spurts either way.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	36.48	36.67	36.20	36.32	36.48
May	34.53	34.77	34.41	34.62@34.63	34.60
July	32.00	32.74	32.46	32.61@32.62	32.60
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	30.60	30.75
Oct.	29.95	30.05	29.80	29.91@29.92	30.07
Dec.	29.50	29.55	29.40	29.40@29.45	29.62

The local market for spot cotton was steady, unchanged at 39.50c for middling upland; sales 5,100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 42.50c, New Orleans 39.88c, Savannah, 39.50c, Augusta 39.25c, Memphis 40.50c, Houston 42c, Little Rock 39.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	24,661	50,314	16,129
Exports	7,185	21,750	26,594
Exports, season	3,686,037	3,479,127	2,425,919
New York stocks	58,154	58,385	86,742
Port stocks	1,416,130	1,454,292	1,398,438
N. Y. arrivals	582	3,902	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in fair demand at 25.66d for middling. Sales 6,000 bales, of which American 4,000. Imports 34,000 bales, all American. Futures opened firm 29 to 48 points up and closed quiet but steady, 5 to 15 points up on the day. Prices: Jan. 27.72d, March 26.28d, May 24.89d, July 23.69d.

Manchester: Yarns and cloths were strong.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	99¼	99½	7.30
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1921	98¼	98¾	6.20
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1929	93½	94¼	..
Rus. Gov. rub.	5½	Feb. 14,'28	27	31	..
Rus. Gov. rub.	5½	Dec. 1, '21	27	31	..
Swedish Govt.	6	June 15,'39	94	95½	6.25
Swiss Govt.	5	Aug. 1, '29	90	91	6.50
War F. Corp.	6	Apr., 1920	99⅝	100⅛	4.63
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sep. 2, '24	98	98¼	6.45
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	96¼	96¾	7.35
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	95⅞	96⅛	7.15
Am. Thread.	6	Dec. 19,'28	100¾	101¾	5.80
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1920	100⅝	100¾	5.60
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	101	101⅛	6.05
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	101⅛	102⅛	6.15
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	102	102½	6.25
Anaco'da Cop.	6	Jan., 1929	95	96	6.60
Armour & Co.	6	June, 1920	107	108	..
Armour & Co.	6	June, 1921	107	108	..
Armour & Co.	6	June, 1922	107	108	..
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	101⅜	101⅝	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101⅜	101⅝	6.65
Can. North.	6	Feb., 1922	98	98	7.10
Can. North.	6	Aug., 1924	96	96	6.50
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar. 2,'24	97¼	97⅝	6.65
C. Argen. Fy.	6	Feb., 1927	82	85	8.70
Chi., C. & Q.	5	July 10,'21	94⅜	95¼	7.40
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15,'28	101	101¼	6.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100¼	5.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug. 2,1920	99¼	99⅝	5.80
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	97¼	98	6.45
General Elec.	6	July, 1920	99⅞	100¼	5.50
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	92	95	7.45
Int. R. T.	7	Sep., 1921	68	70	..
Laclede G. C.	7	Jan., 1920	96½	98	7.30
Lig. & May's.	6	Dec., 1921	99⅜	99⅝	6.25
N. Y. Cent.	6	Sep., 1920	99¼	99⅜	6.50
Phila. Co.	4½	Feb., 1922	94	96	8.20
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97¼	97⅜	6.10
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100	100⅛	4.15
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100⅜	101⅛	5.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	101⅛	102⅛	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	102½	103⅛	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	86½	89	..
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco	6	Aug., 1922	99⅜	99⅝	6.10
Southern Ry.	6	May, 1922	94	94⅜	8.90
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	99¼	99⅜	6.10
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep 15,'22	86½	88	11.80

Bank of England Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£2,964,000
Circulation increased	163,000
Bullion increased	3,127,080
Other securities decreased	4,058,000
Public deposits decreased	1,356,000
Other deposits decreased	5,185,000
Notes reserve increased	3,063,000
Government securities decreased	5,474,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.50 per cent.; last week it was 16.77 per cent. Rate of discount, 6 per cent.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Lead	8.50	8.75	8.50	8.75
Spelter	.....	9.45	.....	9.50
Antimony	11.12½	11.37½	11.00	11.25
Quicksilver	$85.00	$85.00	.....	$83.00
Aluminium	*$31.50	32.50	*$31.50	32.50
Iron, No. 2X silicon	.....	43.80	..	43.80

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19½c, 30 days; on Metal Exchange 19½c for spot.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	120	10	0	120	5	0
Copper, futures	121	10	0	122	5	0
Tin, spot	384	0	0	388	10	0
Tin, futures	384	0	0	388	10	0
Spelter, spot	60	15	0	59	5	0
Spelter, futures	61	10	0	61	0	0
Lead, spot	47	15	0	46	15	0
Lead, futures	47	15	0	47	7	6

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The $15,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock issue of the Sherwin-Williams Co., recently purchased by the Cleveland Trust Co., Borton & Borton of Cleveland, and William A. Read & Co., will be offered for subscription next week at 100 and interest.

Blyth, Witter & Co. are offering $2,500,000 Zellerbach Paper Co. of California 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock.

R. M. Grant & Co. have issued a pamphlet showing the advantages to be derived by New York State income taxpayers through the purchase of New York municipal bonds.

Ralph M. Thacher, formerly with the Guaranty Trust Co., has become associated with the Albany office of Hemphill, Noyes & Co.

W. W. Faunce, formerly with the Equitable Trust Co., has become sales manager for Blodgett, Hart & Co., Inc.

Andrew H. Mars has been elected Vice President of the Fidelity Trust Co. Mr. Mars has been Secretary and a director of the company for several years.

Philadelphia Company

This Company has had a dividend record for a period of almost 34 years.
An analysis has been prepared on the above Company, which will be sent upon request.

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We own and offer, subject to prior sale, the bond issues described below, amounting to $10,000,000. We have purchased these bonds after careful investigation, and recommend them as thoroughly safeguarded securities.

New Issue

$5,500,000
Madison Avenue Office Building
(Including Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist)
New York City
First Mortgage 6% Serial Bonds
(Safeguarded under the Straus Plan)
4% Federal Income Tax Paid

Total Issue: $5,500,000.

Security: First Mortgage on land, and 21-story office building; valued at $8,250,000; and first lien on net annual earnings estimated at $949,485.

Location: West side Madison Avenue, extending from 43rd to 44th Streets, New York City.

Mortgagor: Madison Avenue Offices, Inc.

Term: Serial 2½ to 15 years.

Dated: January 15, 1920.

Interest Coupons Payable: January 15 and July 15.

Bonds and Coupons Payable: At offices of S. W. Straus & Co., Incorporated.

Callable: At 102 and interest.

This issue of $5,500,000 First Mortgage 6% Bonds is followed by $2,000,000 Second Mortgage 6% Bonds sold by the Board of Trustees of Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist, New York City, to the members and friends of the Church, thus placing the first mortgage issue in an exceptionally strong position.

SERIAL MATURITIES OR AMORTIZATION OF PRINCIPAL

Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturin
$170,000	July 15, 1922	$250,000	Jan. 15, 1927	$325,000	Jan. 15, 1932
95,000	Jan. 15, 1923	265,000	Jan. 15, 1928	345,000	Jan. 15, 1933
200,000	Jan. 15, 1924	280,000	Jan. 15, 1929	360,000	Jan. 15, 1934
220,000	Jan. 15, 1925	295,000	Jan. 15, 1930	2,150,000	Jan. 15, 1935
235,000	Jan. 15, 1926	310,000	Jan. 15, 1931		

Denominations: $1,000 bonds in all maturities: $500 bonds in all except 1922 and 1923 maturities: $100 bonds in 1935 maturity only.

SECURITY UNDER MORTGAGE

Under the covenants of the Trust Mortgage the bonds are not only a direct closed first mortgage on the land and building, but are also a first lien on the income from the property, a sufficient portion of which must be deposited monthly to meet the principal and interest payments in cash promptly on the days due.

1. **Land and Building:** The land is irregular in shape, covering both corners and the entire block frontage on the west side of Madison Avenue between 43rd and 44th Streets, with the exception of two 25 foot lots, and with a maximum depth of 179 feet on 43rd Street. The building will be 21 stories in height, of the highest type of fireproof, steel frame construction, and will be one of the finest office buildings in the city. It will be used entirely for offices with the exception of a large auditorium which is being especially constructed on the 43rd Street side for the use of Fifth Church of Christ, Scientist. The property mortgaged is appraised at $8,250,000. The building will be erected at once, and its completion, in accordance with the plans and specifications, free and clear of all prior liens, is unconditionally guaranteed to the bondholders by S. W. Straus & Co., Incorporated.

2. **Earnings:** The net annual earnings on which the bonds are a first lien are conservatively estimated at $949,485, over two and one-half times the greatest annual interest charge.

Location and Rental Demand: The location, extending from 43rd to 44th Streets on the west side of Madison Avenue, is in one of the best business sections of New York City—one block from the Grand Central Terminal, one block from 42nd Street and directly opposite the Biltmore Hotel. The demand in this section is so strong that first class office space is held at a constantly rising premium and the management of the building will therefore be able to choose tenants of the most desirable class.

Borrowing Corporation: The bonds are the obligation of the Madison Avenue Offices, Inc. The principal stockholder of this corporation is Mr. William J. Taylor, an experienced builder, who has constructed many of the finest buildings in New York.

Call, write or phone for Circular No. A-626

New Issue

$4,500,000
The Ritz-Carlton Hotel
Atlantic City, N. J.
First Mortgage 6% Serial Coupon Bonds
(Safeguarded under the Straus Plan)
4% Federal Income Tax Paid

Total Issue: $4,500,000.

Security: First Mortgage on land and improvements, consisting of hotel, theatre and stores valued at $6,000,000; and first lien on net annual earnings estimated at $700,000.

Location: Boardwalk, Iowa, Belmont and California Avenues, Atlantic City, N. J.

Borrowing Corporation: The Ritz-Carlton Restaurant and Hotel Co., of Atlantic City, N. J.

Term: Serial 3 to 18 years.

Dated: January 1, 1920.

Interest Coupons Payable: January 1 and July 1.

Bonds and Coupons Payable: At offices of S. W. Straus & Co., Incorporated.

Callable: At 102 and interest.

SERIAL MATURITIES OR AMORTIZATION OF PRINCIPAL

Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing	Amount	Maturing
$175,000	Jan. 1, 1923	$225,000	Jan. 1, 1928	$315,000	Jan. 1, 1934
185,000	Jan. 1, 1924	240,000	Jan. 1, 1929	335,000	Jan. 1, 1935
195,000	Jan. 1, 1925	250,000	Jan. 1, 1930	355,000	Jan. 1, 1936
205,000	Jan. 1, 1926	260,000	Jan. 1, 1931	380,000	Jan. 1, 1937
215,000	Jan. 1, 1927	275,000	Jan. 1, 1932	595,000	Jan. 1, 1938
		295,000	Jan. 1, 1933		

Denominations: $1,000 and $500 bonds in all maturities: $100 bonds in 1938 maturity only.

SECURITY UNDER MORTGAGE

Under the covenants of the Trust Mortgage, the bonds are not only a direct closed first mortgage on the land, buildings, furnishings and equipment, but are also a first lien on the income from the property, a sufficient portion of which must be deposited monthly to meet the principal and interest payments in cash promptly on the days due.

1. **Land and Building:** The Ritz-Carlton Hotel Properties at Atlantic City will consist of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel itself, the building containing the Ritz-Carlton Arcade and Shops, and the theatre. The hotel proper is to be of the highest type of steel frame, fireproof construction, 15 stories in height, containing 500 rooms and baths, arranged so that they can be rented single or en suite. The hotel has three street frontages, 131 feet on the Boardwalk, approximately 320 feet on Belmont Avenue and 368 feet on Iowa Avenue. The mortgaged properties are appraised at $6,000,000. The buildings are now in course of construction and their completion in accordance with the plans and specifications, free and clear of all prior liens, is unconditionally guaranteed to the bondholders by S. W. Straus & Co., Incorporated.

2. **Earnings:** The net annual earnings, on which the bonds are a first lien, are estimated on a conservative basis at $700,000—more than two and one-half times the greatest annual interest charge.

Borrowing Corporation: The bonds are the direct obligation of the Ritz-Carlton Restaurant and Hotel Company of Atlantic City, which is a part of the world-wide Ritz-Carlton Organization. The Ritz hotels, located in London, Paris, Madrid, Lucerne, Rome, Naples, Evain-les-Bains, Buenos Ayres and New York, are twelve in number and constitute the most famous hotel system in the world.

Location and Demand for Hotel Space: The location of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel is in the best district of Atlantic City, next to the well known Ambassador Hotel. Hotel accommodations in Atlantic City, the largest and most popular resort on the Atlantic Coast, are entirely insufficient to meet the demand and the success of this property is assured.

Call, write or phone for Circular No. A-619

Price of both issues, Par and Accrued Interest, to net 6%

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FORM EXPORT ASSOCIATION.

Baldwin and American Locomotive Companies Join Under Webb Act.

The Locomotive Export Association has been formed by the Baldwin Locomotive Works and the American Locomotive Company to handle the foreign business of both concerns. The new organization materialized under the supervision of the Federal Trade Commission, and is another of the export combinations made possible by the Webb-Pomerene act. All of the stock in the new association will be held by the shareholders of the member companies and it is understood that the personnel of the new organization's officers will be drawn from both companies.

The first business to be handled by the association is understood to have been an order of locomotives for the Belgian Government which was divided between the Baldwin Works and the American Locomotive Company. Payment for the locomotives is being made by the Belgians in their Treasury notes.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hldrs. of Record.
As. Dry Gds. 1st pf.	1¼	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 9
As. Dry Gds. 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 9
Am. W.W. & El. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 16	Jan. 31
Beth. Steel, A & B.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	....
Beth. Steel 8% pf.	2	Q	Apr. 1	....
Beth. Steel 7% pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	....
Con. Gas N. Y.	$1.75	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 10
Consumers Co. pf.	2½	SA	Feb. 20	Feb. 10
C.PaperBagcom.&pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 16	Feb. 9
Hamilton Mfg.	$4.00	Q	Feb. 14	Jan. 29
Int. Harvester pf.	$1.75	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
J. G. White pf.	1¼	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 14
Lehigh C. & Nav.	2	Q	Feb. 28	Jan. 31
Lowell El. Light	$2.50	Q	Feb. 2	Jan. 26
Penn. Coal & Coke.	2	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 6
Stand. Milling.	2	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
Stand. Milling pf.	1¼	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
U.S. Cast I. P. & F.	1¼	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
White Motor.	$1.00	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 17

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Baltimore & Ohio.	1920-'27	4½	5.80	5.90
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	6.00	5.70
Can. Northern.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	6.65	6.37
Canadian Pacific.	1920-'28	4½	6.40	6.00
Ches. & Ohio.	1920-'27	4½	6.40	6.00
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	5.95	5.80
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	6.80	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	6.20	5.73
Chickasaw Refin.	1920-'21	8	7.50	6.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	6.20	5.80
Del. & Hudson.	1922	4½	6.00	5.75
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.25
Illinois Central.	1920-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	5.90	5.50
Mich. Central.	1920-'32	5 @6	6.15	5.85
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	6.75	6.00
Mo., K. & T.	1920-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific.	1920-'24	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio.	1920-'26	4½@5	6.50	6.00
N. Y. C. Lines.	1920-'28	4½@5	6.20	5.85
N. Y. C. R. R.	1920-'32	4½	6.25	5.95
North. & West.	1920-'24	5	6.05	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	6.75	6.25
Pa. Gen. Freight.	1920-'23	4 @4½	5.95	5.50
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	5.95	5.50
Seab. Air Line.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	7.00	6.25
Sinclair Refin.	1920-'21	6	7.00	6.00
So. Pacific.	1920-'24	4½	6.15	5.87
So. Railway.	1920-'26	4½@5	6.40	6.00
Union Tank.	1920	5	6.00	5.00

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Black H.	1	1¼	Mex. Met.	3	8
Bohemia.	1	1½	Midway M.	65	70
Bost. Mon.	71	74	Mojave T.	10	12
Calaveras.	50	1¼	Monarch.	97	1
Champion.	1	3	Nat. L. & Z.	7	9
Chief Cons.	5¼	5⅝	Nev. Doug.	11	17
Con. Cop.	4½	5	New Baltic.	3	4
Crown R.	20	50	Nixon.	18	20
Denbigh.	30	38	Onondaga.	15	30
E. & B.	2¼	2½	Orpheum.	33	33⅜
Fortuna.	1	3	Pilgrim.	25	28
Gadsden.	1½	1⅝	Pioneer.	1⅝	2½
Homa.	15	16	Ranger F.	..	60
Houghton.	75	1¼	Rainier.	80	90
Iron Blos.	30	50	Seven Met.	25	27
Iron Cap.	10	13⅜	S W M. f p	3½	5
Jerome V.	60	65	Texana.	33	37
La. Rose.	30	40	U V Ext.	40	42
Majestic.	18	20	Yukon.	1¼	1¾

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
Jan.	$1.47⅛	$1.45⅜	$1.47	$1.44⅛	$1.30
Feb.	1.40½	1.37	1.40⅛	1.39½	1.27
May	1.36	1.34¼	1.35⅞	1.35⅜	1.20¼
July	1.32⅜	1.31⅛	1.32⅛	1.32⅛	1.17

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	85¼	84½	85¼	....	....
May	83¼	82¾	83¼	83	68
July	75⅝	75	75⅝	75⅛	55½

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, $1.01½; No. 2, $1.01; No. 3, 99c.; No. 4, 98c.

RYE.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.69⅝	$1.66½	$1.69	$1.68	$1.48
July	1.63½	1.60	1.63½	1.61½	..

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	23.37	23.05	23.35	23.45	23.30
July	23.72	23.40	23.72	23.80	....
Ribs—					
May	20.42	20.22	20.42	20.30	21.35
July	20.82	20.65	20.82	20.72	....
Pork—					
May	39.00	38.50	39.00	38.85	38.55

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	21.00
Jan.	....	....	....	21.25
Feb.	....	....	....	21.89
March	21.70	21.35	21.60	21.97
April	21.40	21.60	21.60	22.00
May	22.00	22.74	21.97	22.11
June	22.01	22.00	22.00	22.00
July	22.15	21.84	22.06	25.75

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
March	15.83	15.52	15.54	15.57
May	15.85	15.75	15.76	15.80
July	16.05	15.93	15.96	15.99
September	....	....	15.72	15.74
October	....	....	15.65	15.67
December	15.53	15.33	15.49	15.53

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 3,501 packages. Supplies of fine fresh creamery were a little short and the market firmer in consequence. The demand was good and medium qualities quiet and easy. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 62½@63c; extras, 92 score, 62c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 60@61½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 58@59½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 55@57½c; lower grades, 52@54c; held, higher than extras, 62@62½c; extras, 61@61½c; firsts, 57½@60c; seconds, 54@57c; unsalted, higher than extras, 65½@66c; extras, 64½@65c; firsts, 60@63c; seconds, 58@59c; State dairy tubs, finest, 61@62c; good to prime, 58@60c; common to fair, 48@57c; renovated, extras, 57c; firsts, 55@56c; imitation creamery, firsts, 49@50c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 43½@44c; lower grades, 40@43c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43c; No. 2, 41½@42c; lower grades, 39@41c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 12,826 cases. The market for fresh gathered eggs was extremely irregular and unsettled. Exchange sales were made at the opening at 62½c, but shortly afterward lots were let go at 60c. Offerings at that, however, were far below the demand and higher prices were paid, late sales ranging chiefly from 61@62½c, a few lots taken up to 65c, and even 63½c in one instance. At the close finest firsts were freely offered at 62@63c, and some holders having liberal accumulations on hand were disposed to shade these prices to force sales. Stock was offering to arrive at a further decline. Storage eggs were easier, white eggs becoming more plentiful from nearby points, and offerings of Pacific Coast stock more liberal. Prices were lower and unsettled. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 66@67c; extra firsts, 64@65c; firsts, 60@63c; seconds and poorer, 53@60c; refrigerator, firsts, charges paid, 53½@54c; seconds, 48@53c; under grades, 30@47c; checks, 32@35c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, Western hennery whites, extras, 73@75c; firsts to extra firsts, 67@72c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 67@72c; under grades, 64@66c; Pacific Coast, whites, express, extra firsts to extras, 70@75c; firsts, 65@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 63@70c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, extras, 66@68c; gathered brown and mixed colors, extras, 66@67c; firsts to extra firsts, 62@65c.

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A booklet containing a digest of the law and survey of the new features affecting 1919 income, will be furnished upon application.
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of New York
80 Broadway
BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 60th Street
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Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

Eastern Crude Advances Again
Pennsylvania grade crude oil advanced Monday to $5.25 a barrel, with a premium of 25 cents a barrel, bringing actual price to $5.50. This follows a substantial advance of last month and is a record price for Eastern crude.
Unusual demands for high-grade crude, produced in the Appalachian Oil Fields, are responsible for these prices, the highest ever recorded.
We have prepared for free distribution a comprehensive booklet—
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Gillette Safety Razor
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Western Power
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Central Aguirre Sugar
Geo. W. Helme Com. & Pfd.
Ingersoll-Rand Pfd.
Intern'l Abrasives Com. & Pfd.
Louisville Property Stock
New Jersey Zinc
Northern Securities Stubs
Penn. Coal & Coke
R. J. Reynolds Com. & Pfd.
Royal Baking Powder Pfd.
Steel & Tube Pfd.
Travelers Insurance Stock & Rts.
Weyman-Bruton Com. & Pfd.
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EIGHTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT
The Bank of Nova Scotia
Capital Paid-Up, $9,700,000 Reserve Fund, $18,000,000

PROFIT AND LOSS

Balance Dec. 31st, 1918	$749,694.51
Net profits for year, losses by bad debts estimated and provided for	1,925,478.39
	$2,675,172.90
Dividends for year at 16%	$1,381,333.35
War Tax on circulation to December 31st, 1919	89,466.67
Contribution to Officers' Pension Fund	100,000.00
Written off Bank Premises Account	200,000.00
Transferred to Reserve Fund	200,000.00
Balance carried forward December 31st, 1919	704,172.88
	$2,675,172.90

RESERVE FUND

Balance December 31st, 1918	$12,000,000.00
Transferred from the Bank of Ottawa	5,800,000.00
Transferred from Profit and Loss	200,000.00
Balance forward December 31st, 1919	$18,000,000.00

GENERAL STATEMENT AS AT DECEMBER 31st, 1919
LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in		$9,700,000.00
Reserve Fund		18,000,000.00
Balance of Profits, as per Profit and Loss Account		704,172.88
Dividends declared and unpaid		389,754.51
		$28,793,927.39
Notes of the Bank in circulation		$23,266,962.68
Deposits not bearing interest	$53,745,723.18	
Deposits bearing interest, including interest accrued to date	126,546,884.79	180,292,607.97
		$203,559,570.65
Balances due to other Banks in Canada		1,823,524.72
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom		110,614.00
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom		3,506,047.58
		208,999,756.95
Acceptances under Letters of Credit		485,037.72
		$238,278,722.06

ASSETS

Current Coin	$11,806,787.18
Dominion Notes	20,714,771.75
Notes of Other Banks	2,746,059.83
Cheques on Other Banks	12,301,502.30
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom, and sterling exchange	2,436,755.59
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom	4,392,976.43
	$54,398,853.08
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves	15,500,000.00
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value	13,764,851.75
Canadian municipal securities and British, Foreign and Colonial public securities other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	26,821,795.24
Railway and other bonds, debentures and stocks, not exceeding market value	3,845,065.09
Demand loans in Canada secured by grain and other staple commodities	14,114,490.90
Call and demand loans elsewhere than in Canada	15,141,250.89
	$143,586,306.95
Call and demand loans in Canada secured by bonds, debentures and stocks	7,494,072.28
	$151,080,379.23
Deposit with the Minister of Finance for the purposes of the circulation fund	525,710.06
Loans to governments and municipalities	2,746,545.12
Other current loans and discounts in Canada (less rebate of interest)	66,171,447.43
Other current loans and discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less rebate of interest)	11,696,583.80
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit, as per contra	485,037.72
Overdue debts, estimated loss provided for	108,873.29
Bank Premises at not more than cost, less amounts written off	5,015,914.56
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	166,175.84
Other assets not included in the foregoing	282,055.01
	$238,278,722.06

CHARLES ARCHIBALD, President. H. A. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE
We have examined the books and accounts of The Bank of Nova Scotia at its Chief Office and have been furnished with certified returns from the Branches, and we find that the above statement of Liabilities and Assets as at December 31st, 1919, is in accordance therewith. The Bank's investments and the securities and cash on hand at the Chief Office and at several of the principal Branches of the Bank were verified by us as at the close of business December 31st, 1919, and in addition we visited the Chief Office and certain Branches during the year, when we checked the cash and verified the securities and found them to be in agreement with the books. We have obtained all information and explanations required, and all transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have, in our opinion, been within the powers of the Bank. And we certify that the above statement of Liabilities and Assets as at December 31st, 1919, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Bank.
A. B. BRODIE, C. A. } Auditors.
D. McK. McCLELLAND, C. A. } of the firm of Price, Waterhouse & Co.
Toronto, Canada, 15th January, 1920.

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150 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25 Morgenthaler Linotype
100 Norwegian-Amer. (S. S.) Line
25 Midland Securities
100 N. Y. Steam Rys. Com. & Pfd.
25 State Bank "Rights"
100 Ward Baking Com.
100 Tidewater Oil "Rights"

J. K. Rice Jr. & Co. Will Sell

200 American Cyanamid Pfd.
50 American Meter
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com.
20 Bank of America
25 Columbia Trust
25 Franklin Trust
100 Hudson Insurance
25 W. W. Johns-Manville Com.
150 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25 Morgenthaler Linotype
100 Norwegian-Amer. (S. S.) Line
25 Midland Securities
100 N. Y. Steam Rys. Com. & Pfd.
25 State Bank "Rights"
100 Ward Baking Com.
100 Tidewater Oil "Rights"

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Steel & Tube Co. of Amer. Pfd.
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After months of negotiations the Tropical Oil Company has been acquired by the—
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This means the latter company is to play an important role in the oil developments of South America.
In the current issue of the *FINANCIAL FORECAST* comprehensive articles on this company and the following are given:
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CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	Acme Coal	2¾	2½	2¾
4,000	Astra Expl	4¾	4¾	4¾
100	Ally Realco	47½	47½	47½
100	Amal Tire	15	15	15
300	Am Cancy	10¾	10¾	10¾
4,100	Am Saf Raz	14¾	13	14¼
1,500	Barnsdall	85	85¼	85
500	Br-Am C Cp	9	9	9
4,200	Br-Am Tob, coupon	12¾	12½	12¾
6,500	Do rights	1¾	1	1¾
1,100	Do regis'd	12¾	12¾	12¾
200	Car L & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,100	Cleve Auto	12	10	11
400	Conley T F W i	23½	24½	23
1,800	Farrell Coal	45	42	45
2,500	Gen Asph	116¼	114½	116
5,800	Gen Mo w i	32¾	31¼	32½
4,000	Goldw Pict	31¼	30	31
1,200	Grape-Ola	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,100	Do pf	1¾	1¾	1¾
200	Kay Co Gas	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,900	Lincoln Mo			

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	Std Oil, N J	761	759
20	Std Oil, N Y	434	434

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

3,000	Allen Oil	1¼	1¼
400	Alliance&Ar	16½	16½
15,000	Allied Oil	¼	¼
1,500	Amal Roy	¾	¾
5,700	Anna B Wye	72	70
500	Bell Pet	1¾	1¾
2,600	Bone Oil	5	5¼
25,000	Bos-Wyo	1¼	1¼
2,800	Burkn't-V O	2¼	2
1,500	Carib Synd	44¾	43
1,000	Cash Oil	5¼	5
1,000	Cities Serv	43	43
2,500	Col Emerald	16½	16
1,500	Cent Ref	4¼	4
3,500	Cosden & Co	9¼	9
600	Cumbg Pet	3	2¾
2,500	Domin Oil	23¼	22
500	DuquesneOil	6½	6
6,500	Elk Basin	9¼	9¼
2,500	Engrs Pet	1½	1½
500	Emeralda	¼	¼
500	Federal Oil	3¼	3¼
4,000	Gilliland Oil	44	42¼
2,000	Do pf	100	99
1,100	Glenrock Oil	3¾	3¾
1,200	Heffer-Gil	3¼	3¼
1,000	Gum Cove	2	1½
2,500	Hercules Oil	¾	¾
3,000	Home of Tex	3¼	3
2,000	Houston C	120	118
5,500	Hudson Oil	1¾	1¾
100	Hughes Pet	9	9
1,200	Int Pet	69	68
900	Invinc Oil	33	34
2,000	Isl O & T	6¼	6¼
1,200	King Ref	2¾	2¾
9,000	Livingston O	1¾	1¾

MINING STOCKS.

2,800	Al-Brit C M	1	1
800	Am Hond M	1⅞	1⅞
500	Am Mines	1½	1½
2,000	Am Tin & T	¼	¼
700	Aris Silver	3¼	3¼
1,500	Atlanta	2½	2
6,500	BelcherDiv, (a pros.)	24	21
5,500	BelcherExt, (a pros.)	24	22
2,000	Big Ledge	½	½
200	Booth	¼	¼
7,000	Boss & Mon	78	72
500	Butte-N Y	¾	¾
1,500	Caledonia	39	38
100	Canada Cop	1¾	1¾
2,500	Candel Silv	½	½
2,500	Cashboy	9½	9
1,200	Con Arizona	¾	¾
1,000	Con Cop'min	4¾	4¾
700	Con Vir	7¾	7¾
500	Cres Con G	2¾	2
1,100	Dalt C Min	42½	42½
15,600	Divide Ext	¾	¾
500	El Sal Silver	3¼	3¼
2,000	Eureka C M	1¾	1¾
200	Eureka Hol	73	73
1,000	Forty-niner	1¾	1¾
400	Gadsden Cp	1½	1½
3,700	Gold Z Div	30	28
1,600	Golden Gate	1¼	1¼
2,700	Goldf Con	13	12
4,500	Goldf Dev	9½	9
2,000	Goldf Mer	3½	3½
3,200	Gt Bend	2	1
750	Hecla Min	4¼	4¼
2,700	Jim Butler	27	25
1,500	Jumbo Ext	7	6

BONDS.

$40000	Allied P 6s	82⅞	82
1,000	AmT&T, '24	96¼	96¼
5,000	Anaconda 6s	94¾	94⅝
12,000	Cal Fruit 7s	97¼	97
1,000	BelgGds, '21	99	99
40,000	BelgGds, '25	96¼	95¾

*Odd lots. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note—Omitted 200 British Chemical Wednesday, Jan. 28, at 8½, and 100 Alta Gas at 2¼ and 100 Woodburn Oil at 8¾.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Wed's day. Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	99	100	99½
4½s	June, 1965	99	100	99¼
4½s	May, 1963	99	100	99¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	99	100	99¼
4½s	May, 1957	99	100	99¼
4½s	Apr., 1966	93	94	93
4½s	Mar., 1964	93	94	93
4½s	Mar., 1963	93	94	93
4½s	Mar., 1960	93	94	93
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	93	94	93
4s	May, 1959	89	90	89
4s	Nov., 1958	89	90	89
4s	May, 1957	89	90	89
4s	Nov., 1956	89	90	89
4s	Nov., 1955	89	90	89
4s	Nov., 1956	92	94	92

Yester-W'nes-day. Bid. Yester-W'nes-day. Ask. Wed's day. Bid.

3½s	Nov., 1953	79½	82	81
3½s	May, 1954	79½	82	81
3½s	Nov., 1954	79½	82	81
4½s	1924-1933	96¾	...	96¾
4½s	1918-1923	98¾	...	98¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3½s	1954-1952	4.70	4.50	4.65
3½s	1932-1952	4.70	4.50	4.65
4s	1944-1954	4.70	4.55	4.65
3½s	1930-1965	4.70	4.55	4.65
3½s	1925-1929	4.70	4.55	4.65
3½s	1915-1921	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1940-1953	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1918-1925	4.70	4.55	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
795	Cities Service	403	400	400	405
1,260	Cities Service pf	72¼	71½	71½	72½
5,387	Cities Service bk. shares	43¾	42½	42½	43⅜
2,285	Cities Service pf. Ex	74	71½	73	73½
$93,000	Cities Service deb. B	104¼	104¼	104	105
34,500	Cities Service deb. B	158	158	159	...

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	14	17
Adiron Elec Power pf	78	82
Am Gas & Electric	13½	15
Am Gas & Elec pf	39½	40½
Am Light & Traction	120	135
Am Light & Trac pf	88	90
Am Power & Light	66	70
Am Power & Light pf	71	74
Am Public Utilities	8	12
Am Public Utilities pf	20	24
Am W W & Elec	3½	3½
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	60	62
Am W W & Elec partic	6	8
Appalachian Power	2½	5
Appalachian Power pf	20	26
Carolina Power & Light	32	36
Colorado Power	17	20
Colorado Power pf	94	100
Columbus Elec	67	74
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	18	21
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	44½
Conn Power	84	...
Consumers' Power pf	75	80
Eastern Texas Elec	65	...
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	77
El Paso Electric	75	80
Electric Bond & Sh	93½	95½
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Empire Gas & Fuel	89	91
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	80	90
Federal Light & Trac	6	9
Federal Lt & Trac pf	45	49½
Galveston-Houston Elec	9	12
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	48	54
Miss River Power	9	12
Miss River Power pf	51	54
Northern Ohio Electric	20	22
Northern Ohio Elec pf	60	64
Northern States Power	60	64
North States Power pf	89	92
Northern Texas Elec	79	84
Northern Tex Elec pf	69	72
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	85½	87½
Puget Sd Trac, Lt & P	10½	12
Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	53	57
Ry & Light Secur pf	76	80
Republic Ry & Light	16	17
Republic Ry & Light pf	44½	46
Southern Cal Edison	87½	89
Southern Cal Edison pf	100	103
Standard Gas & Elec	26	27
Standard Gas & Elec pf	41	42
Tampa Electric	105	110
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	1	2½
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	4	8
United Light & Rys	69	72
United Light & Rys pf	80	85
Western Power	21	23
Western Power pf	71	74

Bonds.

Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	75	78
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	89	92
Nor States Powlss, '41	86	89
Okla Gas & E 7s, '20	99½	100
Om & C El Ry 5s, '28	78	83
Pac Gas & Elec 5s, '42	80	81
Seattle Elec 5s, '29	45	55½
Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	97	100
Stand Gas&El gv 6s, '26	88	91
Utah Securities 6s	86¾	87¾
West St. G & E 5s	82	86

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Wed's day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd. £7	28	28	28
Atlantic Refining	1460	1500	1480
Do pf	113¾	114½	113¾
Borne-Scrymser	430	450	430
Buckeye Pipe Line	97	99	97
Chesebrough Mfg	240	265	240
Do pf	107	110	107
Continental Oil	525	545	525
Crescent Pipe Line	34	37	34
Cumberland P L	113	123	118
Eureka Pipe Line	146	150	143
Galena Signal Oil	77	82	83
Do pf, new	98	100	98
Do pf, old	105	106	108
Illinois Pipe Line	172	177	172
Indiana Pipe Line	96	100	96
Int Pet Co, Ltd	67	69	68
National Transit	33	34	33½
New York Transit	134	138	136
Northern Pipe Line	100	110	100
Ohio Oil	357	362	360
Pa-Mex Fuel	60	65	69
Prairie Oil & Gas	650	680	680
Prairie Pipe Line	259	262	259
Solar Refining	350	370	360
Southern Pipe Line	167	172	167
South Pa Oil	320	330	327
S W Pa Pipe Lines	97	100	98
Stand Oil of Cal	322	325	320
Stand Oil of Ind	715	725	710
Stand Oil of Kan	640	665	650
Stand Oil of Ky	438	455	435
Stand Oil of Neb	515	525	515
Stand Oil of N J	757	762	755
Do pf	115	115½	115
Stand Oil of N Y	490	495	490
Stand Oil of Ohio	530	550	550
Do pf	110	112	112
Do rights	10	12	12
Swan & Finch	100	110	100
Union Tank Car	120	125	120
Vacuum Oil	420	430	430
Washington Oil	35	40	35

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Wed's day. Bid.
Am Cigar	125	130	128
Do pf	82	86	82
Conley Foil	310	320	310
Geo W Helme	153	160	155
Do pf	98½	102	98½
J S Young	120	128	130
Do pf	97	106	97
MacA & Forbes	155	160	155
Do pf	88	90	88
Porto Rican-Am	135	140	135
R J Reynolds, A	540	570	540
Do B	450	465	455
Do pf	107	109	107
Univ Tobacco	128	130	128
Do pf	105	106	105
Weyman-Bruton	165	175	165
Do pf	97	102	97

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Wed's day. Bid.
Cardenas Am	18	21	18
Do pf	78	..	78
Cen Aguirre, new	94	96	94½
Fajardo	140	148	133
Federal	108	112	106
Do pf	108	112	106
Godchaux pf	93	96	93
Great Western	400	420	400
Great Western pf	114	116	113
Guantanamo	70	80	75½
Nat Sug Ref	145	147	146
Santa Cecilia	83	85	85
Do pf	90	92	90
Savannah	97	99	97
Do pf	89	93	93

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
220	Allis-Chalm.	60¾	60¾	60¾
1,520	Am Can	56⅝	55	56
700	Am Brug	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝
210	Am Hide&L	26½	25¼	25¼
610	Am Int'l	111⅛	110	110
690	Am Locomo	98¾	96¼	98¼
660	Am Ship & C	25¾	24¾	25¾
120	Am Smelt A	68¾	68¼	68¾
130	Am Sum Tob	91½	91	91½
110	Am Tel & T	99	98¾	98¾
690	Am Woolen	158	156¼	156½
240	Anaconda	61¾	61¼	61¾
230	Asso Dry G	63¼	59¾	59¾
150	A, T & S Fe	83½	83¼	83¼
4,290	B'dwin Loco	117⅝	116¼	117
310	Balt & Ohio	34½	33¾	34⅛
280	Beth Motors	28¾	28¼	28¼
2,700	Beth Steel, B	99¾	97⅞	98½
130	B'klyn R T	13¾	13¾	12¾
150	Butte & Sup	30¾	28	26
225	Butte C & Z	9½	9¼	9¼
210	Cal Petrol	41¾	41¾	41¾
100	Cerro de Pas	55¾	55¼	55½
220	Cent Leath	92	92	92
120	Ches & Ohio	54¾	54¾	54¾
120	C, M & St P	36¾	36¼	36¼
240	Chile Copper	19	18¼	18¼
120	Col Graphoa	52¾	50¾	52¾
210	Con Inst Min	18¾	18¾	18¾
490	Corn Prod	85¾	85¼	85¾
680	Crucible Stl	224¾	222	224
760	Cuba C Sug	51¼	50	50
40	Den&R G pf	12¾	12¾	12¾
220	Erie 1st pf	19¾	19¾	19¾
780	Fisk Rubber	42¾	42¾	42¾
1,300	Freeport, Tex	27¾	25¾	26¾
300	Goodrich Co	77¾	75	76¼
210	Gt Nor Ore	33	33	33
460	Hupp Motor	16¼	15¾	15¾
220	Inspira Cop	56¾	56	56¼
640	Int Mer Mar	39¾	38¾	39
890	Do pf	97½	97¼	97½
120	Int Nickel	24¾	24¾	24¾
760	Int Paper	85¼	84¼	84¾
250	InterbCon pf	11¾	11¾	11¾
210	Kennec't Cop	30¾	30¼	30¼
840	KeystoneTire	31	29¾	30
320	Lack Steel	85	84½	85
410	Lord'a, Inc	32¾	30	30
150	Loft Candy	23¾	22¾	23¼
1,480	Mex Petrol	106	104¼	105
520	Midvale Stl	50¾	49¾	49¾
4,700	MidStatesOil	43¾	42¾	43¼
330	Mo. Pacific	24¾	23¾	24¼
290	Nat Lead	83¾	83¼	83¾
590	New Haven	26¾	25¾	25¾
100	Nor Pacific	90	90	90
295	Okla P & P	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,420	P A P M	82¾	82¾	82¾
110	Pennsylvania	42¼	42¼	42¼
1,830	Pierce-Arrow	70¾	69¾	70¾
114	Pierce Oil	19	19	19
315	Pres Stl Car	84¼	83¼	83¾
100	Ray Copper	21¾	21½	21¾
440	Reading	74¾	74¾	74¾
2,190	Rep I & S	114¾	114	114¾
1,330	Royal Dutch	106¾	107⅛	106¾
470	Saxon Motor	18¾	18¾	18¾
1,170	Shell Transp	33¾	33¼	33¾
1,520	Sinclair Oil	42¾	41¾	42
355	Sloss-S S & I	75½	73¾	74¼
1,370	Sou Pacific	90¾	89¾	90¼
2,250	Studebaker	109¾	108¾	109¼
100	Stutz Motor	133	133	133
510	Texas & Pac	36¼	36¼	36¼
860	Transcon Oil	25¾	25¼	25¾
570	Union Oil	35¾	35¾	35¾
210	U S Food P	69¾	68¾	69¾
730	U S Ind Al	106¾	104¾	106¾
1,310	Un Retail St	37¾	37¼	37¾
1,250	U S Rubber	126¾	125¾	126¾
9,250	U S Steel	106¾	105¾	106¾
140	Utah Copper	76	75½	75½
130	Va-Ca-Ch	72¾	70¾	72¾
520	Willys-Over	70¾	70¼	70¾
870	Worth Pump	93¾	93¾	93¾

U. S. GOV. BONDS.

$3,900	Lib 2d 4¼s	92.87	92.76	92.87
14,200	Do 2d 4¼s	94.98	94.78	94.80
7,300	Vic 5¾s	102.48	102.32	102.36
5,900	Do 4½s	98.76	98.60	98.60

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Alabama Co	99	99	99
50	Balt Brick	2¼	2¼	2¼
120	Can Ter S pf	10¾	10¾	10¾
543	Cosden	9	8¾	8¾
1,000	Cos pf	4¾	4¾	4¾
125	Celestine	2.80	2.80	2.80
24	Citizens Bk	40¼	40	40
640	Con Power	100¾	100¾	100¼
40	Con Coal	89	89	89
700	Davison	37¼	35½	37¼
25	Elkhorn	25½	25½	25½

Bonds.

$2,000	Con Pow 4½s	73¾	73¾	73¾
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	95½	95½	95½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Big Heart	8	8	8
100	Butte-Bal	40c	40c	40c
35	Calu & Ariz	65	65	65
11	Calu & Hec	390	390	390
1,990	Carson	29¼	27¾	28¼
55	Cop Range	48½	48	48¼
10	Daly-West	4	4	4
295	Davis-Daly	12½	11¾	12
5	Franklin	8¾	8¾	8¾
40	Isl'd Creek	44	43½	43½
68	Do pf	80½	80¼	80¼
460	Mayflow-C C	8¼	8	8
10	Mohawk	68	68	68
115	New Arca	4¼	4	4¼
100	New Cornelia	21¾	21¼	21¾

Railroads.

17	Bos & Alb	125¼	125¼	125¼
137	Bos Elev	65	64	64
25	Bos&Me pf, A	44	44	44
5	Do B	73	73	73
5	Me Central	64	64	64

Miscellaneous.

55	Am Agr Ch	95	95	95
15	Do pf	94¼	94	94
54	Amoskeag	146	146	146
8	Do pf	81¾	81	81
62	Am Snug pf	116	117½	117½
450	Am T & T	98¾	98½	98¾
122	Am Wool pf	105	105	105
150	Clint W Wire	30	29	29
665	Eastern Mfg	35¾	34	35
22	Edison	154½	153	153
60	Elder	53¾	53	53
170	Gen Elec	169	167	167
200	Gray	44	44	44
27	Int Cot Mills	73¾	73¼	73¾
25	Do pf	96	96	96¾
250	Island Oil	5¾	5¼	5¼
23	Libby	28	27½	27½
45	Loew's	10½	10½	10½
375	Mass Gas	73½	72¾	72¾

Bonds.

$3,000	Am T & T 6s	99¼	99	99¼
5,000	G&W I 5s	79	79	79
2,000	Carson 7s	120	120	120
8,000	Cent Vt 4s	80¾	80	80¾

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
170	Albert Pick	48	45	45
4,910	Armour pf	109	108¾	108¾
20	Briscoe	70	70	70
50	Bunte	15	15	15
110	Chi C & C pf	9	8½	9
100	Chi Elev pf	9	6	6
30	Chi Pn Tool	95½	95¼	95¼
180	Case Plow	21	20¾	21
3,350	Cent Motor	13¾	13¼	13¾
195	Cudahy	102¾	101½	102¾
85	Deere pf	101¼	101	101
50	Dia Match	124½	124½	124½
100	Edm'd Jones	32	32	32
15	Godchaux	58	58	58
500	Hupp	15¾	15¾	15¾
50	Hol St L Sug	17	17	17
75	Hartman	105	105	105
1,238	Libby	28	27¼	27½
385	Mont Ward	38¾	38¼	38¼
2,000	Nat Leather	15¾	15¼	15¼
325	Orpheum	33½	33¼	33¼

Bonds.

$3,000	Swift 1st 5s			91¾

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Chas'l Iron	4½	4¼	4¼
100	Do pf	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,300	Cent Motor	13¾	13¾	13¾
55	Det Edison	109¾	109¾	109¾
50	Ford of Can	329	320	320

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Am Gas	51¾	51	51½
9	Do pf	60	60	60
17	Am Stores	42	41¾	41¾
50	Camb Iron	40	39¾	40
55	Elec Stor	127½	127½	127½
10	Giant Port C	5	5	5
18	Lsa Co N A	34½	34¼	34½
480	L Sup Corp	20¼	20¼	20¼
37	Lehigh Nav	66¾	63¾	63¾
5	Nor Pk war	28	28	28
70	Ph Co 6% pf	35	34½	34½

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,610	Arkan Gas	30½	29¾	30¼
80	Do pf	106	106	106
1,685	Barnsdall	55¼	52	55
10	Carbo-Hy pf	4¼	4¼	4¼
580	Guffey-Gil	34¾	33¾	34¾
50	Hark W pf	101¼	101	101
100	Ind Brew	3	3	3
996	Kay Co Gas	2	2	2
25	LaBelle Iron	113	112	112
790	LoneStarGas	38½	38¼	38¼
1,890	Marland	9¾	9¾	9¾

Bonds.

$1,000	Ind Brewing 6s			55

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Mfrs L & H	58¾	58¼	58¾
11	Ohio Fuel Oil	29¾	29¾	29¾
40	Ohio Fu Sup	40¾	40¾	40¾
90	Okla Gas	41	40¾	40¾
20	Pitts Brew pf	14	14	14
1,560	Pitts Jerome	19c	19c	19c
2

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—United States Supreme Court:

No. 26—Postal Tel. Cable Co. pet., v. J. L. Bass. Passed, per stipulation.

No. 31—Piedmont & Georgian Creek Coal Co., v. Seaboard Fisheries Co., claimant. Passed, per stipulation.

No. 32—J. W. Simpson et al., executors, &c., v. the United States—Passed, per stipulation.

No. 33—The United States, apls., v. Atlantic Dredging Co., W. B. Brooks, agent—Passed, per stipulation.

No. 34—L. Waldhorn, pet., v. B. A. Levy, &c.—Argument continued for respondent and concluded for petitioner.

No. 35—Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry. Co., plaint., v. Washburn Lignite Coal Co. and 36—Same v. same v. the C. L. Mercantile Co.—Argument commenced.

No. 37—H. Cameron et al., apls., v. the United States of America—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 30: Nos. 205, 206, 208, 212 (and 209), 215, 216, 218, 222, 225, and 226.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Court Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Wilson Technical Pr. Co<Irring Pitt Mfg Co
Business Method Co<Wilson-Jones Loose Leaf Co.
Bell St Nicholas Mfg Co.<Us Co<Prootheers.
Levinson & John<Same<Bernkardt.
Same<Volker.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 2, Woolworth Building, 12 floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Land Ship Avon.<Rice<Barge M M
Land Ship Eden.<Martin.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar.

Hudson<Froom.<Forstmann & Huffman<Murray.
Foster<Wanamaker.<Re Campagna.
Ford<Phillips.<Carey<5th Av Coach.
Aron<88 St. Paul.<Ramsey<Associated Billposters.
Aron<Same.
Rio.<Rankin<Same.
Interstate R T.<Larlick<Tug NY C 18.
Parish<D L & W RR.<Nuanus<Driggs.
Werner<Gaston, W & Co.<Gaston, W & W<88 Aquetania.
Same<Cast Toy Spec.<Blackington<Adels.
Kahn<Sterling.<Wilcox<Lindermann & Heverson (2).
Bayard<Hurlburt.<Northern Stevedoring Co<C I P & P Co.
Same<Approprecht.<Gillette<Goldberger.
Amalgamated Russian Union.<Mayflower<Knowles.
Pan Am Lunch Co.<Moran<Gulf T & T Co.
Thomas Susan N<Brownstein<Am Hat Co.
Same<Du Bois et al (2).<US<Spielman.
Same<Du Bois et al (2).<Same<England.
Same<Susan A Warren et al.<Same<Molloy.
Brunswick Balke, &c.<Same<Wieben.
Same<Huron.<Same<Kearney.
Same<Downey.<Same<Sage.
Same<B & So Am Nav Co.<Same<Bruns.
Same<Sherman.<Same<Scudellari.
Same<Turner.<Same<Terner.
Same<Cowan.<Same<McCarthy.
Keller<Standard Shipbldg Co.<Same<Hauben.
Same<O, M & St Paul.<Aron<88 St Paul.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 328, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.
Meeks<Armour & Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Criminal trials.

Gus Klauber.
Max Steiger.
Palm Lena et al.<To surrender on mandate:
Solomon Reich et al.<Amen Samara et al.
Jack Rotner.<Harry Krichman.
Interpreters:<Thomas Pennachio.
Norman Janowitz,<George A. Bliss.
Arthur Goldsmith.<Sentences:
Motions:<Morris Postal.
Paul Sacks (2).<John J McGrath et al.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M.
U S<Samuel Sacharoff.
Bankruptcy calendar—
Discharges:<Marx Rivesman.
Louis Schoen.<Julius Gottfried.
Isidore Zimet.<Mutual Fur Dressing Corp.
Abram Zimet.<McLaughlin Real Estate Co.
Leona.
Joseph Bassi.
Stefano.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.
F. Start Contracting Co<Steam tug William V. R. Smith and ano.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Court of Appeals:
Hazard<Swayne et al<Buynofsky<L Val RR.
Court recesses today until Feb. 23.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—Litigation motions at 10:15 A. M.

Lusk<Lusk.<Pond<Masterlinck.
De Gensenbach<McGuire.<Combined Mfrs Expert Co<Serv Sta Equip.
Campa Corp<Thompson.<Omtkahank<Bowen (2)
Girschen<Sarasohn.<AshKonasi<Udse (2).
Lambert<Post.<Gibbeney<Howth.
Bloeser<Ecox.<Mandel<Guardian Holding Co.
Lawrence<Clinclair Oil, &c. Co.<Kenneth<Am Mfg Co
Morgan<Gambprecht, Lewin<Theophilatus.<Ruefl<Ruefl.
Hlubowsky<Held.<Hallahan<Hallahan.
Dorman<Dorman.<Re-Leff Button Co.
Re Woman's Land Army of Am.<Glassen<Oppenheim, Collins & Co.
Murphy<Bigelow (2).<Lawyers Mtg Co<Rosenfeld.
Re Sullivan & Co.<Grusmark<Rothstein.
Reagan<Reagan.<Claire<Brown.
Re Shatman (NY Fruit Exch).<Re Grinwold.
Bogart<Pettit.<Kyle<Gersets Corp.
Hirsch<Bush Term Co<Comerford.
Harder<Harder.<Bauch<Schultz.
People ex rel Vascarelli<Craig.<State Ind Com<Yurestin.
Power<Powers.<Coates<Zabinskie.
Cowles<Cowles.<Re State Ind Com<Cleary.
NY County Bakery & Lunch Rm Wheelen.<Sommers<Hercules Steel Co.
Halstead<Halstead.<Parsons<Parsons.
Re Northern Pac.<Van Hantzs<Syrian Orphs Cath Mis.
Portugal<Reiseman.<Kiesel<Kraus.
Woods<Rambeau.<Chelsea<Schafer.
First Nat Bk of Stamford<Same<Same<Bank of US<Peninsular State Bank.
Re Forrest.<Re People ex rel Scoleff<Sisson.
Cassola<Cassola.<Frankenstein<Polansky.
Rosenberg<Rosenberg.<Mut Sav Bank<Herrmann Rty Co.
Hollingshead<Hollingshead.<North River Ins Co<Gruen Holding Co.
Same<Same.<Donaldson<Birdseye (Phillips<Birdseye).
Dahlman<Dahlman.<Dahlman<Dallebori.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Tomlinson, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:

C. F. Wunsch Co<Same<Same<Bldg, &c, Co.
Hallow<Hallow.<Same<Wagner.
Penn RR Co.<Same<Waldner.
Same<Same.<Same<Waldner.
Rosenberg<Rosenberg.<Same<Kopp.
Hirschberg<Roads (3).<Schultz<Schultz.
Re Mooth (1,872 West 4th Av).<Surcane<Surcane.
Same<Same.<Finnigan<Finnigan.
Wood<Donald.<Eckerman<Eckerman.
Hessler<Hessler.<Same<Same.
Bauman<Norfolk & Western Ry.<Schaefers<Schaefers.
Pickering causes:<Tenney<Tenney.
Rothman<Rothman.<Aronstein<Aronstein.
Genesee<Genesee.<Same<Same.
Moss<Moss.<Bezem<Bezem.
Post<Post.<Kahn<Kahn.
Undefended divorces<Jordan<Jordan.
MacMillan<MacMillan.<Silverman<Silverman.
O'Halloran<O'Halloran.<Romano<Romano.
Same<Same.<Gordon<Gordon.
Goldberg<Goldberg.<Hofmann<Hofmann.
Stadstad<Stadstad.<Gruner<Gruner.
Allen<Allen.<Marmelstein<Marmelstein.
Bauch<Bauch.<Same<Same.
Fluger<Fluger.<Buskirk<Van Buskirk.
Carey<Carey.<Rinaldo<Rinaldo.
Armstead<Armstead.<Woodcock<Woodcock.
Surace<Surace.<Zeitchick<Zeitchick.
Russo<Russo.<Cohen<Cohen.
Young<Young.<Soracl<Soracl.
Alongi<Alongi.<Roland<Roland.
Cohen<Cohen.<Jarvis<Jarvis.
Miller<Miller.<Kamenkowitz<Kamenkowitz.
Solender<Solender.<Neuhaus<Neuhaus.
Guest<Guest.<Plaza<Plaza.
Martin<Martin.<Higgins<Higgins.
Ryk<Ryk.<Simonsen<Simonsen.
Licker<Licker.<Bernstein<Bernstein.
Ross<Ross.<Englieh<Englieh.
Scher<Scher.<Johnson<Johnson.
Brucker<Brucker.<Schwarz<Schwarz.
Silverman<Silverman.<Forbes<Forbes.
Kubowitsch<Kubowitsch.<Gerstein<Gerstein.
Jackson<Jackson.<Vielee<Vielee.
Kershner<Kershner.<Ball<Ball.
Burke<Burke.<Wagner<Wagner.
Lampert<Lampert.<Lobasso<Lobasso.
Oskison<Oskison.<Kelly<Kelly.
Clear.<Axelrod<Axelrod.
Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, Case on.

J.—At 10:30 A. M.

PART V.—Erlanger, Clear.

J.—At 10:30 A. M.

PARTS VI., VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Vernard<Vosaveta Realty Co.
Foreign Trade Co.<Chatham & Phenix N Bank<Baird.
Mucher<Italian Press Pub Assn.<N J Fidelity and Plate Glass Co<Breninger.
Reiser<Selma Waist Co.<Pac Fire Ins<same.
Same<Same.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq.—Cohen<Placed Realty Co.
Inq.—Litefsky<Siegel.
Inq.—Fleury<Republic Auto Trucking Co.
Inq.—Jackson<Gruman.
C Schnitzer<Knickerbocker Co.

W Schnitzer<same.
Gross<Wendell & Co.
Bass<Castellano.
Freundlich & Maller Inc<Appell.
Felitch<S P C A.
Kirschinsky<CNY.
Feder<NY Cons RR.
Kronson<Godenberg.
Roberts<NY Rys.
Katz<Chanler.
Brovinsky<List.
Stephens<Park & T(2)
Sapr<Nas Elec RR.
O'Brien<Int R T.
Malia<D. Schuldiner.
Raville<Leeming.
Lazarus<N Y Cent RR.
Langer<McLarney (2).
Ferrer<Guttman.
Bonit<Guttman.
Holson<Prazzo (2).
Lesser<Union Card & Paper Co.
Hughes<Graf (2).
Adelstein<I R T (2).
Edge<Union Ry.
Cook<Collin.
Fuchs<Nas Elec RR.
King<B H RR.
Marconi W T Co of Am<Universal Transp Co.
Haas<Purcell & Gilfeather Corp.
Crist<Friedel.
Glennon<Eagan.
Vanderharin<Allen.
Tous<Smolens.
Overton<CNY.
Andrew<Same.
Burrows<same.
Sachs<Simons.
Bush<W. L. Crow Const Co.
Gogelick<Stechmann.
Dolan<Kyle.
PART XIV.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Re Keefe.
Weiss<Ahn Burl Assn.
Gill<Gill.
Seligman<Ship Const & Trading Co.
Burtke<Carpenter.
Exp Bag & P Co<Ash.
Tucker<Clarke.
Empire Ltg Fix Co, Inc<Cutler.
J Aron & Co, Inc<Bassett.
Focht<Int Filtration Cp
Berlinger<S Diamond Silk Co.
CNY<Hedges.
De Winter & Co<NY C RR.
Slattery<Stansfeld.
Mufoubar<Sevier.
Nechmias<Uditsky.
Uneeda Lunch Co<Sayre.
Sanger & Jordan<Robbs-Merrill Co.
R. L. Davis, Inc<Southwestern Surety Co.
Rucker<Gest.
Voorhees Rubber Mfg<Stuart.
Parker<Trav Ins Co.
Nat Imp & Trading Co<Lenk.
Nat Surety Co<CNY.
Maldinado<All-Amer Mer Corp.
Cosiit<Cesiit.
Ettinger<Jadwin & Sons.
Moore<Allen.
Hunter<CNY.
Rosenzweig<Offenberg.
Kasanack<Mass Bond & Ins Co.
Schafter<Cohen & K.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., Amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—McCook, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Dudley, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Foley, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar:

Henry S Johnson,
Ludwig D Schuster,
John Schmidt,
Alfred G Compton,
Bernard Baff,
Wendelin J. Nauss,
William Frisch,
Virginia F. Williams,
Margaret C Browne, &c,
Jean A Pouy,
Samuel A Cunningham,
Hydesaburo Ohashi,
Sabina M. Knowlton,
Vito Loverro,
Malvina Rahming,
Rocco Pecora,
Michael Switzky,
Thereaina C. d'Aspremont,
William Kramer,
Edward B Bule,
Anna Heuslaw,
Sarah E Jones,
John Karen,
Charles Kaminski, &c,
Herman Litthauer,
Dimitri Evanoff, &c,
Tobias Frankenbaum, &c,
George F Fisher,
Hugh Fenelle,
Trifos Garofalon,
Giulio D Amico,
Gertrude F Barrett,
Alice Cook,
Zachary Davchik, &c,
Bridget Donnegan,
Margaret Lockwood,
Marcus Moore,
Daniel Cluni,
Thomas Murphy,
Jeanne Piuques,
George A Pearis, &c,
Peter Vasilion, &c,
Alice Young,
Gaetano Ipolito,
Maria Cacciato,
Theodore P Shonts,
Charles J Fuldner,
Michael Cuniey,
Adelaide Lagassi,
John Lechthaler,
Thomas S Nedham,
Annie Schaffer,
Max Manger.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will: Case on—Rose B Spang.

Cornelia D Banta,
William Collins,
Clement J Trowbridge,
Patrick Meagher,
Jacob Bieber,
Frederick K Trowbridge,
DeWitt C Hays,
Catherine Paris,
Gustav Falk,
Ellis J Paddock,
Ellen B Kennedy,
Caroline L. Macy,
Leon Platky,
Susannah El Labatut,
Nathan B Friedman,
Annie M Cummings,
Geraldine M Roeder,
Della Ryan,
Bella Morgenroth,
Adolph J Zellenka,
Aleck E Johnson,
Aaron Kornogid,
John C. Duncan,
Max Hilson,
Jacob Samberg,
Walter E Hildreth,
Lina Geallers,
Anna M Chambers,
William Chambers,
George H Winter,
Louisa A Mayer,
Mary Jennings,
Barbara Zanker,
William Brophy,
Israel Ertiascheck,
Frederick Mead,
Hugh F Trainor,
Israel Fuchs.

Wills for probate:
James W Pope,
Annie O Ahern,
Simon R Kendjian,
Mary L Heath,
Marion L Minott,
John Judge,
Julius Kaufeman,
Fannie Unger,
Louis Finkelstein,
Edwin N Nouss,
William Seegle,
Max Kapner,
Julie M Tournier,
Sarah A Small,
Harriet J Shafer,
Henry M Whitney,
Executor's acc't'g:
Asa B. Adams,
Mary A. Healy,
Gottfried Grieas,
Compulsory acc't'g:
James H. Lander,
Re estate:
Frank Webb.
Pet. to sell real estate:
Fannie G. Ferrick.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callahan, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Jaretsky<Klots.
Baruch<D G Dery, Inc
NY, NH & H RR<A.
Schweorer Const Co.
Arlington<Y & Q Co Ry.
Hopewell Dress Co<Chopak.
Myers<Lady Duff Gordon, Inc.
Schwortzwich & Goodman Co<Quitman.
Barnett Gollis & Son<Kass.
Schleuder<Warcotley.
Simon<Heuer.
Dicker<Krieger.
Taylor<Mansfield.
Tanz<Weintraub.
Cohen<Futterman.
McKelvey<Epstein.
Glass<Abramowitz.
Wallach<Mendelson & Levy.
Epstein.
Weinger<Karlinsky.
Bolippo Lbr Co<Menominee Elec Mfg.
Rosenwasser<Montrose Silk Mills.

PART II.—Ward, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Swee<Goffin.
Kurman<Cohen (2).
Goldstein<Borgenicht.
Weiner<Weltman.
Friedman<Sabiani.
Surut<Surut.
Seligberger<Hedges.
Goldberg<New Rep Am & Euro Shipg.
Federbush<Sherman.
Silverstein<Int R T.
Tuszie<Hedges.
Mossbito<same.
Davis<Maeder.
Rosenbluth<Fensterstock.
Edelstein<5th Av Coach Co.
Tobias<Royal Atlantic Rty Co.
Buenaventura<Compagnie Gen Trans.
Piro<Panama Cloak.
Sass<Pearing.
Sassoon<Southwell Wingate Co.
Marcus<Snyder.
Gilman<Salenstein.
Young<Mayers (3).
Nagel<Schaefer.
Rau<Int R T.
Tischler<Am Ry.
Carletta<Bell Imp Co (2).

Sanisio<Rubin.
Goldman<Glenmore Woolen Mills, Inc.
Liebman<Kornbluh.
La Brecque Co<E J Banton Light'ge Co.
Kats<Rosenberg.
Bigio<Knox.
Taft<Bessonette.
Zang<H Milgrim & Bros, Inc.
Falnow<same.
Roth<same.
Kohl<Bendrenner (2).
Mazzuco<Cushman's Sons, Inc (2).
Mulligan<Hedges (2).
Bailey<Migel.
Stern<Meyer Goldberg & Sons, Inc.
Day<Rodriguez.
Baltimore<Pollock.
Connor<McAdoo (2).
Disser<Carle.
Thayer<Warner (2).
S Casola & Bro, Inc<Hurwitch.
Square Waist Co<Lyonette Silk, Inc.
Rabinowitz<Talmud Torah Anshei Polen.
Scaglione<Schwarz.
Siegel<Heller.
Case on.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Lande<Remainder Rty Co.
PART II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Rizzalah<Drubin.
Fox<Schlechter.
Wind<Imp Dress Co.
Arnstein<Cohen.
Dick<same.
Moore<Press<Kennedy.
Fogel<Wacht.
Aitmen<Silberg.
Grau<Liebert.
Stern<Ehrenreich.
Delaney<Selleck.
Schwartz<Nenas.
Heron<Schiffner.
Unterberg<Old Dominion SS Co.
Taylor<Camo Co.
Broadhead<Ireland.
Littlefield Stables<Herman.
Simon<Heuer.
Schneider<Warcotley.
Heine & Co<Robinson.
1 West 69th St, Inc<Linder.
Brunswick Blk Wks, Inc<Botwick.
German<Saturansky.
Garland<Doll.
Hertzberg<Cornwell.
Meseritzky & Stollerman<Karp.
Opler Bros<Gelbert.
Central Dredging Co<Levy.
Bechet<Dalberg.

PART II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Scudder, J. No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M. Held in Trial Term, Part VI.

Friedman<Attanesio.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

PART V.—May, J.

Von Lehn, Jr<Beattie.
Graham Marx Const Co<Arfanotti.
Sutter<Nenninger.
Kaplan<Anderson.
Gold<Coucke.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Fawcett, J.—In Long Island City. Calendar called in Supreme Court, Part I., at 10 A. M.

Re Bell Avenue. Case on.
No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—In Long Island City. Calendar called in Part I., at 10 A. M. Criminal.

People<Kligus, indictment murder second degree.
Remainder of calendar passed for the day.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—At 10 A. M.

Reese<Reese (on trial)
Also for the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Morschauser, J.—Calendar will be called in Part I. on Monday next.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.

Wills for probate:
Mary S. Barnes,
John Cowan,
Peter McMahon,
W. F. Brush,
S. H. Halstead,
Mary J. Breese,
Pet. for adm'n:
Jane Seybold.
J. T. Donnelly.
John E. Hubbard.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Philadelphia, Pa., December 15, 1919.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 3½% FRENCH FRANC LOAN OF 1906, GUARANTEED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

The undersigned hereby give notice that the Pennsylvania Company has elected to redeem and has called for redemption on June 15th, 1920, the entire issue of certificates and obligations issued by the undersigned, the Girard Trust Company, pursuant to the agreement, dated May 25th, 1906, between the Pennsylvania Company, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the undersigned, payment of which certificates was assumed by the Pennsylvania Company and guaranteed by The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which said certificates are designated in said agreement as the Pennsylvania Company Three and Three-Quarter per cent. French Franc Loan of 1906, guaranteed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company," and has directed the undersigned to give notice pursuant to said agreement that the said certificates and obligations then outstanding will be paid off by the Pennsylvania Company at par and accrued interest either at the Central Banking House of the Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas or of the Credit Lyonnais, in the City of Paris, France, or, at the option of the holder, at any Agency of the said Banks in Brussels, Belgium, or, Geneva, Switzerland, on the same conditions as in Paris, and at the then rate of sight exchange on Paris; and that interest on the said certificates and obligations will cease on and after June 15th, 1920.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By E. B. MORRIS, President.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Co-Trustee.
EDWARD W. SHELDON, President.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 2d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1919, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be obtained therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,217.50, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be addressed to the Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for the Surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

Dated January 4, 1920.

Cumberland 5% Debenture Bonds, due February 1, 1920, will be paid at Fourth and First National Bank, Nashville, Tenn., on and after January 31st. No interest accrues thereon after date of maturity.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, INCORPORATED.
By J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

Cent Consum W & L Co<Meyers.
Richter<New Amsterdam Gas Co.
Bachwald<Rothstein.
Rubin<Cohn.
Burkowitz<Weinstein
Wellesley Mass Bond & Ins Co.<Morck<Foreign Products Co.
Economy Tirson Co<People's Nat F Ins.
Beck<British-Am Assurance Co.
Wright<De Mesa.
Clear.

PART IV.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Met Life Ins Co<Kahlen—Margaret M. Burnet. Re Pottier (3)—Charles K. Beekman.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Beatty<US Trust Co—Edward E. McCall. Black<Millett—Frederick W. Frost. Re Turkewitz—Myron Sulsberger. Re Heller—Richard J. D. Keating.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Keeveney<Chaitin—John J. Farrell.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Julius Ruff<Simon Engel (2)—Nicholas B. Walsh.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Simon Maslan<Samuel Orioff—Samuel Orioff.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mullan, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J. Motion calendar.

Stadacona Co<Devoe.
Southworth<Bracken.
Schrader<Wilson.
Frieling<Newmark.
Pollack<Farley.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mullan, J

Ginsberg<Ginsberg.

TRIAL TERM—Delehanty, J.

Case on—Liphitz<Well.
No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Whitaker, J.—Cases on.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.

TRIAL TERM—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.

Kingler<Hooks Bldg. Mulvaney<I R T.
Phillip<173d St Rty(2) Simon<Scherin.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Cole<Downey—Julius H Beckwith.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J. Dora Frank<Klasser et al—Edward L Van Orden.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department. Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department. Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J. At 10 A. M. Motions:

Witherell<Kelly.
McCarty<Dickerson.
Durham<Balmuth Furniture Co.
Peper<Woolley.
Eisenberg<Schecht.
State Ind Comm<Bernstein.
Cohen<Jacobs.
Schroeder<Sylvester.
Freeth<Freeth.
Re Bank of Flatbush.
Tripoli<Socets di Navigazoni, &c.
Hanft<Hanft.
Siemerling<Siemerling.
Re Bklyn Trust Co (Steenken).
Blonde<Fox Varieties.
Zeman<Levy.
Bogarte<Prior.
Re Thurber.
Milton Trucks Co<Kahn.
Turner<Levine.
Roberts<Lambert.
Obalski & Sweeney, Inc<Baldwin Harbor Realty Co.
Herrmann<Herrman.
Re Sulphin Road (Clark).
Levy<Levy.
Morchick<Smith.
Pollack<Feldman (2).
Kissen<Kissen.

PART II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Scudder, J. No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M. Held in Trial Term, Part VI.

Friedman<Attanesio.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S. No day calendar.

County Court.

PART V.—May, J.

Taylor<Picaso.
People<Krauss.
Re W 22d St (Children's Aid Soc'y).
Re Pipitone.
McFarlan<Rolnick.
Re Voegele.
Wolff<Berkowitz.
Noah<Noah.
Blonde<Fox Varieties.
Sakal<Zahas.
Re Lawyers Mtg Co.

Sutter<Nenninger.
Kaplan<Anderson.
Gold<Coucke.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Fawcett, J.—In Long Island City. Calendar called in Supreme Court, Part I., at 10 A. M.

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No day calendar.

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Reese<Reese (on trial)
Also for the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

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John Cowan,
Peter McMahon,
W. F. Brush,
S. H. Halstead,
Mary J. Breese,
Pet. for adm'n:
Jane Seybold.
J. T. Donnelly.
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Philadelphia, Pa., December 15, 1919.

TO THE HOLDERS OF PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 3½% FRENCH FRANC LOAN OF 1906, GUARANTEED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

The undersigned hereby give notice that the Pennsylvania Company has elected to redeem and has called for redemption on June 15th, 1920, the entire issue of certificates and obligations issued by the undersigned, the Girard Trust Company, pursuant to the agreement, dated May 25th, 1906, between the Pennsylvania Company, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the undersigned, payment of which certificates was assumed by the Pennsylvania Company and guaranteed by The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which said certificates are designated in said agreement as the Pennsylvania Company Three and Three-Quarter per cent. French Franc Loan of 1906, guaranteed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company," and has directed the undersigned to give notice pursuant to said agreement that the said certificates and obligations then outstanding will be paid off by the Pennsylvania Company at par and accrued interest either at the Central Banking House of the Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas or of the Credit Lyonnais, in the City of Paris, France, or, at the option of the holder, at any Agency of the said Banks in Brussels, Belgium, or, Geneva, Switzerland, on the same conditions as in Paris, and at the then rate of sight exchange on Paris; and that interest on the said certificates and obligations will cease on and after June 15th, 1920.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By E. B. MORRIS, President.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Co-Trustee.
EDWARD W. SHELDON, President.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 2d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1919, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be obtained therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,217.50, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be addressed to the Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for the Surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

Dated January 4, 1920.

Cumberland 5% Debenture Bonds, due February 1, 1920, will be paid at Fourth and First National Bank, Nashville, Tenn., on and after January 31st. No interest accrues thereon after date of maturity.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, INCORPORATED.
By J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER FOR ORDINARY SHARES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Members of the Company held on the Twenty-seventh day of January, 1920, after the passing of a Resolution for increasing the Capital of the Company by the creation of additional Ordinary Shares it was resolved:

That out of the said additional Shares and the other unissued Ordinary Shares for the time being of the Company there shall, on or about the Tenth day of February, 1920, be offered to the Members on the Register of Ordinary Shareholders on the Twenty-eighth day of January, 1920, and the holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary shares on the same date new shares in the proportion of one share for every two existing Ordinary Shares (ignoring shares which are not complete multiples of two and not allowing Registered Shares and Share Warrants to Bearer to be added together for the purpose of acceptance) held by them at the price of £1 per share payable to one of the Bankers of the Company in London on the acceptance of the offer namely on the Seventh day of April, 1920 and that such offer be made as to holders of registered ordinary shares by notice specifying the number of shares to which the member is entitled and stating that if it is not accepted and payment made on or before the above-mentioned date it will be deemed to be declined and as to holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares by such advertisement as the Directors shall deem advisable. Such advertisement shall state that holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares must in the first instance and on or before the Seventh day of April, 1920, deposit with one of the Bankers in London an appropriate Coupon (to be indicated by the Directors) as evidence of ownership. Provided always that the dates in all or any of the before-mentioned cases may be extended to a later date in the absolute discretion of the Directors. Upon such deposit being made the Company shall be deemed to make to the Depositor an offer of the number of shares to which he is entitled and the advertisement shall require the Depositor in every case to forthwith sign a form of acceptance for such Shares which will be supplied for the purpose and to pay the sum of £1 in respect of each share accepted. If in any case a Shareholder shall not signify his acceptance and make payment of the said sum within the time specified or such extended time as may be fixed by the Directors as aforesaid the offer will be deemed to be declined and the Directors may dispose of all Shares not accepted and paid for within the prescribed time in response to such offers in such manner as they may consider expedient in the interest of the Company. The said Shares shall rank for dividend as from the Seventh day of April, 1920, or the date of issue of the particular Shares whichever shall be later.

To enable the holders of Share Warrants to Bearer for Ordinary Shares to subscribe for the new shares which they will be entitled they must in the first instance and on or before the Seventh day of April, 1920, deposit Coupon No. 78 attached to each Warrant held by them as evidence of ownership at one of the under-mentioned Banks, namely:

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL & UNION BANK OF ENGLAND LIMITED, SAVOY COURT, 96 & 97, STRAND, LONDON, W. C. 2, OR 15, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C. 2.

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, WESTMINST

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

SUGAR PROFITEERING CHARGE DISPROVED

A. H. Lamborn Shows That Federal Authorities Permitted Sale Netting $125,000.

WOOLEN MEN SUMMONED

Reports of Hoarding to be Investigated — Government Opinion Asked on Bread Price.

Federal Food Administrator Arthur Williams decided yesterday afternoon in the complaint made against A. H. Lamborn of Lamborn & Co., 129 Front Street, sugar merchants, that the firm was not guilty of profiteering in disposing of 1,000 tons of sugar, purchased for export, for 15 cents a pound about the first of December last. A. H. Lamborn of Lamborn & Co. appeared before Mr. Williams yesterday afternoon with letters both from the Sugar Equalization Board and Howard C. Figg of Washington, Special Attorney General in charge of food prosecutions, to show that before disposing of the sugar the firm secured the permission of the proper Government authorities. In view of this fact Mr. Williams said that there was nothing he could do but give the firm "a clean bill of health."

The matter was brought to the attention of the Food Administration by George R. Cohen, a United States District Attorney of Hartford, Conn., where the firm sold 100 tons of sugar at 15 cents a pound.

Mr. Williams said that Mr. Lamborn explained to him that he purchased 6,000 tons of sugar for export from the Sugar Equalization Board; that all the orders had been filled the firm found that it had on hand 1,000 tons of sugar. This sugar, Mr. Williams said, having been purchased for export, could not be disposed of in this country without the permission of the Government authorities. There was a European demand for the remaining 1,000 tons at 15 cents. There also was a scarcity of sugar in this country at the time. The sugar was originally purchased from the Sugar Equalization Board at 9 cents.

Instead of exporting the surplus to Europe the company sought and obtained permission to sell the sugar in this country at the price they would have received in Europe, Mr. Williams said, and he commended the firm in taking this action. The company, Mr. Williams said, could not have done otherwise than it did except to voluntarily give up its profits, which amounted to some $125,000.

Alleged hoarders of woolens are to be summoned today before Mr. Williams, who said that he had obtained a list of some of the brokers reported to be hoarding.

Complaint was made to Mr. Williams' office yesterday that Cushman's store at 49 Church Street, had increased the price of bread 2 cents on all loaves. He immediately got in touch with H. B. Cushman & Co., bakers, 18 Greenwich Street, and the management explained that an increase of 2 cents a loaf had been made. The reason for this action was that they are baking 16 ounce loaves, while most of the other bakers in the city are making 14 or 15 ounce loaves. Mr. Williams notified the Administration at Washington of the increase in price and asked that an accountant to examine the books of the firm to ascertain whether there is any profiteering in the new price.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

HOUSTON ST, 170 East, corner store and basement; Israel Wien to Samuel Meyer, 162 East Houston St, 5 years from May 1, 1920; attorneys, Engel Bros., 132 Nassau St.; per mo. $325

LUDLOW ST, 114, two stores, basement and small house in rear; Jos. Kantrowitz to Sam'l Horowitz, 201 Ross St., B'klyn, 5 years from May 1, 1920; attorneys, Koppelman & W., 144 Rivington St. $1,580

PARK PL, 43, all; Duncan Realty Co. to Artemas Ward (Ward & Gow), 5 East 78th St, 10 years from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Everett, C. & S., 37 Wall St. $7,500

READE ST, 106-108, rear ½ of first loft; David Stroyman, firm D. Stroyman Shoe Co., to Posner & Cohen, the like premises; 3 3-12 years from Nov. 1, 1919 ..... $900

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 651-653, all; Thomas McPartland and another to Joseph H. McCarthy, 129 Sherman Av, and another, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Abraham Wieler, 281 Broadway $3,600

2D AV, 1759, all; Marianna Bow to Frederick Gusenberger, on the premises, 10 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Chas. M. Howard, 217 West 125th St $1,750

4TH ST, 197 East, the land; Wm. W. Astor to Louis Peter, 197 East 4th St, 20 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Morris Culker, 63 Park Row; rent, &c., and $850

5TH AV, s e corner of 45th St, stores 3 and 4 in Hotel Lorraine; United Cigar Stores Co. of America to Droppes Realty Corp. from May 1, 1919, to Oct. 1, 1923; attorneys, Frankfort & Frankfort, 37 Wall St. $6,500

5TH AV, 709, third floor; Dikran G. Kelekian to Arthur Tooth, firm Arthur Tooth & Son, London, England, 1 year from Nov. 1, 1919, option to renew to April 30, 1926; attorneys, Currie, S. & M., 32 Broadway $6,500

7TH AV, 322-324, n w corner of 28th St, all; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. trustee, to Morris W. Weinstein, 45 West 110th St, et al., 10 years from May 1, 1920, 10 years' renewal; attorneys, Miller & B., 52 Liberty St. ..... Gold, $9,000

7TH AV, 230, all; Dowdy Realty Co. to Benjamin Winters, 230 7th Av, 9½ years from June 1, 1919 ..... $2,500

32D ST, 43-47 West, west store and basement; U. S. Lunch Co. to Lincoln Dress Co. et al., from Feb. 1, 1920, to June 1, 1925; attorney, M. E. Relburn, 277 Broadway $10,000

34TH ST, 126 West, all; Charles L. Tappin to Simon Frutkin, firm Sally Co., 126 West 34th St, 21 years, from May 1, 1920 ..... $12,000 to $16,000

44TH ST, 123 West, east store; Jno. Rankin, proprietor Hotel Gerard, to Chas. F. Agneta, 111 West 44th St, extended lease of 2 years from May 1, 1920; attorney, L. Carreau, 756 6th Av. $1,500

57TH ST, 17 West, part main floor and part of basement; Jeannette Freedman to Chas. Kopp, 58 East 34th St, 3 years from Nov. 15, 1920 ..... $7,500

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,662, store; Trask Building Co. to Celia Lippman, 1,662 Boston Road, 10 years from Dec. 1, 1919; attorney, Lippman, 1,662 Boston Road $570

BROOK AV, 192, cor store; Anna M. Sottong to Wm. Shernstein, 492 East 141st St, 3 yrs from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, Wm. Shorstein, 102 West 125th St $900

HOME ST, 736, store; Clinton Wheaton Co. to Isadore Fiechner, 736 Home St, 3 yrs from Dec. 1, 1919; attorney, I. Fiechner, 736 Home St. $588

PROSPECT AV, 1,109, store; Ethan Botwin to Victor Shamilan, 1,109 Prospect Av, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1920; attorney, M. Horfman, 208 Broadway $840

RIVERSIDE DR, 2,065, all; Herman Benz to Harry Fein, 999 Simpson St, 3 yrs from Sept. 1, 1920; attorney, N. Finkelstein, 63 Park Row $4,800

WHITE PLAINS AV, 4,450, s s, store; Anna Fleig to Max Fleig, 2,318 Bryant Ave, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, O. E. J. Helstadt, 4,438 White Plains Av. $180

3D AV, 912, all; Chas. O. Fendrych to David B. Levy, 1,000 Prospect Av, and ano, 5 yrs from 1,831, 1, 1920; attorney, M. C. Onscon, 100 B'way $4,200

1418ST ST, 864-8 East, all; 894 East 141st St. Holding Co. to Payson Varnish Co., Inc., 5 yrs from Sept. 22, 1919; attorney, Payson Varnish Co., Inc., 804-8 East 141st St. $2,000

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Bronx.

181TH ST, n e corner of Hughes Av, 22x70; James G. Wentz, loans; Russo Const. Co. Inc., to erect a two-story building containing stores and loft; (3 payments) $15,000.00

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 105th St, 71.8x 145x irregular; Arrow Holding Corp. against T. J. McLaughlin's Sons, specific performance; attorney, H. Ziesler.

GREENWICH AV, 107, John F. Cosgrove against Joseph Cosgrove et al., partition; attorney, R. W. Cromley.

PARK AV, 1,000, corner of Greenwich St, 79.4x27.6; Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y. against Edna Tull et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Miller, King, Labs & Trafford.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 149th St, 102x178.1; Heights Social Club against M. H. E. Building Corp.; specific performance; attorney, D. S. Kaufman.

137TH ST, n s, 175 ft e of 1228 St, 33.5x109.10, except parts released; Harry Bliefier against John Coleman, specific performance; attorney, M. Grossfield, Jr.

Bronx.

LOT 8 map of 108 lots belonging to Hudson P. Ross Co., known as the Coster Estate; Mamie Cappiello against Amo Realty & Const. Co., Inc., et al.; specific performance of contract; attorney, G. J. Cuddeback.

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 246.7 ft e of 180th St, 20x200; Sarah Birns against Rex Holding Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. H. Friedrich.

BUILDING LEASED FROM THE PLANS

Pathe Exchange, Inc., Pays $1,365,000 for Use of New Structure Until 1942.

OPERA COMPANY BUYS

Property Owners to Favor Madison Avenue Widening at Public Hearing Today.

Trading was light in the realty market yesterday as compared with the activity of the early part of the week. A number of apartment house properties changed ownership, but they were all under the seven-figure class.

An important transaction in the Times Square section was closed by the Pathé Exchange, Inc., now located at 25 West Forty-fifth Street, which has leased from plans from the Emerson Building Company the twelve-story building to be erected at 35-39 West Forty-fifth Street, 59 by 100. The lease calls for an annual rental of $65,000 from the time of the completion of the building and extending to Jan. 1, 1942.

The Emerson Building Company recently acquired the site through Hall J. How & Co. For the first twenty-one-year term the rental will aggregate $1,365,000.

MADISON AVENUE WIDENING.

Proposition to be Given Final Hearing Today.

Final action will be taken today by the Board of Estimate on the proposition to remove all building projections and widen Madison Avenue between Thirty-third and Forty-second Streets and from Forty-sixth to Sixty-first Street.

The resolution calling for the improvement, which has been given several public hearings, provides that all stoops, bay windows, and cellar excavations extending into the street be removed or so altered as to bring them within the property line. These changes would give a thoroughfare eighty feet in width, allowing fifty-four feet for the street and thirteen feet for sidewalk on each side.

If the resolution is passed the Borough President is empowered to remove at once all structures that extend beyond the property line.

A large delegation of property owners and business men interested in Madison Avenue and the adjacent streets will attend today's hearing and speak in favor of it. Laurence Elliman of Pease & Elliman, who represent a large number of Madison Avenue interests, said last evening that the improvement should be made at once, as the constantly increasing traffic is badly congested at Forty-sixth Street, where Madison Avenue narrows like the neck of a bottle.

The blocks from Forty-second to Forty-sixth Street have already been widened. The demand for the widening from Thirty-third to Forty-second is not so great, according to Mr. Elliman.

L. I. ESTATES SOLD.

J. P. Morgan Buys Dana Property—Homes for Oak Grove Site.

The thirty-five-acre estate of Paul Dana on West Island, Glen Cove, Long Island, has been sold to J. Pierpont Morgan, whose country place adjoins. The property, which is valued at $300,000, was once the country home of Charles A. Dana. It is located in Long Island Sound, and bridges connect it and East Island with Glen Cove. The southern end of West Island is occupied by the estate of the late William L. Harkness.

Mr. Morgan acquired East Island in 1910 from the Jacob estate. Both islands have interesting historical associations, dating back more than two hundred and fifty years.

The site of Oak Grove House at Tiana, Good Ground, L. I., with its gardens, land, cottages and bathing beach, has been purchased by the Long Island Seashore Company, Manhattan, which will immediately cut the property up into villa plots.

Oak Grove House was one of the best-known hotels until destroyed by fire several years ago. The property is diagonally across the bay from the estate of Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall.

LEASING MARKET ACTIVE.

Extensive Alterations Planned to Many Structures.

Pease & Elliman leased space in the National Association Building now under construction on the north side of Forty-third Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, to the National Thrift Bond Association and to the American Calculating Machine Company.

Robert L. McGehee, in conjunction with Francis B. Robert, leased for W. H. Browning to Scammel-Water Garage Company the northwest corner of Pearl and Hague Streets for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $150,000. The plot contains about three lots, and will be improved by the lessees.

George R. Read & Co. leased for Otto Grimmer, for a long term of years, the entire buildings at 232 and 234 East Thirty-seventh Street and a floor in the building adjoining at 230 to the Nurses' Outfitting Association.

Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., leased for the Lockwood Trade Journal Company part of the fifth floor in the building at 8 and 10 East Thirty-ninth Street to the Austinol Chemical Company for a term of years.

Hattie M. Frank leased the fourth, fifth, and sixth lofts at 492 and 494 Broome Street to the Francisco Arango Company, William J. Seidenberg, President, at an aggregate rental of $52,500. Brett Goode Company was the broker.

The Dimick estate leased the dwelling at 240 West Seventy-second Street for a term of years to a builder who will remodel the property into apartments. Louis P. Dowdney was the broker. The aggregate rental is about $50,000.

Henry Shapiro & Co. leased for Brown, Wheelock & Co. space in the Guaranty Trust Building, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, to Harry Wind, and for the St. Regis Holding Company the first loft at 520 Sixth Avenue to L. Cohen & Son.

The H. M. Weill Company leased for a period of twenty-one years for Mary A. Booth the property at 205 West Thirty-eighth Street, 40 feet west of Seventh Avenue. The lessee will make extensive alterations and use part of the building for his own occupancy. He will pay about $120,000 during the life of the lease. The same broker leased to the Harvey Lunch Company in connection with Cross & Brown, for the Kennard estate, the property 365 and 367 Seventh Avenue, two old buildings, which will be demolished.

Morris Krim leased, through Henry Brady, from Patrick McCarthy, the southwest corner of Rector and Greenwich Streets for a term of twenty years, at a rental aggregating $400,000. The lessee will alter the property into offices.

White-Goodman leased the top loft at 11 West Seventeenth Street to the C & S Dress Company; the fifth loft at 29 West Twenty-sixth Street to Goldstein & Wallace; the fourth loft at 39 East Thirty-first Street to Bloom & Finkelstein; a loft at 28 West Twenty-fifth Street to Pomerantz, Adelman & Wasserman, and the store at 152 Madison Avenue to the Hillside Silk Company.

Samuel Phato of Frederick Zittel & Sons leased for Mrs. C. Dyckman to the Buick Motor Company the six-story building on a plot 50 by 100 feet, at 218 and 220 West Eighty-fourth Street. The lessee will alter the property into a service station. The lease is for a term of twenty-one years and aggregates $200,000.

The United Cigar Stores Company leased for a long term of years from the American Real Estate Company three large stores located in the Johnson Building, at the junction of Westchester and Prospect Avenues, and directly at the Prospect Avenue subway station.

T. B. Hidden Sale Continued.

An official of the Empire Trust Company stated yesterday that arrangements had been made for the sale of the Thomas B. Hidden property at 348 and 350 Madison Avenue and 18 to 22 East Forty-fifth Street, adjoining the home of Brooks Brothers, and forming an "L" around the southwest corner of those thoroughfares.

The property measures 40 feet on Madison Avenue and 58 feet on Forty-fifth Street. The name of the prospective buyer was not revealed.

Metropolitan Opera Company Buys.

The Metropolitan Opera Company bought from Charles M. Bleecker and others the six-story warehouse on a plot 25 by 98.9 feet at 312 West Forty-first Street. The Metropolitan Company have been tenants of the building for many years. The structure was held at $60,000. Horace S. Ely & Co. were the brokers.

Completes Plot for Garment Building

H. M. Weill Company sold for the Forty-eighth Street Realty Company to a client in the cloak and suit trade 219 and 221 West Thirty-fifth Street, near Seventh Avenue, 42 by 100. This completes a plot 130 by 100, on which will be erected a sixteen-story loft building to accommodate the cloak and suit trade.

Sells Lofts and Warehouses.

Max Goodman sold to F. C. Linde Hamilton Co., Inc., the two six-story warehouses on a plot 51 by 125 irregular held at $150,000, and to the G. M. J. B. Realty Company the eight-story loft on a plot 50 by 80 feet at 28 and 30 East Fourth Street held at $150,000. Weschler & Kahn represented the sellers of both properties.

Apartment House Trading.

Louis P. Dowdney sold for the Empire Trust Company, as trustee, the property at 120 and 125 Riverside Drive, two nine and twelve story fireproof apartment houses held at $800,000. The Naverne Realty Company is the buyer.

Charles Galewski bought from Simon Sicheo the Mecklenburg, a six-story elevator apartment house at 600 West 146th Street, southwest corner of Broadway, on a plot 99.11 by 100 feet, renting for $40,000 and held at $400,000. Fischer Realty Company were the brokers.

John Finck sold for Oscar L. Thomas and Rush Goddard, President of the West Indies Steamship Company, the six-story elevator apartment at 520 West 139th Street on a plot 100 by 100 with a yearly rental of $30,000 and held at $210,000; for Frank Lugar, the six-story apartment, 100 by 100 at 426-432 West 122d Street, renting for $31,000 and held at $220,000; for Lillian Seeholzer, the five-story apartment, 40 by 100, at 444 West 134th Street renting for $8,000 and held at $54,000.

Jules Nehring sold for the Gamble-Brown Realty Company, to an investor, the Highcliff, a six-story elevator apartment house on a plot 100 by 100, on the southeast corner of 177th Street and Audubon Avenue. The property was held at $200,000.

Max Cohen and Charles Kimmelman purchased the Rockcliffe, a seven-story elevator apartment house, with stores, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 151st Street, and the adjoining six-story apartment at 572-574 West 141st Street, on a plot 120 by 100, renting for $45,000 and held at $350,000.

Loft Deals.

The Lebertan Corporation purchased from Eva B. Browning the six-story store and loft building at 73 Warren Street, 25 by 75. George R. Read & Co. were the brokers.

John Finck sold for the Hyde Real Estate Corporation the seven-story loft on a plot 50 by 114 feet at 127 and 129 West Twenty-fourth Street, and for Mrs. Margaret Demarest the four-story loft at 32 West Houston Street.

Frederick Brown sold to Joseph Personeni, an importer, 759 Greenwich Street, between Bank and West Eleventh Streets, a six-story loft building, 21 by 70.4. Mr. Personeni now occupies the property.

Thomas J. O'Reilly sold for the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, the two four-story and basement buildings at 409 and 411 East Fifty-second Street on a plot 47 by 98.9, to A. G. Richter, who will make extensive improvements for his own business. The holding price was $20,000.

Max Marx purchased from Grace Sands Montgomery 65 Varick Street, a four-story business building, with elevator, on plot 22 by 62.3, through Camman, Voorhees & Floyd. The property was held at $35,000.

William J. Rooms & Co., Inc., sold for the estate of Charlotte B. Wittemore the five-story building at 123 East Twenty-third Street on a plot 28 by 100. The buyer, J. J. O'Brien & Son, stationers and printers, will improve the building.

Buyers for Dwellings.

The firm of Leonard J. Carpenter sold for Lynde Catlin, 6 Livingston Place, the former residence of Nicholas William Stuyvesant Catlin, together with the abutting property at 320 East Sixteenth Street, to the New York Infirmary for Women and Children.

Daniel B. Freedman bought through Slawson & Hobbs from Mrs. Henriques the four-story dwelling at 22 West Seventieth Street, on a plot 19 by 55 by 102.2 feet.

J. P. & E. J. Murray sold the dwelling at 136 East 110th Street to the tenant.

O'Reilly & Dahn resold for Harry Aronson to a client for occupancy 474 West 142d Street, a four-story American basement dwelling, on a lot 16 by 100 feet.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from the Broadway Savings Institution 211 West 138th Street, a three-story private dwelling, on a lot 16.8 by 99.11, valued at $16,000. Harry Sugarman was the broker.

Slawson & Hobbs sold for Daniel B. Freeman the dwelling, 19 by 55 by 100 feet, at 125 West Eighty-eighth Street, and for Brown Wheelock Company, acting for Clark Swords, at the dwelling, on a lot 25 by 90 by 102.2 feet, at 18 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Moore, Schutte & Co. sold for Mrs. Emma H. Worcester to the American Realty Company the three-story and basement private dwelling at 402 West 144th Street.

Tucker, Speyers & Co. sold for Captain W. Wheeler the four-story and English basement dwelling, 17 by 105 feet, at 242 West Seventieth Street held at $30,000.

Investors Buy Tenements.

John Finck sold 46 Pike Street, a five-story remodeled tenement, 25 by 100, price $80,000, and for John T. and Sarah Frances Britton, the two five-story flats at 121 and 123 West 137th Street, for $50,000.

Harry Levy in conjunction with Nehring & Co. sold to Hyman Schwartz a five-story triple flat at 616 and 618 West 182d Street, on a plot 50 by 70 feet, and held at $55,000.

Alfred Olenick in conjunction with A. Levy sold 35 West 144th Street, a five-story single flat to Jacob Schneider for investment.

A. G. Thompson Company sold 2,255 and 2,557 Seventh Avenue, two five-story flat houses, with four stores, for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, to one of their clients for investment.

M. H. Tropauer sold for the Terrace Holding Company 2,268 Seventh Avenue, a five-story and basement single flat, on lot 19.10 by 80, to a client for investment. The property was held at $30,000.

Mrs. Fannie Mannheimer sold to a client of Nathan Schwartz the five-story tenement on a plot 37.6 by 111 feet at 204 West 148th Street.

The Bronx Market.

D. A. Trotta sold for Frederick Gambel 281 East 154th Street, lot 25 by 100, improved with two dwellings.

Joseph Metzger sold for L. Levy to Meisel & Co. two six-story apartments, 37.6 by 100 feet each, at 1,180 Simpson Street, and 908 Freeman Street.

Harry Cahn has sold to J. C. H. Woebcke, a two-story and basement dwelling at 3,137 Corlear Avenue, on a lot 25 by 99. Daniel W. Foley & Son were the brokers.

Cahn & Cahn sold to Eugene Savar 2,386 Creston Avenue, a two-family dwelling and garage, near Fordham Road and Concourse, on lot 25 by 95. Joseph Meyer was the broker.

Lott & Sterns sold for Miss Rose A. Sica, the two-family frame dwelling at 498 East 143d Street on a lot 25 by 100 to Thomas Dwyer; also the same brokers, in conjunction with George Costar, for the same owner the two-family brick dwelling at 452 East 135th Street, on a lot 16.8 by 100, to a client.

Joseph G. Haft purchased from M. H. Mann 1,049 and 1,053 Simpson Street, on a plot 87 by 100, two five-story apartments. The rental is $18,000, and held at $120,000.

S. H. Frankenheim sold for the estate of William O'Gorman to the C. R. M. Realty Company 417 to 441 East 139th Street, and 468 and 470 East 140th Street, six three-story brick dwellings on lots 17 by 100 each; also 439 to 481 East 141st Street, three three-story brick dwellings.

Brooklyn Realty News.

The Bulkley & Horton Company sold 108 Hall Street, a one-family dwelling, 16 by 100, to John Angus for occupancy.

Meister Builders, Inc., purchased 245 Seventh Street, a three-story three-family brick house, on a lot 19.3 by 100.

Queens Borough Transactions.

The Northeastern Supply Company sold to the Lauraine Magneto Company, Inc., the factory building, 100 by 150, on the north side of Thirteenth Street, east of Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City.

The Nichols Copper Company has added to its extensive holdings at Laurel Hill, Long Island City, by the purchase of a plot 50 by 112, from the trustees of St. Patrick's Cathedral, at the junction of the holdings of both near Borden Avenue.

J. Ruff sold to M. R. Grace, a plot 60 by 100, with improvements, on the west side of West End Avenue, south of Washington Avenue, Rockaway Park.

The Cranston Construction Company sold through the office of Frank J. Magerle the southeast corner of Jamaica Avenue and 110th Street, a two-story business building. The owner will make extensive alterations and will occupy the premises after its completion.

Herman Frankfort sold for Cushman, Inc., Jacob Gold and Peter Tessler an acre of ground, situated on the north side of the boulevard at Fifty-second Street, Averne.

Samuel Sprung sold for a client a twelve-room dwelling at 43 South Hamels Avenue, Rockaway Beach, L. I., to Sam Friedman and Israel Lehrer, and a fourteen-room dwelling at Orienta Avenue, Belle Harbor, to Rose D. Solomon.

Westchester County Sales.

L. Steindler of New York City purchased the McKnight place on Mount Pleasant Avenue, Mamaroneck. The house is on a plot of about two acres. Olcott & Egger were the brokers.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Westchester Syndicate a plot on Alexander Avenue, Battle Hill Park section of White Plains, to Charles Burchill of Battle Hill Park.

Fish & Marvin sold for the Cushman and Janvrin estates a tract at Bronxville, comprising over eighteen acres, held at $100,000; for Francis E. Falkenbury his property at Cedar Knolls, Bronxville, to Walter A. Shaw, held at $18,000, and for William D. Riley his property at Cedar Knolls, Bronxville, to John F. Mallen. The property was held at $35,000.

Howe & Thompson sold for William J. Henderson his residence in the Greenacres section to John W. Thomas

New Jersey Deals.

The estate of Clara J. Teas, through Louis Schlesinger, Inc., sold the property at 471 Clinton Avenue, Newark, northwest corner of Hunterdon Street, to the Union Building Company. The property has a frontage of 30 feet on Clinton Avenue and 100 feet on Hunterdon Street. The buyer will improve the property.

Title has been taken by Horace M. Kilborn to the property at Deal which he purchased from the estate of Frank W. Woolworth at the auction sale held last August by Joseph P. Day. The property consisted of the block front on the south side of Deal Esplanade, between Norwood Avenue and Stratford Place.

Realty Note.

Thomas Curran is the buyer of 2,015 Second Avenue.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

New Buildings.

163d St, n e corner Teller Av, five-story brick tenement, 157x83; Niewenhous Bros., Inc., owners; Siebrand H. Niewenhous, 368 East 163d St, President; Erb & Henkel, 369 East 163d St, architects; cost $200,000.

Barkley Av, s w corner Dean Av, one-story frame bungalow, 18x15; Paul J. Schmitz, 1,906 Bryant Av, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost $1,000.

Lexington Av, 1,322 and 1,324; for a six-story hospital, 40x73; Beth David Hospital, 1,326 Lexington Av, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

27th St, 221 West, to a four-story store and factory; M. Blid et al, 806 Prospect Av, owners; I. Margon, 359 East 149th St, architect; cost $6,000.

28th St, 243 West, to a four-story tenement; estate J. W. Dimick, 156 Broadway, owner; J. H. Knubel, 305 West 43d St, architect; cost $3,000.

Madison Av, n e corner 59th St, to a four-story store and offices; L. Schlesinger, owner; Buchman & Kohn, 56 West 45th St, architects; cost $7,500.

29th St, 210 West; to a three-story workshop; S. Greenstein, 206 West 29th St, owner; C. M. Straub, 147 4th Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

Columbus Av, 301; to a seven-story store and apartment; Rossman Realty Co., 118 Manhattan Av, owner; J. H. Cocker, 2,017 5th Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Madison Av, 1,992; to a four-story dwelling; A. Weissman, 326 East 21st St, owner; L. A. Hornum, 405 Lexington Av, architect; cost, $8,000.

Broome St, 298 and 300; to two five-story tenements and stores; M. Shidlovsky, 1,333 Broadway, owner; C. B. Meyers, 1 Union Square West, architect; cost, $3,000.

106th St, 116 West; to a two-story garage and store; Singer Sewing Machine Co., premises, owner; P. L. Schultz, Union Hill, N. J., architect; cost, $3,000.

62d St, 169 East; to a three-story dwelling; Mrs. C. A. Woods, 205 East 62d St, owner; F. J. Murray, 141 East 40th St, architect; cost, $8,500.

Broad St, 621; to a four-story restaurant, store, &c.; L. L. Winkelman, 44 Broad St, owner; Fred F. French Co., 299 Madison Av, architect; cost, $75,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

Salesroom offerings yesterday were disposed of as follows:

By Charles A. Berrian.

34 Av, 3,265, w s, 197 ft s of 154th St, 25x 78, four-story tenement; sold by Hyman Grossman for $18,550.

By Henry Brady.

East Tremont Av, 2,423, n s, 106 ft e of Paulding Av, 50x125.5, vacant; Adolph Becker et al vs. Robert S. Neumann et al.; Salter & Steinkamp, attorneys; Charles M. O'Keefe, referee; due, $3,358.50; taxes, &c., $788.52; to F. C. Fisher for $4,200.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

THURSDAY, JAN. 29.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 356, w s, 70.2 n of 10th St, 24.10x75; Anacleto Sermolino to Dominick Conte, 70 Washington Place, mtg $7,500, all liens, Jan. 20; attorney, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway $100

BOWERY, 189, e s, 25.4x129.6x23.5x131; Chrystie St, 189, w s, 23.4x100; estate Henry C. Miner to Antonio Ferrara, 195 Grand St, mtge, $45,000, Jan. 16; attorney, J. J. O'Brien, 1,402 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, 2220, w s, 80.9 ft n of 21st St, 19.8x52x irreg; Wm. H. Jackson to Broadway Typewriter Exchange, 920 B'way, b and s, all liens, Jan. 23; attorney, N. Y. T. and M. Co., 135 B'way $60,000

CHERRY ST, 181, s s, 21.2x90.7; Abr. Golden to Carmine Caggiamo, 50 Mott St, mtg $4,000, Jan. 14; attorneys, Baylis & S., 141 Broadway $1

EAST BROADWAY, 100, s s, 23.2x75; Spencer Holding Corp to Abr. Gresenberg, 105 East Broadway; mtgs $22,000, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

GREENWICH AV, 57, n w corner of Perry St (1), 29.1x65x13.9x70; Melvin H. Franklin et al, trustees, to Minnie Gordon, 57 West 11th St, mtg $6,000, Jan. 23; attorney, H. Rosenbaum, 30 Broad St. ..$17,000

GREENWICH ST, s e corner Morton St, 25x75; Greenwich St, e s, 25x76 to 3 ft alley; Lorillard Spencer to Dunklin Realty Corp, 140 Nassau St; mtg $80,000, Jan. 22; attorney, Marshall Snyder, 140 Nassau St. $100

HOUSTON ST, 380 East, n s, 23x64.7; Abr. Schlesinger to Litorn Realty Corp, 10 Wall St; Sept. 29; attorneys, Schlesinger & L. $1

HOUSTON ST, n w corner of Goerck St, 50.5x86.6 (1); Teitelbaum to Hyman Zlotolow, 1,513 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, and another, mtg $41,500, Dec. 29; attorneys, S & J. Berg, 714 Broadway, Brooklyn. ..$100

LEWIS ST, 98, s e corner Stanton St, 25x75; Helene Galewski et al to Emilie L. Moore, 4,021 Walnut St, Phila, Pa., q c, Jan. 8; attorney, N. Y. T. and M. Co., 135 B'way. $100

NASSAU ST, w s, 82.1 ft n of Liberty St, 28x70 to e s of Liberty Place x14.10x63.8; Lucy B. and Martha B. Schirmes to Defia Realty Corp., 100 Broadway, a. t., b. and s., Dec. 30; attorney, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Bankers Trust Co, executors, &c., to same, all title, Dec. 30; attorney, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; Charles B. Barnes to same, a. t., b. and s., Dec. 30; attorney, same $1

SAME PROPERTY; Heywald G. Leavitt and another, trustees, to same, a. t., b. and s., and c. a. g., Dec. 30; attorney, same $1

PEARL ST, s s, 78.9 ft e of Beekman St, 26.8x84.7x26x83.8; Bella Hirsch et al, trustees, to Rudolph A. Briedenbach, 33 New England Terrace, Orange, N. J., mtg $14,500, Jan. 29; attorney, Charles R. Ross, 12 Cedar St. $27,750

SAME PROPERTY; Rudolph A. Briedenbach to Alfred W. Ross, Brooklyn, mtg $14,000, Jan. 21; address, 12 Cedar St. ..$100

PINE ST, 76, n s, 19.8x42; Jno. H. Phillips to L. Napoleon Levy, 18 West 72d St, Jan. 27; address 18 West 72d St. $100

PLEASANT Av w s, 88 ft n of 116th St, 40.1x94; Dora Blankfein to Jennie Linetsky, 1,077 Teller Av; attorney, Abr. P. Weiss, 68 Park Row $1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 139th St, 100.8x450.6x irreg; Wm. Livingston to College Holding Co., 118 West 140th St; mtg $185,000, Jan. 12; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway $100

VERMILYEA AV, 53-55, s e corner of Academy St, 50x100; Chas. J. Eder to Dormond Realty Corp., 1,402 Broadway; mtge $66,000; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Dormond Realty Co. to Helaine Realty Corp., 271 Broadway, mtg $52,000, Jan. 27; attorneys, Price Bros., 271 Broadway $100

WEST BROADWAY, n w corner 3d St, runs n 200.6 to 4th St x w 25x s 58.5x w 25x s — and again s 152.10 to 3d St x e 50 to beginning 26 West Realty Co. to Joseph Personeni 408 West End Av; mtg $110,000; Jan. 1; attorney, M. J. Moore 141 Broadway $1

WEST BROADWAY, n e corner 3d St, 90x30, mtg $60,000; West Broadway, s e corner 3d St, 75x21.4; mtg $18,000; Livingston Holding Co. to H. W. G. Corp., 50 Union Square; Jan. 1; attorney, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway $100

11TH ST, 340 West, s s, 20x86; H. DeWitt Dobbs et al to Charles W. Knight, 243 West 11th St, Jan. 12; attorney, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway $1

18TH ST, n s, 325 ft w of 8th Av, 25x103.1; Jos. F. Smith to Jas. S. Maher, 2d Place, Whitestone, B. of Q., mtg $6,000, Oct. 16; attorneys, Whaley, W. & F., 27 William St. $100

17TH ST, 436 West, s s, 23x92; 17th St, n s, 340.10 ft. e of 10th Av, 25.2x92; Geo. A. and Jas. H. Kennedy, executors, to Jas. H. Kennedy, 140 West 91st St.; Nov. 29; attorney, Jas. H. Kennedy, 140 West 91st St. $1

17TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 9th Av, 22x148.10x 25x146.3; 17th St, 325 ft w of 8th Av, 25x 129.9x25.1x137.5; Jacob J. Stein to Chas. and Alfred H. Maurer, 464 West 43d St, and ano, 1-12 part, mtg $38,000, s t, Jan. 28; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St. ..$100

20TH ST, 11 West, n s, 22.6x92; Albert H. Atterbury to Aylesboro Corp., 1,170 Broadway, mtg $97,000, Jan. 26; attorney, L. T. & T. Co., 160 Broadway $100

22D ST, 22 East, s s, 26.8x98.9; Chas. Lanier, trustee, to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $56,000; attorney, Julius H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $100

26TH ST, 231 West, n s, 24.10x98.9; Susan Q. Chambertas to Abr. H. Schfrin, 131 Alabama Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 13; attorneys, Moss, M. & W., 233 Broadway $100

29TH ST, 227 East, n s, 25x197.8 to s s 30th st (230 East); Joseph Personeni to H. W. Corp., 60 Union Square; mtg $21,000; Jan. 16; attorney, M. Friedner, 261 Broadway $100

30TH ST, 19 West, n s, 25x98.9; Emily C. K. Baumann to Territ Investing Co., 1,333 Broadway; mtg $40,000, b. and s., Jan. 15; attorney, T. G. & T. Co., 176 Broadway $100

40TH ST, s s, 186.3 ft e of 7th Av, 17x100.11; Frances E. Hidden and another, executors, &c., to Margue Loew, Realty Corp., 1,402 Broadway; mtg $20,000, Jan. 28; attorneys, Lawyers Title & Trust Co, 160 Broadway $48,900

47TH ST, 105 West, n s, 20x80; Philipp Silbermann et al to Washington Holding Co., 100 Broadway, Jan. 19; attorney, Sidney Nordlinger, 100 Broadway $100

50TH ST, 131 East, n s, 13.9x88.7x14.11x 94.9; William J. Roche to Annie J. Morgan, 532 East 68th St, mtg $6,000, Dec. 31; attorney, L. T. & T. Co

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The Only Way

Buy an Apartment

The only way to secure a permanent home at lower than pre-war rentals.

We are offering for sale separate apartments of 7 and 8 rooms and 2 baths in a high class elevator house well and conveniently located.

Also an exceptional investment.

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Excellent location, adjacent to all car lines, subway entrance directly in front of premises. Within five minutes of Borough Hall, Court House, Hall of Records, etc.
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New England Colonial Home
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Pelham Manor
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7 rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, balcony, large living room, open fireplace, 3 master bedrooms; perfectly appointed throughout. All city conveniences and improvements. Large corner plot with shade trees. Exceptional value for $19,500. Substantial amount may remain on mortgage. For further information write or phone
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Beamed ceiling, hardwood floors throughout. Fixtures by Gorham. Craftsman Fireplaces in dining, living and bedrooms. A pre-war house at a pre-war price.
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A well-built stucco house of 8 large rooms, 3 baths; on large plot at a bargain price. A good house for home or speculation. Possession April 1st.
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Fine, new, light floor for light manufacturing; every convenience; toilets, &c.; steam heat supplied; size about 1,050 sq. feet; best business section, two minutes to station. RENT reasonable. W. J. Brogan, Proctor Bldg., Room 212, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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BUNGALOWS AND COTTAGES
TO LET AND FOR SALE
IDEAL LOCATIONS
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Houses of every description; $4,000 to $40,000. Cash or terms.
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FURNISHED SUMMER HOMES.
FARMS AND ESTATES
ATL. HIGHLANDS TO ATL. CITY
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LOCAL OFFICES: SPRING LAKE BEACH
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$8,300 to $14,000; 6 and 7 rooms, some 2 baths; beautiful modern homes; near station; fine plots. $15,000 to $20,000; 7 to 9 rooms, 2 baths; modern in every way; convenient to everything. These homes should be seen. Above homes were built prior to recent advances in material and labor. Mortage of homes fast becoming acute.
BROWN & CO.,
25 Baker St., Maplewood. Phone So. Orange 36.

8 ACRES Commuter's home. Shady lawn.
Productive soil, fruit, berries, asparagus; spring brook; attractive house, long, low type; 8 rooms, steam heat, bath, fireplace; barn, hennery, garage; 8 cows, 2 horses, chickens, tools and equipment.
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Brick Yard on Hudson River, capacity 10 million—can be increased. 300 foot dock. Abundance clay and sand.
Immediate possession.
APPLY IN WRITING ONLY
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TO THOSE WHOSE LEASES EXPIRE

May 1st or Oct. 1st this year.

By order of the Supreme Court, Hon. Charles F. Brown, Referee, has been directed to sell at public auction the properties of the Henry Astor Trust Estate,

March 9, 1920.

These properties consist of 60 private dwellings, which can be altered for business purposes.
38 apartments and tenements—3 theatres.

33 plots of ground leased, on which are tenements, dwellings, etc., 7 factory buildings, and a number of vacant lots.

A large amount of the property is situated from 45th to 51st Street, West of Broadway.

Many leases on these properties expire May 1st, 1920.

These properties are, therefore, *especially suitable for tenants whose leases expire May 1st or October 1st, 1920.* They can be altered for business purposes, or are suitable for residences.

PAST AS WELL AS PRESENT EXPERIENCE HAS DEMONSTRATED THE DESIRABILITY OF OWNING YOUR OWN PROPERTY—WHETHER FOR BUSINESS OR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES.

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Attorneys for Plaintiff

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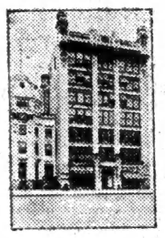
MODERN OFFICE BUILDING
for Sale or for Rent
with Possession.



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1,800 sq. ft.
2,200 sq. ft.
Rent most reasonable in comparison with present day prices.
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TWO BARGAINS
Fine Floor over 5,000 ft. in Grand Central Zone at $2.50 per foot.
ALSO
5,000 SQUARE FEET
7,000 SQUARE FEET
15,000 SQUARE FEET
Overlooking City Hall Park.
WELD & SUYDAM
50 East 42nd St.

50 Foot Loft Building
Near 24th St. & Broadway.
100 per cent. sprinkler.
5 year First Mortgage.
9 Expirations Feb. 1st, 1921.
Also 12 Story Loft and Store.
10 year First Mortgage at 5%.
4 Expirations May 1st, 1920.
7 Expirations Feb. 1st, 1921.
Principals only. Inquire for Mr. Rusher.
FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc.,
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19-23 West 18th Street
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7,000 or 9,000 Square Feet.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. SEE
L. Tanenbaum Strauss & Co.,
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(OR YOUR OWN BROKER)

4 Story and Basement Building
22x90.
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Possession Feb. 15th
SPEAR & CO.
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Will Build for Tenant
On West 57th Street
3, 4 or 5 Story Building
60,000 to 100,000 sq. ft.
Immediate attention to principals
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WONDERFUL BARGAIN; $5,000, EASY TERMS
FOR THIS BEAUTIFUL JERSEY HOME. BALANCE OF $5,000 ON MORTGAGE.
Easy Commutation to New York City. Express Service.
Ten big rooms, two tiled baths, two fine sleeping porches, big open fireplace, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, hardwood trimmed; fine tree-covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; 4 minutes from railroad station; high in the mountains; overlooking beautiful lake, and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. PLOT 100 FT. x 200 FT. Write or phone.

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Plot 45 x 90
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Cash required $60,000.
Immediate Possession
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APARTMENT HOTEL
Yield 16% Net
Located in West 90s near Riverside Drive showing guaranteed income of 16% absolutely net on investment of $100,000 cash.
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4,000 Square Feet of First Class Space
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Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
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Four-story and basement semi-fireproof factory on East 98th St., 65x100; extra large electric elevator; fireproof stairs; first-class up-to-date structure; easy terms; brokers protected; possession May 1st, 1920. F. H. Robert, 150 Broadway.

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70,000 Sq. Ft.; five-story modern brick building for sale; sprinklers; power plant; centrally located in good labor district.
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Pulaski Street, between Lewis and Stuyvesant Avenues. 275 feet on Pulaski Street. 200 feet on Hart Street. Will sell as a whole or in part. Inquire on premises.
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171 W. 76th St.
2, 3 rooms, bath,
every modern improvement; immediate occupancy.
Rentals $1,000 to $1,800 Yearly.
Apply on premises (open evenings) or
Clifford Aaron,
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9 Rooms and 3 Baths
Eleventh St., Near 5th Av.
Modern Fireproof Apartment
Southern Exposure.
Possession Feb. 1. Rent $4,000 per annum.
Brokers Protected.
J. Irving Walsh,
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5 Rooms and Bath
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Immediate Possession
$1,500.
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First mortgage $30,000 at 5½% interest	$1,650.00
Taxes at $2.50, assessed valuation $48,000	1,200.00
Items deductible from taxable income.	
Cash equity $35,000, at 6% interest	2,100.00
Since this amount produced no income, it is not taxable.	
	$4,950.00
Assuming that your yearly income is $40,000, the saving in tax on the above three items is	$1,228.00
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Net cost per year	$5,092.00
An apartment of similar size in this section would cost at least	$10,000.00

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This method can be applied to a house of any price to determine the net saving.

This makes it possible for a man with considerably smaller income than $40,000 to obtain $10,000 worth of comfort for $5,092 a year

Many specific bargains and interesting data in relation to the situation are contained in our "Little Booklet." Sent on request.

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Town and Country Residences,
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OPPORTUNITY
Located right in the heart of "Best Shopping District," six-story modern building with 116 ft. frontage by good depth to 30 ft. alley in rear; also wide alley on side which allows lots of daylight. Over 100,000 square feet of floor space. Short lease. Price low. Ideal for Department Store or Theatre. If interested, phone Main 2345 or write
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713 14th St., N. W.,
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"Investment Dept."

FOR RENT
FIFTH AVENUE SPACE
APPROXIMATELY 4,500 FEET,
SECOND FLOOR
SUITABLE FOR RETAIL
SALES ROOM WITH
51 FT. WINDOW DISPLAY
BEST SECOND FLOOR
WINDOW ON THE AVENUE.
P 119 TIMES.

Hotel Peter Stuyvesant
Central Park West at 86th St.
Will be open for the reception of guests February 2d, 1920.
HOTEL APARTMENTS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FROM ONE ROOM AND BATH TO AS MANY AS DESIRED, ON YEARLY LEASE. INSPECTION INVITED.
WILLIAM F. INGOLD, MANAGER.

Solve your rent problem by buying a home in
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The New Home Colony
Fifteen Minutes from Grand Central Subway Station.
100 Houses Now Building.
100 Acres Under Development.
Send for photographs, floor plans and particulars. Brokers protected.

Six and seven rooms, with heated garage and private driveway. Tapestry brick, parquet floors, white enamel trim, hot water heat, tiled bath and kitchen. Price $9,500 to $12,000.
Take Queensboro Subway train from Grand Central Subway Station, direct to the property, one block from Ditmars Avenue Station, and adjoining the new 66-acre, million-dollar water front park.
Rickert-Brown Realty Co.
Tel. Murray Hill 1180. 52 Vanderbilt Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Real Studio Apartment
3 rooms, bath & kitchenette
with North light skylight exposure,
also 2 rooms, bath
and kitchenette for Doctor
678 West End Ave.,
Southeast Corner 93d St.
Apply between 10 and 5 o'clock on premises.

56th St. 342-44 WEST
One block west of Broadway
High Class Elevator Housekeeping Apartments
2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms
1 and 2 Baths.
SUPT. ON PREMISES.

Will buy furniture and lease of first-class 4 to 6-room apartment, Washington Square district. Write complete details first letter.
W. W. B., care Guenther-Law Adv. Agency, 25 Broad St., New York.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.
2, 3 & 4 Room Apartments,
314 West 75th St.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Complete housekeeping apartments (unfurnished), elevator service, chef and maid service available; open fireplaces; extra size rooms and other unusual features.
Brunks & Momand
115 Broadway. Rector 2287.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

FOR RENT
Handsomely Furnished
Studio Apartment
on 57th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Aves.
For 6 months.
4 master's rooms, 2 baths.
3 maids' rooms, 1 bath.
CHARLES M. BALDWIN,
548 Fifth Ave.
Tel. Murray Hill 4720.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

GEO. WASHINGTON
New Apartment Hotel,
116 West 72d St.
One room and bath, furnished, Feb. 1st to Sept. 30th, or longer, $10 per month.
Bronx.

JUST COMPLETED
Immediate Possession
1786 Vyse Ave.
North of 174th St.
1 block from East 174th St.
Lexington and 7th Ave. Sub. Exp. Sta.
4 Rooms in New Building.
All Improvements
AGENT ON PREMISES.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Purchase money mortgage for sale, 12% per cent. discount, 6 per cent. interest will guarantee. Jackson, 187 Montague, Brooklyn.
LOANS MADE ON RENTS.
Manhattan, Bronx, or Brooklyn properties; nothing under $5,000 considered. J 111 Times.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.
Manhattan.
Hello!—Investor don't miss this bargain; new-law corner house, located on the s. corner of Amsterdam Av.; rents about $15,000; can be bought at your own price. Morgan, 423 Lenox Av. Morningside 2725.
A BEAUTIFUL 4-STORY DWELLING, $3,000 Cash over 1st mortgage $16,000; possession. 121st St. and Lenox and 7th Ave.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., B'way & 100th St.
Four-story dwelling, West 80s; electricity, hardwood floors; unfurnished, $20,000, furnished, $24,000; immediate possession. O 386 Times.
Private house for sale, free and clear, East 60s, between Madison and Park Aves., 20x100.5; price $72,000; bargain. O 908 Times Harlem.
$3,500 CASH BUYS 8TH AV. TENEMENT. Price $22,000; rent $3,300. No steam.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., B'way & 100th St.
$5,000 net income for $10,000 cash; six-story elevator; West Eighties. Kellogg, 400 Riverside Drive.
Brooklyn.
3 private houses, brick, 7 rooms and bath, 531, 541, 543A Lexington Av., Brooklyn. Inquire Klein, 539 Lexington Av., Brooklyn.
Bensonhurst—Fourteen-room house, modern, large plot, $14,000. Vorzimer, 220 West 42d.
Queens.
Queens, L. I. Ten-room house with all improvements, on plot 60x100, in high-class section; price $9,500; terms can be arranged. Klasam Bros. Co., Queens, L. I. Phone 6150 Hollis.
City Houses Wanted.
Private family will lease unfurnished house between 72d and 96th; around $300. Col. 1277.

CITY REAL ESTATE.
Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.
WEST HARLEM.
New law five-story walk-up; over 50x100; steam heat, twenty-two rooms each floor; three fours, two fives and baths; now rented at $5.50 per room; no leases; $12,000 cash required; price $62,000. J. S. Maxwell, Broadway, corner 139th St.
BUILDING 100 BY 100 CONTAINING 40,000 SQ. FT.; SUITABLE WAREHOUSE; CONVENIENT ALL UPTOWN FREIGHT DEPOTS; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; PARTICULARS. DOUGHERTY, 2,084 LEXINGTON AV.
EXCEPTIONAL UNRESTRICTED PLOT.
81st, opposite Pennsylvania Depot, N. Y. Post Office, size 80x100. Edward Baer, 405 Lexington Av. Phone Vand. 536.
In the West 50s, twenty-foot dwelling, four stories; can be bought below the market value; price $60,000; very easy terms. Douglas Gibbons & Co., Inc., 6 East 45th St., telephone Vanderbilt 826.
East 56th St., Lexington and 3d Av., twenty-foot dwelling, rapidly growing neighborhood; below market value; principals only. Douglas Gibbons & Co., Inc., 6 East 45th St., telephone Vanderbilt 826.
Excellent opportunity, $5,000 cash and $15,000 mortgage buys excellent 4-story East end Av. corner, 3-4 room apartments each floor, rent $2,200.
ADLER, 1,506 18T AV.
WAREHOUSE, 50x100.
Six-story strong building, possession May 1; price $90,000, cash $30,000. Duross, 156 Broadway.
Five-story double, West 83d St., $37,500; $5,000 cash. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.
Lofts; light manufacturing; factories; business property to let or for sale. Spencer, 154 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 2884.
113 and 121 West 117th St., five-story, 12 rooms, each 19x100; price $17,500. Wolins, owner. Canal 4154.
40 St. Nicholas Place, four-story, 10 rooms, 20 feet front; price $14,000. I. Wolins, owner. Canal 4154.
Seven-story corner building, located Prince St.; price $120,000, rental $20,000. Write J. Krown, 514 West 46th.
Bronx—For Sale or To Let.
2158 Washington Av.—Two-family frame; all improvements. Bernard Rothstein, Fremont 6486.
RENT $3,360. PRICE $20,000.
West Bronx, four-story corner; 16x100. Nell, 1 West 34th. Greeley 1775.
Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.
Four-story brick building, convenient to all railroads and centrally located in Brooklyn; equipped with steam power plant containing approximately 7,000 square feet of floor space; this building is well adapted to manufacturing purposes and will be available about May 1; price $30,000. Long Island Wood Co., 11 Vanderbilt Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Bargain—138 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, 3 doors from Flatbush Av., brownstone, three-story-and-basement; furnace heat, hard wood trim, newly renovated; price $10,500. Inquire Isaacson, 116 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2472.
Bargain—3-family brick house, 6 rooms and bath each, near Borough Hall, Brooklyn; rent $1,152, monthly leases; price $10,000, terms. Realty Trust, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.
Sacrifice—Four-story brick, Brooklyn; eight families; all improvements; rents about $4,500; price $28,500; Flatbush section. L., 116 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2472.
Brooklyn fireproof lofts, 50 feet front, six stories, $87,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.
Queens—For Sale or To Let.
Look, here's your chance to get a fine home; plot 50x125; near subway; must be sold for half its value; will arrange a building loan if you want to build; all on easy terms; write for full particulars. T 467 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.
New Jersey.
FOR RENT—Farm, country home, 22 acres; 12-room house; steam heat, bath, electric lights, improvements; barn and outbuildings; 1¼ miles from station; near trolley; good road; sidewalk all the way; $900 per annum. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 BROADWAY, N. Y. RECTOR 7718. RIDGEWOOD, N. J. TEL. 555.
5 AND 7 ROOM BUNGALOWS.
Fireproof construction, stucco finish, all modern improvement; plot 50x100; restricted section in northern New Jersey; 17 miles out; $6,000, easy terms. Paul Delhopal, 50 Church St., N. Y. City.
Extraordinary sacrifice, $5,200; magnificent six-room residence, modern improvements, including hot water heat; adjacent railroad station, trolley, schools, stores; picturesque surroundings. Frederick Bruno, Ridgefield Park, Jersey, opposite Little Ferry station.
Maplewood, N. J.—Rent, beautifully furnished house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; commodious garage; convenient station; 18 months, $2,500 year. Brown & Co., 25 Baker St., Maplewood. Phone South Orange 36.
Long Island.
FLORAL PARK—SPECIAL!
Thirty minutes by electric trains; 8 rooms and bath; every improvement, including gas range; oak trim, finished black walnut and white enamel; beautifully decorated; new, unique electric fixtures; very attractive; perfect condition; good location; sidewalk, shade trees; 2 blocks to station; possession in 30 days; $7,000; $4,500 cash desired. A. H. Goldsmith, phone 235, Floral Park, L. I.
FREEPORT BARGAIN.
7 rooms and bath; steam heat; house has all improvements; 2-machine garage, running water in garage; plot 100x220; price $8,500; $2,500 cash. George E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 488. Opposite station. Open Sundays.
For sale, five rooms and bath; all-year semi-bungalow; furnished; hot water heat, electric lights; beach section Long Island; 30 minutes from Penn. Station; 20 minutes from Flatbush, Brooklyn; price $6,500. Dorf, O 380 Times.
AT FREEPORT.
8 rooms and bath; steam heat; sun parlor heated; fruit trees, chicken house; garage; plot 100x150; price $10,500. George E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone 488. Opposite station. Open Sundays.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.
Long Island.
LONG ISLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE.
No. 40—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 123; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, heat, parquet floors, coal and gas range; garage, shrubbery; fine location; $8,500.
No. 36—Lynbrook, L. I.—40 by 100; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, open fireplace, gas range, parquet floors, steam heat; near station; $7,500.
No. 38—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 125; 9 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, stucco, steam heat, garage, shrubbery; $6,500.
No. 37—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 100; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam heat; fine location; $7,000.
No. 32—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 100; Dutch Colonial, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, fireplace, parquet floors, beam ceiling, panel wall, French doors; $7,300.
No. 15—Lynbrook, L. I.—80 by 144; 8 rooms, tile bath, gas, electricity, open fireplace, French doors, sun parlor, parquet floors, beautiful grounds; $12,000.
No. 16—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 130; Dutch Colonial, 8 rooms, tile bath, steam heat, parquet floors, fireplace, gas, electricity, toilet downstairs, laundry, breakfast room, beautiful grounds, garage; $11,000.
No. 11—Lynbrook, L. I.—75 by 124, 8 rooms, gas, electricity, fireplace, sun parlor, garages, shrubbery, beautiful grounds; $15,000.
No. 33—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 167; 9 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, heat, double garage; $8,500.
No. 22—Lynbrook, L. I.—50 by 150; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, garage, fine grounds; $8,750.
No. 24—Lynbrook, L. I.—Two-family, 17 rooms; 83 by 115; three baths, all improvements; rented $1,100 yearly; no lease; $9,000.
No. 25—Lynbrook, L. I.—101 by 500, 8 rooms, beautiful place and grounds; garage; fine location; $20,000.
No. 26—Lynbrook, L. I.—63 by 125; 8 rooms, garage; parquet floors, 2 toilets, coal and gas range, hot water heat, sun parlor; screens entire house; sleeping porch; shrubbery; beautiful place; $12,000.
No. 17—Lynbrook, L. I.—80 by 100, 8 rooms, tile bath, gas, electricity; laundry, with electrical washing machine; parquet floors, garage; sun parlor around entire house; storm shutters; chestnut trim; beautifully decorated throughout; $10,000.
Have a great many others in Lynbrook.
No. 201—Hempstead, L. I.—60 by 150; 9 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, fireplace, butler's pantry; beautiful grounds; fine location; $12,500.
No. 202—Hempstead, L. I.—Dutch Colonial, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam heat; fine location; 40 by 100; $8,500.
Great many others in Hempstead.
No. 351—Rockville Centre, L. I.—50 by 100, 8 rooms, all improvements; $7,000.
No. 352—Rockville Centre, L. I.—Two new houses; 50 by 150; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, extra toilet, hardwood finish; fine location; $8,000.
No. 353—Rockville Centre, L. I.—100 by 200; 14 rooms; house sixty feet long; beautifully decorated; handsome electric fixtures; grounds handsomely laid out; fruit and shade trees; corner; $10,000.
Great many others in Rockville Centre.
No. 500—Garden City, L. I.—Finest section; seven and half lots; 150 by 100; owner paid six thousand two years ago; sacrifice for $4,500.
No. 511—Roslyn, L. I.—Half acre; 10 rooms; beautiful grounds and location; all improvements; 4 fireplaces; $15,000.
No. 504—Long Beach, L. I.—30 by 100; near ocean and station; 6 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, heat; $4,750, cash $1,000.
Others at Springfield, Flushing, Garden City, Forest Hills, Kew Gardens, Freeport, East Rockaway, Westbury, and all over the island. Give me an idea of what you are after and where and I will get it for you.
GROVER C. DAHLBENDER,
602 Pacific St.,
Brooklyn.
Phone Sterling 1112.

EASTHAMPTON—Rent, furnished, for Summer, $3,000, beautifully appointed house, 12 rooms, 3 baths. Stanley S. Woolley & Co., 695 5th Av. Plaza 374.
Kew Gardens—Six houses for sale. Phone Builder, Richmond Hill 223, between 9 and 12 A. M.

Westchester County
WESTCHESTER PROPERTY FOR SALE.
No. 702—New Rochelle, three-story stucco, 10 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, hot water heat, 85x180, fine location, $15,000.
No. 701—New Rochelle, 100x407, gas, electricity, 14 rooms, baths, beautiful decorations, handsome grounds, $32,000.
No. 752—Mount Vernon, 50x160, 9 rooms, oak floors, two fire places, tile bath, hot water heat, gas, electricity, finest location, $16,000.
No. 762—100x105, 8 rooms, two baths, garage, lawn, gardens, shrubbery, colonial type, fine location, $16,000.
No. 751—Mount Vernon, two-family, 100x100, 11 rooms, gas, corner, 2 baths, heat, $13,000.
No. 760—120x180, Chester Hill, 12 rooms, 2 baths, gas, electricity, steam heat, sun parlor, garage, slate roof, laundry, beautiful decorations, $35,000.
No. 757—Mount Vernon, two and three family, $12,000 to $16,000.
No. 755—Mount Vernon, finest section, 100x111; 10 rooms, stucco, beautiful grounds, trees, shrubbery, $25,000; substantial mortgage can remain three years at 5 per cent.
No. 765—Mount Vernon, 35x85, 8 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam heat, near station, $9,000.
No. 768—Mount Vernon, Chester Hill, 100x100, 11 rooms, baths, hot water heat, 2-car garage, open fire places, laundry, beautifully decorated and extras, $14,000.
No. 769—Mount Vernon, Chester Hill, 50x125, 10 rooms, garage, all improvements with wonderful decorations, won't last long, $12,500.
A great many others at Mount Vernon, $8,500 to $100,000.
THE FOLLOWING ARE LOCATED in the finest section of the Pelhams:
No. 850—Dutch Colonial, 10 rooms, central hall, sleeping porch, open veranda, 3 baths, 4 toilets, two open fire places, living room 15x23, fixtures, decorations and garage to match house, $24,000, lot 75x125.
No. 857—English stucco, 8 rooms, 3 baths, slate roof, 4 toilets, fire place, fixtures, decorations and garage to match house, 75x125, $24,000.
No. 836—Five acres, finest section, 20 rooms, open fire place every room, baths, toilets, tennis courts, garage, stables, wonderful grounds, $85,000.
No. 835—180x150, 11 rooms, 2 baths, 2 toilets, garage, $21,000.
No. 864—White Plains, 100x100, California bungalow, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, $7,000.
Others at White Plains, $6,000, $6,500, $7,000 and $7,500.
No. 1154—Hastings-on-Hudson, 12 rooms, 3 sleeping rooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets, gas, electricity, 2 porches, view of river, beautiful grounds, $18,000.
No. 1160—Tarrytown, 14 rooms, 3 baths, beautiful grounds, finest location; owner must sacrifice; fire places and everything to make a beautiful country home and near the city, $23,000.
Other places at Larchmont, Dobbs Ferry, Rye, Scarsdale, Irvington, Ossining, Worthington, Croton, Harman, and all through Westchester County. Give me an idea of what you want and where and I will send you list to choose from.
GROVER C. DAHLBENDER,
602 Pacific Street,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
Sterling 1112.

A stucco house, 9 rooms, 2 baths, electric steam heat, garage; $17,500, mortgage $7,500; no agents. Owner, 30 12th Av., Mt. Vernon.

Country Houses Wanted.
Summer cottage, furnished, near the water in Westchester County, with five bedrooms and one maid's room; preferably in New Rochelle, Rye or Larchmont. Write, giving full particulars, locality, and price. E 376 Times Annex.
Wish to purchase for cash, nice house, about eight rooms; easy commuting distance from City Hall; send complete and full particulars at once; mean business. A 522 Times Downtown.
Beautiful country site, 16-20 rooms, vicinity New York; appropriate for singing school; written offers only invited. Mario Salvini, 208 West 71st; vocal studio.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Country Houses Wanted.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.
Wanted to rent, from June 1 to Sept. 15, 1920, a completely furnished house within one hour's commuting distance of New York; 4 large bedrooms, and sleeping porch; with 2 baths on first sleeping floor; also maid's room and bath; please state price, with references. Z 46 Times Annex.

Wanted—Right room house on north shore, Long Island, within 30 miles of New York; $15,000 to $25,000; owners only; state location, price, terms. T. R., 55 Times.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Arlington florists' establishment, 14,000 feet glass store, finest order; unusual opportunity; reasonable; profitable business. Harris, 112 Stewart Av.

New Jersey Acreage—Ten minutes to two stations; trolley; 6,500 feet frontage; 257 lots, balance developed. G. Allen Taylor, 100 William St., John 470.

Plainfield, Westfield, Dunellen—Modern houses, $5,500, $7,000, $8,500, and up. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Leading architect sailing for Italy Feb. 7 will act for American desiring to purchase villa on Riviera, Gulf of Naples, Lake of Como, and Lake Maggiore, Rome and Florence; villas with all modern improvements, beautifully situated, can be secured at moderate prices, and due to the rate of exchange should be attractive purchases for American desiring Winter home; highest bank references. Address Prince George Hotel, Room 922.

For Sale—Sixty-room hotel with hot and cold running water in every room, sixteen tub baths, one shower bath; on a lot 50x150, locate[d] downtown section of Miami, Fla. The ground on which this hotel now stands is worth approximately $35,000. It can show large returns on the investment; price, $85,000, $35,000 cash, balance at 8% indefinitely. If you want a real money maker, act quick. Guarantee Realty Co., 215 Tenth St., Miami, Fla.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

75 to 100 acres, one-half of which is to be used for cultivation; must have large, roomy house; property must be near some water and within a radius of 75 miles from New York City. Jas. Boyd, 135 Broadway; Rector 8058.

Want to purchase and alter for own business, 25-foot dwelling in fifties, Sixth to Madison Avenue; east of Fifth Avenue preferred; only fully modern considered; no brokers. M. G. 86 Times.

Estate property wanted to purchase; have ready buyers; any location on Manhattan. L 780 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Acreage in Queens or Nassau; owners only; state price, terms and location. C. E., 86 Times.

Plot 60' to 100x100, between 141st and 75th. E 10 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE SPACE FOR OFFICE AND SALESROOMS.

9,000 SQ. FEET ON EACH FLOOR 28-28 PARK PLACE, THROUGH TO 20-22 MURRAY ST., OPPOSITE WOOLWORTH BLDG. FULL PARTICULARS OF WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 BROADWAY.

LARGE, LIGHT AND AIRY STORE, 65x100. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. RENT REASONABLE. NO MANUFACTURING. SEE OWNER, 140 WEST 28D.

BASEMENT STORES.

Subway station basement stores at Broadway, 47th St. and 7th Av., suitable for bootblack, barber, lunchroom, or any retail business; rents from $100 per month up. Apply to Walter J. Salmon, 17 West 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

Office space wanted, about 500 square feet for immediate occupancy in district 8th to 50th St. and 3d to 7th Av., or in downtown business district. Phone Madison Square 8060, D. W. Vanderbilt, or call Room 712, 381 4th Av.

TOP LOFT; LIGHT FROM SKYLIGHTS AND FOUR SIDES; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; ALSO FROM HALF FIFTH FLOOR, 252-258 WEST 39TH ST. INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT. PHONE SPRING 3671.

Business Properties for Rent.
OFFICES, STORES & LOFTS.
500 Sq. Ft. Up.
CLARENCE E. ADAMS,
503 5th Av. Tel. 8058 Vanderbilt.

FOR RENT, 2 LOFTS, 20,000 FEET EACH, NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. FOR INFORMATION ADDRESS F. LEVINE, 176 SMITH ST., PERTH AMBOY, N. J. PHONE 1972.

Store and Basement—7,000 sq. ft., near Franklin and Washington Sts., elevator, steam heat; immediate possession; rent $[illegible]; principals only. Durden, 156 Broadway.

A1 light loft to let, best location in New York; 363 7th Av., at 30th St.; rent reasonable; quick action; communicate with Invincible Cloak, 128 West 24th St. Chelsea 2205 or 10390.

A-1 light loft to let, best location in New York; 363 7th Av., at 30th St.; rent reasonable; quick action; communicate with Invincible Cloak, 128 West 24th St. Chelsea 2205 or 10390.

Finest corner office space for rent on 5th Av.; modern building, 1,[illegible] to 10,000 square feet; good light; 4 passenger elevators, 2 freight elevator; immediate possession. Duane, 386 5th Av., 5th [illegible].

About 2,700 square feet of skylight loft, in modern sprinkler building; dress plant on premises; equipped for any light manufacturing; to let right to work. Phone Madison Square 5034.

FIRST FLOOR STORE, 5TH AVE., IN 50'S; SUITABLE FOR FIRST CLASS ART CONCERN OR INTERIOR DECORATOR. ROYAL SCOTT GULDEN, 1 FIFTH AVE.

Three outside offices; 440 sq. feet; exceptional light; steam heat; 5th floor; elevator; possession Feb. 1; no manufacturing. Truslow, 148 West 125th St.

White St., West of 5th Av.—High-class store and basement, 50x[illegible]ch, will include first loft, 50x100, if [illegible]; possession Feb. 1. Phone Owner, Greeley 6888.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 154 WEST 29TH, NEAR 7TH AV., [illegible] BELL; MAY DIVIDE. INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT OR PHONE SPRING [illegible].

Part of seventh loft, 1,[illegible] Broadway, corner 26th St.; about 1,[illegible] square feet; all light; no manufacturing. Apply Deob-Friedman Corp., 1,140 Broadway.

ALL LIGHT, FIREPROOF,
Small business building near bridge and ferries; possession. Spencer, 154 Nassau St., New York. Phone 2684 Beekman.

Five-story, 25x100 feet, 5th Av. business building for rent or sale; possession May. Call 127 5th Av.

Office space, furnished or unfurnished; ground floor. F. A. Sales Company, 258 5th Av.

Large, attractive office to rent, immediate possession, at 104 5th Av. Apply Princely Pearl, 100 5th Av.

Loft—Modern, light; immediate possession; 8 Greene St. top loft; $1,200. Inquire Yale Metal Products, 880 Canal St.

Madison Av., 516—Newly decorated, unfurnished, showroom; window space, or small light workroom; fitting room. Mr. Theodora.

Lexington Av., 164 31st St.)—Front half of parlor floor; high-class business only. Stuyvesant 4000.

Office, midtown, near 5th Av.; completely furnished; immediate possession. Call Vanderbilt 7440.

Lofts; light manufacturing; factories; business property to let or for sale. Spencer, 154 Nassau St. Phone 2684 Beekman.

One loft, 25x110, near 6th Av., 24th St.; occupancy Feb. 1, 1920. Phone Owner, Greeley 6888.

Large loft for rent on Canal St.; electric hoist; immediate possession. Phone Orchard 3[illegible], Samuel Sloan, 270 Broome St.

Two bright offices near 5th Av.; phone and stenog service if desired. Apply 1,476 Broadway, Room 1013.

Part of loft to let, 3,500 square feet, good location, with 100% sprinkler, light on all sides. Empire Rubber Co., 1[illegible] 8th St.

One top loft, 50x100; [illegible] 8th west of Broadway; possession Feb. 1, 1920. Phone Owner, Greeley 6888.

Loft to let, 2,000 square feet; no manufacturing. Tutelman Le[illegible], 29 White St.

Office space to let, about [illegible] square feet, on 5th Av. Madison Square [illegible].

Loft, 25x100, equipped for manufacturing; immediate possession. Madison Square 9554.

Unusually light space in desirable loft building. Vanderbilt [illegible].

Part of office, desk furnished, 1,476 Broadway, corner 43d St., room 1[illegible].

Office for rent until May 1. Call room 513, 1,476 Broadway.

Office space, showroom privilege. Mr. Cohn, 15 West 30th St.

Office, small private, with private entrance. Room 20, 1,974 Broadway ([illegible] St.).

Private office, immediate possession; $65. Apply Superintendent or Gray, 14 East 44th.

Small office for rent. Room 305, 47 West 42d St., Bryant Building.

Desk room in newly equipped office. Call afternoon, Room 902, 1,540 Broadway.

37th, 39 West—Half parlor floor, 2 rooms; for business or studio.

Will share reception office, 440 square feet. Feb. 1; inquire Room 301, 2 West 40th St.

One loft, 7,000 square feet; excellent light; $5,000; immediate possession. 533 West 23d.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza Bldg. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Brooklyn.

FOR FOUR BUSINESS.
Store for rent in excellent business locality in Brooklyn. For further information, apply at once to K. N. S., Garment Co., 3 West 20th St., New York City.

Top loft; over 5,000 square feet; Flushing Av.; elevator; sprinkler. Sigman Cohen, 1,613 East New York Av., Brooklyn.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

OFFICE SPACE WANTED.
Must find 400 to 500 feet office space by May 1st or earlier within steamship district; brokers' offers invited. A 513 Times Downtown.

Wanted—5,000 to 10,000 square feet for heavy manufacturing; railroad; siding; in greater New York, Long Island or Jersey; immediate possession. JACOBSTEIN & KAHN, INC., 1,476 Broadway. Bryant 4333.

Wanted, floor, 5,000 square feet or over, for very light manufacturing; rent not to exceed 60 cents per foot; location, anywhere between Grand and 42d Sts.; elevator and steam heat essential. J 64 Times.

Factory for furniture manufacturer, about 7,500 ft., lower floor; reasonable rent; answer full particulars; in or around New York. E 52 Times.

Wanted—Between 40th and 57th Sts., Broadway to Madison Av., suite of two to three offices with outer office; furnished or unfurnished; would buy furniture. Telephone Pennsylvania 5700, Extension 1975.

Store and basement for office and showroom, about 20x75; location between 30th and 42d Sts., Lexington and 9th Ave.; will alter if proper lease can be secured. D. C. Rubin, 170 East 105th. Harlem 2777.

LOFT WANTED.
1,500-2,000 square feet for light manufacturing; immediate occupancy; downtown or midtown; write full particulars. O 211 Times.

Lofts wanted, 1 or 2, 3,000 to 10,000 square feet; lampshade manufacturing; no machinery used; prefer location 14th to 42d St., Lexington to 7th Av. Phone Oriental, Stuyvesant 2782.

High-class firm requires small office for advertising branch; location near forties desired. Call Madison Square 9546.

Loft or first floor and basement; about 25x100 feet; below 42d St. S. Wallace, 67 Frankfort St.

Drug store location. Address Box 33, Washington Bridge Station, New York City.

Small office wanted, suitable for silk jobber; immediate possession. Chelsea 2773.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

47TH AV. HOTEL (corner 4th Av. and 29th)—Apartments 2 sunny rooms and bath, coolly furnished, phone, elevator, full hotel service; one block from subway; $17.50 week.

80TH (Corner Lexington Av. 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

41ST, 137 EAST—Two connecting sunny rooms and separate sleeping compartment; conveniences; housekeeping; $15; clean, respectable house; references.

57TH (Park-Madison)—Two sunny rooms, bath; $165. Plaza 6891.

58TH AND PARK (471 Park)—Sunny living room, open fireplace, bedroom, hall, bath, kitchen; two large closets, attractively furnished; $350 on four months' lease, $250 on longer. Phone Plaza 9324, or write Miss Newlin, care of Ritz-Carlton.

60TH ST., EAST—Bachelor apt., two rooms, bath, maid service; references; lease. Plaza 7096.

70TH ST, 53 EAST—Very attractive kitchenette apartment, large room, bath, kitchenette; maid and valet service; $125. Supt.

69TH, 32 EAST—3 and 4 room elevator apartments.

93D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments; beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS—CHOICE LOCALITIES.
Long, short leases; east, west side. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENT
"in the better houses."
STANLEY S. WOOLLEY & COMPANY,
665 5th Av., at 53d St. Plaza 375.

BACHELOR APARTMENT, Murray Hill section, two rooms, bath, and kitchen; very large rooms; fully furnished, including telephone; immediate possession; rental to April 1. Wm. J. Reome & Co., Inc., 177 Madison Av., New York.

Beautifully furnished four-room apartment, suite 814; maid service; restaurant; long or short lease; $200 monthly. Call 1,256 Madison Av., or Tel. 860 Lenox.

BETTY ALDEN, INC.—Apartments of distinction; long, short lease; furnished, unfurnished. Telephone Murray Hill 9884. 89 Park Av.

MADISON AV. (E. W. Cor. 93d St.)—Newly decorated apartments, one room and bath, $50 up; two rooms, bath, $75 up; complete hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Hotel Ashton.

MADISON AV., Near 38th—Artistically furnished two-room, kitchenette and bath apartment; references required. Phone Murray Hill 7450.

MADISON AV., 935 (entrance 74th St.)—Two large rooms, bath, new furnishings; $150 monthly. Mrs. Wallis.

PARK AV., 440 (Northwest cor. 56th)—Beautiful large 3-room corner apartment; kitchen; top floor; balcony; extended view Park Av.; charmingly furnished; 2-5.

PARK AV. (80s)—7 rooms, 3 baths; new building; $375. Phone Columbus 1277.

MRS. WILSON'S
HOME RENTING COMPANY.
TEL. PLAZA 6045. 444 PARK AV.
EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED. UNFURNISHED

Furnished—West Side.

9TH ST., 66 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, sublet; elevator; cheap. Supt.

36 WEST 27TH ST.
Two rooms and bath, modern, $90.

48TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6285.

51ST, 26 WEST (Near 5th Av.)—Spacious, elegantly furnished apartment; chamber, sitting room, dining room, kitchenette, and bath; china, silver, and linens to responsible party. Apply Superintendent.

53D, 47 WEST—Handsomely furnished apartment, four rooms, two baths, kitchenette, telephone.

65TH, 136 WEST—Richly furnished two room bath kitchenette; immediate possession; until Oct. or longer. [illegible] Kent.

67TH, 27 WEST—Handsomely furnished apartments of two and four rooms, bath and kitchenette; electric light, steam heat, maid service, elevator. Tel. 5484 Plaza.

67TH, 340 WEST (The Clintonia)—Modern elevator apartments, newly furnished; hotel service; 2-3 rooms and bath; $60 per room up; restaurant. Tel. Columbus 134.

67TH, 115 WEST—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, new house, new furniture, lease until Oct.; $300 month.

117 WEST 58TH ST.
"SEVILLIA," ONE ROOM AND BATH.
603—Apartment hotel, 4 rooms; piano; beautifully furnished; $275. Phone Columbus 1278.

67ST, 10 WEST (Corner Broadway)—The Pasadena; two to five rooms, with kitchens or kitchenettes, on lease; $150 to $300 monthly; hotel service.

71ST, 252 WEST—Beautiful 1-2 rooms with kitchenette; permanent people; references.

73D ST., 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautifully furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; suites $125 monthly and up.

74TH, 127 WEST—2 beautifully furnished rooms, with dressing room, 2 baths.

76TH, 171 WEST—2, 3 rooms, bath; every modern improvement; immediate occupancy; rentals $1,000 to $1,500 yearly. Apply on premises. Clifford Aaron, 80 Maiden Lane. Phone John 1838.

76TH, 56 WEST—Second floor private residence; maid service; exclusive; $125 month.

77TH ST., 50 WEST—Hotel suite; parlor, chamber, private bath and shower; all rooms facing park; $150 per month.

78TH, 166 WEST—Elegantly furnished two room, kitchenette, bath, foyer hall apartments; piano; Turkish rugs; responsible parties; liberal concession if long lease; to be seen any time; $275 until October. Columbus 3068.

78TH ST., WEST, Near Broadway—Comfortably furnished front parlor and two bedrooms; private; references; maid service. Schuyler 8055, after 10 A. M.

79TH ST. (Hotel Lucerne)—Overlooking river; two large rooms and bath. Telephone Schuyler 8000. Apartment 1112.

81ST, 204 WEST, Apt. C3—Attractively furnished 3-room housekeeping apartment; all conveniences; immediate possession. Schuyler 2042.

90TH ST., 331 WEST—2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; rent $120, including maid service, gas, electricity.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

93D, 64 WEST—3 rooms, bath, including kitchen; $135 month; newly furnished; 10-4. Sayers, Apt. 2B.

94TH, 315 WEST—6 rooms, bath; southern exposure; electricity, elevator; reference. Millring.

97TH ST., 229 WEST, Apt. 7B—3 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS; large, well arranged rooms, beautifully furnished, to June 1; $250 per month. EARLE & CALHOUN, 212 West 72d St.; 5116 Columbus.

98TH, 208 WEST—Beautifully furnished apartment, in modern apartment house; contains living room, bedroom, complete kitchen, bathroom, 3 large closets; to sublet to Oct. 1; price $170 per month; may be seen from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.

110TH ST., 527 WEST—Handsome living room, 2 chambers, bath; light housekeeping; $175.

110TH (Riverside)—Beautifully furnished 6 room apartment, 2 baths; $350. Cathedral 5825.

118TH ST., 425 WEST—Beautifully furnished ground floor front apartment; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; silverware, linen; immediate possession; $95; references essential. Apply Apt. 55, 430 West 118th. Morningside 3880. Williamson.

118TH ST., 430 WEST—Six sunny, all outside rooms; immaculately clean; modern apartment; absolutely new, unused furnishings throughout. Acheson.

119TH, 419 WEST—High-class 2 rooms, kitchenette, and bath; southern exposure; lease to October. Apt. 1B.

123D, 449 WEST (Apt. 56)—Five rooms, beautifully furnished, overlooking park; piano; elevator; steam heat; $200 monthly; references.

165TH ST. 540 WEST (Apt. 26)—Will share nicely furnished apartment with young couple immediately. Tel. Wadsworth 8220.

Apartment to rent, 2 rooms and bath, on 72d St., near Broadway; furnishings for the apartment can be purchased very reasonably. Apply Welling & Koelble, 158 West 72d St.

APARTMENT—A visit or telephone call will positively bring you your ideal furnished apartment; $150 up; unquestionably best organization. Phone Bryant 7993-343. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Columbus 836.

Apartment renting specialists, first-class furnished apartments; bargains; short leases. Cathedral 5825.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST ($175 upward)—Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH—Delightful 8 rooms, 2 baths; $450 month to October; immediate possession. Watkins; telephone Plaza 374.

Elegantly furnished corner apartment, consisting bedroom, sitting room, two dressing rooms, bath, kitchen, facing park; use Pierce-Arrow limousine, with chauffeur and private garage, also colored cook. Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Phone Academy 1647

Greenwich Village housekeeping apartment; completely furnished; living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchen; telephone; all improvements; $125 monthly for ten months. Nora MacLaren. Spring 6204.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS to rent for 3 months or longer.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS. Two and three rooms, bath, kitchenette, 320 West 105th.

HOTEL COLONIAL—Outside room and bath. Schuyler 8571. Call room 509.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE—University professor, on leave of absence for seven months, will rent apartment from February; adults only; 6 or 7 rooms; all outside; 8th floor; beautiful view; eastern and southern exposure. Phone Morningside 8906, Apt. 84.

Mrs. Ralling's apartments, 569 West End Av., near 86th St., 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, just completed; steam heat, hot water and service supplied from large apt. house adjoining.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790—To sublet, eight beautiful furnished rooms overlooking Hudson, 2 bathrooms, 3 lavatories, in strictly high class fireproof building, one block from Broadway subway and buses. A. J. Odell. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414—Completely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette and bath. Lewis.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452—Apartment, five rooms, front, richly furnished; long, short lease.

WEST END AV., 646 (91st subway station)—Renovated, newly furnished apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Seen 1-7:30.

Furnished—Bronx.

TIFFANY ST., 1,160, cor. 169th St.—First floor; 5-room corner apartment; all improvements; suitable for dentist. Apply on premises.

Seven rooms, completely furnished; electricity, telephone; $100 monthly. Boyce, Melrose 79.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

HICKS PLACE, 88, Woodside—Fifteen minutes from Grand Central by Queenboro subway, 5-room apartment, all conveniences; $75.

Furnished—Long Island.

Far Rockaway—5-room furnished apartment, $65; gas and electricity included; adults only. Telephone mornings, Far Rockaway 4034.

Furnished—New Jersey.

Four-room apartment, $100; will transfer lease to purchaser of new furniture; price $1,600. Call Orange 174.

Unfurnished—East Side.

5TH AV.-PARK AV.
New buildings; possession October; 2 to 20 rooms. Plans and information, STANLEY S. WOOLLEY & CO., 665 5th Av. Plaza 374.

49TH, 156 EAST—Newly constructed four rooms; $125 monthly. Phone Canal 812.

61ST, 127 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $1,[illegible] year up. Vanderbilt 1,450.

62D, 17 EAST (5TH).
New apartment offering; modern American light stone building; 2, 3, 4 rooms, with baths, kitchenettes; newly decorated; fireplaces; $125 to $250; immediate occupancy; unfurnished or furnished. Lenox 5817.

93D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartment hotel; beautiful new corner suite, 2 rooms and bath; $50 per room up. Hotel Ashton.

130TH, 14 EAST—Apartment, high-class, four rooms, bath; parquet floor; electricity; steam heat; reasonable.

EXCEPTIONAL PARK AV. APARTMENT, 8 rooms, 3 baths; fine light; modern elevator building; rent reasonable. Stanley S. Woolley & Co., 665 5th Av. Plaza 374.

LEXINGTON AV., 164, 31st St.—Entire floor of three rooms and bath in remodeled private; $125; service. Stuyvesant 4000.

Exclusive elevator apartment, 3 large rooms (kitchen), bath. Plaza 410.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,611 (near 174th)—Three-room apartment, $75. Phone 2601 Tremont.

Unfurnished—West Side.

26 WEST 27TH ST.
Two rooms and bath, modern, $75.

35TH ST., 36 WEST. "Oakdale"—Three-room apartment, with bath.

48TH, 10 WEST—Large room, use bath, $50 per month.

57TH ST, 205 WEST (The Osborne, corner 7th Av.)—Housekeeping apartment of 12 rooms and 4 baths; additional maids' rooms; exceptionally large rooms with high ceilings; immediate possession; $625 per month to Oct. 1 or longer. See Superintendent or telephone Circle 5420.

72D ST., near Broadway—Apartment to rent, two rooms and bath; furnishings for the apartment can be purchased very reasonably. Apply Welling & Koelble, 158 West 72d St.

76TH, 103 WEST—Two very desirable rooms and bath; fine neighborhood; three minutes from subway and elevated stations. Apply Supt.

85TH ST., 328-330 WEST—Beautiful 8-room elevator apartment; $2,400 per year. See Superintendent.

90TH, 11 WEST—Floor in private house; all conveniences; very desirable.

94TH, 50 WEST—2 rooms, bath, electric light, hot, cold water.

100TH, 319 WEST—Three and four rooms, kitchenette; river Hudson; Riverside Drive; electricity, steam; parquet; exceptional; beautiful; $200-$300; lease; open until 9 P.M.

104TH, 140 WEST, "The Stafford"—Will sublease my beautiful eight-room apartment, $1,400 yearly, providing furniture is bought. Robinson.

107TH, 324 WEST—Two exceptionally large beautiful rooms, dressing room, bath, kitchenette.

113TH, near Broadway—Apartment, two large rooms, kitchenette, bath. Telephone 9 to 12 Cathedral 7442

113TH ST., 611 WEST.
Five-room apartment, $1,350 per year.

135TH, 601 WEST (Broadway)—5 rooms, $90; elevator; immediate possession. Cortlandt 3661.

151ST, 518 WEST—Six light, outside rooms; elevator; entirely redecorated; $100.

162D, 666 WEST—Three rooms, bath, modern, elevator; decorated to suit; $60; lessee must buy furniture.

161ST, NEAR BROADWAY—6 rooms, $150; 3 rooms, $65; immediate. Wadsworth 9236.

225TH ST., WEST (Corner Marble Hill Av.)—Four light rooms in modern elevator apartment house; $75; immediate possession; one block west of Broadway subway station, New York Central, and surface cars. Apply superintendent on premises. Telephone Marble 775 or Worth 2468.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 237—Beautiful apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen; rental $1,800; suitable for doctor or housekeeping.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 135—3 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 140 West 90th St.—Storage, $5 per month vanload; padded vans moving; moderate rates. 1705 Riverside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 834, (near 158th St.)—4 rooms; rent $80; Apartment 6-C, (non-elevator). Audubon 1902.

WEST POINT VIEW APARTMENTS,
575 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, COR. 135TH ST.
7 AND 8 ROOM APARTMENTS;
VERY ATTRACTIVE; VACANT FEB. 1.
$25 PER ROOM.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th), 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, entire ground floor, with yard; newly decorated; private entrance; fireplace; lease, $85; open for inspection. Phone Lenox 5817.

583 WEST END AV.
New apartments in exclusive house; two and three room, 20 by 22; open fireplaces, kitchenettes; $1,400 to $2,200; ready.

WEST END AV., 672—Doctor's apartment, 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $1,800; 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $1,200.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE 1,408—Four rooms, five rooms. Crystal Dwellings; see Superintendent.

UNIVERSITY AVENUE—Seven beautiful rooms, $150; second floor; sublet October, 1920, renewal privilege 1921. T 1001 Times Harlem.

COLLEGE AV., 1,382, corner 170th., Bronx—Five rooms to let; all improvements.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 265 (near Warren St.)—$65; three rooms, bath; maid service; steam heat, hot water. Apply premises.

NINE large, light rooms in two-family corner house; all improvements; near subway station; $95. 5,603 Fort Hamilton Parkway, corner 56th St. (Borough Park).

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

PARK AV., 458, East Orange, New Jersey—Choice location; 3-4 rooms, $700-$960 year; new; open for inspection. Huegel-Clark, Essex Building, Newark.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

APARTMENT WANTED BY COUPLE.
$100 BONUS OFFERED
for a four or five room modern elevator apartment; rental about $100 per month. T 1012 Times Harlem.

Phone immediately Bryant 7993, 343, 2361; responsible tenants waiting for desirable furnished apartments; immediate action; unquestionably best organization. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d.

Six or seven rooms, three bedrooms, for family of four adults; Bronx or Brooklyn preferred; Long Island to Jamaica considered; references exchanged; ready for immediate proposition. O 393 Times.

Responsible clients wanting furnished apartments; choice localities; long, short leases; 4-12 rooms; $50-$1,000 monthly. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Business woman desires small furnished apartment, high class only, not above 72d; give description, price. J 121 Times.

Young couple want well-furnished four, five-room modern apartment, west side; references exchanged. Write E 48 Times.

Business couple, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen or kitchenette apartment; moderate rent; between 96th and 110th. V 37 Times.

Furnished two or three room apartment; immediate possession; wanted for six months or year. E 39 Times.

Wanted—Furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; Riverside Drive or west side; possession by Feb. 24; rent must be reasonable. V 509 Times Downtown.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
2 TO 10 ROOMS.
STANLEY S. WOOLLEY CO., PLAZA 374.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE
for high-class furnished apartments. Mrs. Dingleman, 129 West 72d St, Columbus 836.

Unfurnished.

Young married Christian couple require on lease (immediate possession) 2 rooms and bath or entire floor in private house (unfurnished, with kitchenette), 34th to 96th, Lexington to Riverside Drive; rental $1,200 to $1,400; specify floor, size, rooms, and price; best references; unfurnished. A 542 Times Downtown.

Six or 7 rooms, nice apartment; just a couple Christians, "real folks;" near station, elevated preferred; long lease; about $100 to $125; east or west, below 125th St.; every kind reference; full particulars; send letter. P., Room 1542, 50 Broad St. Possession March 1.

Gentleman desires 2 to 3 year lease, unfurnished apartment, 5 to 7 rooms, on small house, modern conveniences, vicinity Washington Sq., Gramercy Park. Z 359 Times Annex.

Wanted, four-room housekeeping apartment, west side, between 72d and 116th Sts; all modern conveniences; state particulars, rental. Elsler, Hotel Monterey.

Wanted, 6-8 rooms, apartment or house, with garage, in Flatbush, New Rochelle, or Westchester; rent not over $100. Phone Franklin 2942.

Five-room, up-to-date apt., above 72d St.; refined couple will pay up to $125; quick action; references. Phone afternoons, Mad. Sq. 2698.

Four or five room apartment, conveniently located, wanted by couple; west side preferred. L. A. G., 29 West 87th St., N. Y. City.

$10 reward for 3 or 4 room unfurnished apartment; possession on or before Feb. 15. G. E. Featherly, Palisades Park, N. J.

Wanted, 6 rooms, unfurnished, modern apartment, 72d-96th Sts., west side; liberal bonus. A. P., 2,939 3d Av. (Melrose 7400).

Four-room apartment, 50th-70th; $40; might buy furniture. R 238 Times.

Wanted, small kitchenette apartment; moderate rent. Stuyvesant 6726.

Couple desire modern three-room apartment; moderate rental. P 131 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

25TH ST. (N. E. Cor. Lexington Av.)—Hotel Belmore; exceptionally nice rooms; $7 up.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $10 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly up; cozy, sunny, comfortable; telephone. Hotel Rutledge.

36TH, 14 EAST—Two furnished rooms for rent, suitable for gentlemen.

PARK AV., 582 (63d)—Two sunny front connecting rooms (desirable), one flight.

West Side.

44TH ST., 234 WEST—One large, well furnished front room; also two smaller rooms, kitchen privileges.

70TH, 200 WEST—Beautifully furnished front room. Apartment 14.

72D, 240 WEST—Large parlor room, private bath; also single room.

72D, 314 WEST—Elegant parlor, private bath, suitable studio; comfortable home; electricity, telephone, open fireplace, gohelin wall coverings.

72D ST. & WEST END AV.—Bachelor's quarters; $15 up, suite; telephone Columbus 806; reference.

73D ST., 317 WEST—Christian family offers business woman light single room, next bath, $10 per week; large private residence; elevator. Telephone Columbus 658.

74TH, 108 WEST—Attractive large front room with dressing room, next to bath; also beautiful furnished parlor with Steinway Grand piano.

74TH, 303 WEST—Exceptional large room, twin beds, lavatory; also large single room, overlooking Riverside; mansion absolutely first class; gentleman.

74TH, 104 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water, kitchenette privileges; references.

75TH, 143 WEST—Double room, private bath, kitchenette privileges; also parlor, bedroom.

77TH, 102 WEST—Attractive, furnished, warm room; gentlemen; $10. Wheeler, Apt. 72.

76TH, 237 WEST—Newly furnished house; rooms, private bath, electricity, phone; gentlemen.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive room, private bath; single room a high-class house.

77TH, 134 WEST—Comfortable, sunny room, suitable one or two; running water, steam, bath adjoining; private house; references.

78TH, 110 WEST—Beautiful sunny room; $15 weekly; private family; references.

79TH (64 Riverside Drive)—Spacious rooms; steam, kitchenette privileges; $15-$25 weekly.

79TH, 114 WEST—Parked street, desirable rooms and suite.

80TH, 169 WEST—Beautifully furnished front suite, with private entrance; electricity, telephone; private family; $25 weekly.

81ST, 29 WEST—Overlooking park, small front room, adjoining bath, private house.

82D, 33 WEST—Second-floor, connecting rooms, bath, phone, newly furnished; references.

86TH, 308 WEST (6 East)—Medium sized room; running water, elevator; gentlemen.

86TH ST., 204 WEST (Apt. 4E)—Single and front suite; private home; gentlemen.

92D ST., 306 WEST—Single room with bay window, warm, unusually attractive, electric lights, tile bath, with shower; near subway; references.

93D, 69 WEST—Double front, $11; small with water, $6.50; steam. L.

94TH ST.—Elegant suite; gentlemen or couple; private house. Call Riverside 4501.

95TH ST., 330 WEST (Near Riverside)—One or two large, attractive rooms; modern apartment; private family. Apt. 2.

101ST, 4 WEST—Clean, well-furnished room; breakfast optional. Apt. 8.

106TH, 201 WEST—Desirable rooms; modern elevator apartment; convenient location; [illegible] Phone.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

112TH ST., 504 WEST—Furnished room in modern apartment; ground floor; gentleman.

125TH ST. (301 St. Nicholas Av.)—Cozy furnished room, all improvements. Apt. 25. Call forenoon or evenings.

126TH, 56 WEST—Gentleman will find here excellent accommodations; subway minute; references.

141ST, 332 WEST, Corner St. Nicholas—3-room corner suite; 5 windows; $14, including gas for cooking for two business people. Gallagher.

204TH, 650 WEST, Near Broadway (Apt. 22)—Nicely furnished bedroom, with twin beds, with all improvements; would like business couple. Call until Sunday to inquire.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Beautifully furnished front suite; high-class apartment. Columbus 5885.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 224, near 82d—Suite overlooking Park; suitable three gentlemen; $21. White, Phone Schuyler 2250.

CLAREMONT AV., (116th St. and Riverside)—Warm, sunny, exceptional outside room; facing college; French windows, high-class apartment; Protestant family; near subway; $14; gentleman only. Phone Morningside 1335.

FURNISHED ROOMS,

situated in section of 96th St. and Broadway, up-to-date, with modern improvements, for business gentlemen; rent $100 per month; references required. M. X., 200 Cable Bldg.

Large south front room, attractively furnished, bath adjoining; private residence; convenient to 145th St. station of subway, bus, street car, and elevated. Telephone Audubon 4750.

Large light room; moderate rent. White, 1,049 Amsterdam Av., 141st St.

LENOX AV., 716.
Large, attractive room, adjoining bath; elevator; private. Harlem 9682.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 321 (104th)—Exceptionally large, elegant room, dressing room, private bath, large closet, kitchenette, continuous hot water, steam heat, electricity, open fireplace, refined.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116TH ST.—Large room; private bath; most exquisite furnishings; shown by appointment. Morningside 8748.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (94th)—Well furnished, medium sized room; exclusive. Apt. 61.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (94th)—Desirable rooms, double, single; private apartment; references. Smith.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214 (corner 94th St)—Housekeeping suite; hand

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER,
...se house experience preferred; controlling account; state experience and salary expected. K. R., 793 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Assistant who understands trial balances and controlling accounts, ...o operate typewriter; state experience, ...e and salary. V 560 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to take entire charge of complete set of books; state age, salary, &c. B 407 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, sales ledger, capable handling payments, typing. Room 1501, 230 ...th Av.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; one who can take charge of office; good salary to right party. ...addy & Dorsman, 45 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—SALARY $25 TO START; EXPERIENCED. APPLY HEIL ...TERN, 1,166 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double entry, ...knowledge controlling accounts, trial balance; $27; advancement. V 35 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced. I. & S. Epler, ...00 Canal St.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with trial balance and controlling accounts. P 156 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry. Harris, 9 West 31st St.

BOOKKEEPER—State age, experience; Park Row; $18. A 541 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced. New ...ork Dress Co., 38 West 28th St.

BOOKKEEPER on Underwood bookkeeping machine. G. H. & E. Freyberg, 85 5th Av.

CASHIERS, CASHIERS,

EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT ROTHENBERG & CO., 34-42 WEST 14TH.

CASHIER wanted in retail store; references. ...ee Mr. Minzle, Times Square Auto Supply ...., 50th St. and Broadway.

CLERKS

In an organization as young and large as this the opportunities to advance are exceptional.

You can begin as INDEXERS, FILERS, PRICERS, GENERAL CLERKS, at good pay, and advance as you qualify.

Applicants must be over 16 years of age.

Call or write,

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 Washington Street,

Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERKS,

FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; PERMANENT POSITIONS; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL

SIMON ASCHER & CO., INC., 134TH ST. & 3D AV., BRONX.

CASHIER, experienced, neat appearing, for hairdressing parlor at Plaza Hotel. Apply at Millin's, 13 West 38th.

CASHIER—No night, Sunday or holiday work. Apply Loeffing's, Inc., 120 Broadway.

CLERICAL—Young lady wanted in clerical capacity, office of large packing establishment; must be good writer, quick and accurate at figures. Call or write, giving full particulars, Mr. Hartman, Joseph Stern & Son, 616 West 40th St.

CLERK—Young woman wanted to work in subscription department of paper; must be able to operate typewriter; give experience and state salary wanted. A 544 Times Downtown.

CLERKS—Young women between ages 18 and 35 years for office of large corporation, permanent positions. 346 Broadway, second floor.

CLERK, billing and entry; some typewriting; experience necessary; wages to start $18. Apply in own handwriting, L 774 Times Downtown.

CLERK, junior, boy or girl; general office work; chance to learn newspaper advertising business. Apply at once, 31 Union Square, Room 1309.

CLERK—Must be good at figures, also good penman; comptometer operator preferred. Write, stating experience and salary. D 88 Times.

CLERK, editorial department, publishing house; high school graduate; experience unnecessary. 958 University Av., (West 162d St.), Bronx.

CLERK in casualty insurance office; experience not necessary; good opportunity for advancement; answer, stating age and salary desired. Z 422 Times Annex.

CLERK—Experienced young lady as file and office clerk; neat and accurate; state experience, education, age and salary. V 562 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, EXPERT, WANTED BY A LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY; ONE THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH FIGURING CANCELLATIONS AND ADDITIONAL PREMIUMS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE EXPERIENCE AND IF AT PRESENT EMPLOYED; ALL REPLIES CONFIDENTIALLY TREATED. 792 TIMES, 2 RECTOR ST.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced in the wholesale grocery line; good opportunity for one acquainted with the different quantities; state age and salary desired. Comptometer, P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station.

COOK wanted; apartment; two in family; light work; steady position. Apply Mrs. W. M. Wright, 883 Park Av. Telephone Plaza 8448.

CORRESPONDENT, typist; permanent position, large publishing house; good salary. D. E., 220 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—Position open in large, pleasant office of publishing house; steady advancement for young women who can transcribe rapidly and accurately. McGraw-Hill Company, 10th Av. and 36th St. Apply to Miss Hormel between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

DICTATING MACHINE TRANSCRIBER.

Stenography desirable but not necessary; must be expert operator; salary according to ability. Ellis Varnish Corporation, Marcy and Flushing Avs., Brooklyn.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Large mail order house; good position to right party. Call or write, stating salary and experience.

668 BROADWAY, 11TH FLOOR.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, accurate and rapid transcriber; state age, experience, and salary. Box 328, 1619 St. James Bldg.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge of shorthand, wanted by engineering firm. Telephone Murray Hill 709.

EDIPHONE OPERATOR—Must be experienced and, preferably, have worked for an electrical concern; give full details and salary wanted. A 545 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, experienced, to take charge of our order department; good starting salary; splendid opportunity for advancement. L. W. Sweet & Co., 140 West 23d St.

EXAMINER.

MUST BE STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS AND WITH EXPERIENCE IN WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; SPLENDID POSITION TO A WOMAN OF ABILITY; MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN PREFERRED.

C. H. D. ROBBINS CO., 150 MADISON AV.

FILE CLERK in large establishment of Christian concern; good prospects for advancement; state age, salary, and experience, if any. V 592 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, assistant, for sales office of corporation; Christian firm; permanent position; state age, experience and salary wanted. B 430 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, experienced; permanent position. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 115 5th Av.

FILE CLERKS—No experience necessary. Call between 1 and 3, Norwich Pharmacal Co., 58 East 11th.

FILE CLERK—Must have some experience. See Miss Williams, International Motor Co., West End Av. and 64th.

FILING, SWITCHBOARD, &c.—Girl; salary $14. Call Room 608, 171 Madison Av.

FINISHERS wanted; must be first class. Apply Frances & Co., 10 West 56th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

FORELADY, one having experience in hiring help, and taking charge of a small infants' wear factory. P 149 Times.

GIRLS.

WITH OR WITHOUT EXPERIENCE

Will find congenial employment with good pay and opportunities for rapid advancement.

TYPISTS, CLERICAL,
FILERS, MAIL OPENERS,
ORDER PICKERS, STOCK CLERKS,
PACKERS.

Hours are 8:30 to 5:30; Saturday, half-day.

STORE IS CONVENIENTLY LOCATED.

Two blocks from Christopher St. station, 9th Av. "L," and two blocks from Christopher St. ferry.

BELLAS HESS & CO., Corner Washington and Morton Sts., N. Y.

GIRLS AS TYPISTS.

GIRLS, AGE 17 AND OVER, WANTED AS TYPISTS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION; HOURS 9 TO 4:30; SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; LUNCHEON SERVED FREE; OPPORTUNITY TO STUDY STENOGRAPHY AND OPERATION OF DICTAPHONE WITHOUT EXPENSE; SALARY $12.00; CALL AFTER 9 A. M. ROOM 5030 METROPOLITAN LIFE BUILDING, 4TH AV. & 23D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

GIRLS AS CLERKS.

GIRLS, AGE 17 AND OVER, WANTED AS CLERKS; PERMANENT POSITIONS, LARGE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION; HOURS 9 TO 4:30; SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY; LUNCHEON SERVED FREE; OPPORTUNITY TO STUDY TYPEWRITING, STENOGRAPHY AND DICTAPHONE WITHOUT EXPENSE; SALARY TO START $12.00; CALL AFTER 9 A. M. ROOM 5030 METROPOLITAN LIFE BUILDING, 4TH AV. & 23D ST., NEW YORK.

GIRLS—GIRLS.

LIGHT STOCK WORK and LEARNERS ON FOLDING,

$12 TO START

CLERICAL BEGINNERS.

A NUMBER OF POSITIONS AT $10 to $12; GOOD HOURS, TIME BONUS, AND PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS.

McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

GIRLS.

WE HAVE POSITIONS OPEN PAYING FROM $12 TO $15 PER WEEK.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES, 25 WASHINGTON ST., BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GIRLS.

Graduates from school will find desirable positions in office of a large business house where a thorough knowledge of business will be gained with an excellent prospect for the future; hours 8:30 to 5:30; half day Saturday.

BELLAS HESS & CO., Corner Washington and Morton Sts.

GIRLS, DO YOU WANT TO BECOME TYPISTS?

If over 16 years of age and graduates of high or grammar school,

WE WILL TEACH YOU TOUCH SYSTEM,

and pay you liberally while you are learning, and pay better when you are graduated to a regular position. This is an excellent opportunity for ambitious and capable girls. We teach you our own work and methods while you learn typing; all classes are conducted during regular business hours. J. C. 276 Times.

GIRLS AS OFFICE ASSISTANTS; PUBLISHING HOUSE HAS EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR GIRLS INTERESTED IN DEVELOPING; GOOD PERMANENT POSITIONS IN PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS AND CONGENIAL CLERICAL WORK; HOURS 9 TO 5; HALF DAY SATURDAY; PAY $55 PER MONTH, WITH BONUS; STARTING IMMEDIATELY AND ADVANCEMENT. APPLY E. A. HOUGH, 8TH FLOOR, 239 WEST 39TH ST.

Girls, 16 to 18 years, for positions as traffic clerks.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER STREET, ROOM 1702. Near Canal and Broadway.

GIRLS.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, AND SEVERAL GIRLS FOR CLERICAL WORK. Good pay; rapid advancement; steady work. ROSENWASSER BROS., INC., Near Bridge Plaza, L. I. City. 2d Av. "L" or Subway to Bridge Plaza. APPLY ALL WEEK.

GIRL in the directory compiling department of a trade publication; must be quick, accurate, and willing to begin at a moderate salary, with monthly bonus; knowledge of stenography and typewriting desirable, but not essential. Address, giving experience and references, F 133 Times.

GIRLS (3), 18 to 20 years old, who have had some clerical experience, figure quickly and accurately, write a good hand, are wanted by large Christian corporation; congenial office surroundings. Apply Mr. Peister, 7th floor, 280 West Broadway.

GIRLS TO ASSIST IN STOCK DEPARTMENT IN LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; STEADY POSITION, WITH EXCEPTIONAL CHANCES FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

GIRL.

YOUNG LADY TO DO FILING AND ADDRESSING IN LARGE CORPORATION; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. LEHN & FINK, 120 WILLIAM ST.

GIRLS TO LABEL AND WRAP BOTTLES; $16 WHILE LEARNING; PIECE WORK LATER; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS. LEA & PERRINS, 241 WEST ST., NEAR DESBROSSES ST.

GIRLS, for large insurance company; excellent opportunity for business training and advancement; good salary to start. Call at Personnel Department, 10th floor, 115 Broadway.

GIRL wanted in office of publishing company to assist in addressing and mailing department; salary $12. Call at 71 Murray St., New York City, 8th floor.

GIRL, small, wanted in large advertising agency; one who is familiar with operating a mimeograph. Apply J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av., New York City.

GIRL, bright, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, to make herself generally useful; ladies' underwear manufacturer. R 235 Times.

GIRL, bright, for office work; experience not necessary; write stating age and salary expected. D 89 Times.

GIRL (white) for general housework; references. Apartment 31, 523 West 113th St. Telephone Cathedral 7474.

GIRLS wanted to inclose circulars in envelopes; experience not necessary. Apply The Moore Press, 461 8th Av.

GIRLS TO DO CLERICAL WORK; MUST HAVE GOOD HANDWRITING. WEIL & WEIL, 36 EAST 31ST ST.

GIRL wanted to handle classified advertising in engineering paper. Write full particulars, A. E. Gilbert, 475 10th Av., City.

GIRLS FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; APPLY IMMEDIATELY. MENTER CO., 45 EAST 17TH ST.

GIRL for filing and assisting at telephone. Charles & Co., 48 East 43d.

GIRL, with experience at telephone switchboard. Charles & Co., 48 East 43d.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS.
WOMEN.
OF SPECIAL INTEREST
TO THOSE
LIVING IN BROOKLYN.
OUR BUILDINGS
ARE LOCATED
THREE MINUTES' WALK
FROM SANDS STREET
STATION AT BROOKLYN
BRIDGE.
EASILY ACCESSIBLE
FROM ALL PARTS
OF BROOKLYN.
VACANCIES NOW FOR
ORDER SELECTORS,
STOCK PEOPLE,
WRAPPERS,
EXAMINERS.
IF YOU HAVE TRIED
FACTORY WORK,
AND DO NOT LIKE IT,
IF YOU ARE
A BEGINNER,
OR IF YOU ARE
EXPERIENCED,
WE CAN PLACE
YOU
IN INTERESTING WORK
IN OUR
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
DEPARTMENT.
GOOD PAY.
PERMANENT POSITION.
CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES
WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GIRLS WANTED IN ORDER DEPARTMENT, ALSO PACKING EXAMINING DEPARTMENT; BOY'S WASH SUITS AND BLOUSES; LIGHT, CLEAN, STEADY WORK; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; HOURS 8 TO 5:30, HALF DAY SATURDAY. MOTHER'S FRIEND MANF. CO., 122 5TH AV., NEAR 18TH.

GIRLS—Public school graduates for positions, including regular training and definite advancement; 16 to 25 years.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER STREET, ROOM 1702. Near Canal and Broadway.

GIRL, BRIGHT,

TO ASSIST IN SHOWROOM; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT.

ABE MILLMAN, 20 WEST 33D ST.

GIRL

in labeling department of wholesale ribbon house; experience unnecessary. Apply

JACOBS & SPERO, 373 4th Av.

GIRL to answer telephone and assist in busy office; salary $14-$16; write particulars. A 505 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS—French or English; part time or all day; railroad fare paid. Address Mrs. A. Goadby, 390 Union Av., Lynbrook, L. I.

HOUSEWORKER; neat, capable woman to do work for two adults in small apartment centrally located; fine place for right party; city references required. J 69 Times.

HOUSEWORKER—Neat, reliable girl who is good cook, wanted for housework by small family in apartment; good wages and fine home for right person. Telephone Lenox 7838.

HOUSEKEEPER—Neat, reliable girl for light housekeeping, by small family in apartment; good wages. 416 Fort Washington Av., Apt. 35. Wadsworth 8940.

HOUSEKEEPER, white, with references; family of three; small, new house in Montclair; good wages. Call Montclair 2805.

HOUSEWORKER, reliable cook for family of three; no laundry work; good wages. 50 Morningside Av., Apt. 71.

HOUSEWORK, general, under 30, of allied nations; white woman; cheerful; ask door man. Apply 784 Park Av.

HOUSEWORKER for general housework; wages $60. Rich, 600 West 183d St., New York. Telephone Wadsworth 2270, Apt. 42.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, one who understands her business; references. Call 327 West 78th St.

LEDGER CLERK; permanent position and advancement; state experience, religion, and salary. Reliable, J 59 Times.

LEDGER CLERK—Must be neat, good handwriting. United Picture Production, 1,600 Broadway, apply Mr. Fenster.

MAID to keep two-room apartment clean, sew well, who understands massage, can travel; the best references required; permanent position for right person. Phone 10 A. M., Columbus 4587.

MAID, French, for upstairs and mending; used to children; write, stating salary desired and other information. Address Baldwin, 14 Rudd Court, Glen Ridge, N. J.

MILLINERY DESIGNER

on tailored hats wanted by manufacturer of hand-blocked hats; excellent opportunity for one qualified; replies strictly confidential.

J. V., 200 CABLE BLDG.

MODELS.

LARGE DRESS HOUSE HAS IMMEDIATE POSITION FOR SEVERAL SIZE 16 MODELS; PERMANENT POSITIONS TO EXPERIENCED AND ATTRACTIVE YOUNG WOMEN.

C. H. D. ROBBINS CO., 150 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 36,

REQUIRED BY

WEINSTEIN BROS. COAT HOUSE;

EXCELLENT, STEADY POSITIONS.

APPLY FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

114 EAST 23D ST.,

NEAR 4TH AV.

MODELS, SAMPLE 36.

STEADY POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY.

TREELINE SUIT CO., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS.

STYLISH YOUNG LADIES TO MODEL JUNIOR AND CHILDREN'S COATS. APPLY

A. PORTFOLIO & CO., 1333 BROADWAY.

MODEL, SAMPLE SIZE 18.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY; HIGH-CLASS DRESSES. APPLY ALL WEEK.

M. & H. RENTNER, 6TH FLOOR, 2 WEST 33D.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined; assist light housework; assist care of two children, five and two years; good salary and home to right party. Mrs. Samuels, 235 Fort Washington Av., Apt. 4C.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Care two children, aged 3, 5; no menial work; refined family in North Carolina; good salary. Apply immediately, 305 West 102d, city.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR — Experienced; good salary; easy hours; rapid advancement; by Protestant religious organization. 160 5th Av., 5th floor (Mohawk Building).

NURSERY GOVERNESS.

Thoroughly experienced woman take charge 2 children 5-6 years old; both going to school; must be able to speak good English; preferably one speaking French; come well recommended.

A. GEVIRTZ, 270 West End Av. Phone Columbus 1881.

NURSERY-MOTHER in Protestant orphanage on Hudson; active, pleasant, refined woman, capable of caring for 25 boys between 4 and 7; attractive surroundings; no cooking or sewing; write in detail. Leake & Watts Orphan House, 463 Hawthorne Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

NURSE, registered, as superintendent of nurses for hospital in city; write full particulars regarding education, experience and salary in executive positions, &c. R. L., 209 Times Bronx.

NURSE, experienced, for two children; must have good references. Apply Mrs. Mortimer R. Goldsmith, 490 South Franklin St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

NURSE—Young woman, neat, to care for infant in refined home; no housework. Ablowitz, 261 Broadway, Room 1001.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, experienced; references; two children. Call between 12 and 2, 137 E. 60th.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for children 10 and 7. Call Apartment 5B, 680 West End Av., Riverside 1368.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS WANTED, OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE; GIRLS WITH NO EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; WAGES $12. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY LETTER TO MR. M., CARE OF PETER HENDERSON & CO., 35 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK.

OFFICE ASSISTANT
for clerical work
in audit department of large coat and suit house.
SPERBER, FRANK & ENGEL,
27 WEST 33D ST.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Credit department; extensive experience unnecessary; knowledge of typewriting preferred; state age, salary expected and full particulars. S. R., 572 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Girl, 16 years old; quick to learn; no experience necessary. Call today, 10-12 A. M., Mayer, 140 5th Av., city.

OFFICE WORKER—BRIGHT YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK; SPLENDID POSITION, GOOD SALARY. G. B. G. MFG. CO., 15 EAST 26TH.

OFFICE GIRLS 14 to 16; good chance for advancement to clerical positions. Address P. O. Box 325 City Hall Sta., N. Y.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; good penmanship. Call Cohen & Bonzon, 18 Washington Place.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with knowledge of stenography. Gerson-Kaufman Co., 366 6th Av.

OPERATOR, dictaphone, in office of prominent downtown concern; good opportunity amid pleasant surroundings; state salary and give phone number. V 593 Times Downtown.

RECEPTION ROOM GIRL; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting essential. Apply after 10:30 A. M., S. J. Simons, Suite 107, 50 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN—Excellent offerings to ladies who who have sold books, or courses in accountancy and bookkeeping; drawing account against commissions. R 595 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY—Refined personality; permanent; short hours; salary-commission; $30-$75 weekly proposition; experience unnecessary; silks. Deluxe, 1,482 Broadway.

SALESLADY at candy counter at Mary Elizabeth, 392 5th Av.

SEAMSTRESS for commercial work; must embroider well; first-class references; good wages. 5 West 56th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER wanted by an executive of a large publishing house; prefer a young lady who has some knowledge of the book business; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address Care B. P. O., Box 248 City Hall Station.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, capable, efficient, 6 years experience, $30-$35. T 860 Times.

STENCIL CUTTERS
ON PIN-POINT STENCILS;
8:45-5:15; ATTRACTIVE SALARIES.
McCALL, 236 WEST 37TH.

STENOGRAPHER in credit department wholesale silk house; write, giving age, experience, and salary expected. Mogi & Co., 118 East 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER — Attractive, permanent position for capable young lady with publication experience; write full particulars. T 464 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; good chance for advancement. Call between 8:30 and 9, Korein Co., Inc., 146 East 32d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced law, wanted; state qualifications, age and salary desired. Address A 520 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright and quick, good speller; steady position; $20-22 start; state religion. A 519 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, neat appearance, able to take dictation in Spanish, to substitute; salary, $30. Phone John 2631.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position, large publishing house; good salary. D. H., 219 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for engineering office; willing to do clerical work; salary $25. Call 130 East 15th St., Room 1729.

STENOGRAPHER, pleasant position. M. J. Belmont, real estate office, Phone Watkins 6957.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, Christian firm; hours 9-6; salary $25. Phone Stuyvesant 1758.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; $20 a week; good chance for advancement. Z 426 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for chemical house; splendid opportunity; state fully experience, also salary desired. P 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—high school education necessary. Apply Friday Room 1132, 22 East 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST. CALL READY TO WORK, WOOD-WILSON, 515 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHERS with high school education, experienced in export houses. Apply Room 824, Equitable Building.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in law office; Reply, stating age, experience, and salary, B 435 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; Christian firm; salary dependent on experience and ability. 10th floor, 71 Murray St.

STENOGRAPHER in Christian firm; experienced and of good education; pleasant surroundings; start $20; give details. M 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER for law office; neat appearing. Room 604, 1,545 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.

Experienced Oliver operator; permanent position. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 115 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner; rapid advancement by Christian concern. Wright Co., 229 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Good opportunity for experienced girl. Apply Mergenthaler Linotype Co., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for law office; salary $25. F. H. Pease, Room 2822, 120 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter for wholesale house; beginner preferred; good position for right party. P 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER to operate Smith machine; good position for capable girl. Apply 135 Madison Av.

MODELS—SIZE 16;

neat, stylish appearance;

LONG SEASON; GOOD SALARY.

SPERBER, FRANK & ENGEL, 27 WEST 33D.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES, TRY ON DRESSES; LONG SEASON; GOOD PAY.

J. M. SILVERMAN, 2 WEST 33D ST.

MODEL.

YOUNG REFINED GIRL TO ACT AS MODEL IN DRESSMAKER'S ESTABLISHMENT; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. FARQUHARSON & WHEELOCK, 724 5TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,

tall; high-class wholesale dress house. EXPERIENCED PREFERABLE. ROTH COSTUME, 53 EAST 33D ST.

MODELS,

16 and 38, good looking; permanent position. Krieger's, Inc., 53 West 28th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, experienced. Apply 3d floor, Lane Bryant, 23 West 38th.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT. We have an opening for a young lady who can take dictation and assist in general office work; we are located in Brooklyn; work short hours, and surroundings are pleasant; kindly state in your reply age, experience (if any), schooling and salary desired to start. Z 411 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, young lady, single, graduate commercial high school or business college and at least one year's experience; salary according to experience; experience in import or export business preferred. Apply, with references, after 9 A. M., Room 506, 15 Whitehall St.

STENOGRAPHER—To a thoroughly experienced and competent young lady we can offer permanent position with a good opportunity for advancement; our office is easily accessible by 34th St. crosstown car and 9th Av. elevated train. Twisted Wire and Steel Co., 437 11th Av., near 36th St.

STENOGRAPHER, age 21-40, for permanent position, by a long-established Christian concern in Jersey City; must be capable and have had two years' experience; state age, race, school education, stenographic experience and salary expected. Z 381 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.

Stenographer and office assistant; must be accurate and speedy; permanent position; over 30 years of age preferred.

Call 232 West 47th St., near Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, bright girl for advertising department; excellent future, interesting work; $18 to start; bonus; will be advanced as rapidly as worth it; must have initiative and ambition. Apply Electrical Experimenter, 233 Fulton St., N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER,

experienced; good opportunity for quick and accurate stenographer with clerical knowledge to assist in office; steady position; salary to start $20, with rapid advancement; state experience. G. H., 209 Cable Building.

STENOGRAPHER—Opportunity in advertising agency for bright girl with experience, taking dictation accurately and turning out neat work rapidly; high school education preferred; $18 to start. V 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—In large, central real estate and insurance office; must be neat, accurate, quick, and thoroughly dependable, and possess good education; state age, experience, and salary desired. M, A., 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to chief auditor; must be good penman, splendid opportunity for the right girl, airy office, washed air ventilation, gymnasium privileges; salary to start $15. Physical Culture Magazine, 119 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER—QUICK AND ACCURATE, IN LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; STATE QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE WITH INITIATIVE. BOX V 591 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by advertising department leading national publication; Christian firm; salary to start $25; excellent opportunity; a good head more important than business experience. A. P., Box 103, Madison Square Station.

STENOGRAPHER — YOUNG LADY FOR STENOGRAPHIC WORK, TO ASSIST IN GENERAL OFFICE WORK IN IMPORT OFFICE; CALL FRIDAY BETWEEN 12 AND 1 P. M. WEEKS HAND CORP, 385 WASHINGTON ST.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, with knowledge of bookkeeping; hours 9-5:30, half day Saturday. Operophone, Inc., Creek and Middle Creek, 2 blocks west of Sunshine Biscuit Factory, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, BEGINNER, YOUNG LADY; LARGE PLUMBING MANUFACTURING CONCERN; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, AND SALARY. GOOD OPPORTUNITY. B 440 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young lady wanted to assist executives in factory office in Hoboken; answer, stating age, past positions, and salary expected to start. P 787 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant with high school education; preferably with some experience; Christian firm; write, stating education, experience, salary desired, &c. B 408 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER (Oliver machine) wanted in large downtown office; must be able to read notes accurately and be a good speller; short hours in Summer. A 528 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Opportunity for bright young lady with old established firm; must be experienced and well educated; state experience, age and salary. V 561 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST in general business office; some experience desirable; excellent chance for reliable worker wishing steady position; state salary and other particulars. Address A 535 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; high-grade stenographer and secretary; electrical and steam machinery experience preferred; liberal salary paid to person qualifying. A 509 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must be rapid and accurate; prefer one experienced in the twine and paper business; salary $18. American Twine Co., 135 West 44th St., 3d floor.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, with office and filing experience; accurate at figures, for purchasing department of export house; state age, experience and salary expected. V 614 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady in the office of large transatlantic steamship company; state in own handwriting experience and salary expected; bookkeeping; drawing account against commissions. R 595 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, who is familiar with filing and card systems. Apply National Screen Service, 1,476 Broadway, corner 42d.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; experience not absolutely essential, but must be bright and a legible penman; state salary. P 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in export advertising department of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Co.; excellent opportunity. Apply in person today to Mr. L. B. McCarty, 1,871 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted by large downtown corporation; position permanent; pleasant surroundings; salary $100 per month. B 438 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Familiar with export business; salary to start $20; excellent opportunity for advancement; state qualifications fully. V 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in French, with knowledge of Italian language desirable; English not necessary. Saludes Lumber Co., 141 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' actual business experience, $25; write giving age, religion, as particulars. S. M. C., 140 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian concern; excellent opportunity for party qualified as beginner; hours 8:30 to 5, Saturday 1 o'clock. B 437 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS—Please write, stating experience, references and salary expected. Address Arnold Frye, 4 East 43d St.

STENOGRAPHER, with bookkeeping experience for office of certified public accountants; state experience, salary desired. A 536 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted; must be rapid in taking dictation and typewriting; salary, $23 to start. Phone Stuyvesant 6893.

STENOGRAPHER—Refined young woman, experienced and competent, wanted in law office; state age, experience and salary desired. V 553 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, law office, generally experienced; opportunity for legal experience; qualifications, salary start. B 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Public stenographer wanted for New York City hotel; state salary expected, give name of last employers for reference. P. S., 76 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in wholesale lumber office; write stating experience and salary expected; no one but thoroughly competent stenographer need apply. P 118 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT, FOR POSITION IN STENOGRAPHIC ROOM $22 TO START. CALL 2 RECTOR STREET, ROOM 1,910. ASK FOR MISS SPENCER.

STENOGRAPHER, steady position, downtown; one with experience preferred; state salary expected. B 418 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS, well educated, experienced; Christian firms; salary $25. Bristol Secretarial Bureau, 500 5th Av. Phone Vanderbilt 9678.

STENOGRAPHER large statistical organization; opportunity for advancement; salary $20. Apply temporary office, 128 William St., basement.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT, INTELLIGENT; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY PERSONALLY, SCHWEIZER, 518 WEST 58TH.

STENOGRAPHER, bright young girl, fast and accurate; state age, experience, and salary expected. D. M., 532 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

Christian advertising agency desires a rapid and accurate worker; must be able to transcribe notes correctly. P 158 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Must be experienced; neat and accurate worker. Salary $18.

HYGEIA, 160 West 14th.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT; HOURS 9 TO 4; BEGINNERS NEED NOT APPLY. PAUL WENGER CORPORATION, 86 LIBERTY ST.

STENOGRAPHER, with commercial experience, for piano factory in the Bronx, near Lexington subway, Cypress Av. station. Call Mansfield Piano Co., 749 East 135th St.

STENOGRAPHER, $90 month, by downtown fire insurance company; write age, experience; lunches at cost. O 432 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

TEN WANTED AT ONCE; ALSO THREE FILE CLERKS, THREE TYPISTS, THREE CLERICAL WORKERS FOR COMPARING AND COMPILING.

INTERCHURCH WORLD MOVEMENT, PERSONNEL DEPT., 111 8TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER in our inquiry department; opportunity to learn to compose own letters; salary $15-$18, depending upon education, experience. HAMILTON'S, 307 5th Av., near 31st St.

STENOGRAPHER IN OLD ESTABLISHED CHRISTIAN COTTON EXCHANGE FIRM; PERMANENT POSITION; MUST BE ABSOLUTELY PUNCTUAL, ACCURATE, RAPID; NO BEGINNERS; APPLY, WITH FULL DETAILS REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 524 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady as general stenographer and office assistant; salary $18. Apply Dennison Mfg. Co., 220 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER; one or two years' experience necessary; $18 to $20 salary; Christian firm. J 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; good opportunity, in large corporation; give particulars. P. O. Box 485 City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER, one familiar with Underwood machine. Call at once, Black and White Cab, 310 West 68th.

STENOGRAPHER or typist; must be neat, good speller; easy position; to start $15. Room 1610, 150 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk, experienced. A. Hauttman, 223 Leonard St.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED BY LA ROSE WAIST CO., 25 WEST 32D.

STENOGRAPHER and typist. Call D. White, 1,546 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, bright beginner. Weinstock, 30 West 21st.

STENOGRAPHER to assist on books; bright beginner; Christian firm. O 380 Times.

SUPERVISOR

as assistant in subscription department of magazine; must be qualified to select and handle female help, lay out work, follow it through and get work out of others; prefer person with experience in subscription detail; salary $20 to start; attractive future with unlimited opportunity to earn advancement; state age and experience. J. S., Box 430 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, assist in export house; 3 trunk lines; good opportunity; character; references. V 600 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR — Experience necessary. Call between 1 and 3, Norwich Pharmacal Co., 58 E. 11th.

TEACHER wanted to teach in the high school bookkeeping, commercial arithmetic, commercial law, and typewriting. For particulars apply to C. A. Fetterly, Supervising Principal of Schools, Rutherford, N. J.

TEACHER—Grades; New Jersey; good salary. E 42 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR,
Small Monitor board,

In publication office. Permanent position. Moderate salary to start, with advancement to bright girl. Hot lunch service at cost. Hours, 8:30 to 4:30. 12 o'clock Saturdays.

Apply

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE,

76—5TH AV.

NEAR 14TH ST.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Must have graduated grammar school; will

9 O'CLOCK TONIGHT

Business Opportunities and Automobile Exchange advertisements for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be received in The Times Building not later than 9 o'clock this (Friday) evening.

Other classified advertisements for the Sunday edition should be delivered to The Times Building by 1 o'clock tomorrow (Saturday.)

The New York Times

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; start $25; desirable uptown position. Odell Agency, 629 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Thoroughly qualified, young senior accountant, preferably one having had experience with a manufacturing corporation; must have initiative and executive ability and capable of devising systems; to one with necessary qualifications and willing to start at a reasonable salary until ability is proved an exceptional opportunity is offered; replies to receive consideration must give full details in regard to experience, age, nationality, religion, and salary desired. J 118 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS—Large firm of public accountants requires 10 juniors for temporary work, lasting three or four months; the men must be accurate in detail work; need not necessarily have experience in public accounting; reply immediately by letter, giving briefly name, age, experience, salary desired, address and telephone number. V 586 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS—Large downtown manufacturing concern have several first-class openings in their accounting department for experienced accountants; men previously employed in the capacity of juniors and semi-seniors preferred; state full particulars as to age, experience, expectations, and when available. V 595 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.

The Federal Trade Commission desires to employ immediately a number of senior accountants; minimum engagement of about five months. For full information inquire at New York office of Federal Trade Commission, 20 West 38th St., fifth floor, Friday and Saturday, Jan. 30 and 31, 9 to 5 o'clock.

ACCOUNTANTS, SENIORS, by prominent firm of public accountants; must have experience in audits of stock brokerage firms; those who can take complete charge and write reports; applications must give full statement of previous experience to be considered, and also state salary expected. V 596 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—A well known firm of public accountants require several qualified seniors; only men with professional experience need apply; excellent positions available and good opportunity for advancement; state full particulars. A 532 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, semi-seniors, for permanent staff of certified public accountancy; only those with public accountancy experience wanted; ages, 28 to 45; salaries, $2,500 to $3,000; state age, education, references, experience, and salary. P 145 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—N. Y. advertising agency with executive ability; good appearance, acquaintance unusual opportunity advancement; gives particulars, including experience, age, starting salary. P 141 Times.

ACCOUNTING TEACHERS for two evenings a week. Phone Bedford 6000.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; part time by C. P. A. A 321 Times Downtown.

ADDING MACHINE REPAIRMEN wanted; Comptometer, comptograph, Burroughs, &c. John E. Ransom, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ADVERTISING MAN WANTED.

Firm engaged in the business of financing and managing producing motion picture companies offers excellent opportunity to man who possesses the combined qualities of a good advertising man and capable writer; work includes the preparation of articles for trade papers, as well as paid advertisements in these publications.

Numerous newspaper advertisements, including copy and layout, must also be prepared regularly; last, but by no means least important, the man who fills this job must get out a 16-page house organ every month; don't care a hoot about the quality of this publication, but write fully, giving qualifications; all replies treated confidentially; state salary desired, but be modest, for we want a man who is anxious for a future and is willing to start low to show what he can do.

Johnson & Hopkins Co., 398 5th Av., New York City.

ADVERTISING WRITER, familiar with make-up and proofreading; one who has had trade paper experience preferred; state references, experience and salary desired. Apply to P 136 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT wanted by young advertising agency; one with agency experience; give age, salary expected, &c. P 128 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN. Inquire 366 Fifth Av., Room 1611.

ASSISTANT BILL CLERK—An old-established wholesale house has an opening at their Brooklyn branch for a young man to copy bills on an Underwood typewriter; permanent position; must be qualified to figure correctly and rapidly; hours 8:30 to 5:30. Apply, stating experience, education and salary desired, A 540 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT CHEMIST—Man who has had at least three years' chemical training for laboratory of a large food manufacturing establishment situated in Hoboken, N. J.; state nationality, experience, and salary expected. B 402 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT in receiving department wholesale export and import house; state age, nationality, and salary expected. Write C. V., 1,358 Broadway.

BANK CLERK, 20 to 25 years of age, to work in a Bronx bank; must have experience in bookkeeping, &c.; state experience, education, age and salary expected. Write P 128 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable of handling a complete set of books, taking off trial balance, making up yearly statements, tax report and supervising the accounting department of manufacturing concern; state references and salary desired; residents of Brooklyn preferred. V 580 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, in large wholesale house; must have thorough knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; state age, salary, and full particulars. H. H., Box 45, Station S.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT wanted, thoroughly experienced; knowledge of income tax; salary $50 per week; state experience, education, and give references. Z 425 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man with knowledge of cost accounting wanted for piano factory in N. Y. C.; state age, previous experience and salary desired; Christian firm. P 141 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—One familiar with duplicate statement ledger system, collection sheets, posting and checking accounts, &c.; state references and salary expected to start. A 538 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER — Bright, energetic man to take charge of books; must understand controlling accounts and able to handle large number of customers' accounts; state experience, age, and salary. B 418 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, one who can compose own letters; with automobile parts concern; only competent need apply; make appointment by phone. Mr. Schwartz, Circle 8355.

BOOKKEEPER—Large export concern requires several ledger clerks for night shift; call between 1 and 2 P. M. Neuss, Hesslein & Co., 30 White St.

BOOKKEEPER in savings bank; one who understands Italian preferred; write, stating age, nationality, experience and salary expected. B 415 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, first class, familiar with cloth store system and perpetual inventory; state age and salary desired. A 534 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER STENOGRAPHER, young man, experienced double entry; small office; state salary and particulars. J 103 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for White Plains; excellent opportunity for experienced bookkeeper with knowledge typewriting; salary, $25. Z 377 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and ledger clerk, 21 to 30 years, for large mercantile house. Write full particulars, P 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED WHOLESALE DRY GOODS [illegible] SALARY EXPECTED. [illegible] DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, [illegible] IN BROOKROOM. M WITT. [illegible] STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, [illegible] DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, EXPERIENCED TRIAL BALANCE, CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS AND STATEMENTS. HOTEL COLONIAL, MAN. SQ., ROOM 201.

BOOKKEEPER for dry goods commission house; good opportunity for right man; state age, experience, salary. P 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; one experienced in wholesale meat preferred; state experience and references. L. K., 105 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by plumbing contractor; state salary and full particulars. V 596 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced. Isidore Nagel & Co., 15 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER familiar with trial balances and controlling accounts. P 155 Times.

BOYS,

AGED 14 TO 17 YEARS,

WANTED AS MESSENGERS,

BY LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY;

ADVANCEMENT AND INCREASED PAY,

FOR CAPABLE BOYS.

47 CEDAR ST., GROUND FLOOR.

ASK FOR MR. ESTWICK.

BOY, a real opportunity is offered a real boy to develop in a large and progressive underwear manufacturing office; he must be punctual, quick, willing and courteous; to a boy anxious to learn, an elegant chance is here offered; address stating age, education, experience, if any, though not essential, religion, &c. K. P. 847 Times Downtown.

BOYS,

AGED 14 TO 17 YEARS,

WANTED AS MESSENGERS,

BY LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY;

ADVANCEMENT AND INCREASED PAY,

FOR CAPABLE BOYS.

47 CEDAR ST., GROUND FLOOR.

ASK FOR MR. ESTWICK.

BOYS

FOR STOCK DEPARTMENTS OF LARGE WHOLESALE SHOE HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY IN PERSON.

McILWAIN, MORSE & ROGERS, 21-29 HUDSON ST., N. Y.

Boys 16 to 18 years for positions as traffic and tube clerks.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER STREET, ROOM 1,702. Near Canal and Broadway.

Boys, public school graduates, for positions, including regular training and definite advancement, 16 to 21 years.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER STREET, ROOM 1,702. Near Canal and Broadway.

BOYS — Wanted in private banking house three boys 18 years of age, must be boys from good families, willing to begin at the bottom and work their way up; good opportunities for the right boys. Address, giving age, salary expected, personal and business references. E. M., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

BOYS

WANTED IN A LARGE WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN THE DRUG BUSINESS IS OFFERED TO INTELLIGENT BOYS. CALL OR WRITE LEHN & FINK, 120 WILLIAM ST.

BOY, around 16, who is willing to accept a position at the bottom in a line where there is excellent opportunity for advancement, with good pay while you are learning; no night work; $12 to begin. Boy, P. O. Box 606, City Hall Station.

BOY, preferably high school graduate, is wanted by export and import house offering excellent opportunities for advancement; must be alert and quick; give full details in first letter; only those desiring a position with a future need apply; salary $50 per month. V 618 Times Downtown.

BOY, not over 17, living with parents, for manufacturer's office; excellent opportunity. Apply with references. Tate Electro Flag Co., 318 West 39th, 7th floor.

BOY—Foreign department of large private bankers has vacancy for ambitious boy as office assistant and messenger. Address "L. V.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY, 14-15, bright, energetic, American, in office of old-established chemical concern; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply own handwriting, V 619 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of publishing company to assist in mailing and shipping room; salary $12. Call at 71 Murray St., New York City, 8th floor.

BOY, intelligent and ambitious, in bank; excellent chances for advancement; no experience necessary; answer in own handwriting, state age. Box 225, 2,110 3d Av.

BOY, bright, intelligent, for general office work; salary, $12 week. Pierce, Butler & Pierce Manufacturing Corp., 437 East 103d St., New York City.

BOY—A long-established export-import corporation has opening for a bright boy; salary to start $12; every chance for advancement. B 427 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, of neat appearance, in the office of large transatlantic steamship company. Address in own handwriting, B. J., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

BOY, American, in office of large established company; advancement as fast and far as he shows himself capable and deserving. O 451 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 16 years of age, operate telephone switchboard; chance for advancement; uptown bank. A 531 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work, downstate age and reference. B 445 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, in large concern, to assist in mail department; no experience required; steady position and good chance for advancement. V 593 Times Downtown.

BOYS for office of large wholesale dry goods house; good opportunity to learn the business; state age, schools attended, and salary desired. Box 320, 1519 St. James Building.

BOY wanted, bright and honest, to do errands and make himself generally useful in office; good chance for advancement. Apply Room 417, 61 Broadway.

BOY, bright, in steamship office; good chance for advancement. Apply Room 1423, 111 Broadway.

BOY, 15 or 16, bright, neat, for light office work and messenger; refined surroundings; salary $9 to $10. Call Room 512, 29 W. 42d.

BOY wanted in large advertising agency; chance for advancement. Apply J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av., N. Y. C.

BOY, for office work and errands; must be quick and intelligent; salary $12 to start. Ferguson Publishing Co., 90 West St.

Boy wanted, not under 16 years age, in office large corporation; chance of advancement. A 439 Times Downtown.

BOY, mercantile establishment, errands; good opportunity; $15 to start. S. & B., 29 East 31st St.

BOY WANTED—Bright boy wanted in brokerage office; apply by letter, stating age, salary expected, &c. P 143 Times Downtown.

BOY, must be public school graduate; one familiar with downtown streets preferred; salary $10. A 546 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in office of woolen commission house; state age and references; salary to start, $12. Z 420 Times Annex.

BOYS wanted; steady positions; rapid advancement. Apply Louis Katzman, 325 5th Av.

BOYS to run errands and assist in mailing department. Write, stating age, V 617 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, splendid opportunity, in cloth broker's office; 15 to 19 years of age. F. J. Hutchinson & Co., 97 Franklin St.

BOY wanted in printing office; experience unnecessary. Apply the Moore Press, 461 8th Av.

BOYS wanted in large insurance office; experience not necessary. Apply, stating age, salary expected. A 527 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to assist resident buyers; good chance for bright boy. Syndicate Trading Co., 230 5th Av.

BOY—Good opportunity for boy about 16; chance for advancement; uptown bank. A 530 Times Downtown.

BOY in law office, Christian. Call or write, Room 90, 2 Wall St.; V 624 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work; excellent opportunities for advancement; state age and references. V 616 Times Downtown.

BOYS, wanted by downtown bank for interior messenger service. P 647 Times Downtown.

BOY, office export house; $12. B 442 Times Downtown.

BOY for general office work in large law office. Stanchfield & Levy, 120 Broadway.

BOY, [illegible] Co., Berry and [illegible] Gym.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS.

Real opportunities in merchandise lines with the largest General Mail Order business in the East.

Begin as

STOCK BOYS,

ORDER FILLERS,

MESSENGERS,

with good pay to start and rapid advancement. Apply

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,

25 Washington Street, Brooklyn.

BOYS

FOR OFFICE WORK.

GRADUATES OR THOSE ABOUT TO GRADUATE.

Salary $11 a week to start; $13 after a few weeks of satisfactory service; age 14 to 16 years; half day Saturday.

FREQUENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR PROMOTIONS TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.

Apply between 9 and 11 or by letter, or have parents call, Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. C. Take Any Subway to Canal St.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS.

A large corporation located in Times Square section wishes to engage the services of several boys for general office work; $12 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement and of forming a permanent connection which will ultimately bring its own reward; state age and experience. V 28 Times.

BOYS—BOYS—BOYS.

MECHANIC ELECTRIAL.

YOUNG MEN, OVER 16, ANXIOUS TO PREPARE THEMSELVES FOR A GOOD PAYING TRADE IN THE ELECTRICAL FIELD; STEADY WORK WITH PLENTY OF OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO WILLING WORKERS; COME PREPARED TO WORK.

SPRAGUE ELECTRIC WORKS,

528 WEST 35TH ST.

BOYS

FOR SHOW ROOM IN LARGE COAT AND SUIT HOUSE. SPERBER, FRANK & ENGEL, 27 WEST 33D.

BOY, about 17 years of age, in the mail department of a manufacturer; Christian can parentage; salary $12 a week. R 773 Times Downtown.

BOYS for large insurance company; excellent opportunity for business training and advancement; good salary to start. Call at Personnel Department, 10th floor, 115 Broadway.

BUSHELMAN, experienced. M. Lambert, 39 Cortlandt St.

BUYER

of general merchandise; must be experienced. B. W., 227 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC — Gentile, neat, obliging; 5 years' experience; 3 years at last place; excellent reference. Phone Morningside 4130.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic; colored. Apply Schoenberger & Co., 115 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

CLERICAL—Two young men wanted for clerical positions in office of large packing house; must be good penmen, quick and accurate at figures, and willing to apply themselves, with prospects of development. Call or write Mr. Hartman, Joseph Stern & Son, 616 West 40th St.

CLERK, young man; duties principally to direct and check distribution of coal from boats to various power plants in the city, and keep record of same; some outside work involved; reply stating previous experience; salary $25. B 441 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Unusual opportunity offered to two men, possessing accuracy and initiative ability, by wholesale dry goods commission house; liberal salary. Write, stating experience and ability, P. O. Box 739, N. Y. City.

CLERK—Downtown Christian bond house wants clerk in cashier's department; opportunity to learn business; give full particulars, age, and salary desired. G 462 Times Downtown.

CLERK, junior, for office work, good at figures and fair writer; reference; $15. Apply between 10 and 11, Rice, 87 5th Av.

COAST MAN.

We want a man who has some training in factory cost systems; he must possess initiative, tact and be resourceful in suggesting new methods; an excellent opportunity is offered to permanently connect with a growing organization. Reply in complete detail to Box 295 Madison Square Station, New York City.

COLLECTION MANAGER—Experienced correspondent with good command of English; $30. E 165 Times.

COMPOSITOR, first-class man, familiar with publication ad and job work. Morse Drydock and Repair, foot 59th St., Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT—Position open in a large jobbing house for a general correspondent, familiar with adjustments on customers' accounts, railroad tracers and claims, &c.; experience with a mail order house would be an advantage; in your reply give full particulars about your past experience, age, and salary desired. P 136 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT; thoroughly familiar with manufacturing costs in clothing line; a splendid opportunity is offered a young man who has had actual experience with large concerns; state in confidence full particulars as to references, experience, and salary. H. L., 436 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK to keep time on factory operations; experienced only. Call Lightner Co., 540 West 26th St.

COUPLE for work in country near city; good pay. Lincoln Dress Co., 47 West 32d.

DENTAL RADIOGRAPHER WANTED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. P 25 TIMES.

DESIGNERS.

Several first-class designers on jig and fixture work. Apply

BUTLER MOTOR APPLIANCE CO., 15th & Garden Sts., Hoboken, N. J.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN, motor truck; an exceptional opportunity; give full experience and state salary required in first letter. S. M., care Klernan Advertising Agency, 128 Broadway, New York City.

DESIGNER, AI, and patternmaker on middies and smocks. M. N., 209 Cable Building.

DIEMAKER.

Apply [illegible] Co., Berry and [illegible] Gym.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMEN.
TOOL DRAFTSMEN.

Good opportunity for a few experienced men on design of

SPECIAL TOOLS, JIGS, FIXTURES, &c.

Prefer men with at least five years' experience. Apply 8:30 to 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

DETAILERS,

first class, on tools, jigs, and fixtures; steady employment; plant is 20 minutes from New York by L. I. R. R.

NATHAN MFG. CO., LAWRENCE AND GROVE STS., FLUSHING, L. I.

DRAFTSMAN.

YOUNG MAN WITH KNOWLEDGE OF MECHANICAL DRAWINGS TO ASSIST IN DRAFTING ROOM AND IN FIELD; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, &c. ADDRESS DRAFTSMAN, BOX 25, ELMHURST.

DRAFTSMEN — Wanted, experienced body draftsmen; must be quick and accurate; also experienced in sheet metal development work; state experience and salary desired. Dort Motor Car Co., Engineering Department, Flint, Mich.

DRAFTSMAN with some experience in motor truck body work; permanent position with growing concern in Bridgeport, Conn. Write, phone, or call in person, Metropolitan Body Co., 246 West 65th St. Phone Columbus 7075.

DRAFTSMEN—Young men, 18 to 21 years, with one or two years experience as junior draftsmen; permanent position with advancement for good men. Elevated Supply Co., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMAN—First-class mechanical draftsman and designer wanted; one with a thorough knowledge of machine tool designs. W. F. Meyers, 614 Hamilton St., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMAN—Man experienced on light automatic machinery to go out of town; excellent opportunity; state experience and salary expected in first letter. Z 387 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN AND MACHINE DESIGNER desires additional work; 20 years' experience in general engineering and machine design.

Edward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, structural and mechanical, with experience on crane bridges and hoisting machinery. Write fully to Patterson Kelley Co., East Stroudsburg, Pa.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, experienced on light structural and architectural work; good opportunity for right man. Address, stating experience and salary expected, P 772 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, with mechanical or electrical experience, for work on hospital apparatus and electro-medical instruments. D. R., 309 Times.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; architectural experience; young man for industrial buildings, maintenance; reference, experience and salary desired. Z 427 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN — First-class mechanical draftsman and designer. W. F. Meyers Machine Co., 614 Hamilton St., L. I. City.

DRAFTSMEN—Two first-class draftsmen who understand machine construction. Z 365 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, beginner, who can work fast on ruling and lettering; $20 to start; advancement. B 434 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural; first class; permanent. Room 1513, 25 Nassau St.

DRAFTSMEN, general engineering, industrial and steam firm. Room 1303, 200 5th Av.

ELECTRICIANS,

FAMILIAR WITH A. C. AND D. C. MOTORS. ALSO FOR GENERAL MAINTENANCE INSIDE PLANT; STEADY WORK TO FIRST CLASS MEN.

R. HOE & CO., 2 SHERIFF ST., CORNER GRAND.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATOR—Man having experience; one who is used to estimating from plans and specifications for electrical wiring installations; excellent opportunity for the right man with established electrical contracting concern. Write full particulars to P 113 Times.

ENGINEER; licensed. Apply Carstein, Minnekin, Inc., Room 207, 347 5th Av.

ERRAND BOY

in wholesale ribbon house; good chance for advancement. Apply

JACOBS & SPIRO, 373 4TH AV.

ESTIMATORS, steam heating. Address, stating age, references and salary, Steam, Box 173 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, advertising agency; experienced man, capable making himself recognized opportunity to exceptional agency; executive man; state present, past connections, starting salary, other essential particulars; confidential. P 162 Times.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL ACCOUNTANT.

One with experience SUPERVISING, general ledger work, and with a good working knowledge of manufacturing cost finding.

Must have experience in a large manufacturing industry along accounting, both in general and in cost accounting, though not a specialist in the latter.

THIS POSITION IS WITH A LARGE INDUSTRY, IS PERMANENT, AND OFFERS EVERY CHANCE FOR EXPANSION IN A GROWING ORGANIZATION.

Kindly give full details before Wednesday in a typewritten letter, mentioning your age, education, experience in detail, and salary expected. E. G. A., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE CLERK, about 30 to 40 years of age, with knowledge of foreign languages; one who can handle foreign correspondence; state full particulars and salary expected; good position for right man. U. W. B., 158 Times Bronx.

GARDENER, night watchman, unmarried, small institution in city; sleep on premises. O 394 Times.

GRAPHOTYPE OPERATOR

BY LARGE INSURANCE COMPANY IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT;

HOURS GENERALLY, 9-4; SATURDAYS, 12, THROUGHOUT YEAR; WRITE, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, EXACT EXPERIENCE.

GRAPHO, 332, 1,777 BROADWAY.

GROCERY CLERKS

for first-class retail business. Charles & Co., 48 East 42d St.

HARDENER—First-class hardener; one accustomed to handling pack hardening, cast steady work; good, clean night-hour shop. International Postal Supply Co., 634 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS—Several needed accustomed to stock ticker work. Apply 24 Moore St., 5th floor, New York City.

JEWELER, on rings, pins and badges; 100 per cent. American firm; good pay; steady work; only square deal men wanted; 44 hour week. W. Feihlhaber, 47 Ann St.

JUNIOR CLERK—We have openings for three junior clerks; salary $65 per month to start; exceptionally good opportunity for boys who want to get in financial institution and work their way up. Apply by letter, V 39 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced, by a Christian manufacturing concern; state age, salary, experience and references. A 477 Times Downtown.

LETTERERS—Several good letterers of maps and charts. Apply Interchurch World Movement, 111 5th Av.

LITHOGRAPHER, MANAGER, practical catimator can become junior partner; backing ability few thousand dollars. A 529 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, licensed; permanent position. Suite 107, 50 Broadway.

MANAGER, Employment and Welfare Want—Man of Italian birth preferred; factory located in Brooklyn employing about 200 men and women; must be capable and experienced; good references required; state salary expected. B. B., 397 Times.

MAN with years of experience in handling inquiries on securities, desired by Wall St. concern; state experience, salary, references. G 437 Times Downtown.

MAN of intelligence and ability for hospital; all meals and $1,080 first year, $1,260 second year; write fully. Box 321, 1619 St. James Building.

MAN regularly employed may add $3.50 per day to his income by working Sundays and holidays as guard for 12 hours. Apply 12 to 2 P. M. and 5 to 6 P. M., 66 West 29th St., second floor.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER experienced in steam apparatus and to take charge of engineering and estimating department of steam specialty factory in New Jersey; state qualifications and experience. Z 400 Times Annex.

MEN.

PART TIME WORK

AS ORDER PICKERS AND PACKERS; HOURS 7 P. M. TO 10 P. M., SATURDAY AFTERNOON IF YOU CAN; PAY 50 CENTS PER HOUR.

CALL AFTER 6 P. M. FRIDAY.

THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES, 25 WASHINGTON ST., BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

MEN WANTED

BY LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE.

STRONG, ACTIVE MEN TO PACK BUNDLES IN BAGS, TALLY SAME, &c.

THIS IS NOT UNSKILLED LABOR, BUT OFFERS AN OPPORTUNITY TO INTELLIGENT MEN TO LEARN OUR BUSINESS.

SALARY $18 A WEEK; HOURS 8 TO 5, SATURDAY 12.

APPLICATIONS MUST MENTION AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND NATIONALITY. G 470 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEN WANTED,

several, 25 to 30 years of age, good physical condition, for outside night patrol duty; wages to start about $20 per week; steady work; chance to earn more. Apply 66 West 30th St., second floor, between 11 and 12.

MEN (2), experienced handling transportation, lost and damage freight claims. Apply General Claim Agent, Pier 49, North River, at once.

MEN and young men for folding papers. American Coal Journal, 117 Chambers St.

MESSENGERS—Men past middle age act as messengers to railroad and steamship piers. Apply, with references, after 9 A. M., Room 506, 15 Whitehall St.

MILLINERY, EXPERIENCED PACKERS AND CHECKERS. BENJAMIN STEARNS & CO., 27 WEST 33D.

MOULDERS

for iron and brass, bench work, piece work or day work; steady employment; excellent surroundings, living and boarding conditions.

Call only,

S. S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. CO., PRINCESS BAY, STATEN ISLAND.

MULTICOLOR FEEDER, experienced, by Protestant religious organization; good salary; rapid advancement. 160 5th Av., 5th floor, Mohawk Building.

MULTICOLOR FEEDER, experienced; good opportunity; rapid advancement; give age, experience, religion and salary. P 137 Times.

NATURAL MUSICIAN wanted for improvising; need not be able to read music. Address Denolda, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

OFFICE BOY.

Large insurance office requires bright, intelligent boy, about 15, as messenger; excellent opportunity for advancement to clerical position and learn business; salary to start $13. Call at 76 William St. See Mr. Watson, Room 408.

OFFICE MANAGER—Publishing house has desirable opening for reliable party with broad publication experience. Write full particulars, also salary requirements. L 794 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 16 YEARS, IN OFFICE OF LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. CAMPBELL, METZGER & JACOBSON, 8 EAST 22D.

OFFICE BOY in Christian office for mail, errands; opportunity for advancement; salary $55 per month. Apply by letter or in person, 8 West 40th St., New York City.

OFFICE BOY, bright, ambitious, to start at bottom and grow up with a rapidly expanding publishing house; excellent opportunity; good salary to start and quick advancement. P 142 Times.

OFFICE BOY, 16-17, for large Christian export house; must be clean cut, willing worker and have good reference; state salary. G 720 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, beginner; high school education, good handwriting essential; chance for quick advancement; salary $12 start. Maison Bernard, 734 5th Av.

OFFICE BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in office of large corporation; experience unnecessary. Reply to V 604 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for sales office of large corporation; Christian firm; permanent position; state age, experience, and salary wanted. B 431 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS—Good opportunity for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY, bright; good opportunity for advancement. Call Connell Trading Co., 299 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY in office of Hoboken manufacturers; resident of Jersey preferred. Address G. H., 410 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in export house, intelligent, energetic, with some business experience; not under 16. P 126 Times.

OFFICE BOY.

Good opening for bright boy. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

OFFICE BOY in large wholesale dry goods house. Crompton-Richmond Co., Inc., 81 East 31st.

OFFICE BOY, experienced; opportunity for advancement; Call temporary office, 128 William St., basement.

OFFICE BOY, experience not necessary; salary to start $8. V. Vivaudou, Inc., 418 West 25th St.

OFFICE BOY wanted by silk commission house; state age and references; salary $12. V 606 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, opportunity; in Christian industrial corporation. 11th floor 511 5th Av.

PACKER experienced on men's clothing; capable and energetic. Telephone for appointment, Madison Square 2840.

PACKERS, IN WHOLESALE CLOAK HOUSE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED. MAX RUBEL & CO., 136 MADISON AV.

PHOTOSTAT OPERATOR.

young man, with some experience on photostat machines; apply for interview Monday, 9 A. M.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, 57 BETHUNE ST., Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

PORTER to work around office; empty waste baskets, clean toilet rooms, and be useful generally; $20 per week. Apply to Mr. Botsford, 475 10th Av., cor. 36th St.

PRINTING.

Young man wanted with experience in writing and checking job printing orders in private printing plant; hours and general working conditions excellent; no attention paid to replies that do not give age, experience and minimum salary expected.

Address "G. J.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

PRINTING—Young man with thorough knowledge of the printing business as estimator and order clerk; unusual opportunity for advancement to the right man. H. K., 572 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION CLERKS (2), one for night type Co., Park Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

REPRESENTATIVE.

A man who, besides English, thoroughly understands two European languages, to go abroad in the interest of American manufacturers. Address E. Hussey Binns Corp., P. O. Box 458, City Hall Station, New York.

REPRESENTATIVE wanted, capable man, good personality, represent manufacturers of office and drafting room necessity, to introduce and promote sales; give full particulars, age, salary and qualification. Box 1619 St. James Bldg.

REPRESENTATIVE to call upon employers for subscriptions to benefit service for their employes; liberal commission only; big earning possibilities; no advances; men of culture and appearance only need apply. Phone 5074 for appointment.

SAIL MAKERS wanted, or tent ripers; steady work the year around; 85 cents per hour; good working conditions. Write or call, THE BEVERLY COMPANY, 220 West Main St., Louisville, Ky.

SALESMAN, experienced selling cigars to private trade; salary and commission. Silver Cigar Co., 952 Westchester Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES ENGINEER

A NUMBER OF MEN ARE NEEDED IMMEDIATELY TO START OUT AFTER A SHORT INTENSIVE TRAINING. THESE MEN MUST POSSESS AN ENGINEERING EDUCATION, PREFERABLY MECHANICAL; EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IS NOT NECESSARY BUT EACH MAN MUST HAVE INITIATIVE AND HAVE ANALYZED HIMSELF, THOUGHT OUT HIS FUTURE, AND DEFINITELY DECIDED UPON THIS FIELD; REPLY BY LETTER, GIVING YOUR QUALIFICATIONS AS CLEARLY AS POSSIBLE AND ENCLOSING SNAP SHOT OR PHOTOGRAPH. MANAGER, GENERAL APPLICATION DEPT., HYATT ROLLER BEARING CO., 1 MADISON AV., N. Y. C.

SALESMEN.

We have several openings in our sales organization for several middle-aged men who can qualify to sell advertising. We want forceful, energetic, reliable salesmen of proven ability.

We are a large, growing concern, service is nation-wide, and have new and original selling features. Appeals to all advertisers. Those who possess tact and initiative can earn from $10,000 per year up on a commission basis.

Call 1,460 Broadway, Room 202.

SALESMAN, REAL ESTATE,

WANTED TO DEVOTE HIMSELF TO THE SALE OF LAND AND NEW HOUSES IN WELL-ESTABLISHED LONG ISLAND COLONY; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING HIGH-CLASS PROSPECTS; COMMISSION BASIS; WRITE, GIVING FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE AND PRESENT CONNECTION; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS Z 394 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN.

THE GOODYEAR TIRE AND RUBBER COMPANY.

The growth of the company demands a corresponding expansion of our sales force; the life, successful salesmen, who have had at least five years' experience selling goods at wholesale (cannot consider men whose experience has been in the cloak and suit, dress goods, and allied lines) are needed for territory covered by our New York City and New York State branches.

Only salesmen of recognized ability, whose selling records will stand the closest investigation, and who are desirous of growing with an organization, will be considered; opportunity is limited only to the individual's ability; previous and business producing potential; training in the company's merchandising methods provided; salary and traveling expenses.

Telephone Mr. Bedford, Columbus 9210, TODAY, 6:30 P. M. to 9:30 P. M. ONLY.

SALESMAN—Wanted, outside man; one that is well acquainted with the wholesale ready-made dry goods and notions line; salary and commission; good opportunity. Call after 10 A. M., Pacific Dry Goods Co., 26 Allen St.

SALESMEN to sell to out-of-town buyers exclusive line of imported fancy goods, as art needlework, fancy linens, high-grade leather goods, beaded bags, &c.; salary or commission. Rice Import Co., 15-17 East 16th St., New York City.

SALESMEN, experienced, 21 to 35 years, direct to consumer, selling electrical household appliances; salary and commission; morning, 778 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Ask for Mr. Nestor.

SALESMEN calling on department stores and jewelry trade in United States and Canada to carry as side line bead necklaces; straight commission basis. In reply mention lines you carry, territory covered, &c. P 127 Times.

SALESMEN

wanted, experienced on ladies' beaded and fabric handbags; all territories open; highest salary and commission paid. E. M., 258 Times.

SALESMAN securities with clientele to unstock financial institution to loan on commercial credits; can furnish office; no advances; references required. 1812, 43 Exchange Place.

SALESMEN, who have had experience in the selling books or courses in accountancy and bookkeeping or other specialties; drawing account against commissions. R 594 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, machine tool, to carry a set of precision tools as side line; one who travels through Middle West and sells to the purchasing agent direct; big profits; commission. Z 335 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to sell popular priced car in metropolitan district; drawing account against commission to right party; state past experience. Larry Green Co., 186 Lafayette St.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced on children's dresses, to travel the Middle West and Southwest; only men who have traveled need apply; salary and commission. Sure Fit Dress Co., 1,270 Broadway, Room 518.

SALESMEN, all territories, to handle popular priced line of children's colored wash dresses; only those with previous experience need apply; commission basis. P 783 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, with their own cars, to handle the most practical automobile accessory on the market; to sell direct to car owners; salary and commission. Hanover Electric Co., 76 Front St.

SALESMEN, live wires only, for famous line pipes, smokers' articles, and novelties; must be following in Greater New York; commission; bring credentials. Samuel Gordon, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN, auto truck; producers can make big money with us; complete line high-grade trucks from 1 to 5 ton in all models; commission. Koplin Motor Sales, 118-122 10th Av.

S

HELP WANTED—Male.

TYPIST, hours midnight to 8 A. M.; good chance to learn advertising business; steady position, with advancement, to right party; when replying state age, references, salary desired, and telephone number. Z 417 Times Annex.

TYPIST—WE HAVE A SPLENDID OPENING FOR YOUNG MAN IN OUR BILLING DEPARTMENT; ADVANCEMENT; PERMANENT. JOHN F. JELKE COMPANY, 83 WARREN ST.

TYPIST wanted by silk commission house to copy records; knowledge of stenography unnecessary; must be good at figures; state age, experience, and salary desired. G 457 Times Downtown.

TYPIST at once in advertising department of a large daily newspaper; hours midnight to 8 A. M.; salary $18; good opportunity for advancement. Apply 229 West 43d St., 4th floor.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

YOUNG MEN, 18 TO 21,

$65 TO START.

RAPID SCHEDULED ADVANCEMENT TO $1,200 TO $1,700 PER YEAR.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER ST., ROOM 1702. NEAR CANAL AND BROADWAY, BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 4 P. M.

YOUNG MAN wanted in financial advertising department of daily newspaper; should be familiar with Wall Street and bankers and brokers, also qualified to take care of correspondence, office details; hours 4 P. M. to 11:30 P. M.; state salary desired. Z 380 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, OVER 18,

for general work inside; light and clean; steady; $16; 44½ hours a week; half day Saturday.

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

YOUNG MEN, to learn the telegraph business; $15 a week during training, advancement to $1,200-$1,700 a year.

WESTERN UNION, 24 WALKER STREET, ROOM 1702. Near Canal and Broadway.

YOUNG MAN—There is an unusual opportunity in our advertising department for a typist, 16-18, who would like to learn the advertising business from the ground up, and who is willing to begin at a weekly salary of $12; this position is for a young man who is more interested in his business future than his present salary. If this opportunity interests you call Friday, between 9-12, Physical Culture Magazine, 119 West 40th.

YOUNG MAN wanted by important bond house (Christian firm), dealing only in high-grade municipal bonds; a young man of 18 to 19 years of age for general office work; good opportunity to learn bond business and for advancement; must live at home with parents and be able to give unquestionable references; state age, religion, &c. Hamilton, P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in jewelry line, capable of taking charge of repair department. J. Bulova Co., Watch Importers, 2 John St. Tel. Cortlandt 1816.

YOUNG MAN FOR OFFICE, EXPERIENCED IN ROUTING AND ATTENDING TO FORWARDING OF GOODS MUST BE ABLE TO OPERATE TYPEWRITER; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED AND RELIGION. L. S., 312 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN—A good opportunity to work regularly at night from, 6:30 to 9 as a mailer in a publishing concern; no Sunday night work; one having regular day work in some other line of business preferred; good wages; state experience. A 548 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 21, to be generally useful as assistant to Superintendent of loft building; must be willing to help out at anything, shop-power plant, &c.; only a young man with ambition to learn, and who is mechanically inclined, considered; call or write Mr. Botsford, 475 10th Av., cor. 36th.

YOUNG MAN wanted, high school graduate, not over 20 years of age, for position in general office work; moderate salary to start, but unusual opportunities for advancement; must live with parents and furnish best of references. P 789 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20,

who has had some experience in handling money and listing checks for deposit; good chance advancement. Apply Employment Department,

WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL, 34TH ST. AND 5TH AV.

YOUNG MAN by large corporation to check extensions on invoices and compare order copies; must be thoroughly experienced in this work, absolutely accurate, and able to operate comptometer. Reply in detail, stating age, experience, references and salary expected to Box V 605 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 21 years, with training in electricity and preferably some experience, for engineering department; if capable an opportunity later for sales department. Elevated Supply So., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

YOUNG MAN,

one who has had experience in wholesale glove line to wait on house trade; excellent opportunity for the right party; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. S. M., 227 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 16 to 17 years of age, to assist in the stockroom and shipping department of a manufacturing concern; must be well recommended; state salary expected. V 598 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN in law office (graduates of law school preferred); state age, education, and experience; chance for advancement; salary to start $1,200 per year. P. O. Box 2325, N. Y. City.

YOUNG BOY wanted by Christian woolen commission house; one without any previous business experience preferred; salary $12. Apply in own handwriting to P. O. Box 33, Station O.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, 21 or over, to affiliate himself with established financial concern offering high grade business service; commission and salary. Z 382 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN to assist in laying out orders, assorting instruments, &c.; must be over 16 years of age; bring references. Knyscheever's, 404 West 27th St.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, with good handwriting, for silk stock books; chance for advancement. Address, with references, P 81 Times.

YOUNG MAN, age 18 to 19, as clerk in bank; splendid opportunity for a willing worker; experience unnecessary; state salary expected. S 438 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in care and training of boys; resident position; phone or write for appointment. Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Ralph Av. and Dean St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, good at figures, to start in accounting department of progressive corporation; must write well, be willing, edu-cation and experience; if any. P 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, neat penman, accurate and willing to keep records; steady position; must furnish satisfactory references; state salary required. P 141 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20, ambitious, assisting in shipping department; good chance for advancement; salary to start $16. Richardson Silk Co., 606 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN to assist in bookkeeping department wholesale silk house. Write, giving age, experience, and salary expected, Mogi Co., 118 East 25th.

YOUNG MAN wanted, high school education, for position in prominent insurance brokerage office; good salary; advancement; replies confidential. B 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17-19 years old, to assist in shipping department, shirt, tie and hose; steady work. Address K. M., 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, good amateur or professional; new vaudeville act, booking soon; state height, age, qualifications. J 114 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position; 3 years' chemical experience; can typewrite, operate adding machine. T 1263 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN for office of jewelry factory; good opportunity; reference required. V 574 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, over sixteen, for office work and messenger. Apply, with references, after 9 A. M., Room 506, 18 Whitehall St.

YOUNG advertising writer, possessing initiative and common sense. Call Room 343, Metropolitan Tower.

YOUNG MAN for work in small machine shop; good job for right man. Apply machine shop, 80 White St.

YOUNG MAN about 18 with education for bond and brokerage house as beginner; good opportunity; $12 times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in hardware and electrical supplies. J. Kurzon, 54 W. 31st.

YOUNG MAN to act as shipping clerk. Apply Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

YOUNG BOY wanted in hardware store to run errands. J. Kurzon, 54 West 31st.

YOUNG MAN, collegian; afternoon position at anything. B 1289 Times Bronx.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

MULTIPLY YOUR INCOME.

You can capitalize your spare time and multiply your income through training with the world's largest Extension University.

BECOME A TRAFFIC EXPERT.

Opportunities are always open to the man trained in interstate commerce and railway traffic. At present there are thousands of firms in New York City who need the services of a wide-awake traffice manager. Read our booklet, "How Traffic Men Make Money."

Grant Gordon, Traffic Advisor.
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
112 W. 42D ST., NEW YORK.
Write, call or phone Bryant 8920.
Open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

SHALL I STAY? SHALL I GO?
Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for you. This study is based on known scientific laws. No psychological tests; no trade tests. Ask us all about it. Booklet "K" on request. Merton Institute, Inc., 96 Fifth Av. (at 15th St.), N. Y. Tel. Chelsea 4054.

"Why Modern Business Offers Exceptional Opportunities to Accountancy-educated Men"—a lecture worth while for the man determined to increase his earning power. Monday, 8 P. M., Feb. 2. Send for complimentary admission card and for 32-page bulletin of Evening Classes in Accountancy and Business Administration (Pace Courses) now forming. A. I. Hardy, 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANCY INSTRUCTION.
A complete course in bookkeeping and general accounting; pupil can hold position after two weeks' study; the most thorough, the quickest, easiest, shortest and therefore the cheapest course ever written; certificate guaranteed. Modern Educational Institute, 171 West 71st St., New York City.

ACCOUNTANCY INSTRUCTION.
A complete course in bookkeeping and general accounting; we guarantee pupil can hold position after two weeks' study; the most thorough, the quickest, easiest, shortest and therefore the cheapest course ever written; certificate guaranteed. Modern Educational Institute, 171 West 71st St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

TEN YEARS' EXPORT EXPERIENCE GAINED IN FOUR MONTHS
by joining our practical classes. Come as our guest Thursday, 6:15 P. M.; new class; convince yourself before joining. Call for particulars or write on business letterhead for booklet.
EXPORT & IMPORT INST., WORLD BLDG.

LEARN TIRE REPAIRING.
Tire repairing (vulcanizing) means an opportunity to start for yourself or learn a good trade; newly equipped school; attend any time, day or evening; individual instruction; rapid progress; get booklet and pass. Educational Dept., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION.
Individual instruction by experts; only practical school in New York City. Classes now forming. Y. M. C. A. School of Building Construction, 157 E. 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

ACCOUNTANCY — New Mid-Winter classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Post-War Opportunity," Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

PRACTICAL COURSE IN
plan reading and estimating; we will train you quickly for a good paying position. Y. M. C. A. School of Building Construction, 157 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ITALIAN — Individual expert instruction; Tuesday, Thursday, 7:30 to 9:30 P. M. Educational Dept., West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York.

LEARN motion picture and studio photography; earn $30 to $200 weekly; day, evening; easy payments. Brunel, 1,369 Broadway.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
United States Realty Bldg.,
115 BROADWAY, (Near Wall St.,)
C. P. HASSON, Pres. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Genl. Mgr.
THE FOREMOST EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.

PURCHASING AGENT, college man preferred; $2,600 yr.
BOOKKEEPER for motor company; full charge of bookkeeping; $35-$40.
BILLING AND ENTRY CLERK, good hand, knowledge of dry goods; $25.
ACCOUNTS CHECKER, fire insurance experience; $25.
STENOGRAPHERS (2), knowledge of foreign languages; Long Island; ten minutes from Grand Central; $25.
BOOKKEEPERS (10), knowledge of controlling accounts ledger and posiding; D. E. System; $25-$30 to start.
STENOGRAPHERS (15), experience; young men between 20 and 30 years of age; good future for the right men; $25-$30 to start.
CLAIM CLERK, some knowledge of trafficsteel concern; fine future; $22.
CLAIM CLERK, some experience necessary; shoe manufacturers; good chance; $22.
INCOMING CHECKING CLERK, experience in embroidery; $20.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER, manufacturing concern; thoroughly experienced on customers' sales ledger; $20.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER, butter and eggs; Bronx position; $20.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER, insurance concern; good chance; $20.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER, some knowledge of cost work; good future; $20.
ASST. BOOKKEEPER, Mt. Vernon; autos; $22.
STENOGRAPHER, Jersey City, autos; $20.
STENOGRAPHER, refining concern; oil; $90 mo.
STENOGRAPHER, R. R. Company; good chance; $80 mo.
STENOGRAPHER, manufacturing concern; fine future; $20.
STENOGRAPHER, Brooklyn position; good advancement; $20.
TYPIST, Bronx position; bright future; $18.
TYPIST, experience at billing and order clerk; good future; $20.
TYPIST, familiar with export bills of lading an dcommercial invoices; fine future; $22.
BANK CLERK, experience; good chance; $20.
JUNIOR CLERK, silk house; good future; $17.
JUNIOR CLERKS—A number of other good positions now open; $14-$18.
OFFICE BOYS—A number of good positions open for beginners; $10-$15.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
BOOKKEEPER—Automobile line, uptown; $40.
BOOKKEEPER—Manufacturing, downtown; $35.
BOOKKEEPER—Construction, Long Island City; $30 position.
BOOKKEEPER—Printing establishment; $30.
OFFICE EXECUTIVE—Woolen jobbing line; $2,500 yearly.
BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANTS—Several positions; $25-$22.
COST CLERK—$22; hours 9-5; downtown.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Banking; $25.
STENO., MECHANICAL—Brooklyn; $25.
ORDER CLERK—Knowledge stenography; $25.
TYPISTS-CLERKS—$18-$20-$22.
COMPTOMETER OPERATORS—$25.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR—$25.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
200 BROADWAY; ROOM 507.
STENOGRAPHERS, $25.
BEGINNERS, $60 per month.
TYPISTS, $20.

HALL BOYS (6), elevator boys (6), immediately; experience not necessary; first-class hotel. Kiefer's Agency, 686 6th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BIDDLE 1918 4-pass. SPORT SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1919 4-PASS. SPORT.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA, 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 1919 ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Brougham.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
PIERCE 1920 Dual Valve suburban sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1920 Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Dual Valve Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Suburban Sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW, Series B-4, Limousine.
MERCER 1920 4-PASS. SPORT.
MERCER 22-75 SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1917 4-PASS. SPORT.
STUTZ 1919 4-PASS. SPORT.
STUTZ 1919 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON WALTON SPEEDSTER.
LANCIA 1917 LOCK SEDAN.
CUNNINGHAM 1919 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
PEERLESS 1919 4-PASS. COUPE.
SINGER 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
RISSELL 1919 4-PASS. SPORT.
Cars Guaranteed 4 mos. Immed. Delivery.
BURRELLE, 1,700 Broadway, 6th floor.
BUICK coupe, 1918, first-class condition, ran only 2500 miles, to be sold account owner's illness, $2,100. E. Case, 49 Bergen St., Brooklyn; Main 3100.
BUICK, 7-passenger touring, body 1919; can be seen at 339 West 57th St. For price apply Room 1411, 31 Nassau St.
BUICKS, 1910-1918 TOURINGS, Roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.
BUICK 1918, little six touring; like new. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12c., 12 West 62d.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC TYPE 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 SEDAN.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC TYPE 57 TOURING.
CUNNINGHAM "V-3" TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 TOURING LIMOUSINE.
MARMON 1919 TOURING.
MARMON 1918 TOWN CAR.
MARMON 1918 "34" CHUMMY.
MERCER 1918-1918 SPORTING 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1919 FLEETWOOD COUPE.
PIERCE-ARROW "66" TOURING, SERIES 4
STUTZ 1919 SPEEDSTER.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway. Phone Circle 3323-3324.

CADILLAC PHAETON, 4 PASS., 1919.
CADILLAC TOURING, 7 PASS., 1919.
PIERCE-ARROW 4B, 48, TOURING.
1918 STUTZES, ALL TYPES
1917 MERCERS, ALL TYPES
1919 CHALMERS ALL TYPES
1918 FRANKLINS ALL TYPES
1919 NATIONAL TOUR. & SPEEDSTERS.
1918 MURRAY TOURING & ROADSTER.
1918 PREMIER TOWN CAR.
S. G. V. TOWN CAR, FLEETWOOD.
LOBDELL-ABORN,
237-239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC 1919 Touring, 7-passenger.
CADILLAC Amesbury Sedan, type 55.
CUNNINGHAM 7-pass. Touring, prac. new.
HUDSON 1919 Coupe, 4-passenger.
LOCOMOBILE, series 8, latest, 7-pass.
MERCER 1919 4-passenger Sport.
PIERCE-ARROW 6-48, 7-passenger.
PACKARD 3-35 Touring.
PACKARD, 3-35 Fleetwood Coupe & Runab't.
PACKARD 1919 3-35 Dunham body Cabriolet.
RENAULT Limousine, latest importation.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
802-806 7th Av., Cor. 52d. Tel. Circle 1964.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, model 57, velour upholstery, original paint; CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE, model 57GG, velour upholstery, wire wheels, like new; CADILLAC SUBURBAN SEDAN, model 57, velour upholstery. CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE, Cor. 58th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5306.

CADILLAC VICTORIA, TYPE 57.
CADILLAC 4-PASS. TOURING, TYPE 57.
CADILLAC SEDAN, TYPE 55.
Cadillac Limousine and Landaulet, Type 55.
CADILLAC 4-PASS. TOURING, TYPE 55.
PEERLESS 1918 SEDAN.
PIERCE-ARROW LIMOUSINE 38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC coupe for sale; in good condition; fully equipped; good paint and good tires; bargain to quick buyer. Commonwealth Garage, 134 East 41st.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe, 1918; beautifully equipped; appearance like new; new cord tires; small mileage; sacrifice, $2,500. Phone Riverside 2879.

CADILLAC sedan "55," seven-passenger; mechanically perfect, paint, upholstery and rubber like new; run 9,600 miles; $3,300. Cortlandt 1172 or Passaic 2285-W.

CADILLAC 1918, Victoria coupe. Call evenings, 780 Riverside Drive, Apt. 8G. Phone Audubon 6897.

CADILLAC, 1919 suburban sedan; practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CADILLAC 1916 Am'bury limousine town car. Packard 1919 Fleetwood suburban sedan, 3-35. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4478 Rector.

CADILLAC, 1917, four-passenger; overhauled and newly painted. Telephone Townsend, Worth 9062.

CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE 1919.
Almost new; cord tires, many extras; sacrifice, 2121 Circle, Apartment 8-B.

CADILLACS, 1916; 5-passenger touring 1917; 7-passenger touring. Hulett Motor Car Company, Inc., 12 West 62d.

CADILLAC landaulet, latest model; perfect condition; like new car; will sacrifice. Aronowitts, 145 West 111th St. Cathedral 9146.

CADILLAC, 1918 town car; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CADILLAC cars for hire by hour, day, week, month. Phone Columbus 7834.

CADILLAC Victoria, series 57; will sacrifice for immediate sale. Call Circle 1582.

CADILLAC, —1919 Victoria coupe; perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CADILLAC 57 touring; a bargain. Phone Circle 1582.

CADILLAC, 1918 "57" touring car; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHANDLER coupe, 1918; thoroughly overhauled, reupholstered, and painted; will trade for light car part payment. Lowa's Garage, Inc., 205 S. Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.; phone 3861 Yonkers.

CHANDLER chummy roadster, 1920 (new), delivery Feb. 1. U. S. cord tires; best offer. D. B. McElwee, Jr.: Monroeville 1622.

CHANDLER touring, light five; guaranteed; perfect condition; sacrifice for $550. Room 2,001, Times Building.

CHANDLER Cabriolet; excellent for professional use; overhauled; 90-day guarantee. Hulett Motor Car Co., Inc., 12 West 62d.

CHEVROLETS—ALL 1920 MODELS.
Sedans, tourings, coupes, roadsters delivery cars, ton trucks, taxis; also slightly used cars at big sacrifice, with new car guarantee; cash or easy terms; no extra charge. Authorized Chevrolet Sales Service, 351 East, 149th, Bronx. Melrose 10032.

CHEVROLET, ALL 1920 MODELS.
Sedans, Tourings, Roadsters, Coupelets, Trucks, Light Deliveries, and Taxis. Immediate Delivery. Time Payments. No Extra Charge. Free Instruction. Simon, Authorized Chevrolet 4-PASS. Touring, 2,466 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

CHEVROLET sedan, almost new; $775; consider touring car in exchange. Morningside 6943.

COLE 1918 SEDAN,
Suburban type; excellent mechanical condition, refinished, refurnished.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Circle 610.

DODGE sedan; best condition; reasonable. Gillespie Page, 920 Columbus Av.

DODGE sedan, 1918; wonderful condition; sell cheap. Academy 1394, Extension 69.

DORTS AND CLEVELAND SIX, 1920; all models, right from factory; easy terms; no extra charge; free instructions; also slightly used cars at big sacrifice. Authorized Dort-Cleveland Sales and Service, 2,468 Grand Concourse. Fordham 8522.

FIAT 30,
#PECIAL IMPORTATION.
Four-passenger, Fleetwood body, full equipment, including six wire wheels, guaranteed mechanically; no dealers. Rector 6400. Ext. 140.

FIAT—This 55 H. P. seven-passenger touring, 1919 model, has run only 4,500 miles; kept in perfect shape by expert mechanician in large private garage; fully equipped; tires in fine condition. Call Lacey, 142 West 50th St. Circle 1864.

FORDS, all models, pleasure, commercial; immediate delivery; small cash payment; balance monthly. Phone Volmer, St. Nicholas 4054.

FORDS—Touring, roadsters, suburban coupelet, commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th St.

FORD CARS ON EASY TERMS.
$175 down, balance $10 weekly; immediate delivery. E 1252 Times Bronx.

FRANKLIN 9B Sedan; latest model; mechanical condition guaranteed perfect in every respect; car like new; demonstrations by appointment. Harold Doman, 7 Central Park West. Columbus 2166.

FRANKLIN 9B Sedan, 1919, like new; low mileage; exceptional opportunity; prompt sale necessary. Homian, 250 West 54th.

HAYNES 1918 club roadster, mechanically perfect; driven 8,000 miles; officer leaving town will sacrifice to immediate buyer. Address Captain Weirick, Room 301, Astor Hotel.

HUDSON super six limousine for sale; 1918 model; price $1,800. 425 West Union St., Bethlehem, Pa.

HUDSON cabriolet, 1919; bargain to quick buyer. Call evenings, Stuyvesant 2172; Kinney, 61 5th Av.

HUDSON Sedan, 1917; elegant condition; sacrifice. Phillips, 176 East 75th St.

HUDSON SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Almost new. Sacrifice. Rippeth, 1,037 Circle.

HUDSON, 1918 sedan; slightly used; bargain. Call, examine, 123 West 64th, Meyer.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, J model. Harris, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 1582.

HUDSON Runabout landau 1919; will sacrifice. Circle 1582.

HUPMOBILE 1917, five-passenger touring; 1917 seven-passenger touring. Hulett Motor Car Company, Inc., 12 West 62d.

HUPMOBILE, 1919, perfect condition; no dealers. Riverside 1500, 2 south.

KING sedan, late model, excellent condition; price $1,200. Harrold's Motor Car Co., 233 West 54th; Circle 1800.

LOCOMOBILE sedan, just built by Blue Ribbon Body Co.; must be seen to be appreciated. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,694 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE, 1919, limousine; practically new; an exceptional car. Phone Columbus 4080.

MARMON 1917, 7-passenger limousine; excellent condition; like new; fully equipped. Kennard, Morningside 9602.

MARMON, 1917 limousine; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 West 64th, Meyer.

MAXWELL sedan 1917, perfect every way; price $700. W. V. Darling, owner, 54 Franklin St. Phone Franklin 1227.

MAXWELL cabdiolet 1917; fine condition; many extra. Hulett Motor Car Co., Inc., 12 West 62d.

NASH 1918 SEDAN.
Beautiful 6-pass.; looks like new car; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone Riverside 6374.

NATIONAL SEDAN, $1,500.
Late model little six, seven passenger, fully equipped, excellent condition. Century Warehouse, 305 West 79th.

NATIONAL coupe, special body; extra tires; absolutely perfect; need cash, $1,200. Room 2,001 Times Building.

OAKLAND coupe, 1919 model; perfect condition; newest wheels, good tires; 2,000 miles; cash sale. Phone evenings, Schuyler 3466.

OLDSMOBILE sedan 1918, little six; excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., Inc., 12 West 62d St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

OLDSMOBILE, 8 cylinder 1918; elegant condition; 7 passenger touring, newly painted. M. Gritzhandler, 972 Fox St. Phone Intervale 7961.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.
Reconditioned; all models. Open evenings. Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway & 50th St.

PACKARD 3-85 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-85 Twin Six Judkins Convertible Limousine.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Limousine.
PACKARD 3-85 Twin Six Fleetwood 4-passenger Touring.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Holbrook Speedster.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Fleetwood Runabout.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Convertible Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Salon Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Coupe.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Derham Inside Drive Sedan.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Limousine.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six 4-passenger Runabout.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Brougham.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six 4-pass. (Farnham & Nelson) Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Fleetwood Runabout.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Holbrook Limousine.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Limousine and Touring Body.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Derham Brougham.
PACKARD 1-25 Twin Six Salon Phaeton with Winter top.
ISOTTA FRASCHINI Landaulet.
MERCER 1915 Touring.
NATIONAL 1917 Touring.
LOCOMOBILE, 1917 Limousine and extra touring body.
MARMON 1919 Inside Drive Limousine.
FIAT Limousine.
CADILLAC Landaulet Brougham.
MERCER 1917 Touring.
STUTZ Late Model Touring.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.,
1,961 BROADWAY.
Telephone 8900 Columbus.

PACKARD, 1916 landaulet; beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 West 64th, Meyer.

PACKARD 1918 sedan; also touring; bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PACKARD, 1918, 7-passenger touring; used 6 months. Phone Columbus 4986.

PAIGE sedan, luxurious seven passenger, late model; sacrifice quick cash. Century Warehouse, 305 West 79th St.

PAIGE little six touring 1917; excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., Inc., 12 West 62d St.

PEUGEOT LAND, TOWN CAR.
Handsomest car in city; practically new; wire wheels, new cord tires; leaving town; will sacrifice. Ragron, 1037 Circle.

PIERCE ARROWS.

48 H. P. Series 4 limousine; excellent condition; immediate delivery.
38 H. P. Series 3 limousine, newly painted.
48 H. P. 7-pass. touring, overhauled and newly painted.
38 H. P. Series 4, 5-pass. touring.
38 H. P. Series 3, 4-pass. touring.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 4000.
Pierce Arrow Distributors.

PIERCE-ARROW dual valve Delco 6-pass. T.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918, 48 H. P. Limousine.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918, 48 H. P. Coupe.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 H. P. limousine.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48 H. P. 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 66 H. P. 7-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 H. P. 6 pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 H. P. town car.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 H. P. brougham.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 38 H. P. 5-pass. tour.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE,
ON BROADWAY, COR. 57TH. CIRCLE 157.

PIERCE-ARROW 6-38 1916 town car; Brewster body; newly painted; also touring body in good condition. 124 East 76th St. Phone Lenox 854.

RENAULT, 1914, six cylinder, Kellner body, fully equipped touring landaulet. Plaza 2108, A. J. Davis.

RENAULT, Little Six, landaulet body. Plaza 3331, L. Dean.

STANLEY STEAMER 1920 model, in storage warehouse; over $1,500; $1,000 takes it; perfect condition. V 613 Times Downtown.

STANDARD 8 sedan; $1,350; elegant 6 passenger; special Brewster suburban type body; cost $8,800. Warehouse, 305 W. 79th.

STEARNS KNIGHTS.
1920 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Slightly used.
1918 4 Cyl. 5-Passenger.
1917 4 Cyl. 5-Passenger.
1916 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. Demountable top. $800.
1915 4 Cyl. 5-Pass. $575. Real bargain.
1917 4 Cyl.-Passenger. Landaulets and Limousines, $1,000 to $1,500.
PRICES RIGHT.
STEARNS COMPANY.
615 West 55th St. Phone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS KNIGHT Landaulet—$1,000 cash will purchase recently overhauled car, in perfect condition; demonstration will indicate excellent running qualities; excellent opportunity for private party to get handsome closed car for winter or summer use. Address Aetna Advertising Corporation, 1265 Times Building. Phone Bryant 8906.

STUDEBAKER sedan, 1918 model, Big 6, seven passenger; Springfield body; paint and appearance excellent; mechanically perfect; four new shoes and two spares; any offer takes it. Gallagher, 1,466 East 13th St., Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 1507.

STUDEBAKER 1918, six-cylinder seven-passenger touring, fully equipped; $575. Morningside 6943.

STUTZ SPEEDSTER.
Four-cylinder raceabout, in excellent mechanical condition; five new tires; bargain. Stearns, 416 West 56th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ buyer; selling my raceabout, 1916 model, for cash; needed, $650. Room 2,001 Times Building.

STUTZ, 1918 suburban sedan; immediate cash bargain. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

STUTZ, 1917, four-passenger touring; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

AUTOMOBILE.
If you are interested in a first-class automobile landaulet that is the biggest bargain ever offered, you will communicate with me by letter or phone, and I will be glad to give you full details. Or if you are contemplating buying a new low-priced car, I would suggest that you look my car over and have a high-class standard automobile for the same price that you would have to pay for a low-grade car. Arthur A. McGovern, 5 West 66th St. Columbus 2928, 9100.

Motor Trucks.

Three-ton Packard truck with closed body for sale; in good condition. Apply I. Goldberg, 171 East Broadway, city. Or telephone 2193 Orchard.

REPUBLIC motor truck for sale; 1½ tons; in good condition. 794 Times, 2 Rector St.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD twin six cars for hire. Williamson Service, 204 West 43d. Bryant 3530.

LIMOUSINE for hire; careful chauffeur; hour, week, month; $3 hour. Plaza 5435.

BEAUTIFUL limousine for hire, hour, day, week, month. Call Columbus 1936.

Automobiles Wanted.

A USED LIMOUSINE BODY.
A used limousine body to fit a 1914 48 H. P. Pierce-Arrow Chassis; in answering this advertisement furnish complete details and if possible send photograph. Kelley-Dennin Co., Pierce-Arrow Agents, Albany, N. Y.

SEDAN WANTED.
State lowest price, make, year, and condition. W 419 Times Downtown.

HIGHEST prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 574 Melrose.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD BODY—Close-coupled, 4-passenger, inside drive, inclosed body; for short twin-six chassis; finest Judkins construction; mounted, complete, on your chassis in four days. Le Roy M. Cross, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 4528.

HUDSON super six limousine body for sale; 1918 model; price $900. Address 422 West Union St., Bethlehem, Pa.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTOMOBILE KNOWLEDGE
is a valuable asset to increase your earnings. Learn at New York's most complete school. Mechanical course, $60; with Driving, $90. Write for Catalogue 1, or phone 3270 Circle. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

AUTO SCHOOL, WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 263 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE $60.50. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., Brklyn. Dept. G.

Education Notes.

The various teachers' organizations of the city are expected to urge the Legislature to amend the salary law, passed last year, so as to raise the minimum wage to $2,000 and to grant increases to Principals and teachers from $800 to $1,500.

P. S. 136, Brooklyn, which now has an intermediate course, will organize a general course with rapid advancement classes.

Community centres now at P. S. 86 and 159, Manhattan, will be transferred to P. S. 109 and 10, Manhattan, respectively.

Two afternoon classes in English and citizenship will be established in P. S. 4, the Bronx. One class will be opened at 2,903 Thirty-first Street, Brooklyn, and one class at the Children's Aid Society.

Classes in elementary school subjects will be organized in different buildings as annexes to Evening Schools 4 and 42, Manhattan.

Franklin J. Keller has been appointed to the Principalship of P. S. 7, Manhattan, on account of the retirement from service of his Principal, Marietta J. Tibbits. The school is a boys' school, and, as it has sixteen classes, with pupils of fourteen years or more, it was deemed best to select a man to succeed the retired woman Principal. The teachers of the school gave a luncheon in the Green Room of the Hotel McAlpin on Jan. 24 on the occasion of Miss Tibbits's retirement. All the teachers who have been connected with Miss Tibbits since her appointment as Principal attended. In behalf of the teachers, Miss Donahue, head of department of P. S. 7, presented Miss Tibbits with a Tiffany wrist watch as a token of their appreciation and esteem.

At the Theodore Roosevelt High School commencement today Mrs. Douglas Robinson will address the graduates and Frank D. Wilsey, Vice President of the Board of Education, will award the diplomas.

At the graduation exercises of the William T. Harris School, West Seventeenth Street, held yesterday afternoon, Joseph Yeaks, member of the Board of Education, said: "With our free schools there is a chance for every child to get ahead according to ability

SALE
of Men's
Winter
Underwear

$1.35
$2.15
$2.95

The reductions are extremely generous; the underwear is very fine; both union suits and shirts and drawers are included.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

BARS LEGISLATION ON NEWSPRINT PAPER

Congress Committee Is Told That Canada Has Imposed No General Embargo.

COLVER URGES ECONOMY

Declares That Plans for Reducing Consumption Have Not Been Carried Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Congress can do nothing to remedy the shortage in print paper at this time, according to a decision reached today by the Ways and Means Committee. The committee refused to consider a bill retaliating against the alleged embargo on print paper by Canada.

William B. Colver of the Federal Trade Commission denied any general embargo had been laid by Canada, but said that a disciplinary embargo had been imposed against one news print mill for failure to observe Canadian regulations. This embargo, he said, had been raised after a short time.

Mr. Colver expressed the opinion that the remedy lay in economy by publishers. "Publishers have agreed to reduce the size of their papers, especially the Sunday issues, but have failed to keep the agreement," he added.

"If they were made to pay mileage for their heavy papers they might be induced to economize," said Representative Rainey of Illinois.

"Congress cannot legislate to reduce the size of newspapers," replied Representative Fordney, Chairman of the committee. "We might as well try to regulate the size of a loaf of bread or the length of a man's trousers. If there is no Canadian embargo, we can do nothing."

"No one can buy newsprint now for less than 8 or 9 cents a pound, and the smaller papers are having trouble in getting it at that price," said Representative Bacharach of New Jersey.

"About 90 per cent. of the available supply is under contract to the large papers," said Commissioner Colver.

"Why should we be dependent on Canada for our newsprint?" asked Representative Green of Iowa. "There is plenty of wood pulp in the Alaskan forests."

"I do not think that this is a good time for men to invest millions in newsprint mills," commented Commissioner Colver. "Production is being increased at the present mills and new mills are going up. Print paper can be manufactured more cheaply in Canada than in the United States. The cost of making print paper is about 2.5 cents per pound. The tariff and the excess profits tax have been factors in the increase on newsprint."

The State Department today received a telegram from Ottawa stating, in connection with shipments of paper from Canada to the United States, that the newly appointed Paper Controller reached Ottawa from Fort Frances yesterday and informed the American Consul General at Ottawa that the embargo on shipments of paper from Fort Frances had been entirely lifted last Saturday. The department is informed that paper is moving freely to the United States and to Canadian publishers as fast as it can be loaded on the cars.

Wants More Newsprint Mills.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—More mills are necessary to relieve the present world shortage of newsprint paper and the mills cannot be built in less than two years, W. P. Hinton of Winnipeg, Vice President and General Manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, said here today.

There is no lack of pulpwood in either Canada or the United States at present, Mr. Hinton also said. He added:

"Great inroads are being made in the forests. As the trees are cut the source of supply recedes into the north, haulage to the mills becomes greater, and the expense of manufacture consequently is increased.

"The demand from Europe is tremendous and prices are unprecedented. Print paper laid down on the Atlantic seaboard for shipment abroad now sells at $160 a ton. Manufacturers can hardly be blamed for taking advantage of the best market.

"The present crisis is turning the eyes of capitalists to the spruce forests of British Columbia and to the practically inexhaustible pulpwood supply along the Frazer River. These pulpwood forests are unbroken to the Arctic, but most of it goes to Japan."

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 29.—The resignation of R. W. Breadner, who temporarily succeeded R. A. Pringle as Paper Controller, was announced today. The whole question of paper control has been placed with the Board of Commerce.

INSURANCE NOT TO CEASE.

Holders of Government Policies Must Convert Them, However.

R. G. Cholmeley-Jones, Director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, announced yesterday that misleading and incorrect statements as to the permanency of Government insurance are being circulated. The statement that Government insurance will cease five years after the war, or that it will be turned over to private companies, is false.

There is, however, a requirement that temporary term insurance, held during the war, which increased in cost from year to year, be converted into one of the six permanent forms of Government Life Insurance (ordinary life, 20-payment life, 20-year endowment, 30-year endowment, or endowment at age 62), within five years after formal declaration of peace by proclamation of the President. This permanent insurance does not increase in premium cost as the insured grows older.

PALMER SEES AGENTS HERE.

Attorney General Holds Conference with Secret Service Men.

A. Mitchell Palmer, United States Attorney General, arrived in this city at 9:30 last night, and went to the Hotel Biltmore, where he held a conference with a score of Secret Service and Department of Justice operatives.

Some of the Secret Service men immediately left the hotel with alacrity, after the conference, and the two remaining Department of Justice operatives retired with Mr. Palmer to his room. The only disclosure the Attorney General would make regarding his visit was in the way of a remark when he said:

"I am simply here on a 'case.' The case I refer to will start tomorrow, other than that I can say nothing now."

Do You Want A Job Or A Career?

AN ENGINEER with a Mechanical Engineering degree, 20 to 26 years old, who would appreciate an opportunity of joining a Christian organization selling a technical product, where initiative and brain work will take him straight to the top of the ladder, should give us every possible detail about himself in a letter.

This is a chance for a young engineer to quickly develop in a sound business where he can make excellent use of his technical training.

A real chance to travel, meet big business men and to develop personally. Do not call until we answer your letter. Salary to START $2,000 and travel expenses.

Hyatt Roller Bearing Company,
Metropolitan Tower, New York, N. Y.

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

The Home of 40 Famous Brands of Clothes for Men and Young Men.

Georges

OPPOSITE Waldorf Hotel
Above LIGGETT'S Drug Store
(Between 5th Av. & B'way)

"SENIOR" "JUNIOR"

Clearance Sale
Suits & Overcoats
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN
3 Enormous Lots
Representing 40 Famous Nationally Advertised Brands

1100 Overcoats — $25
Reduced from $50, $45, $40, $35
A genuine saving of $10 to $25 on our 2d floor prices—originally the lowest in New York.

1560 SUITS — $35
Reduced from $55, $50, $45
If they can be duplicated anywhere at anything like this price your money will be refunded.

1800 Suits & Overcoats — $45
Reduced from $75, $70, $65, $60
These garments bear the labels of the most celebrated clothing makers in America. Hand-cut, hand tailored throughout.

Don't miss this great money-saving opportunity. Never have we reduced prices more drastically than we have for this sale. We are clearing out all unsold balances to make way for our enormous Spring stocks already arriving. That is why we are making these tremendous reductions.

Georges
ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR
Over Liggett's Drug Store
(Between 5th Ave. and Broadway)
Opp. Waldorf Hotel

15 West 34th Street

Open Daily Till 6 P. M.—Saturdays Till 9 P. M.

Two Plus Two

IS it possible that some business men still believe accounting to be merely a matter of addition and subtraction?

Efficient business today is not only concerned with how the books are kept, but more particularly with the facts and figures that they contain.

Periodical audits and reports are a recognized necessity to every well-managed business. They enable the executive to use the "additions and subtractions" on his books both as a guide for expansion and as a check on operations.

Your books are guide books. A Certified Public Accountant can help you derive the utmost benefits from them.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK
Newark Chicago Grand Rapids

About 1-3 of your life is spent in an office!
Isn't it worth furnishing well?

QUICK & McKENNA
OFFICE FURNITURE

Serious, business-like desks and furnishings which will make you as proud of your office as you are of your home.

Quick & McKenna
390 Broadway. Tel. Franklin 3709

CASH'S
mee-tee NUTS

And the New Toast

AS you and your friends crack nuts over the neighborly fireside say: "Here's to your good health." it's the new toast in a dry world. Cash's mee-tee nuts aid "good health," because of their freshness and sweetness.
Call, write or telephone Cortlandt 4139. Send for Price List. Parcel Post Delivery Everywhere.

CHARLES S. CASH
Every good nut that grows.
223-225 FULTON STREET
Half blk. West Hudson Ter.
309 MADISON AVENUE
6 Doors Below 42nd Street.

McGovern's
Men, Women, Children
Gymnasium
5 west 66th St.

Buy now—and good-bye clothes worries

A lot of men are worrying about the clothes situation; they know prices are going higher.

Others feel the same way about it, but have quit worrying. They anticipated their future suit and overcoat needs at our Sale.

Drop into any one of our stores and ease your clothing troubles at prices substantially less than they were, and much lower than they are apt to be.

SALE
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Winter Suits
Overcoats, Ulsters

Including every Blue, Black, Grey, and Fancy winter-weight suit and overcoat in our four big stores, ONLY dress clothes are excepted.

Copyright, Hart Schaffner & Marx

$38 and $35 SUITS ONLY	$32.50	$60 and $55 Suits and Overcoats	$47.50
$45 and $40 Suits and Overcoats	$37.50	$70 and $65 Suits and Overcoats	$55.00
$50 and $48 Suits and Overcoats	$42.50	$85 and $75 Suits and Overcoats	$67.50

Our higher priced overcoats are proportionately reduced

SALE FOR BOYS

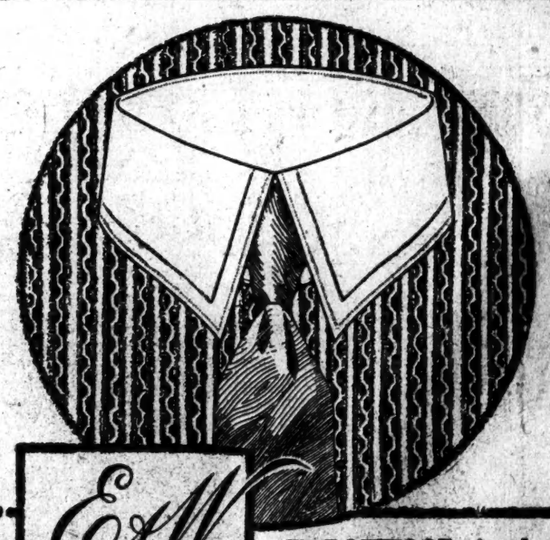
At their reduced prices these all-wool Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats for Boys (sizes: 8 to 18) are less than wholesale. Suits, $15.50, $18.50, $24.50; Overcoats, $18.50, $24.50, $29.50, $39.50.

TWEED SUITS $47.50

Newly arrived from Hart Schaffner & Marx—single breasters and double breasted Belters—Spring 1920 Models. Every suit is partly lined with silk or mohair. Specially priced at $47.50.

Est. 1887 Wallach Bros. Est. 1887

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d



E&W
EARL & WILSON
TROT-WOOD

TROTWOOD is the newest Earl & Wilson collar—*just out!* With its sweeping points and well-fitting band, it is an immediate favorite.

EARL & WILSON, MAKERS, TROY, N. Y.

PREVENT THAT COLD
IT MAY DEVELOP SERIOUSLY
HURLBURT'S CAMPHOR PILLS
Take one at once
If you sneeze, snuffle, or feel a chill coming on. Carry the small bottle at all times.
Price 25 cents.

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT
CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY
for Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry. Appraising free. Strictly confidential. (Call or write)
FORGOTSTON'S
503 Fifth Ave., New York.
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